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PAULINE A FRAGMENT OF A CONFESSION 1833

Plus ne suis ce que j'ai été, Et ne le sçaurois jamais être.

MAROT.

Non dubito, quin titulus libri nostri raritate suâ quamplurimos alliciat ad legendum: inter quos nonnulli obliquæ opinionis, mente languidi, multi etiam maligni, et in ingenium nostrum ingrati accedent, qui temeraria sua ignorantia, vix conspecto titulo clamabunt : Nos vetita docere, hæresium semina jacere: piis auribus offendiculo. præclaris ingeniis scandalo esse:... adeò conscientiæ suæ consulentes, ut nec Apollo, nec Musæ omnes, neque Angelus de cœlo me ab illorum execratione vindicare queant: quibus et ego nunc consulo. ne scripta nostra legant, nec intelligant, nec meminerint: nam noxia sunt, venenosa sunt: Acherontis ostium est in hoc libro, lapides loquitur, caveant, ne cerebrum illis excutiat. Vos autem. qui æqua mente ad legendum venitis, si tantam prudentiæ discretionem adhibueritis, quantam in melle legendo apes, jam securi legite. Puto namque vos et utilitatis haud parum et voluptatis plunimum accepturos. Quod si qua repereritis, quæ vobis non placeant. mittite illa, nec utimini. Nam et ego vobis illa non Probo. SED NARRO. Cætera tamen propterea non respuite. . . . Ideo. si quid liberius dictum sit, ignoscite adolescentiæ nostræ, qui minor guam adolescens hoc opus composui.-H. Cor. Agrippa, De Occult. Phil.

London, January 1833. V. A. XX.

PAULINE

A. FRAGMENT OF A CONFESSION

PAULINE, mine own, bend o'er me—thy soft breast Shall pant to mine-bend o'er me-thy sweet eyes, And loosened hair, and breathing lips, and arms Drawing me to thee—these build up a screen To shut me in with thee, and from all fear, So that I might unlock the sleepless brood Of fancies from my soul, their lurking place, Nor doubt that each would pass, ne'er to return To one so watched, so loved, and so secured. But what can guard thee but thy naked love? Ah, dearest! whoso sucks a poisoned wound Envertoms his own veins,—thou art so good, So calm-if thou should'st wear a brow less light For some wild thought which, but for me, were kept From out thy soul, as from a sacred star. Yet till I have unlocked them it were vain To hope to sing; some woe would light on me; · Nature would point at one, whose quivering lip Was bathed in her enchantments—whose brow burned Beneath the crown, to which her secrets knelt; Who learned the spell which can call up the dead, And then departed, smiling like a fiend Who has deceived God. If such one should seek Again her altars, and stand robed and crowned Amid the faithful: sad confession first, Remorse and pardon, and old claims renewed, Ere I can be—as I shall be no more.

I had been spared this shame, if I had sate By thee for ever, from the first, in place Of my wild dreams of beauty and of good, Or with them, as an earnest of their truth. No thought nor hope, having been shut from thee, No vague wish unexplained—no wandering aim Sent back to bind on Fancy's wings, and seek Some strange fair world, where it might be a law; But doubting nothing, had been led by thee, Thro' youth, and saved, as one at length awaked, Who has slept thro' a peril. Ah! vain, vain!

Thou lovest me—the past is in its grave, Tho' its ghost haunts us-still this much is ours. To cast away restraint, lest a worse thing Wait for us in the darkness. Thou lovest me. And thou art to receive not love, but faith, For which thou wilt be mine, and smile, and take All shapes, and shames, and veil without a fear That form which music follows like a slave: And I look to thee, and I trust in thee. As in a Northern night one looks alway Unto the East for morn, and spring and joy. Thou seest then my aimless, hopeless state, And resting on some old feelings, won Back by thy beauty, would'st that I essay The task, which was to me what now thou art: And why should I conceal one weakness more?

Thou wilt remember one warm morn, when Winter Crept aged from the earth, and Spring's first breath Blew soft from the moist hills—the black-thorn boughs, So dark in the bare wood; when glistening In the sunshine were white with coming buds, Like the bright side of a sorrow—and the banks Had violets opening from sleep like eyes-I walked with thee, who knew not a deep shame Lurked beneath smiles and careless words, which sought To hide it—till they wandered and were mute: As we stood listening on a sunny mound To the wind murmuring in the damp copse. Like heavy breathings of some hidden thing Betraved by sleep—until the feeling rushed That I was low indeed, yet not so low As to endure the calmness of thine eyes: And so I told thee all, while the cool breast I leaned on altered not its quiet beating; And long ere words, like a hurt bird's complaint. Bade me look up and be what I had been, I felt despair could never live by thee. Thou wilt remember:—thou art not more dear Than song was once to me; and I ne'er sung But as one entering bright halls, where all Will rise and shout for him. Sure I must own That I am fallen—having chosen gifts

Distinct from theirs—that I am sad—and fain Would give up all to be but where I was; Not high as I had been, if faithful found— But low and weak, yet full of hope, and sure Of goodness as of life—that I would lose All this gay mastery of mind, to sit Once more with them, trusting in truth and love. And with an aim-not being what I am. Oh, Pauline! I am ruined! who believed That the my soul had floated from its sphere Of wide dominion into the dim orb Of self—that it was strong and free as ever:— It has conformed itself to that dim orb, Reflecting all its shades and shapes, and now Must stay where it alone can be adored. I have felt this in dreams—in dreams in which I seemed the fate from which I fled; I felt A strange delight in causing my decay; I was a flend, in darkness chained for ever Within some ocean-cave; and ages rolled, Till thro' the cleft rock, like a moonbeam, came A white swan to remain with me; and ages Rolled, yet I tired not of my first joy In gazing on the peace of its pure wings. And then I said, "It is most fair to me, "Yet its soft wings must sure have suffered change "From the thick darkness—sure its eyes are dim— " Its silver pinions must be cramped and numbed "With sleeping ages here; it cannot leave me, "For it would seem, in light, beside its kind, "Withered—tho' here to me most beautiful." And then I was a young witch, whose blue eyes, As she stood naked by the river springs, Drew down a god—I watched his radiant form Growing less radiant—and it gladdened me: Till one morn, as he sat in the sunshine Upon my knees, singing to me of heaven, He turned to look at me, ere I could lose The grin with which I viewed his perishing. And he shricked and departed, and sat long By his deserted throne—but sunk at last, Murmuring, as I kissed his lips and curled Around him, "I am still a god-to thee." Still I can lay my soul bare in its fall, For all the wandering and all the weakness Will be a saddest comment on the song. And if, that done, I can be young again. I will give up all gained as willingly As one gives up a charm which shuts him out

From hope, or part, or care, in human kind. As life wanes, all its cares, and strife, and toil, Seem strangely valueless, while the old trees Which grew by our youth's home—the waving mass Of climbing plants, heavy with bloom and dew—The morning swallows with their songs like words,—All these seem clear and only worth our thoughts. So aught connected with my early life—My rude songs or my wild imaginings, How I look on them—most distinct amid The fever and the stir of after years!

I ne'er had ventured e'en to hope for this, Had not the glow I felt at His award, Assured me all was not extinct within. Him whom all honor—whose renown springs up Like sunlight which will visit all the world; So that e'en they who sneered at him at first, Come out to it, as some dark spider crawls From his foul nets, which some lit torch invades, Yet spinning still new films for his retreat.—Thou didst smile, poet,—but, can we forgive?

Sun-treader—life and light be thine for ever; Thou art gone from us—years go by—and spring Gladdens, and the young earth is beautiful, Yet thy songs come not—other bards arise, But none like thee—they stand—thy majesties, Like mighty works which tell some Spirit there Hath sat regardless of neglect and scorn, Till, its long task completed, it hath risen And left us, never to return: and all Rush in to peer and praise when all in vain. The air seems bright with thy past presence yet, But thou art still for me, as thou hast been When I have stood with thee, as on a throne With all thy dim creations gathered round Like mountains,—and I felt of mould like them, And creatures of my own were mixed with them, Like things half-lived, catching and giving life. But thou art still for me, who have adored, Tho' single, panting but to hear thy name, Which I believed a spell to me alone, Scarce deeming thou wert as a star to men-As one should worship long a sacred spring Scarce worth a moth's flitting, which long grasses cross, And one small tree embowers droopingly, Joying to see some wondering insect won, To live in its few rushes—or some locust

To pasture on its boughs-or some wild bird Stoop for its freshness from the trackless air, And then should find it but the fountain-head, Long lost, of some great river—washing towns And towers, and seeing old woods which will live But by its banks, untrod of human foot, Which, when the great sun sinks, lie quivering In light as some thing lieth half of life Before God's foot-waiting a wondrous change -Then girt with rocks which seek to turn or stay Its course in vain, for it does ever spread Like a sea's arm as it goes rolling on, Being the pulse of some great country—so Wert thou to me-and art thou to the world. And I, perchance, half feel a strange regret, That I am not what I have been to thee: Like a girl one has loved long silently, In her first loveliness, in some retreat, When first emerged, all gaze and glow to view Her fresh eyes, and soft hair, and lips which bleed Like a mountain berry. Doubtless it is sweet To see her thus adored-but there have been Moments, when all the world was in his praise, Sweeter than all the pride of after hours. Yet, Sun-treader, all hail !- from my heart's heart I bid thee hail !-e'en in my wildest dreams. I am proud to feel I would have thrown up all The wreathes of fame which seemed o'erhanging me, To have seen thee, for a moment, as thou art.

And if thou livest—if thou lovest, spirit! Remember me, who set this final seal To wandering thought—that one so pure as thou Gould never die. Remember me, who flung All honor from my soul-yet paused and said, "There is one spark of love remaining yet, "For I have nought in common with him-shapes "Which followed him avoid me, and foul forms "Seek me, which ne'er could fasten on his mind; "And tho' I feel how low I am to him, "Yet I aim not even to catch a tone " Of all the harmonies which he called up, "So one gleam still remains, altho' the last." Remember me—who praise thee e'en with tears, For never more shall I walk calm with thee; Thy sweet imaginings are as an air, A melody, some wond'rous singer sings, Which, though it haunt men oft in the still eve, They dream not to essay; yet it no less,

But more is honored. I was thine in shame, And now when all thy proud renown is out, I am a watcher, whose eyes have grown dim With looking for some star—which breaks on him, Altered, and worn, and weak, and full of tears.

Autumn has come—like Spring returned to us, Won from her girlishness—like one returned A friend that was a lover—nor forgets The first warm love, but full of sober thoughts Of fading years; whose soft mouth quivers yet With the old smile—but yet so changed and still! And here am I the scoffer, who have probed Life's vanity, won by a word again Into my old life-for one little word Of this sweet friend, who lives in loving me, Lives strangely on my thoughts, and looks, and words, As fathoms down some nameless ocean thing Its silent course of quietness and joy. O dearest, if indeed, I tell the past. May'st thou forget it as a sad sick dream: Or if it linger-my lost soul too soon Sinks to itself, and whispers, we shall be But closer linked-two creatures whom the earth Bears singly—with strange feelings, unrevealed But to each other; or two lonely things Created by some Power, whose reign is done. Having no part in God, or his bright world, I am to sing; whilst ebbing day dies soft, As a lean scholar dies, worn o'er his book. And in the heaven stars steal out one by one, As hunted men steal to their mountain watch. I must not think—lest this new impulse die In which I trust. I have no confidence, So I will sing on-fast as fancies come Rudely—the verse being as the mood it paints.

I strip my mind bare—whose first elements
I shall unveil—not as they struggled forth
In infancy, nor as they now exist,
That I am grown above them, and can rule them,
But in that middle stage when they were full,
Yet ere I had disposed them to my will;
And then I shall show how these elements
Produced my present state, and what it is.

I am made up of an intensest life, Of a most clear idea of consciousness Of self—distinct from all its qualities, From all affections, passions, feelings, powers;
And thus far it exists, if tracked in all,
But linked in me, to self-supremacy,
Existing as a centre to all things,
Most potent to create, and rule, and call
Upon all things to minister to it;
And to a principle of restlessness
Which would be all, have, see, know, taste, feel, all—
This is myself; and I should thus have been,
Though gifted lower than the meanest soul.

And of my powers, one springs up to save From utter death a soul with such desires Confined to clay—which is the only one Which marks me—an imagination which Has been an angel to me—coming not In fitful visions, but beside me ever, And never failing me; so tho' my mind Forgets not—not a shred of life forgets—Yet I can take a secret pride in calling The dark past up—to quell it regally.

A mind like this must dissipate itself. But I have always had one lode-star: now. As I look back. I see that I have wasted, Or progressed as I looked toward that star-A need, a trust, a yearning after God, A feeling I have analysed but late, But it existed, and was reconciled With a neglect of all I deemed his laws. Which yet, when seen in others, I abhorred. I felt as one beloved, and so shut in From fear—and thence I date my trust in signs •And omens—for I saw God every where; And I can only lay it to the fruit Of a sad after-time that I could doubt Even his being—having always felt His presence—never acting from myself, Still trusting in a hand that leads me through All dangers; and this feeling still has fought Against my weakest reason and resolves.

And I can love nothing—and this dull truth Has come the last—but sense supplies a love Encircling me and mingling with my life.

These make myself—for I have sought in vain To trace how they were formed by circumstance, For I still find them—turning my wild youth Where they alone displayed themselves, converting All objects to their use—now see their course!

They came to me in my first dawn of life, Which passed alone with wisest ancient books, All halo-girt with fancies of my own, And I myself went with the tale-a god, Wandering after beauty—or a giant, Standing vast in the sunset—an old hunter, Talking with gods-or a high-crested chief, Sailing with troops of friends to Tenedos;-I tell you, nought has ever been so clear As the place, the time, the fashion of those lives. I had not seen a work of lofty art, Nor woman's beauty, nor sweet nature's face, Yet, I say, never morn broke clear as those On the dim clustered isles in the blue sea: The deep groves, and white temples, and wet caves-And nothing ever will surprise me now— Who stood besides the naked Swift-footed, Who bound my forehead with Proserpine's hair. An' strange it is, that I who could so dream, Should e'er have stooped to aim at aught beneath-Aught low, or painful, but I never doubted; So as I grew, I rudely shaped my life To my immediate wants, yet strong beneath Was a vague sense of power folded up-A sense that tho' those shadowy times were past, ' Their spirit dwelt in me, and I should rule.

Then came a pause, and long restraint chained down My soul, till it was changed. I lost myself, And were it not that I so loathe that time, I could recall how first I learned to turn My mind against itself; and the effects, In deeds for which remorse were vain, as for The wanderings of delirious dream; yet thence Came cunning, envy, falsehood, which so long Have spotted me-at length I was restored, Yet long the influence remained; and nought But the still life I led, apart from all, Which left my soul to seek its old delights, Could e'er have brought me thus far back to peace. As peace returned, I sought out some pursuit: And song rose—no new impulse—but the one With which all others best could be combined. My life has not been that of those whose heaven Was lampless, save where poesy shone out; But as a clime, where glittering mountain-tops.

And glancing sea, and forests steeped in light, Give back reflected the far-flashing sun; For music, (which is earnest of a heaven, Seeing we know emotions strange by it, Not else to be revealed,) is as a voice, A low voice calling Fancy, as a friend, To the green woods in the gay summer time. And she fills all the way with dancing shapes, Which have made painters pale; and they go on While stars look at them, and winds call to them, As they leave life's path for the twilight world, Where the dead gather. This was not at first, For I scarce knew what I would do. I had No wish to paint, no yearning—but I sang.

And first I sang, as I in dream have seen, Music wait on a lyrist for some thought, Yet singing to herself until it came. I turned to those old times and scenes, where all That's beautiful had birth for me, and made Rude verses on them all; and then I paused-I had done nothing, so I sought to know What mind had yet achieved. No fear was mine As I gazed on the works of mighty bards, In the first joy at finding my own thoughts Recorded, and my powers exemplified, And feeling their aspirings were my own. And then I first explored passion and mind; And I began afresh; I rather sought To rival what I wondered at, than form Creations of my own; so much was light Lent back by others, yet much was my own.

I paused again—a change was coming on, I was no more a boy—the past was breaking Before the coming, and like fever worked.

I first thought on myself—and here my powers Burst out. I dreamed not of restraint, but gazed On all things: schemes and systems went and came, And was proud (being vainest of the weak), In wandering o'er them, to seek out some one To be my own; as one should wander o'er The white way for a star.

On one, whom praise of mine would not offend, Who was as calm as beauty—being such Unto mankind as thou to me, Pauline, Believing in them, and devoting all His soul's strength to their winning back to peace;

Who sent forth hopes and longings for their sake. Clothed in all passion's melodies, which first Caught me, and set me, as to a sweet task, To gather every breathing of his songs. And woven with them there were words, which seemed A key to a new world: the muttering Of angels, of some thing unguessed by man. How my heart beat, as I went on, and found Much there! I felt my own mind had conceived. But there living and burning; soon the whole Of his conceptions dawned on me; their praise Is in the tongues of men; men's brows are high When his name means a triumph and a pride; So my weak hands may well forbear to dim What then seemed my bright fate: I threw myself To meet it. I was vowed to liberty, Men were to be as gods, and earth as heaven. And I-ah! what a life was mine to be, My whole soul rose to meet it. Now, Pauline, I shall go mad if I recall that time.

O let me look back, e'er I leave for ever The time, which was an hour, that one waits For a fair girl, that comes a withered hag. And I was lonely,—far from woods and fields, And amid dullest sights, who should be loose • As a stag—yet I was full of joy—who lived With Plato—and who had the key to life. And I had dimly shaped my first attempt, And many a thought did I build up on thought, As the wild bee hangs cell to cell—in vain; For I must still go on: my mind rests not.

'Twas in my plan to look on real life,
Which was all new to me; my theories
Were firm, so I left them, to look upon
Men, and their cares, and hopes, and fears, and joys
And, as I pondered on them all, I sought
How best life's end might be attained—an end
Comprising every joy. I deeply mused.

And suddenly, without heart-wreck, I awoke As from a dream—I said, 'twas beautiful, Yet but a dream; and so adieu to it.

As some world-wanderer sees in a far meadow Strange towers, and walled gardens, thick with trees, Where singing goes on, and delicious mirth, And laughing fairy creatures peeping over, And on the morrow. when he comes to live

For ever by those springs, and trees, fruit-flushed And fairy bowers—all his search is vain.

Well I remember . . .

First went my hopes of perfecting mankind, And faith in them—then freedom in itself, And virtue in itself—and then my motives' ends, And powers and loves; and human love went last. I felt this no decay, because new powers Rose as old feelings left—wit, mockery, And happiness; for I had oft been sad, Mistrusting my resolves: but now I cast Hope joyously away—I laughed and said, "No more of this"—I must not think; at length I look'd again to see how all went on.

My powers were greater—as some temple seemed My soul, where nought is changed, and incense rolls Around the altar—only God is gone, And some dark spirit sitteth in his seat! So I passed through the temple; and to me Knelt troops of shadows; and they cried, "Hail, king! "We serve thee now, and thou shalt serve no more! "Call on us, prove us, let us worship thee!"
And I said, "Are ye strong—let fancy bear me "Far from the past."—And I was borne away As Arab birds float sleeping in the wind, O'er deserts, towers, and forests, I being calm; And I said, " I have nursed up energies, "They will prey on me." And a band knelt low, And cried, "Lord, we are here, and we will make "A way for thee—in thine appointed life
"O look on us!" And I said, "Ye will worship "Me; but my heart must worship too." They shouted, "Thyself—thou art our king!" So I stood there Smiling

And buoyant and rejoicing was the spirit
With which I looked out how to end my days;
I felt once more myself—my powers were mine;
I found that youth or health so lifted me,
That, spite of all life's vanity, no grief
Came nigh me—I must ever be light-hearted;
And that this feeling was the only veil
Betwixt me and despair: so if age.came,
I should be as a wreck linked to a soul
Yet fluttering, or mind-broken, and aware
Of my decay. So a long summer morn
Found me; and e'er noon came, I had resolved
No age should come on me, ere youth's hopes went,

For I would wear myself out—like that morn Which wasted not a sunbeam—every joy I would make mine, and die; and thus I sought To chain my spirit down, which I had fed With thoughts of fame. I said, the troubled life Of genius seen so bright when working forth Some trusted end, seems sad, when all in vain—Most sad, when men have parted with all joy For their wild fancy's sake, which waited first, As an obedient spirit, when delight Came not with her alone, but alters soon, Coming darkened, seldom, hasting to depart, Leaving a heavy darkness and warm tears.

But I shall never lose her; she will live Brighter for such seclusion—I but catch A hue, a glance of what I sing; so pain Is linked with pleasure, for I ne'er may tell The radiant sights which dazzle me; but now They shall be all my own, and let them fade Untold—others shall rise as fair, as fast. And when all's done, the few dim gleams transferred,-(For a new thought sprung up—that it were well To leave all shadowy hopes, and weave such lays As would encircle me with praise and love: So I should not die utterly—I should bring One branch from the gold forest, like the night Of old tales, witnessing I had been there,)— And when all's done, how vain seems e'en success, And all the influence poets have o'er men! · 'Tis a fine thing that one, weak as myself, Should sit in his lone room, knowing the words He utters in his solitude shall move Men like a swift wind—that tho' he be forgotten. Fair eyes shall glisten when his beauteous dreams Of love come true in happier frames than his. Ay, the still night brought thoughts like these but morn

Came, and the mockery again laughed out At hollow praises, and smiles, almost sneers; And my soul's idol seemed to whisper me To dwell with him and his unhonoured name—And I well knew my spirit, that would be First in the struggle; and again would make All bow to it; and I would sink again.

And then know that this curse will come on us, To see our idols perish—we may wither, Nor marvel—we are clay; but our low fate Should not extend them, whom trustingly We sent before into Time's yawning gulf, To face what e'er may lurk in darkness there—To see the painter's glory pass, and feel Sweet music move us not as once, or worst, To see decaying wits ere the frail body Decays. Nought makes me trust in love so really, As the delight of the contented lowness With which I gaze on souls I'd keep for ever In beauty—I'd be sad to equal them; I'd feed their fame e'en from my heart's best blood, Withering unseen, that they might flourish still.

Pauline, my sweet friend, thou dost not forget How this mood swayed me, when thou first wert mine. When I had set myself to live this life, Defying all opinion. Ere thou camest I was most happy, sweet, for old delights Had come like birds again; music, my life, I nourished more than ever, and old lore Loved for itself, and all it shows—the king Treading the purple calmly to his death. -While round him, like the clouds of eve, all dusk, The giant shades of fate, silently flitting, Pile the dim outline of the coming doom, -And him sitting alone in blood, while friends Are hunting far in the sunshine; and the boy, With his white breast and brow and clustering curls Streaked with his mother's blood, and striving hard To tell his story ere his reason goes. And when I loved thee, as I've loved so oft, Thou lovedst me, and I wondered, and looked in My heart to find some feeling like such love, Believing I was still what I had been: And soon I found all faith had gone from me, And the late glow of life-changing like clouds, 'Twas not the morn-blush widening into day, But evening, coloured by the dying sun While darkness is quick hastening :- I will tell My state as though 'twere none of mine-despair Cannot come near me—thus it is with me. Souls alter not, and mine must progress still: And this I knew not when I flung away My youth's chief aims. I ne'er supposed the loss Of what few I retained; for no resource Awaits me-now behold the change of all. I cannot chain my soul, it will not rest In its clay prison; this most narrow sphere-It has strange powers, and feelings, and desires,

Which I cannot account for, nor explain, But which I stifle not, being bound to trust All feelings equally—to hear all sides: Yet I cannot indulge them, and they live, Referring to some state or life unknown.

My selfishness is satiated not, It wears me like a flame; my hunger for All pleasure, howso'er minute, is pain; I envy-how I envy him whose mind Turns with its energies to some one end! To elevate a sect, or a pursuit, However mean—so my still baffled hopes Seek out abstractions; I would have but one Delight on earth, so it were wholly mine; One rapture all my soul could fill—and this Wild feeling places me in dream afar, In some wide country, where the eye can see No end to the far hills and dales bestrewn With shining towers and dwellings. I grow mad Well-nigh, to know not one abode but holds Some pleasure—for my soul could grasp them all, But must remain with this vile form. I look With hope to age at last, which quenching much, May let me concentrate the sparks it spares.

This restlessness of passion meets in me
A craving after knowledge: the sole proof
Of a commanding will is in that power
Repressed; for I beheld it in its dawn,
That sleepless harpy, with its budding wings,
And I considered whether I should yield
All hopes and fears, to live alone with it,
Finding a recompence in its wild eyes;
And when I found that I should perish so,
I bade its wild eyes close from me for ever.
And I am left alone with my delights,
So it lies in me a chained thing—still ready
To serve me, if I loose its slightest bond—
I cannot but be proud of my bright slave.

And thus I know this earth is not my sphere, For I cannot so narrow me, but that I still exceed it; in their elements My love would pass my reason—but since here Love must receive its object from this earth, While reason will be chainless, the few truths Caught from its wanderings have sufficed to quell All love below;—then what must be that love

Which, with the object it demands, would quell Reason, the it soared with the scraphim? No—what I feel may pass all human love, Yet fall far short of what my love should be; And yet I seem more warped in this than aught For here myself stands out more hideously. I can forget myself in friendship, fame, Or liberty, or love of mighty souls.

1

But I begin to know what thing hate is-To sicken, and to quiver, and grow white, And I myself have furnished its first prey. All my sad weaknesses, this wavering will, This selfishness, this still decaying frame . . But I must never grieve while I can pass Far from such thoughts—as now—Andromeda! And she is with me-years roll, I shall change, But change can touch her not-so beautiful With her dark eyes, earnest and still, and hair Lifted and spread by the salt-sweeping breeze; And one red-beam, all the storm leaves in heaven, Resting upon her eyes and face and hair, As she awaits the snake on the wet beach, By the dark rock, and the white wave just breaking At her feet; quite naked and alone,-a thing You doubt not, nor fear for, secure that God Will come in thunder from the stars to save her. Let it pass-I will call another change. I will be gifted with a wond'rous soul,. Yet sunk by error to men's sympathy, And in the wane of life; yet only so •As to call up their fears, and there shall come A time requiring youth's best energies; And straight I fling age, sorrow, sickness off, And I rise triumphing over my decay.

And thus it is that I supply the chasm 'Twixt what I am and all that I would be. But then to know nothing—to hope for nothing—To seize on life's dull joys from a strange fear, Lest, losing them, all's lost, and nought remains.

There's some vile juggle with my reason here—
I feel I but explain to my own loss
These impulses—they live no less the same.
Liberty! what though I despair—my blood
Rose not at a slave's name proudlier than now,
And sympathy obscured by sophistries.

Why have not I sought refuge in myself, But for the woes I saw and could not stay—And love!—do I not love thee, my Pauline?

I cherish prejudice, lest I be left
Utterly loveless—witness this belief
In poets, tho' sad change has come there too;
No more I leave myself to follow them:
Unconsciously I measure me by them.
Let me forget it; and I cherish most
My love of England—how her name—a word
Of her's in a strange tongue makes my heart beat!.

Pauline, I could do any thing—not now—All's fever—but when calm shall come again—I am prepared—I have made life my own—I would not be content with all the change One frame should feel—but I have gone in thought Thro' all conjuncture—I have lived all life When it is most alive—where strangest fate New shapes it past surmise—the tales of men Bit by some curse—or in the grasp of doom Half-visible and still increasing round, Or crowning their wide being's general aim.

These are wild fancies, but I feel, sweet friend, As one breathing his weakness to the ear Of pitying angel—dear as a winter flower; A slight flower growing alone, and offering Its frail cup of three leaves to the cold sun, Yet joyous and confiding, like the triumph Of a child—and why am I not worthy thee?

I can live all the life of plants, and gaze Drowsily on the bees that flit and play, Or bare my breast for sunbeams which will kill, Or open in the night of sounds, to look For the dim stars; I can mount with the bird, Leaping airily his pyramid of leaves And twisted boughs of some tall mountain tree, Or rise cheerfully springing to the heavens—Or like a fish breathe in the morning air In the misty sun-warm water—or with flowers And trees can smile in light at the sinking sun, Just as the storm comes—as a girl would look On a departing lover—most serene.

Pauline, come with me—see how I could build A home for us, out of the world; in thought—I am inspired—come with me, Pauline!

Night, and one single ridge of narrow path Between the sullen river and the woods Waving and muttering—for the moonless night Has shaped them into images of life, Like the upraising of the giant-ghosts, Looking on earth to know how their sons fare. Thou art so close by me, the roughest swell Of wind in the tree-tops hides not the panting Of thy soft breasts; no-we will pass to morning-Morning-the rocks, and vallies, and old woods. How the sun brightens in the mist, and here,— Half in the air, like creatures of the place, Trusting the element—living on high boughs That swing in the wind-look at the golden spray, Flung from the foam-sheet of the cataract. Amid the broken rocks—shall we stay here With the wild hawks?—no, ere the hot noon come Dive we down-safe; -see this our new retreat Walled in with a sloped mound of matted shrubs, Dark, tangled, old and green—still sloping down To a small pool whose waters lie asleep Amid the trailing boughs turned water plants And tall trees over-arch to keep us in, Breaking the sunbeams into emerald shafts, And in the dreamy water one small group Of two or three strange trees are got together, Wondering at all around—as strange beasts herd Together far from their own land-all wildness-No turf nor moss, for boughs and plants pave all, And tongues of bank go shelving in the waters, Where the pale-throated snake reclines his head, And old grey stones lie making eddies there; The wild mice cross them dry-shod-deeper in-Shut thy soft eyes-now look-still deeper in: This is the very heart of the woods-all round, Mountain-like, heaped above us; yet even here One pond of water gleams—far off the river Sweeps like a sea, barred out from land; but one-One thin clear sheet has over-leaped and wound Into this silent depth, which gained, it lies Still, as but let by sufferance; the trees bend O'er it as wild men watch a sleeping girl, And thro' their roots long ereeping plants stretch out Their twined hair, steeped and sparkling; farther on, Tall rushes and thick flag-knots have combined

To narrow it; so, at length, a silver thread It winds, all noiselessly, thro' the deep wood, Till thro' a cleft way, thro' the moss and stone, It joins its parent-river with a shout. Up for the glowing day—leave the old woods: See, they part, like a ruined arch, the sky ? Nothing but sky appears, so close the root And grass of the hill-top level with the air— Blue sunny air, where a great cloud floats, laden With light, like a dead whale that white birds pick. Floating away in the sun in some north sea. Air, air—fresh life-blood—thin and searching air— The clear, dear breath of God, that loveth us: Where small birds reel and winds take their delight. Water is beautiful, but not like air. See, where the solid azure waters lie. Made as of thickened air, and down below. The fern-ranks, like a forest spread themselves, As the each pore could feel the element: Where the quick glancing serpent winds his way— Float with me there, Pauline, but not like air. Down the hill-stop-a clump of trees, see, set On a heap of rocks, which look o'er the far plains, And envious climbing shrubs would mount to rest. And peer from their spread boughs. There they wave. looking

At the muletcers, who whistle as they go
To the merry chime of the morning bells, and all
The little smoking cots, and fields, and banks,
And copses, bright in the sun; my spirit wanders.
Hedge-rows for me—still, living, hedge-rows, where
The bushes close, and clasp above, and keep
Thought in—I am concentrated—I feel;—
But my soul saddens when it looks beyond;
I cannot be immortal, nor taste all.
O God! where does this tend—these struggling aims!*

^{*} Je crains bien que mon pauvre ami ne soit pas toujours parfaitement compris dans ce qui reste à lire de cet étrange fragment—mais il est moins propre que tout autre à éclaircir ce qui de sa mature ne peut jamais être que songe et confusion. D'ailleurs je ne sais trop si en cherchant à mieux co-ordonner certaines parties l'on ne courrait pas le risque de nuire au seul mérite auquel une production si singulière peut prétendre—celui de donner une idée assez précise du genre qu'elle n'a fait que ébaucher.—Ce début sans prétention, ce remuement des passions qui va d'abord en accroissant et puis s'appaise par degrés, ces élans de l'ame, ce retour soudain sur soimème.—Et par dessus tout, la tournure d'esprit toute particulière de mon ami rendent les changemens presque impossibles. Les raisons qu'il fait valoir ailleurs, et d'autres encore plus puissantes,

What would I have? what is this "sleep," which seems To bound all? can there be a "waking" point Of crowning life? The soul would never rule— It would be first in all things—it would have Its utmost pleasure filled,—but that complete Commanding for commanding sickens it. The last point that I can trace is, rest beneath Some better essence than itself-in weakness: This is "myself"—not what I think should be, And what is that I hunger for but God? My God, my God! let me for once look on thee As tho'-nought else existed: we alone. And as creation crumbles, my soul's spark Expands till I can say, "Even from myself "I need thee, and I feel thee, and I love thee: " I do not plead my rapture in thy works "For love of thee-or that I feel a sone "Who cannot die-but there is that in me "Which turns to thee, which loves, or which should love."

Why have I girt myself with this hell-dress?
Why have I laboured to put out my life?
Is it not in my nature to adore,
And e'en for all my reason do I not
Feel him, and thank him, and pray to him?—Now.
Can I forego the trust that he loves me?
Do I not feel a love which only one...
O thou pale form, so dimly seen, deep-eyed,
I have denied thee calmly—do I not
Pant when I read of thy consummate deeds,
And burn to see thy calm, pure truths out-flash

ont fait trouver grâce à mes yeux pour cet écrit qu'autrement je lui eusse conseillé de jeter au feu—Jen'en crois pas moins au grand principe de toute composition—à ce principe de Shakespeare, de Raffaelle, de Beethoven, d'où il suit que la concentration des idées est die bien plus à leur conception, qu'à leur mise en execution . . . j'ai tout lieu de craindre que la première de ces qualités ne soit encore étrangère à mon ami—et je doute fort qu'un redoublement de travail lui fasse acquérir la seconde. Le mieux serait de brûler ceci; mais que faire?

Je crois que dans ce qui suit il fait allu sion à un certain examen qu'il fit autrefois de l'âme ou plutôt de son âme, pour découvrir la suite des objets auxquels il lui serait possible d'atteindre, et dont chacun une fois obtenu devait former une espèce de plateau d'où l'on pouvait aperçevoir d'autres buts, d'autres projets, d'autres jouissances qui, à leur tour, devajent être surmontés. Il en résultait que l'oubli et le sommeil devaient tout terminer. Cette idée que je ne saisis pas parfaitement lui est peutêtre aussi intelligible qu'à moi.

PAULINE.

The brightest gleams of earth's philosophy? Do I not shake to hear aught question thee?

If I am erring save me, madden me,
Take from me powers, and pleasures—let me die
Ages, so I see thee: I am knit round
As with a charm, by sin and lust and pride,
Yet tho' my wandering dreams have seen all shapes
Of strange delight, oft have I stood by thee—
Have I been keeping lonely watch with thee,
In the damp night by weeping Olivet,
Or leaning on thy bosom, proudly less—
Or dying with thee on the lonely cross—
Or witnessing thy bursting from the tomb!

A mortal, sin's familiar friend doth here Avow that he will give all earth's reward, But to believe and humbly teach the faith, In suffering, and poverty, and shame, Only believing he is not unloved. . . .

And now, my Pauline, I am thine for ever! I feel the spirit which has buoyed me up Deserting me: and old shades gathering on; Yet while its last light waits, I would say much, And chiefly, I am glad that I have said That love which I have ever felt for thee. But seldom told; our hearts so beat together, That speech is mockery, but when dark hours come; And I feel sad; and thou, sweet, deem'st it strange; A sorrow moves me, thou canst not remove. Look on this lay I dedicate to thee, Which thro' thee I began, and which I end, Collecting the last gleams to strive to tell That I am thine, and more than ever now— That I am sinking fast—yet tho' I sink, No less I feel that thou hast brought me bliss, And that I still may hope to win it back. Thou know'st, dear friend, I could not think all calm. For wild dreams followed me, and bore me off, And all was indistinct. Ere one was caught Another glanced: so dazzled by my wealth, Knowing not which to leave nor which to choose, For all my thoughts so floated, nought was fixed— And then thou said'st a perfect bard was one Who shadowed out the stages of all life, And so thou badest me tell this my first stage :-'Tis done: and even now I feel all dim the shift Of thought. These are my last thoughts; I discern .

Faintly immortal life, and truth, and good.
And why thou must be mine is, that e'en now,
In the dim hush of night—that I have done—
With fears and sad forebodings: I look thro'
And say, "E'en at the last I have her still,
"With her delicious eyes as clear as heaven,
"When rain in a quick shower has beat down mist,
"And clouds float white in the sun like broods of swans."
How the blood lies upon her cheek, all spread
As thinned by kisses; only in her lips
It wells and pulses like a living thing,
And her neck looks, like marble misted o'er
With love breath, a dear thing to kiss and love,
Standing beneath me—looking out to me,
As I might kill her and be loved for it.

Love me-love me, Pauline, love nought but me: All these words are wild and weak. Leave me not. Believe them not, Pauline. I stooped so low But to behold thee purer by my side, To show thou art my breath-my life-a last Resource—an extreme want: never believe Aught better could so look to thee, nor seek Again the world of good thoughts left for me. There were bright troops of undiscovered suns. There were Each equal in their radiant course. Clusters of far fair isles, which ocean kept For his own joy, and his waves broke on them Without a choice. And there was a dim crowd Of visions, each a part of the dim whole. And a star left his peers and came with peace Upon a storm, and all eyes pined for him. And one isle harboured a sea-beaten ship, And the crew wandered in its bowers, and plucked Its fruits, and gave up all their hopes for home. And one dream came to a pale poet's sleep, And he said, " I am singled out by God, "No sin must touch me." I am very weak, But what I would express is,-Leave me not, Still sit by me-with beating breast, and hair Loosened—watching earnest by my side, Turning my books, or kissing me when I Look up-like summer wind. Be still to me A key to music's mystery, when mind fails, A reason, a solution and a clue. You see I have thrown off my prescribed rules: I hope in myself—and hope, and pant, and love— You'll find me better—know me more than when 15-B

You loved me as I was. Smile not; I have Much yet to gladden you—to dawn on you.

No more of the past—I'll look within no more— I have too trusted to my own wild wants-Too trusted to myself—to intuition. Draining the wine alone in the still night, And seeing how-as gathering films arose, As by an inspiration life seemed bare And grinning in its vanity, and ends Hard to be dreamed of, stared at me as fixed, And others suddenly became all foul, As a fair witch turned an old hag at night. No more of this—we will go hand in hand, I will go with thee, even as a child, Looking no further than thy sweet commands. And thou hast chosen where this life shall be— The land which gave me thee shall be our home, Where nature lies all wild amid her lakes And snow-swathed mountains, and vast pines all girt With ropes of snow—where nature lies all bare, Suffering none to view her but a race Most stinted and deformed—like the mute dwarfs Which wait upon a naked Indian queen. And there (the time being when the heavens are thick With storms) I'll sit with thee while thou dost sing Thy native songs, gay as a desert bird Who crieth as he flies for perfect joy, Or telling me old stories of dead knights. Or I will read old lays to thee—how she, The fair pale sister, went to her chill grave With power to love, and to be loved, and live. Or we will go together, like twin gods Of the infernal world, with scented lamp Over the dead—to call and to awake— Over the unshaped images which lie Within my mind's cave—only leaving all That tells of the past doubts. So when spring comes, And sunshine comes again like an old smile, And the fresh waters, and awakened birds, And budding woods await us—I shall be Prepared, and we will go and think again, And all old loves shall come to us-but changed As some sweet thought which harsh words veiled before: Feeling God loves us, and that all that errs. Is a strange dream which death will dissipate; And then when I am firm we'll seek again My own land, and again I will approach

My old designs, and calmly look on all The works of my past weakness, as one views Some scene where danger met him long before. Ah! that such pleasant life should be but dreamed!

But whate'er come of it—and tho' it fade. And tho' ere the cold morning all be gone As it will be ;-tho' music wait for me, And fair eyes and bright wine, laughing like sin, Which steals back softly on a soul half saved: And I be first to deny all, and despise This verse, and these intents which seem so fair: Still this is all my own, this moment's pride, No less I make an end in perfect joy. E'en in my brightest time, a lurking fear Possessed me. I well knew my weak resolves. I felt the witchery that makes mind sleep Over its treasures—as one half afraid To make his riches definite—but now These feelings shall not utterly be lost, I shall not know again that nameless care, Lest leaving all undone in youth, some new And undreamed end reveal itself too late: For this song shall remain to tell for ever, That when I lost all hope of such a change, Suddenly Beauty rose on me again. No less I make an end in perfect joy, For I, having thus again been visited, Shall doubt not many another bliss awaits, And tho' this weak soul sink, and darkness come, Some little word shall light it up again, And I shall see all clearer and love better; I shall again go o'er the tracts of thought. As one who has a right; and I shall live With poets—calmer—purer still each time, And beauteous shapes will come to me again, And unknown secrets will be trusted me, Which were not mine when wavering—but now I shall be priest and lover, as of old.

Sun-treader, I believe in God, and truth, And love; and as one just escaped from death Would bind himself in bands of friends to feel He lives indeed—so, I would lean on thee; Thou must be ever with me—most in gloom When such shall come—but chiefly when I die, For I seem dying, as one going in the dark To fight a giant—and live thou for ever, And be to all what thou hast been to me— All in whom this wakes pleasant thoughts of me, Know my last state is happy—free from doubt, Or touch of fear. Love me and wish me well!

RICHMOND, October 22, 1832.

PARACELSUS 1835

INSCRIBED TO

AMÉDÉE DE RIPERT-MONCLAR

BY HIS AFFECTIONATE FRIEND

R. B.

London: March 15, 1835.

PARACELSUS

PERSONS

AUREOLUS PARACELSUS FESTUS and MICHAL, his friends APRILE, an Italian Poet

I.—PARACELSUS ASPIRES

Scene.—Würzburg; a garden in the environs. 1512.

FESTUS, PARACELSUS, MICHAL

Paracelsus. Come close to me, dear friends; still closer: thus! Close to the heart which, though long time roll by Ere it again beat quicker, pressed to yours, As now it beats—perchance a long, long time— · At least henceforth your memories shall make Quiet and fragrant as befits their home. Nor shall my memory want a home in yours— Alas, that it requires too well such free Forgiving love as shall embalm it there! For if you would remember me aright— As I was born to be-you must forget All fitful, strange, and moody waywardness Which e'er confused my better spirit, to dwell Only on moments such as these, dear friends ! -My heart no truer, but my words and ways More true to it: as Michal, some months hence, Will say, "this autumn was a pleasant time," For some few sunny days; and overlook Its bleak wind, hankering after pining leaves. Autumn would fain be sunny—Î would look Liker my nature's truth; and both are frail, And both beloved for all their frailty!

Michal. Aureole! Paracelsus. Drop by drop!—she is weeping like child!

Not so! I am content-more than content-Nay, Autumn wins you best by this its mute Appeal to sympathy for its decay! Look up, sweet Michal, nor esteem the less Your stained and drooping vines their grapes bow down. Nor blame those creaking trees bent with their fruit, That apple-tree with a rare after-birth Of peeping blooms sprinkled its wealth among ! Then for the winds—what wind that ever raved Shall vex that ash that overlooks you both. So proud it wears its berries? Ah! at length, The old smile meet for her, the lady of this Sequestered nest! This kingdom, limited Alone by one old populous green wall, Tenanted by the ever-busy flies, Grey crickets, and shy lizards, and quick spiders. Each family of the silver-threaded moss— Which, look through, near, this way, and it appears A stubble-field, or a cane-brake—a marsh Of bulrush whitening in the sun: laugh now! Fancy the crickets, each one in his house, Looking out, wondering at the world-or best, You painted snail, with his gay shell of dew, Travelling to see the glossy balls high up Hung by the caterpillar, like gold lamps!

Michal. In truth we have lived carelessly and well! Paracelsus. And shall, my perfect pair—each, trust

me, born
For the other; nay, your very hair, when mixed,
Is of one hue. For where save in this nook
Shall you two walk, when I am far away,
And wish me prosperous fortune? Stay! . . . Whene'er
That plant shall wave its tangles lightly and softly,
As a queen's languid and imperial arm
Which scatters crowns among her lovers, you
Shall be reminded to predict to me
Some great success! Ah, see! the sun sinks broad
Behind St. Saviour's: wholly gone, at last!
Festus. Now, Aureole, stay those wandering eyes

You are ours to-night at least; and while you spoke Of Michal and her tears, the thought came back That none could leave what he so seemed to love: But that last look destroys my dream—that look! As if, where'er you gazed, there stood a star! How far was Würzburg, with its church and spire,

awhile !

And garden-walls, and all things they contain, From that look's far alighting? I but spoke Paracelsus. And looked alike from simple joy, to see The beings I love best, shut in so well From all rude chances like to be my lot, That, when afar, my weary spirit,-disposed To lose awhile its care in soothing thoughts Of them, their pleasant features, looks, and words,-Need never hesitate, nor apprehend Encroaching trouble may have reached them too. Nor have recourse to Fancy's busy aid To fashion even a wish in their behalf Beyond what they possess already here; But, unobstructed, may at once forget Itself in them, assured how well they are. Beside, this Festus knows, he thinks me one Whom quiet and its charms attract in vain, One scarce aware of all the joys I quit, Too fill'd with airy hopes to make account Of soft delights which free hearts garner up: Whereas, behold how much our sense of all That's beauteous proves alike! When Festus learns That every common pleasure of the world Affects me as himself; that I have just As varied appetites for joy derived From common things; a stake in life, in short, Isike his; a stake which rash pursuit of aims That life affords not, would as soon destroy;— He may convince himself, that, this in view, I shall act well advised: and last, because, Though heaven and earth, and all things, were at stake, Sweet Michal must not weep, our parting eve! Festus. True: and the even is deepening, and we sit As little anxious to begin our talk As though to-morrow I could open it As we paced arm in arm the cheerful town At sun-dawn; and continue it by fits (Old Tritheim busied with his class the while) In that dim chamber where the noon-streaks peer Half frightened by the awful tomes around; And here at home unbosom all the rest From even-blush to midnight; but, to-morrow! Have I full leave to tell my inmost mind? We two were brothers, and henceforth the world Will rise between us :-- all my freest mind? 'Tis the last night, dear Aureole! Paracelsus. Oh, say on I Devise some test of love—some arduous feat

To be performed for you—say on! If night
Be spent the while, the better! Recall how oft
My wondrous plans, and dreams, and hopes, and

Have—never wearied you . . . oh, no! . . . as I Recall, and never vividly as now, Your true affection, born when Einsiedeln And its green hills were all the world to us, And still increasing to this night, which ends My further stay at Würzburg . . . Oh, one day You shall be very proud! Say on, dear friends!

Festus. In truth? 'Tis for my proper peace, indeed, Rather than yours; for vain all projects seem? To stay your course: I said my latest hope Is fading even now. A story tells Of some far embassy despatched to buy The favour of an eastern king, and how The gifts they offered proved but dazzling dust Shed from the ore-beds native to his clime: Just so, the value of repose and love, I meant should tempt you, better far than I You seem to comprehend—and yet desist. No whit from projects where repose nor love Have part.

Paracelsus. Once more? Alas! as I forbode!

Festus. A solitary briar the bank puts forth

To save our swan's nest floating out to sea.

Paracelsus. Dear Festus, hear me. What is it you

Paracelsus. Dear Festus, hear me. What is it wish?

That I should lay aside my heart's pursuit, Abandon the sole ends for which I live, Reject God's great commission—and so die! You bid me listen for your true love's sake: Yet how has grown that love? Even in a long And patent cherishing of the selfsame spirit It now would quell: as though a mother hoped To stay the lusty manhood of the child Once weak upon her knees. I was not born Informed and fearless from the first, but shrank From aught which marked me out apart from men: I would have lived their life, and died their death, Lost in their ranks, eluding destiny: But you first guided me through doubt and fear. Taught me to know mankind and know myself: And now that I am strong and full of hope, That, from my soul, I can reject all aims: Save those your earnest words made plain to me; Now, that I touch the brink of my design, When I would have a triumph in their eyes.

A glad cheer in their voices-Michal weeps, And Festus ponders gravely! Festus.

When you deign

To hear my purpose . . . Hear it? I can say Paracelsus. Beforehand all this evening's conference! 'Tis this way, Michal, that he uses: first, Or he declares, or I, the leading points Of our best scheme of life, what is man's end, And what God's will—no two faiths e'er agreed As his with mine: next, each of us allows Faith should be acted on as best we may: Accordingly, I venture to submit A plan, in lack of better, for pursuing The path which God's will seems to authorize : Well—he discerns much good in it, avows This motive worthy, that hope plausible, A danger here, to be avoided—there, An oversight to be repaired: at last Our two minds go together—all the good Approved by him, I gladly recognize; All he counts bad, I thankfully discard; And nought forbids my looking up at last For some stray comfort in his cautious brow-When, lo! I learn that, spite of all, there lurks Some innate and inexplicable germ Of failure in my schemes; so that at last It amounts to this—the sovereign proof That we devote ourselves to God, is seen In living just as though there were no God: A life which, prompted by the sad and blind Lusts of the world, Festus abhors the most-But which these tenets sanctify at once; •Though to less subtle wits it seems the same,

Consider it how they may. Is it so, Festus? Michal. He speaks so calmly and kindly—is it so?

Paracelsus. Reject those glorious visions of God's love And man's design; laugh loud that God should send Vast longings to direct us; say how soon Power satiates these, or lust, or gold; I know The world's cry well, and how to answer it! But this ambiguous warfare . . .

Wearies so Festus.That you will grant no last leave to your friend To urge it ?-for his sake, not yours? I wish To send my soul in good hopes after you: Never to sorrow that uncertain words, Erringly apprehended—a new creed,

Ill understood-begot rash trust in you. And shared in your undoing.

Choose your side: Paracelsus. Hold or renounce: but meanwhile blame me not Because I dare to act on your own views, Nor shrink when they point onward, nor espy A peril where they most ensure success.

Festus. Prove that to me-but that! Prove you abide Within their warrant, nor presumptuous boast God's labour laid on you; prove, all you covet A mortal may expect; and, most of all, Prove the strange course you now affect, will lead To its attainment—and I bid you speed, Nav. count the minutes till you venture forth ! You smile; but I had gathered from slow thought-Much musing on the fortunes of my friend-Matter I deemed could not be urged in vain: But it all leaves me at my need: in shreds And fragments I must venture what remains.

Michal. Ask at once, Festus, wherefore he should

Stay, Michal: Aureole, I speak guardedly Festus. And gravely, knowing well, whate'er your error, This is no ill-considered choice of yours-No sudden fancy of an ardent boy. Not from your own confiding words alone Am I aware your passionate heart long since Gave birth to, nourished, and at length matures This scheme. I will not speak of Einsiedeln, Where I was born your elder by some years Only to watch you fully from the first: In all beside, our mutual tasks were fixed Even then—'twas mine to have you in my view As you had your own soul and those intents Which filled it when, to crown your dearest wish, With a tumultuous heart, you left with me Our childhood's home to join the favoured few Whom, here at Würzburg, Tritheim deigns to teach A portion of his lore: and not the best Of those so favoured, whom you now despise, Came earnest as you came; resolved, like you, To grasp all, and retain all, and deserve By patient toil a wide renown like his. And this new ardour which supplants the old. I watched, too; 'twas significant and strange, In one matched to his soul's content at length With rivals in the search for Wisdom's prize, To see the sudden pause, the total change: From contest, the transition to repose—

From pressing onward as his fellows pressed, To a blank idleness; yet most unlike The dull stagnation of a soul, content, Once foiled, to leave betimes a thriveless quest. That careless bearing, free from all pretence Even of contempt for what it ceased to seek-Smiling humility, praising much, yet waiving What it professed to praise—though not so well Maintained but that rare outbreaks, fierce as brief, Revealed the hidden scorn, as quickly curbed-That ostentatious show of past defeat, That ready acquiescence in contempt, I deemed no other than the letting go His shivered sword, of one about to spring Upon this foe's throat; but it was not thus: Not that way looked your brooding purpose then. For after-signs disclosed, what you confirmed, That you prepared to task to the uttermost Your strength, in furtherance of a certain aim, Which—while it bore the name your rivals gave Their own most puny efforts—was so vast In scope that it included their best flights, Combined them, and desired to gain one prize In place of many,—the secret of the world, Of man, and man's true purpose, path, and fate: -That you, not nursing as a mere vague dream This purpose, with the sages of the Past, Have struck upon a way to this, if all You trust be true, which following, heart and soul, You, if a man may, dare aspire to know: And that this aim shall differ from a host Of aims alike in character and kind, Mostly in this,—to seek its own reward In itself only, not an alien end To blend therewith; no hope, nor fear, nor joy, Nor woe, to elsewhere move you, but this pure Devotion to sustain you or betray: Thus you aspire.

Paracelsus. You shall not state it thus:
I should not differ from the dreamy crew
You speak of. I profess no other share
In the selection of my lot, than this,
A ready answer to the will of God
Who summons me to be his organ: all
Whose innate strength supports them shall succeed
No better than your sages.

Festus. Such the aim, then, God sets before you; and 'tis doubtless need That he appoint no less the way of praise

Than the desire to praise; for, though I hold With you, the setting forth such praise to be The natural end and service of a man, And think such praise is best attained when man Attains the general welfare of his kind-Yet, this, the end, is not the instrument. Presume not to serve God apart from such Appointed channel as He wills shall gather Imperfect tributes—for that sole obedience Valued, perchance. He seeks not that his altars Blaze—careless how, so that they do but blaze. Suppose this, then; that God selected you To know (heed well your answers, for my faith Shall meet implicitly what they affirm) I cannot think you dare annex to such Selection aught beyond a steadfast will, An intense hope, nor let your gifts create Scorn or neglect of ordinary means Conducive to success—make destiny Dispense with man's endeavour. Now dare you search Your inmost heart, and candidly avow Whether you have not rather wild desire For this distinction, than security Of its existence; whether you discern The path to the fulfilment of your purpose Clear as that purpose—and again, that purpose Clear as your yearning to be singled out For its pursuer. Dare you answer this?

Paracelsus. (After a pause.) No, I have nought to fear!

Who will may know The secret'st workings of my soul. What though It be so ?--if indeed the strong desire Eclipse the aim in me?—if splendour break Upon the outset of my path alone, And duskest shade succeed? What fairer seal Shall I require to my authentic mission Than this fierce energy—this instinct striving Because its nature is to strive ?—enticed By the security of no broad course, With no success forever in its eyes! How know I else such glorious fate my own, But in the restless irresistible force That works within me? Is it for human will To institute such impulses ?-still less, To disregard their promptings? What should I Do, kept among you all; your loves, your cares, Your life—all to be mine? Be sure that God Ne'er dooms to waste the strength he deigns impart ! Ask the gier-eagle why she stoops at once

Into the vast and unexplored abyss. What full-grown power informs her from the first. Why she not marvels, strenuously beating The silent boundless regions of the sky! Be sure they sleep not whom God needs! Nor fear Their holding light his charge, when every hour That finds that charge delayed, is a new death. This for the faith in which I trust; and hence I can abjure so well the idle arts These pedants strive to learn and teach: Black Arts. Great Works, the Secret and Sublime, forsooth— Let others prize: too intimate a tie Connects me with our God! A sullen flend To do my bidding, fallen and hateful sprites To help me-what are these, at best, beside God helping, God directing everywhere, So that the earth shall yield her secrets up, And every object shall be charged to strike, Teach, gratify, her master God appoints? And I am young, my Festus, happy and free! I can devote myself; I have a life To give; I, singled out for this, the One! Think, think; the wide east, where old Wisdom sprung; The bright south, where she dwelt; the hopeful north, All are passed o'er—it lights on me! 'Tis time New hopes should animate the world, new light Should dawn from new revealings to a race Weighed down so long, forgotten so long; so shall The heaven reserved for us, at last receive Creatures whom no unwonted splendours blind. But ardent to confront the unclouded blaze Whose beams not seldom blest their pilgrimage. Not seldom glorified their life below.

Festus. My words have their old fate and make faint stand Against your glowing periods. Call this, truth-Why not pursue it in a fast retreat, Some one of Learning's many palaces, After approved example; seeking there Calm converse with the great dead, soul to soul, Who laid up treasure with the like intent? -So lift yourself into their airy place, And fill out full their unfulfilled careers. Unravelling the knots their baffled skill Pronounced inextricable, true !-but left Far less confused? A fresh eye, a fresh hand, Might do much at their vigour's waning-point; Succeeding with new-breathed and earnest force. As at old games a runner snatched the torch From runner still: this way success might be.

But you have coupled with your enterprise, An arbitrary self-repugnant scheme Of seeking it in strange and untried paths. What books are in the desert? writes the sea The secret of her yearning in vast caves Where yours will fall the first of human feet? Has Wisdom sate there and recorded aught You press to read? Why turn aside from her To visit, where her vesture never glanced, Now—solitudes consigned to barrenness By God's decree, which who shall dare impugn? Now-ruins where she paused but would not stay. Old ravaged cities that, renouncing her, She called an endless curse on, so it came-Or, worst of all, now—men you visit, men, Ignoblest troops that never heard her voice, Or hate it, men without one gift from Rome Or Athens,—these shall Aureole's teachers be! Rejecting past example, practice, precept, Aidless 'mid these he thinks to stand alone: Thick like a glory round the Stagyrite Your rivals throng, the sages: here stand you ! Whate'er you may protest, knowledge is not Paramount in your love; or for her sake You would collect all help from every source-Rival or helper, friend, foe, all would merge In the broad class of those who showed her haunts, And those who showed them not.

Paracelsus. What shall I say? Festus, from childhood I have been possessed

As from without some master, so it seemed,

Repressed of Expresses what I would d convey-but rather I will believe an angel ruled me thus, Than that my soul's own workings, own high nature, So became manifest. I knew not then What whispered in the evening, and spoke out At midnight. If some mortal, born too soon, Were laid away in some great trance—the ages Coming and going all the while-till dawned His true time's advent, and could then record The words they spoke who kept watch by his bed,-Then I might tell more of the breath so light Upon my eyelids, and the fingers warm Among my hair. Youth is confused; yet never So dull was I but, when that spirit passed, I turned to him, scarce consciously, as turns A water-snake when fairies cross his sleep.

And having this within me and about me While Einsiedeln, its mountains, lakes, and woods Confined me—what oppressive joy was mine When life grew plain, and I first viewed the thronged, The ever-moving concourse of mankind! Believe that ere I joined them—ere I knew The purpose of the pageant, or the place Consigned to me within its ranks—while yet Wonder was freshest and delight most pure-'Twas then that least supportable appeared A station with the brightest of the crowd, A portion with the proudest of them all! And from the tumult in my breast, this only Could I collect—that I must thenceforth die, Or elevate myself far, far above The gorgeous spectacle. I seemed to long At once to trample on—yet save mankind— To make some unexampled sacrifice In their behalf—to wring some wondrous good From heaven or earth for them—to perish, winning Eternal weal in the act: as who should dare Pluck out the angry thunder from its cloud, That, all its gathered flame discharged on him, No storm might threaten summer's azure sleep: Yet never to be mixed with men so much As to have part even in my own work—share In my own largess. Once the feat achieved. I would withdraw from their officious praise, Would gently put aside their profuse thanks: Like some knight traversing a wilderness, Who, on his way, may chance to free a tribe Of desert-people from their dragon-foe: When all the swarthy race press round to kiss Mis feet, and choose him for their king, and yield Their poor tents, pitched among the sand-hills, for His realm; and he points, smiling, to his scarf, Heavy with riveled gold, his burgonet, Gay set with twinkling stones—and to the east, Where these must be displayed! Good: let us hear Festus. No more about your nature, "which first shrank

No more about your nature, "which first shrank
"From all that marked you out apart from men!"

Paracelsus. I touch on that: these words but analyse
That first mad impulse—'twas as brief as fond;
For as I gazed again upon the show,
I soon distinguished here and there a shape
Palm-wreathed and radiant, forehead and full eye.
Well pleased was I their state should thus at once
Interpret my own thoughts:—"Behold the clue

"To all," I rashly said, "and what I pine "To do, these have accomplished: we are peers! "They know, and therefore rule: I, too, will know!" You were beside me, Festus, as you say; You saw me plunge in their pursuits whom Fame Is lavish to attest the lords of mind; Not pausing to make sure the prize in view Would satiate my cravings when obtained-But since they strove I strove. Then came a slow And strangling failure. We aspired alike, Yet not the meanest plodder Tritheim schools But faced me, all-sufficient, all-content, Or staggered only at his own strong wits: While I was restless, nothing satisfied, Distrustful, most perplexed. I would slur over That struggle; suffice it, that I loathed myself As weak compared with them, yet felt somehow A mighty power was brooding, taking shape Within me: and this lasted till one night When, as I sate revolving it and more, A still voice from without said—" See'st thou not. " Desponding child, whence came defeat and loss? "Even from thy strength. Consider: hast thou gazed " Presumptuously on Wisdom's countenance, "No veil between; and can thy hands which falter "Unguided by thy brain the mighty sight "Continues to absorb, pursue their task "On earth like these around thee—what their sense ... "Which radiance ne'er distracted, clear descries? "If thou wouldst share their fortune, choose their life. "Unfed by splendour. Let each task present "Its petty good to thee. Waste not thy gifts "In profitless waiting for the gods' descent, "But have some idol of thine own to dress "With their array. Know, not for knowing's sake, "But to become a star to men for ever. "Know, for the gain it gets, the praise it brings, "The wonder it inspires, the love it breeds. "Look one step onward, and secure that step." And I smiled as one never smiles but once: Then first discovering my own aim's extent, Which sought to comprehend the works of God, And God himself, and all God's intercourse With the human mind; I understood, no less, My fellow's studies, whose true worth I saw, But smiled not, well aware who stood by me. And softer came the voice—"There is a way— "'Tis hard for flesh to tread therein, imbued "With frailty—hopeless, if indulgence first

" Have ripened inborn germs of sin to strength: "Wilt thou adventure for my sake and man's, "Apart from all reward?" And last it breathed-"Be happy, my good soldier; I am by thee, "Be sure, even to the end!"—I answered not, · Knowing Him. As He spoke, I was endued With comprehension and a steadfast will; And when He ceased, my brow was sealed His own. If there took place no special change in me, How comes it all things wore a different hue Thenceforward ?-pregnant with vast consequence-Teeming with grand results-loaded with fate; So that when quailing at the mighty range Of secret truths which yearn for birth, I haste To contemplate undazzled some one truth, Its bearings and effects alone—at once What was a speck expands into a star, Asking a life to pass exploring thus, Till I near craze. I go to prove my soul! I see my way as birds their trackless way— I shall arrive! what time, what circuit first, I ask not: but unless God send his hail Or blinding fire-balls, sleet, or stifling snow. In some time—his good time—I shall arrive: He guides me and the bird. In his good time! Vex him no further, Festus; it is so! Michal.Just thus you help me ever. This would hold Were it the trackless air, and not a path Inviting you, distinct with footprints yet Of many a mighty spirit gone that way. You may have purer views than theirs, perhaps,

But they were famous in their day—the proofs Remain. At least accept the light they lend.

Paracelsus. Their light! the sum of all is briefly this : They laboured, and grew famous; and the fruits Are best seen in a dark and groaning earth, Given over to a blind and endless strife With evils, which of all your Gods abates? No; I reject and spurn them utterly, And all they teach. Shall I still sit beside Their dry wells, with a white lip and filmed eye. While in the distance heaven is blue above Mountains where sleep the unsunned tarns? Festus. And yet

As strong delusions have prevailed ere now: Men have set out as gallantly to seek Their ruin; I have heard of such-yourself Avow all hitherto have failed and fallen.

Michal. Nay, Festus, when but as the pilgrims faint

tale?

Through the drear way, do you expect to see
Their city dawn afar amid the clouds?

Paracelsus. Ay, sounds it not like some old well-known

For me, I estimate their works and them So rightly, that at times I almost dream I too have spent a life the sages' way, And tread once more familiar paths. Perchance I perished in an arrogant self-reliance An age ago; and in that act, a prayer For one more chance went up so earnest, so Instinct with better light let in by Death, Than life was blotted out—not so completely But scattered wrecks enough of it remain, Dim memories; as now, when seems once more The goal in sight again: all which, indeed, Is foolish, and only means—the flesh I wear, The earth I tread, are not more clear to me That my belief, explained to you or no.

Festus. And who am I to challenge and dispute

That clear belief? I put away all fear.

Michal. Then Aureole is God's commissary! he shall Be great and grand—and all for us!

Paracelsus. No, sweet!
Not great and grand. If I can serve mankind
'Tis well—but there our intercourse must end:
I never will be served by those I serve.

Festus. Look well to this: here is a plague-spot, here, Disguise it how you may! 'Tis true, you utter This scorn while by our side and loving us; 'Tis but a spot as yet; but it will break Into a hideous blotch if overlooked. How can that course be safe which from the first Produces carelessness to human love? It seems you have abjured the helps which men Who overpass their kind, as you would do, Have humbly sought—I dare not thoroughly probe This matter, lest I learn too much: let be, That popular praise would little instigate Your efforts, nor particular approval Reward you; put reward aside; alone You shall go forth upon your arduous task, None shall assist you, none partake your toil, None share your triumph—still you must retain Some one to cast your glory on, to share Your rapture with. Were I elect like you, I would encircle me with love, and raise A rampart of my fellows; it should seem Impossible for me to fail, so watched

By gentle friends who made my cause their own; They should ward off Fate's envy—the great gift, Extravagant when claimed by me alone, Being so a gift to them as well as me. If danger daunted me or ease seduced, How calmly their sad eyes should gaze reproach!

Michal. O Aureole, can I sing when all alone,

Without first calling, in my fancy, both
To listen by my side—even I! And you?
Do you not feel this?—say that you feel this!

Paracelsus. I feel 'tis pleasant that my aims, at length Allowed their weight, should be supposed to need A further strengthening in these goodly helps!

My course allures for its own sake—its sole

My course allures for its own sake—its sole
Intrinsic worth; and ne'er shall boat of mine
Adventure forth for gold and apes at once.
Your sages say, "if human, therefore weak:"
If weak, more need to give myself entire
To my pursuit; and by its side, all else . . .
No matter! I deny myself but little
In waiving all assistance save its own—
Would there were some real sacrifice to make!
Your friends the sages threw their joys away.

While I must be content with keeping mine. Festus. But do not cut yourself from human weal? You cannot thrive—a man that dares affect To spend his life in service to his kind, For no reward of theirs, nor bound to them By any tie; nor do so, Aureole! No—There are strange punishments for such. Give up (Although no visible good flow thence) some part Of the glory to another; hiding thus, Even from yourself, that all is for yourself. Say, say almost to God—"I have done all

"For her-not for myself!"

Paracelsus. And who, but lately, Was to rejoice in my success like you? Whom should I love but both of you?

Festus.

But know this, you, that 'tis no wish of mine You should abjure the lofty claims you make; Although I can no longer seek, indeed,
To overlook the truth, that there will be A monstrous spectacle upon the earth,
Beneath the pleasant sun, among the trees:

—A being knowing not what love is. Hear me!
You are endowed with faculties which bear Annexed to them as 'twere a dispensation
To summon meaner spirits to do their will,

And gather round them at their need; inspiring Such with a love themselves can never feel-Passionless 'mid their passionate votaries. I know not if you joy in this or no, Or ever dream that common men can live On objects you prize lightly, but which make Their heart's sole treasure: the affections seem Beauteous at most to you, which we must taste Or die; and this strange quality accords, I know not how, with you; sits well upon That luminous brow, though in another it scowls An eating brand—a shame. I dare not judge you: The rules of right and wrong thus set aside, There's no alternative—I own you one Of higher order, under other laws Than bind us; therefore, curb not one bold glance! Tis best aspire. Once mingled with us all . . .

Michal. Stay with us, Aureole! cast those hopes away, And stay with us! An angel warns me, too, Man should be humble; you are very proud: And God, dethroned, has doleful plagues for such! He warns me not to dread a quick repulse, Nor slow defeat, but a complete success!

You will find all you seek, and perish so!

Paracelsus. (After a pause.) Are these the barren first
finite of my life?

fruits of my life? Is love like this the natural lot of all? How many years of pain might one such hour O'erbalance? Dearest Michal, dearest Festus. What shall I say, if not that I desire To merit this your love; and will, dear friends. In swerving nothing from my first resolves. See, the great moon! and 'ere the mottled owls Were wide awake, I was to go. It seems You acquiesce at last in all save this— If I am like to compass what I seek By the untried career I chuse; and then, If that career, making but small account Of much of life's delight, will yet retain Sufficient to sustain my soul—for thus I understand these fond fears just expressed. And first; the lore you praise and I neglect, The labours and the precepts of old time, I have not slightly disesteemed. But, friends. Truth is within ourselves; it takes no rise From outward things, whate'er you may believe: There is an inmost centre in us all, Where truth abides in fulness; and around Wall upon wall, the gross flesh hems it in.

This perfect, clear perception—which is truth; A baffling and perverting carnal mesh Blinds it, and makes all error: and, "to know" Rather consists in opening out a way Whence the imprisoned splendour may escape, Than in effecting entry for a light Supposed to be without. Watch narrowly The demonstration of a truth, its birth, And you trace back the effluence to its spring And source within us, where broods radiance vast, To be elicited ray by ray, as chance Shall favour: chance—for hitherto, your sage Even as he knows not how those beams are born, As little knows he what unlocks their fount; And men have oft grown old among their books To die, case-hardened in their ignorance, Whose careless youth had promised what long years Of unremitted labour ne'er performed: While, contrary, it has chanced some idle day, That autumn loiterers just as fancy-free As the midges in the sun, have oft given vent To truth-produced mysteriously as cape Of cloud grown out of the invisible air. Hence, may not truth be lodged alike in all, The lowest as the highest? some slight film The interposing bar which binds it up, And makes the idiot, just as makes the sage Some film removed, the happy outlet whence Truth issues proudly? See this soul of ours! How it strives weakly in the child, is loosed In manhood, clogged by sickness, back compelled By age and waste, set free at last by death: Why is it, flesh enthralls it or enthrones? What is this flesh we have to penetrate? Oh, not alone when life flows still do truth And power emerge, but also when strange chance Ruffles its current; in unused conjuncture, When sickness breaks the body-hunger, watching, Excess, or languor-oftenest death's approach-Peril, deep joy, or woe. One man shall crawl Through life, surrounded with all stirring things, Unmoved—and he goes mad; and from the wreck Of what he was, by his wild talk alone, You first collect how great a spirit he hid. Therefore, set free the soul alike in all, Discovering the true laws by which the flesh Bars in the spirit! We may not be doomed To cope with scraphs, but at least the rest Shall cope with us. Make no more giants, God!

But elevate the race at once! We ask To put forth just our strength, our human strength, All starting fairly, all equipped alike, Gifted alike, all eagle-eyed, true-hearted-See if we cannot beat thy angels yet! Such is my task. I go to gather this The sacred knowledge, here and there dispersed About the world, long lost or never found And why should I be sad, or lorn of hope? Why ever make man's good distinct from God's? Or, finding they are one, why dare mistrust? Who shall succeed if not one pledged like me?. Mine is no mad attempt to build a world Apart from His, like those who set themselves To find the nature of the spirit they bore. And, taught betimes that all their gorgeous dreams Were only born to vanish in this life, Refused to fit them to this narrow sphere, But chose to figure forth another world And other frames meet for their vast desires,-Still, all a dream! Thus was life scorned; but life Shall yet be crowned: twine amaranth! I am priest! And all for yielding with a lively spirit A poor existence-parting with a youth Like theirs who squander every energy Convertible to good, on painted toys, Breath-bubbles, gilded dust! And though I spurn All adventitious aims, from empty praise To love's award, yet whoso deems such helps Important, and concerns himself for me. May know even these will follow with the rest— As in the steady rolling Mayne, asleep Yonder, is mixed its mass of schistous ore. My own affections, laid to rest awhile. Will waken purified, subdued alone By all I have achieved; till then—till then Ah! the time-wiling loitering of a page Through bower and over lawn, till eve shall bring The stately lady's presence whom he loves— The broken sleep of the fisher whose rough coat Enwraps the queenly pearl—these are faint types! See how they look on me—I triumph now! But one thing, Festus, Michal !—I have told All I shall e'er disclose to mortal: say-Do you believe I shall accomplish this? Festus. I do believe!

Michal. I ever did believe!

Paracelsus. Those words shall never fade from out my brain!

This earnest of the end shall never fade!
Are there not, Festus, are there not, dear Michal,
Two points in the adventure of the diver:
One—when, a beggar, he prepares to plunge?
One—when, a prince, he rises with his pearl?
Festus, I plunge!
Festus.
I wait you when you rise!

II.—PARACELSUS ATTAINS

Scene. -- Constantinople. -- The house of a Greek conjuror. 1521.

PARACELSUS

Over the waters in the vapourous west The sun goes down as in a sphere of gold, Behind the outstretched city, which between, With all that length of domes and minarets, Athwart the splendour, black and crooked runs Like a Turk verse along a scimetar. There lie, thou saddest writing, and awhile Relieve my aching sight. 'Tis done at last! Strange—and the juggles of a sallow cheat Could win me to this act! 'Tis as you cloud Should voyage unwreck'd o'er many a mountain-top I have dared And break upon a molehill. Come to a pause with knowledge; scan for once The heights already reach'd, without regard To the extent above; fairly compute What I have clearly gained; for once excluding · My future which should finish and fulfil All half-gains, and conjectures, and mere hones-And this, because a fortune-teller bids His credulous enquirers write thus much, Their previous life's attainment, in his book, Before his promised secret, as he vaunts. Make that life perfect: here, accordingly. 'Mid the uncouth recordings of such dupes, -Scrawled in like fashion, lie my life's results! These few blurred characters suffice to note A stranger wandered long through many lands, And reaped the fruit he coveted in a few Discoveries, as appended here and there, The fragmentary produce of much toil, In a dim heap, fact and surmise together Confusedly massed, as when acquired; himself

Too bent on gaining more to calmly stay And scrutinize the little which he gained: Slipt in the blank space 'twixt an idiot's gibber And a mad lover's ditty—lies the whole!

And yet those blottings chronicle a life-A whole life, -mine! No thought to turn to act. No problem for the fancy, but a life Spent and decided, wasted past recall, Or worthy beyond peer. Stay, turn the page And take its chance,—thus: what, concerning "life" Does this remembrancer set down ?-" We say "' Time fleets, youth fades, life is an empty dream,' "'Tis the mere echo of time; and he whose heart " Beat first beneath a human heart, whose speech " Was copied from a human tongue, can never "Recall when he was living yet knew not this. "Nevertheless long seasons come and go, "Till some one hour's experience shows what nought, "He deemed, could clearer show; and ever after " An altered brow, and eye, and gait, and speech " Attest that now he knows the adage true "' Time fleets, youth fades, life is an empty dream."

Ay, my brave chronicler, and this same time As well as any: let my hour speak now!

Now! I can go on farther; well or ill—
'Tis done. I must desist and take my chance;
I cannot keep on the stretch; 'tis no back-shrinking—
For let the least assurance dawn, some end
To my toil seem possible, and I proceed
At any price, by any sacrifice:
Else, here I pause: the old Greek's prophecy
Is like to turn out true—"I shall not quit
"His chamber till I know what I desire!"
Was it the light wind sung it, o'er the sea?

An end, a rest! strange how the notion, once
Admitted, gains strength every moment! Rest!
Where kept that thought so long? this throbbing brow
To cease—this beating heart to cease—its crowd
Of gnawing thoughts to cease!—To dare let down
My strung, so high-strung brain—to dare unnerve
My harassed o'ertasked frame—to know my place,
—My portion, my reward, my failure even,
Assigned, made sure for ever!—To lose myself
Among the common creatures of the world—
To draw some gain from having been a man—

Neither to hope nor fear-to live at length! Ch, were it but in failure, to have rest! What, sunk insensibly so deep? Has all Been undergone for this? Was this the prayer My labour qualified me to present With no fear of refusal? Had I gone Carelessly through my task, and so judged fit To moderate my hopes; nay, were it now My sole concern to exculpate myself, And lessen punishment,—I could not chuse An humbler mood to wait for the decree! No, no, there needs not this; no, after all, At worst I have performed my share of the task: The rest is God's concern—mine, merely this, To know that I have obstinately held By my own work. The mortal whose brave foot Has trod, unscathed, the temple-courts so far That he descries at length the shrine of shrines. Must let no sneering of the demons' eyes. Whose wrath he met unquailing, follow sly And fasten on him, fairly past their power, If where he stands he dares but stay; no, no-He must not stagger, faint and fall at last, -Knowing a charm to baffle them: behold. He bares his front—a mortal ventures thus Serene amid the echoes, beams, and glooms! If he be priest henceforth, or if he wake • The god of the place to ban and blast him there .-Both well! What's failure or success to me? I have subdued my life to the one end Ordained life; there alone I cannot doubt, That only way I may be satisfied. Yes, well have I subdued my life! beyond The obligation of my strictest vows, The contemplation of my wildest bond. Which gave, in truth, my nature freely up, In what it should be, more than what it was-Consenting that whatever passions slept, Whatever impulses lay unmatured, Should wither in the germ,—but scarce foreseeing That the soil, doomed thus to perpetual waste, Would seem one day, remembered in its youth Beside the parched sand-tract which now it is, Already strewn with faint blooms, viewless then. I ne'er engaged to root up loves so frail I felt them not; yet now, 'tis very plain Some soft spots had their birth in me at first-If not love, say, like love: there was a time When yet this wolfish hunger after knowledge

Set not remorselessly love's claims aside; This heart was human once, or why recall Einsiedeln, now, and Würzburg, which the Mayne Forsakes her course to fold as with an arm?

And Festus-my poor Festus, with his praise. And counsel, and grave fears—where is he now? Or the sweet maiden, long ago his bride? I surely loved them—that last night, at least, When we . . . gone! gone! the better: I am saved The sad review of an ambitious youth, Choked by vile lusts, unnoticed in their birth,. But let grow up and wind around a will Till action was destroyed. No, I have gone Purging my path successively of aught Wearing the distant likeness of such lusts. I have made life consist of one idea: Ere that was master-up till that was born-I bear a memory of a pleasant life Whose small events I treasure; till one morn I ran o'er the seven little grassy fields, Startling the flocks of nameless birds, to tell Poor Festus, leaping all the while for joy, To leave all trouble for futurity, Since I had just determined to become The greatest and most glorious man on earth. And since that morn all life has been forgot; All is one day—one only step between The outset and the end: one tyrant aim, Absorbing all, fills up the interval o One vast unbroken chain of thought, kept up Through a career or friendly or opposed To its existence: life, death, light and shade The shows of the world, were bare receptacles Or indices of truth to be wrung thence, Not instruments of sorrow or delight: For some one truth would dimly beacon me From mountains rough with pines, and flit and wink O'er dazzling wastes of frozen snow, and tremble Into assured light in some branching mine, Where ripens, swathed in fire, the liquid gold-And all the beauty, all the wonder fell On either side the truth, as its mere robe; Men saw the robe—I saw the august form. So far, then, I have voyaged with success, So much is good, then, in this working sea Which parts me from that happy strip of land-But o'er that happy strip a sun shone, too! And fainter gleams it as the waves grow rough,

And still more faint as the sea widens; last I sicken on a dead gulph, streaked with light From its own putrifying depths alone! Then—God was pledged to take me by the hand; Now—any miserable juggler bends My pride to him. All seems alike at length: Who knows which are the wise and which the fools? God may take pleasure in confounding pride By hiding secrets with the scorned and base—He who stoops lowest may find most—in short, I am here; and all seems natural; I start not: And never, having glanced behind to know If I had kept my primal light from wane, Am thus insensibly grown—what I am!

Oh, bitter; very bitter!

And more bitter. To fear a deeper curse, an inner ruin— Plague beneath plague—the last turning the first To light beside its darkness. Better weep My youth and its brave hopes, all dead and gone, In tears which burn! Would I were sure to win Some startling secret in their stead !—a tincture Of force to flush old age with youth, or breed Gold, or imprison moonbeams till they change To opaleshafts !--only that, hurling it Indignant back, I might convince myself My atms remained as ever supreme and pure ! Even now, why not desire, for mankind's sake, That if I fail, some fault may be the cause,-That, though I sink, another may succeed? O God, the despicable heart of us! Shut out this hideous mockery from my heart!

'Twas politic in you, Aureole, to reject
Single rewards, and ask them in the lump;
At all events, once launched, to hold straight on:
For now 'tis all or nothing. Mighty profit
Your gains will bring if they stop short of such
Full consummation! As a man, you had
A certain share of strength, and that is gone
Already in the getting these you boast.
Do not they seem to laugh, as who should say—
"Great master, we are here indeed; dragged forth
"To light: this hast thou done; be glad! now, seek
"The strength to use which thou hast spent in getting!"

And yet 'tis surely much, 'tis very much, Thus to have emptied youth of all its gifts, To feed a fire meant to hold out till morn Arrive with inexhaustible light; and lo, I have heaped up my last, and day dawns not! While I am left with grey hair, faded hands, And furrowed brow. Ha, have I, after all, Mistaken the wild nursling of my breast? Knowledge it seemed, and Power, and Recompense! Was she who glided through my room of nights,-Who laid my head on her soft knees, and smoothed The damp locks,—whose sly soothings just began When my sick spirit craved repose awhile-God! was I fighting Sleep off for Death's sake? God! Thou art Mind! Unto the Master-Mind Mind should be precious. Spare my mind alone b All else I will endure: if, as I stand Here, with my gains, thy thunder smite me down, I bow me; 'tis thy will, thy righteous will; I o'erpass life's restrictions, and I die: And if no trace of my career remain, Save a thin corpse at pleasure of the wind In these bright chambers, level with the air, See thou to it! But if my spirit fail, My once proud spirit forsake me at the last, Hast thou done well by me? So do not thou! Crush not my mind, dear God, though I be crushed Hold me before the frequence of thy seraphs, And say-" I crushed him, lest he should disturb "My law. Men must not know their strength: behold, "Weak and alone, how near he raised himself!"

But if delusions trouble me—and Thou, Not seldom felt with rapture in thy help Throughout my toil and wanderings, dost intend To work man's welfare through my weak endeavour-To crown my mortal forehead with a beam From thine own blinding crown—to smile, and guide This puny hand, and let the work so framed Be styled my work,—hear me! I covet not An influx of new power, an angel's soul: It were no marvel then—but I have reached Thus far, a man; let me conclude, a man! Give but one hour of my first energy, Of that invincible faith—one only hour! That I may cover with an eagle-glance The truths I have, and spy some certain way To mould them, and completing them, possess!

Yet God is good: I started sure of that, And why dispute it now? I'll not believe

But some undoubted warning long ere this Had reached me: stars would write his will in heaven. As once when a labarum was not deemed Too much for the old founder of these walls. Then, if my life has not been natural. It has been monstrous: yet, till late, my course So ardently engrossed me, that delight. A pausing and reflecting joy, 'tis plain, Though such were meant to follow as its fruit. Could find no place in it. True, I am worn: But who clothes summer, who is Life itself? God, that created all things, can renew! And then, though after life to please me now Must have no likeness to the past, what hinders Reward from springing out of toil, as changed As bursts the flower from earth, and root, and stalk ? What use were punishment, unless some sin Be first detected? let me know that first!

(Aprile, from within)

I hear a voice, perchance I heard Long ago, but all too low, So that scarce a thought was stirred If really spoke the voice or no: I heard it in my youth, when first The waters of my life outburst: But now their stream ebbs faint, I hear The voice, still low, but fatal-clear-As if all Poets, that God meant Should save the world, and therefore lent Great gifts to, but who, proud, refused . To do his work, or lightly used Those gifts, or failed through weak endeavour, And mourn, cast off by him forever,-As if these leaned in airy ring To call-me; this the song they sing.

"Lost, lost! yet come,
With our wan troupe make thy home:
"Come, come! for we
Will not breathe, so much as breathe
Reproach to thee!
Knowing what thou sink'st beneath:
So we sank in those old years,
We who bid thee, come! thou last
Who, a living man, hast life o'erpast,
And all together we, thy peers,
Will pardon ask for thee, the last
Whose trial is done, whose lot is cast

With those who watch, but work no more-Who gaze on life, but live no more: And yet we trusted thou shouldst speak God's message which our lips, too weak, Refused to utter,—shouldst redeem Our fault: such trust, and all, a dream! So we chose thee a bright birth-place Where the richness ran to flowers— Couldst not sing one song for grace? Nor make one blossom man's and ours? Must one more recreant to his race Die with unexerted powers And join us, leaving as he found The world, he was to loosen, bound? Anguish! ever and for ever; Still beginning, ending never! Yet, lost and last one, come! How couldst understand, alas, What our pale ghosts strove to say, As their shades did glance and pass Before thee, night and day? Thou wert blind, as we were dumb; Once more, therefore, come, O come! How shall we better arm the spirit Who next shall thy post of life inherit-How guard him from thy ruin? Tell us of thy sad undoing Here, where we sit, ever pursuing Our weary task, ever renewing Sharp sorrow, far from God who gave Our powers, and man they could not save!

APRILE enters

A spirit better armed, succeeding me?
Ha, ha! our king that wouldst be, here at last?
Art thou the Poet who shall save the world?
Thy hand to mine. Stay, fix thine eyes on mine.
Thou wouldst be king? Still fix thine eyes on mine!
Paracelsus. Ha, ha! why crouchest not? Am I not king?

So torture is not wholly unavailing!
Have my fierce spasms compelled thee from thy lair?
Art thou the Sage I only seemed to be,
Myself of after-time, my very self
With sight a little clearer, strength more firm,
Who robs me of my prize and takes my place
For just a fault, a weakness, a neglect?

I scarcely trusted God with the surmise That such might come, and thou didst hear the while! Thine eyes are lustreless to mine; my hair Is soft, nay silken soft: to talk with thee Elushes my cheek, and thou art ashy-pale, . True, thou hast laboured, hast withstood her lips, The siren's! Yes, 'tis like thou hast attained! Tell me, dear master, wherefore now thou comest? I thought thy solemn songs would have their meed In after-time; that I should hear the earth Exult in thee, and echo with thy praise, While I was laid forgotten in my grave.

Paracelsus. Not so! I know thee, I am not thy dupe! Thou art ordained to follow in my track, Even as thou sayest, succeeding to my place, Reaping my sowing—as I scorned to reap The harvest sown by sages passed away. Thou art the sober searcher, cautious striver, As if, except through me, thou had searched or striven ! Ay! tell the world! Degrade me, after all, To an aspirant after fame, not truth-

To all but envy of thy fate, be sure!

Aprile. Nay, sing them to me; I shall envy not: Thou shalt be king! Sing thou, and I will stand Beside, and call deep silence for thy songs, And worship thee, as I had ne'er been meant To fill thy throne—but none shall ever know! Sing to me: for already thy wild eyes Unlock my heart-springs as some crystal-shaft Reveals by some chance blaze its parent fount After long time—so thou reveal'st my soul! All will flash forth at last, with thee to hear! Paracelsus. (His secret! my successor's secret—fool!)

I am he that aspired to know—and thou? Aprile. I would Love infinitely, and be loved !

Paracelsus. Poor slave! I am thy king indeed. Thou deem'st Aprile.

That—born a spirit, dowered even as thou, Born for thy fate—because I could not curb My yearnings to possess at once the full Enjoyment; yet neglected all the means Of realising even the frailest joy; Gathering no fragments to appease my want, Yet nursing up that want till thus I die-Thou deem'st I cannot trace thy safe, sure march, O'er perils that o'erwhelm me, triumphing, Neglecting nought below for aught above, Despising nothing and ensuring all— Nor that I could (my time to come again)

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Lead thus my spirit securely as thine own: Listen, and thou shalt see I know thee well. I would love infinitely . . . Ah, lost! lost!

O ye who armed me at such cost. Your faces shall I bear to see

With your gifts even yet on me ?-Paracelsus. (Ah, 'tis some moonstruck creature after all ! Such fond fools as are like to haunt this den: They spread contagion, doubtless: yet he seemed To echo one foreboding of my heart So truly, that . . . no matter! How he stands With eve's last sunbeam staying on his hair Which turns to it, as if they were akin: And those clear smiling eyes of saddest blue Nearly set free, so far they rise above The painful fruitless striving of that brow And enforced knowledge of those lips, firm set In slow despondency's eternal sigh! Has he, too, missed life's end, and learned the cause ?> Be calm, I charge thee, by thy fealty! Tell me what thou wouldst be, and what I am. Aprile. I would love infinitely, and be loved. First: I would carve in stone, or cast in brass, The forms of earth. No ancient hunter, raised Up to the gods by his renown; no nymph Supposed the sweet soul of a woodland tree, Or sapphirine spirit of a twilight star, Should be too hard for me; no shepherd-king, Regal with his white locks; no youth who stands Silent and very calm amid the throng, · His right hand ever hid beneath his robe Until the tyrant pass; no law-giver; No swan-soft woman, rubbed with lucid oils, Given by a god for love of her-too hard!

Each passion sprung from man, conceived by man, Would I express and clothe it in its right form, Or blend with others struggling in one form Or show repressed by an ungainly form. For, if you marvelled at some mighty spirit With a fit frame to execute his will—

Ay, even unconsciously to work his will—
You should be moved no less beside some strong, Rare spirit, fettered to a stubborn body, Endeavouring to subdue it, and inform it With its own splendour! All this I would do, And I would say, this done, "God's sprites being made,

"He grants to each a sphere to be its world, Appointed with the various objects needed

"To satisfy its spiritual desires;

"So. I create a world for these my shapes "Fit to sustain their beauty and their strength!" And, at their word, I would contrive and paint Woods, valleys, rocks, and plains, dells, sands, and wastes, Lakes which, when morn breaks on their quivering bed, Blaze like a wyvern flying round the sun ; And ocean-isles so small, the dog-fish tracking A dead whale, who should find them, would swim thrice Around them, and fare onward-all to hold The offspring of my brain. Nor these alone-Bronze labyrinths, palace, pyramid, and crypt, Baths, galleries, courts, temples, and terraces, Marts, theatres, and wharfs-all filled with men! Men everywhere! And this performed in turn, When those who looked on, pined to hear the hopes, And fears, and hates, and loves which moved the crowd .-I would throw down the pencil as the chisel, And I would speak: no thought which ever stirred A human breast should be unfold; no passions, No soft emotions, from the turbulent stir Within a heart fed with desires like mine— To the last comfort, shutting the tired lids Of him who sleeps the sultry noon away Beneath the tent-tree by the way-side well: And this in language as the need should be, Now poured at once forth in a burning flow. Now piled up in a grand array of words. This done, to perfect and consummate all, Even as a luminous haze links star to star, I would supply all chasms with music, breathing Mysterious notions of the soul, no way To be defined save in strange melodies. Last, having thus revealed all I could love, And having received all love bestowed on it, I would die: so preserving through my course God full on me, as I was full on men: And He would grant my prayer—" I have gone through "All loveliness of life; make more for me, "If not for men-or take me to thyself, "Eternal, infinite Love!"

If thou hast ne'er Conceived this mighty aim, this full desire, Thou hast not passed my trial, and thou art No king of mine.

Paracelsus. Ah me!
Aprile. But thou art here!
Thou didst not gaze like me upon that end
Till thine own powers for compassing the bliss
Were blind with glory; nor grow mad to grasp

At once the prize long patient toil should claim; Nor spurn all granted short of that. Would do as thou, a second time: nay, listen— Knowing ourselves, our world, our task so great, Our time so brief,—'tis clear if we refuse The means so limited, the tools so rude To execute our purpose, life will fleet, And we shall fade, and leave our task undone. Rather, grow wise in time: what though our work Be fashioned in despite of their ill-service, Be crippled every way? 'Twere little praise Did full resources wait on our good will At every turn. Let all be as it is. Some say the earth is even so contrived That tree, and flower, a vesture gay, conceal A bare and skeleton framework: had we means That answered to our mind! But now I seem Wrecked on a savage isle: how rear thereon My palace? Branching palms the props shall be, Fruit glossy mingling; gems are for the east; Serpent's scales. Who heeds them? I can waive them. Birds' feathers, downy furs, and fishes' skins Must help me; and a little here and there Is all I can aspire to: still my art Shall show its birth was in a gentler clime. " Had I green jars of malachite, this way "I'd range them: where those sea-shells glisten above, " Cressets should hang, by right: this way we set "The purple carpets, as these mats are laid, "Woven of mere fern and rush and blossoming flag." Or if, by fortune, some completer grace Be spared to me, some fragment, some slight sample Of my own land's completer workmanship, Some trifle little heeded there, but here The place's one perfection—with what joy Would I enshrine the relic—cheerfully Foregoing all the marvels out of reach! Could I retain one strain of all the psalm Of the angels—one word of the flat of God— To let my followers know what such things are ! I would adventure nobly for their sakes: When nights were still, and still, the moaning sea, And far away I could descry the land Whence I departed, whither I return, I would dispart the waves, and stand once more At home, and load my bark, and hasten back, And fling my gains before them, rich or poor-"Friends," I would say, "I went far, far for them, " Past the high rocks the haunt of doves, the mounds

"Of red earth from whose sides strange trees grow out, "Past tracks of milk-white minute blinding sand,

"Till, by a mighty moon, I tremblingly

"Gathered these magic herbs, berry and bud, In haste—not pausing to reject the weeds, "But happy plucking them at any price.

"To me, who have seen them bloom in their own soil,
"They are scarce lovely: plait and wear them, you!
"And guess, from what they are, the springs that fed—

"The stars that sparkled o'er them, night by night,
"The snakes that travelled far to sip their dew!"
Thus for my higher loves; and thus even weakness

Would win me honour. But not these alone Should claim my care; for common life, its wants And ways, would I set forth in beauteous hues:

The lowest hind should not possess a hope, A fear, but I'd be by him, saying better Than he his own heart's language. I would live

For ever in the thoughts I thus explored, As a discoverer's memory is attached To all he finds: they should be mine henceforth.

Imbued with me, though free to all before; For clay, once cast into my soul's rich mine Should come up crusted o'er with gems: nor this Would need a meaner spirit, than the first:

Nay, 'twould be but the selfsame spirit, clothed In humbler guise, but still the selfsame spirit—As one spring wind unbinds the mountain snow, And comforts violets in their hermitage.

But master, poet, who hast done all this, How didst thou 'scape the ruin I have met? Didst thou, when nerving thee to this attempt, Ne'er range thy mind's extent, as some wide hall,

Dazzled by shapes that filled its length with light, Shapes clustered there to rule thee, not obey—That will not wait thy summons, will not rise Singly, nor when thy practised eye and hand Can well transfer their loveliness, but crowd

By thee for ever, bright to thy despair? Didst thou ne'er gaze on each by turns, and ne'er Resolve to single out one, though the rest

Should vanish, and to give that one, entire In ble auty, to the world; forgetting, so, Its neers, whose number beffles mortal nower

Its peers, whose number baffles mortal power? And, this determined, wert thou ne'er seduced By memories, and regrets, and passionate love. To glance once more farewell? and did their eyes

Fasten thee, brighter and more bright, until Thou couldst but stagger back unto their feet,

And laugh that man's applause or welfare once Could tempt thee to forsake them? Or when years Had passed, and still their love possessed thee wholly; When from without some murmur startled thee Of Carkling mortals, famished for one ray Of thy so-hearded luxury of light, Didst thou ne'er strive even yet to break those spells, And prove thou couldst recover and fulfil Thy early mission, long ago renounced, And, to that end, select some shape once more? And did not mist-like influences, thick films, Faint memories of the rest, that charmed so long Thine eyes, float fast, confuse thee, bear thee off, As whirling snowdrifts blind a man who treads A mountain ridge, with guiding spear, through storm Say, though I fell, I had excuse to fall; Say, I was tempted sorely: say but this, Dear lord, Aprile's lord!

Paracelsus. Clasp me not thus,
Aprile!... That the truth should reach me thus!
We are weak dust. Nay, clasp not, or I faint!
Aprile. My king! and envious thoughts could outrage

thee! Lo, I forget my ruin, and rejoice

In thy success, as thou! Let our God's praise
Go bravely through the world at last! What care
Through me or thee? I feel thy breath . . . why, tears?
Theory in the darkness—and from thee to me?

Tears in the darkness—and from thee to me?

Paracelsus. Love me henceforth, Aprile, while I learn

To love; and, merciful God, forgive us both!
We wake at length from weary dreams; but both
Have slept in fairy-land: though dark and drear
Appears the world before us, we no less
Wake with our wrists and ancles jewelled still.
I, too, have sought to know as thou to Love—
Excluding love as thou refusedst knowledge.
Still thou hast beauty and I, power. We wake
What penance canst devise for both of us?

Aprile. I hear thee faintly . . . the thick darkness!

Thine eyes are hid. 'Tis as I knew: I speak, And now I die. But I have seen thy face! O, neet, think of me, and sing of me! Bul to have seen thee, and to die so soon!

Paracelsus. Die not, Aprile: we must never part.

Are we not halves of one dissevered world, Whom this strange chance unites once more?

Till thou, the lover, know; and I, the knower,

Love—until both are saved. Aprile, hear!
We will accept our gains, and use them—now!
God, he will die upon my breast! Aprile!
Aprile. To speak but once, and die! yet by his side.
Hush! hush!

Ha! go you ever girt about With phantoms, powers? I have created such, But these seem real as I!

Paracelsus. Whom can you see

Through the accursed darkness?

Aprile. Stay; I know, I know them; who should know them well as I?—

White brows, lit up with glory; poets all!

Paracelsus. Let him but live, and I have my reward?

Aprile. Yes, I see now—God is the PERFECT POET,
Who in creation acts his own conceptions.

Shall man refuse to be ought less than God?

Man's weakness is his glory—for the strength

Man's weakness is his glory—for the strength Which raises him to heaven and near God's self, Came spite of it: God's strength his glory is, For thence came with our weakness sympathy

Which brought God down to earth, a man like us. Had you but told me this at first! . . . Hush! hush!

Paracelsus. Live! for my sake, because of my great sin, To help my brain, oppressed by these wild words And their deep import. Live! 'tis not too late: I have a quiet home for us, and friends.

Michal shall smile on you . . . Hear you? Lean thus, And breathe my breath: I shall not lose one word

Of all your speech—no little word, Aprile!

Aprile. No, no. . . . Crown me? I am not one of you.
"Tis he, the king, you seek. I am not one . . .
Paracelsus. Give me thy spirit, at least! Let me love!

I have attained, and now I may depart.

III.—PARACELSUS

Scene.—A chamber in the house of Paracelsus at Basil. 1526.

PARACELSUS. FESTUS

Heap logs, and let the blaze laugh out ! Paracelsus. 'Tis very fit that all, time, chance, and change

Have wrought since last we sate thus, face to face, And soul to soul-all cares, far-looking fears, Vague apprehensions, all vain fancies bred By your long absence, should be cast away. Forgotten in this glad unhoped renewal Of our affections.

Paracelsus. Oh, omit not aught Which witnesses your own and Michal's love! I bade you not spare that! Forget alone The honours and the glories, and the rest, You seemed disposed to tell profusely out.

Festus. Nay, even your honours, in a sense, I waive: The wondrous Paracelsus—Life's dispenser, Fate's commissary, idol of the schools, And Courts, shall be no more than Aureole still-Still Aureole and my friend, as when we parted Some twenty years ago, and I restrained As I best could the promptings of my spirit, ·Which secretly advanced you, from the first, To the pre-eminent rank which, since your own Adventurous ardour, nobly triumphing, Has won for you.

Paracelsus. Yes, yes; and Michal's face Still wears that quiet and peculiar light, Like the dim circlet floating round a pearl? Festus. Just so.

Paracelsus. And yet her calm sweet countenance. Though saintly, was not sad; for she would sing Alone . . . Does she still sing alone, bird-like, Not dreaming you are near? Her carols dropt In flakes through that old leafy bower built under The sunny wall at Würzburg, from her lattice Among the trees above, while I, unseen, Sate conning some rare scroll from Tritheim's shelves. Much wondering notes so simple could divert My mind from study. Those were happy days! Respect all such as sing when all alone.

Festus. Scarcely alone—her children, you may guess, Are wild beside her . . . Paracelsus.Ah, those children guite Unsettle the pure picture in my mind: A girl—she was so perfect, so distinct . . . No change, no change! Not but this added grace May blend and harmonise with its compeers, And Michal may become her motherhood: But 'tis a change—and I detest all change, And most a change in aught I loved long since ! So, Michal . . . you have said she thinks of me? Festus. O very proud will Michal be of you! Imagine how we sate, long winter-nights, Scheming and wondering-shaping your presumed Adventures, or devising their reward; Shutting out fear with all the strength of hope. Though it was strange how, even when most secure In our domestic peace, a certain dim And flitting shade could sadden all; it seemed A restlessness of heart, a silent yearning, A sense of something wanting, incomplete-Not to be put in words, perhaps avoided By mute consent—but, said or unsaid, felt To point to one so loved and so long lost. And then the hopes rose and shut out the fears-How you would laugh should I recount them now! I still predicted your return at last, With gifts beyond the greatest vaunt of all, All Tritheim's wondrous troop; did one of which Attain renown by any chance, I smiled-As well aware of who would prove his peer. Michal was sure some woman, long ere this, As beautiful as you were sage, had loved . . . Paracelsus. Far-seeing, truly, to discern so much In the fantastic projects and day-dreams Of a raw, restless boy! Festus. Say, one whose sunrise Well warranted our faith in this full noon! Can I forget the anxious voice which said, "Festus, have thoughts like these e'er shaped themselves " In other brains than mine—have their possessors "Existed in like circumstance—were they weak "As I-or ever constant from the first, " Despising youth's allurements, and rejecting "As spider-films the shackles I endure? " Is there hope for me?"—and I answered grave As an acknowledged elder, calmer, wiser, More gifted mortal. O you must remember, For all your glorious . . .

Paracelsus. Glorious? ay, this hair,
These hands—nay, touch them, they are mine! Recall
With all the said recallings, times when thus
To lay them by your own ne'er turned you pale,
As now. Most glorious, are they not?

Festus. Why...why...

Fesius. Why... why...
Something must be subtracted from success
So wide, no doubt. He would be scrupulous, truly,
Who should object such drawbacks. Still, still, Aureole,
You are changed—very changed! 'Twere losing nothing
To look well to it: you must not be stolen
From the enjoyment of your well-won meed.

Paracelsus. My friend! you seek my pleasure, past a

doubt:

By talking, not of me, but of yourself, You will best gain your point.

Festus. Have I not said All touching Michal and my children? Sure You know, by this, full well how Aennchen looks Gravely, while one disparts her thick brown hair; And Aureole's glee when some stray gannet builds Amid the birch-trees by the lake. Small hope Have I that he will honour, the wild imp, His namesake! Sigh not! 'tis too much to ask That all we love should reach the same proud fate. But you are very kind to humour me By showing interest in my quiet life; You, who of old could never tame yourself To tranquil pleasures, must at heart despise...

Paracelsus. Festus, strange secrets are let out by Death, Who blabs so oft the follies of this world: And I am Death's familiar, as you know. I helped a man to die, some few weeks since, Warped even from his go-cart to one end-The living on princes' smiles, reflected from A mighty herd of favourites. No mean trick He left untried; and truly well nigh wormed All traces of God's finger out of him. Then died, grown old; and just an hour before-Having lain long with blank and soulless eyes-He sate up suddenly, and with natural voice Said, that in spite of thick air and closed doors God told him it was June; and he knew well, Without such telling, hare-bells grew in June; And all that kings could ever give or take Would not be precious as those blooms to him. Just so, allowing I am passing wise, It seems to me much worthier argument Why pansies, eyes that laugh, bear beauty's prize

From violets, eyes that dream—(your Michal's choice)— Than all fools find to wonder at in me. Or in my fortunes: and be very sure I say this from no prurient restlessness-No self-complacency—itching to turn, Vary, and view its pleasure from all points, And, in this matter, willing other men Should argue and demonstrate to itself The realness of the very joy it tastes. What joy is better than the news of friends Whose memories were a solace to me oft, As mountain-baths to wild fowls in their flight? Yes, ofter than you wasted thought on me If you were sage, and rightly valued bliss! But there's no taming nor repressing hearts: God knows I need such !-So you heard me speak?

Festus. Speak? when?

When but this morning at my class? Paracelsus. There was noise and crowd enough. I saw you not. Surely you know I am engaged to fill The chair here ?-that 'tis part of my proud fate To lecture to as many thick-sculled youths As please, each day, to throng the theatre, To my great reputation, and no small Danger of Basil's benches, long unused To crack beneath such honour?

I was there: Festus. I mingled with the throng: shall I avow I had small care to listen ?--too intent On gathering from the murmurs of the crowd A full corroboration of my hopes! What can I learn about your powers? but they Know, care for nought beyond your actual state-Your actual value; and yet worship you! Those various natures whom you sway as one ! But ere I go, be sure I shall attend . . .

Paracelsus. Stop, o' God's name: the thing's by no means yet

Past remedy! Shall I read this morning's work -At least in substance? Nought so worth the gaining As an apt scholar! Thus then, with all due Precision and emphasis—(you, besides, are clearly Guiltless of understanding a whit more The subject than your stool-allowed to be A notable advantage). Surely, Aureole, Festus.

You laugh at me! I laugh? Ha, ha! thank heaven, Paracelsus. I charge you, if't be so! for I forget

Much—and what laughter should be like! No less, However, I forego that luxury, Since it alarms the friend who brings it back. True, laughter like my own must echo strange To thinking men; a smile were better far-So make me smile! If the exulting look You wore but now be smiling, 'tis so long Since I have smiled! Alas, such smiles are born Alone of hearts like yours, or shepherds old Of ancient time, whose eyes, calm as their flocks, Saw in the stars mere garnishry of heaven, In earth a stage for altars, nothing more. Never change, Festus: I say, never change! Festus. My God, if he be wretched after all! Paracelsus. When last we parted, Festus, you declared, -Or did your Michal's soft lips whisper words

Or did your Michal's soft lips whisper words
I have preserved? She told me she believed
I should succeed (meaning, that in the search
I then engaged in, I should meet success),
And yet be wretched: now, she augured false

Festus. Thank heaven! but you spoke strangely! could I venture

To think bare apprehension lest your friend,
Dazzled by your resplendent course, might find
Henceforth less sweetness in his own, awakes
Such earnest mood in you? Fear not, dear friend,
That I shall leave you, inwardly repining
Your lot was not my own!

Paracelsus.And this, for ever! For ever! gull who may, they will be blind! They will not look nor think-'tis nothing new In them; but surely he is not of them! My Festus, do you know, I reckoned, you-Though all beside were sand-blind-you, my friend, Would look at me, once close, with piercing eye, Untroubled by the false glare that confounds A weaker vision; would remain serene, Though singular, amid a gaping throng. I feared you, or had come, sure, long ere this, To Einsiedeln. Well, error has no end, And Rhasis is a sage, and Basil boasts A tribe of wits, and I am wise and blest Past all dispute! 'Tis vain to fret at it. I have vowed long since that my worshippers Shall owe to their own deep sagacity All further information, good or bad: And little risk my reputation runs, Unless perchance the glance now searching me Be fixed much longer—for it seems to spell,

Dimly, the characters a simpler man Might read distinct enough. Old eastern books Say, the fallen prince of morning some short space Remained unchanged in feature—nay, his brow Seemed hued with triumph: every spirit then Praising; his heart on flame the while:—a tale! Well, Festus, what discover you, I pray?

Festus. Some foul deed sullies then a life which else

Were raised supreme?

Good: I do well-most well! Paracelsus. Why strive to make men hear, feel, fret themselves With what 'tis past their power to comprehend? I would not strive now: only, having nursed The faint surmise that one yet walked the earth. One, at least, not the utter fool of show. Not absolutely formed to be the dupe Of shallow plausibilities alone; One who, in youth found wise enough to choose The happiness his riper years approve, Was yet so anxious for another's sake, That, ere his friend could rush upon a course Mad, ruinous, the converse of his own, His gentler spirit essayed, prejudged for him The perilous path, foresaw its destiny, And warned the weak one in such tender words, Such accents—his whole heart in every tone— That oft their memory comforted that friend When rather it should have increased despair: -Having believed, I say, that this one man Could never lose the wisdom from the first His portion-how should I refuse to grieve At even my gain if it attest his loss, At triumph which so signally disturbs Our old relation, proving me more wise? Therefore, once more reminding him how well He prophesied, I note the single flaw That spoils his prophet's title: in plain words You were deceived, and thus were you deceived-I have not been successful, and yet am Most wretched: there—'tis said at last; but give No credit, lest you force me to concede That common sense yet lives upon the earth.

Festus. You surely do not mean to banter me?

Paracelsus. You know, or (if you have been wise enough
To cleanse your memory of such matters) knew,
As far as words of mine could make it clear,
That 'twas my purpose to find joy or grief
Solely in the fulfilment of my plan,
Or plot, or whatsoe'er it was; rejoicing

Alone as it proceeded prosperously, Sorrowing alone when any chance retarded: Its progress. That was in those Würzburg days! Not to prolong a theme I thoroughly hate, I have pursued this plan with all my strength; And having failed therein most signally, Cannot object to ruin, utter and drear As all-excelling would have been the prize Had fortune favoured me. I scarce do right To vex your frank good spirit, late rejoiced By my supposed prosperity, I know, And, were I lucky in a glut of friends, Would well agree to let your error live, Nay, strengthen it with fables of success: But mine is no condition to refuse The transient solace of so rare a chance, My solitary luxury, my Festus— Accordingly I venture to put off The wearisome vest of falsehood galling me, Secure when he is by. I lay me bare, Prone at his mercy—but he is my friend! Not that he needs retain his aspect grave; That answers not my purpose; for 'tis like, Some sunny morning—Basil being drained Of its wise population, every corner Of the amphitheatre crammed with learned clerks, Here Œcolampadius, looking worlds of wit. Here Castellanus, as profound as he, Munsterus here, Frobenius there,—all squeezed, And staring, and expectant,-then, I say, 'Tis like that the poor zany of the show, Your friend, will choose to put his trappings off Before them, bid adieu to cap and bells And motley with a grace but seldom judged Expedient in such cases :- the grim smile That will go round! It is not therefore best To venture a rehearsal like the present In a small way? Where are the signs I seek, The first-fruits and fair sample of the scorn Due to all quacks? Why, this will never do! Festus. These are foul vapours, Aureole; nought beside!

The effect of watching, study, weariness.
Were there a spark of truth in the confusion
Of these wild words, you would not outrage thus
Your youth's companion. I shall ne'er regard
These wanderings, bred of faintness and much study.
You would not trust a trouble thus to me,
To Michal's friend.

Paracelsus. I have said it, dearest Festus! The manner is ungracious, probably; More may be told in broken sobs, one day, And scalding tears, ere long: but I thought best To keep that off as long as possible.

Do you wonder still?

Festus. No; it must oft fall out That one whose labour perfects any work, Shall rise from it with eyes so worn, that he Of all men least can measure the extent Of what he has accomplished. He alone, Who, nothing tasked, is nothing weary too, Can clearly scan the little he effects: But we, the bystanders, untouched by toil, Estimate each aright.

Paracelsus. This worthy Festus
Is one of them, at last! 'Tis so with all!
First, they set down all progress as a dream,
And next, when he, whose quick discomfiture
Was counted on, accomplishes some few
And doubtful steps in his career,—behold,
They look for every inch of ground to vanish

Beneath his tread, so sure they judge success!

Festus. Few doubtful steps? when death retires before
Your presence—when the noblest of mankind,

Broken in body, or subdued in mind,
May through your skill renew their vigour, raise
The shattered frame to pristine stateliness?
When men in racking pain may purchase dreams
Of what delights them most—swooning at once

Of what defignts them most—swooming at once Into a sea of bliss, or rapt along As in a flying sphere of turbulent light? When we may look to you as one ordained To free the flesh from fell disease, as frees Our Luther's burning tongue the fettered soul? When . . .

Paracelsus. Rather, when and where, friend, did you get

This notable news?

Festus. Even from the common voice; From those whose envy, daring not dispute The wonders it decries, attributes them To magic and such folly.

Paracelsus. Folly? Why not To magic, pray? You find a comfort doubtless In holding, God ne'er troubles him about Us or our doings: once we were judged worth The devil's tempting... Loffend: forgive me, And rest content. Your prophecy on the whole Was fair enough as prophesyings go;

At fault a little in detail, but quite
Precise enough in the main; accordingly
I pay due homage: you guessed long ago
(The prophet!) I should fail and I have f

(The prophet!) I should fail—and I have failed.

Festus. You mean to tell me, then, the hopes which fedYour youth have not been realised as yet?

Some obstacle has barred them hitherto?

Or that their innate . . .

Paracelsus. As I said but now. You have a very decent prophet's fame, So you but shun details here. Little matters Whether those hopes were mad,—the aims they sought, Safe and secure from all ambitious fools: Or whether my weak wits are overcome By what a better spirit would scorn: I fail. And now methinks 'twere best to change a theme. I am a sad fool to have stumbled on. I say confusedly what comes uppermost: But there are times when patience proves at fault, As now: this morning's strange encounter-you Beside me once again! you, whom I guessed Alive, since hitherto (with Luther's leave) No friend have I among the saints at rest, To judge by any good their prayers effect— I knew you would have helped me !- So would He. My strange competitor in enterprise, Bound for the same end by another path, Arrived, or ill or well, before the time. At our disastrous journey's doubtful close-How goes it with Aprile? Ah, your heaven Receives not into its beatitudes Mere martyrs for the world's sake; heaven shuts fast: The poor mad poet is howling by this time! Since you are my sole friend then, here or there. I could not quite repress the varied feelings This meeting wakens; they have had their vent. And now forget them. Do the rear-mice still Hang like a fret-work on the gate (or what In my time was a gate) fronting the road From Einsiedeln to Lachen? Festus.

Festus.

Answer me—for my sake alone. You smiled
Just now, when I supposed some deed, unworthy
Yourself might blot the else so bright result;
Yet if your motives have continued pure,
Your earnest will unfaltering, if you still
Remain unchanged, and if, in spite of this,
You have experienced a defeat that proves

Your aims for ever unattainable

I say not, you would cheerfully resign The contest—mortal hearts are not so fashioned— But sure you would resign it ne'ertheless. You sought not fame, nor gain, nor even love: No end distinct from knowledge,-I repeat Your very words: once satisfied that knowledge Is a mere dream, you would announce as much. Yourself the first. But how is the event? You are defeated—and I find you here! Paracelsus. As though "here" did not signify defeat ? I spoke not of my little labours here— But of the break-down of my general aims: That you, aware of their extent and scope, Should look on these sage lecturings, approved By beardless boys, and bearded dotards,—these As a fit consummation of such aims. Is worthy notice! A professorship At Basil! Since you see so much in it. And think my life was reasonably drained Of life's delights to render me a match For duties arduous as such post demands,-Far be it from me to deny my power To fill the petty circle lotted out From infinite space, or justify the host Of honours thence accruing: so, take notice. This jewel dangling from my neck preserves The features of a prince, my skill restored To plague his people some few years to come: And all through a pure whim. He had eased the earth For me, but that the droll despair which seized

The vermin of his household, tickled me. .I came to see: here, drivelled the physician, Whose most infallible nostrum was at fault: There quaked the astrologer, whose horoscope Had promised him interminable years: Here a monk fumbled at the sick man's mouth With some undoubted relic—a sudary Of the Virgin; while some other dozen knaves Of the same brotherhood (he loved them ever) Were actively preparing 'neath his nose Such a suffumigation as, once fired, Had stunk the patient dead ere he could groan. I cursed the doctor, and upset the brother;

Of stench from the ingredients just alight Would raise a cross-grained devil in my sword. Not easily laid; and ere an hour, the prince Slept as he never slept since prince he was.

Brushed past the conjuror: vowed that the first gust

A day—and I was posting for my life,

Placarded through the town as one whose spite Had near availed to stop the blessed effects Of the doctor's nostrum, which, well seconded By the sudary, and most by the costly smoke-Not leaving out the strenuous prayers sent up Hard by, in the abbey—raised the prince to life; To the great reputation of the seer, Who, confident, expected all along The glad event—the doctor's recompense— Much largess from his highness to the monks— And the vast solace of his loving people, Whose general satisfaction to increase, The prince was pleased no longer to defer The burning of some dozen heretics, Remanded 'till God's mercy should be shown Touching his sickness, as a prudent pledge To make it surer: last of all were joined Ample directions to all loyal folk To swell the complement, by seizing me Who-doubtless some rank sorcerer-had endeavoured To thwart these pious offices, obstruct The prince's cure, and frustrate Heaven, by help Of certain devils dwelling in his sword. By luck, the prince in his first fit of thanks Had forced this bauble on me as an earnest Of further favours. This one case may serve To give sufficient taste of many such, So let them pass: those shelves support a pile Of patents, licenses, diplomas, titles, From Germany, France, Spain, and Italy: They authorise some honour: ne'ertheless I set more store by this Erasmus sent: He trusts me; our Frobenius is his friend. And him "I raised" (nay, read it) "from the dead" I weary you, I see; I merely sought To show, there's no great wonder after all That while I fill the class room, and attract A crowd to Basil, I get leave to stay: And therefore need not scruple to accept The utmost they can offer—if I please: For 'tis but right the world should be prepared To treat with favour e'en fantastic wants Of one like me, used up in serving her. Just as the mortal, whom the Gods in part Devoured, received in place of his lost limb Some virtue or other—cured disease, I think; You mind the fables we have read together. Festus. You do not think I comprehend a word: The time was, Aureole, you were apt enough

To clothe the airiest thoughts in specious breath; But surely you must feel how vague and strange These speeches sound.

Paracelsus. Well, then: you know my hopes;
I am assured, at length, those hopes were vain;
That truth is just as far from me as ever;
That I have thrown my life away; that sorrow
On that account is vain, and further effort
To mend and patch what's marred beyond repairing,
As useless: and all this was taught to me
By the convincing, good old-fashioned method
Of force—by sheer compulsion. Is that plain?
Festus. Dear Aureole! you confess my fears were just?
God wills not . . .

Now, 'tis this I most admire-Paracelsus. The constant talk men of your stamp keep up Of God's will, as they style it; one would swear Man had but merely to uplift his eye, To see the will in question charactered On the heaven's vault. 'Tis hardly wise to moot Such topics: doubts are many and faith is weak. I know as much of any will of God's, As knows some dumb and tortured brute what Man. His stern lord, wills from the perplexing blows That plague him every way, and there, of course, Where least he suffers, longest he remains— My case; and for such reasons I plod on, Subdued, but not convinced. I know as little Why I deserve to fail, as why I hoped Better things in my youth. I simply know I am no master here, but trained and beaten Into the path I tread; and here I stay, Until some further intimation reach me, Like an obedient drudge: though I prefer -To view the whole thing as a task imposed, Which, whether dull or pleasant, must be done-Yet, I deny not, there is made provision Of joys which tastes less jaded might affect; Nay, some which please me too, for all my pride— Pleasures that once were pains: the iron ring Festering about a slave's neck grows at length Part of the flesh it eats. I hate no more A host of petty, vile delights, undreamed of Or spurned, before; such now supply the place Of my dead aims: as in the autumn woods Where tall trees used to flourish, from their roots Springs up a fungous brood, sickly and pale, Chill mushrooms, coloured like a corpse's cheek. Festus, If I interpret well what words I seize,

It troubles me but little that your aims,
Vast in their dawning, and most likely grown
Extravagantly since, have baffled you.
Perchance I am glad; you merit greater praise;
Because they are too glorious to be gained,
You do not blindly cling to them and die;
You fell, but have not sullenly refused
To rise, because an angel worsted you
In wrestling, though the world holds not your peer
And though too harsh and sudden is the change
To yield content as yet—still, you pursue
The ungracious path as though 'twere rosy-strewn.
'Tis well: and your reward, or soon or late,
Will come from Him whom no man serves in vain.

Paracelsus. Ah, very fine! For my part, I con-

ceive The very pausing from all further toil, Which you find heinous, would be as a seal To the sincerity of all my deeds. To be consistent I should die at once; I calculated on no after-life; Yet (how crept in, how fostered, I know not) Here am I with as passionate regret For youth, and health, and love so vainly lost, As if their preservation had been first And foremost in my thoughts; and this strange fact Humbled me wondrously, and had due force In rendering me the more disposed to follow A certain counsel, a mysterious warning— You will not understand—but 'twas a man With aims not mine, but yet pursued like mine, With the same fervor and no more success. Who perished in my sight; but summoned me As I would shun the ghastly fate I saw, To serve my race at once; to wait no longer 'Till God should interfere in my behalf, And let the next world's knowledge dawn on this; But to distrust myself, put pride away, And give my gains, imperfect as they were, To men. I have not leisure to explain How since, a strange succession of events Has raised me to the station you behold, Wherein I seem to turn to most account The mere wreck of the past,—perhaps receive Some feeble glimmering token that God views And may approve my penance: therefore here You find me-doing most good or least harm: And if folks wonder much and profit little 'Tis not my fault; only, I shall rejoice

When my part in the farce is shuffled through, And the curtain falls; I must hold out 'till then.

Festus. 'Till when, dear Aureole?

Paracelsus. 'Till I'm fairly thrust
From my proud eminence. Fortune is fickle

And even professors fall: should that arrive, I see no sin in ceding to my bent.

You little fancy what rude shocks apprize us

We sin: God's intimations rather fail
In clearness than in energy: 'twere well
Did they but indicate the course to take
Like that to be forsaken. I would fain
Be spared a further sample! Here I stand,

And here I stay, be sure, till forced to flit.

Festus. Remain but firm on that head; long ere then All I expect will come to pass, I trust:
The cloud that wraps you will have disappeared.
Meantime, I see small chance of such event:
They praise you here as one whose lore, divulged Already, eclipses all the past can show,
But whose achievements, marvellous as they be,
Are faint anticipations of a glory

About to be revealed. When Basil's crowds Dismiss their teacher, I shall be content

That he depart.

Paracelsus. This favour at their hands I look for earlier than your view of things Would warrant. Of the crowd you saw to-day Remove the full half sheer amazement draws, The novelty, nought else; and next, the tribe Whose innate blockish dullness just perceives That unless miracles (as seem my works) Be wrought in their behalf, their chance is slight To puzzle the devil; next, the numerous set Who bitterly hate established schools, so help The teacher that oppugns them, and o'erthrows, 'Till having planted his own doctrine, he May reckon on their rancour in his turn; Take, too, the sprinkling of sagacious knaves Whose cunning runs not counter to the vogue, But seeks, by flattery and nursing craft, To force my system to a premature Short-lived development . . . Why swell the list? Each has his end to serve, and his best way Of serving it: remove all these, remains A scantling—a poor dozen at the best— That really come to learn for learning's sake; Worthy to look for sympathy and service, And likely to draw profit from my pains.

Festus. 'Tis no encouraging picture: still these few Redeem their fellows. Once implant the germ, Its growth, if slow, is sure.

God grant it so! Paracelsus. I would make some amends: but if I fail, The luckless rogues have this excuse to urge. That much is in my method and my manner, My uncouth habits, my impatient spirit, Which hinders of reception and result My doctrine: much to say, small skill to speak ! Those old aims suffered not a looking-off, Though for an instant; therefore, only when I thus renounced them and resolved to reap Some present fruit—to teach mankind some truth So dearly purchased—only then I found Such teaching was an art requiring cares And qualities peculiar to itself: That to possess was one thing-to display, Another. Had renown been in my thoughts, Or popular praise, I had soon discovered it! One grows but little apt to learn these things. Festus. If it be so, which nowise I believe.

There needs no waiting fuller dispensation
To leave a labour to so little use:
Why not throw up the irksome charge at once?

Paracelsus. A task, a task!...

But wherefore hide from you

The whole extent of degradation, once Engaged in the confession? Spite of all My fine talk of obedience, and repugnance, Docility, and what not, 'tis yet to learn If when the old task really is performed, And my will free once more, to choose a new. I shall do aught but slightly modify The nature of the hated one I quit. In plain words, I am spoiled: my life still tends As first it tended. I am broken and trained To my old habits; they are part of me. I know, and none so well, my darling ends Are proved impossible: no less, no less, Even now what humours me, fond fool, as when Their faint ghosts sit with me, and flatter me, And send me back content to my dull round? How can I change this soul ?—this apparatus Constructed solely for their purposes So well adapted to their every want, To search out and discover, prove and perfect; This intricate machine, whose most minute, Least obvious motions have their charm to me

Though to none else—an aptitude I seize. An object I perceive, a use, a meaning, A property, a fitness, I explain, And I alone: -how can I change my soul? · And this wronged body, worthless save when tasked Under that soul's dominion—used to care For its bright master's cares, and quite subdue Its proper cravings-not to ail, nor pine, So the soul prosper—whither drag this poor, Tried, patient body? God! how I essayed, To live like that mad poet, for awhile, To catch Aprile's spirit, as I hoped, And love alone! and how I felt too warped And twisted and deformed! what should I do, Even tho' released from drudgery, but return Faint, as you see, and halting, blind and sore, To my old life—and die as I begun! I cannot feed on beauty, for the sake Of beauty only; nor can drink in balm From lovely objects for their loveliness My nature cannot lose her first intent; I still must hoard, and heap, and class all truths With one ulterior purpose: I must know! Would God translate me to his throne, believe That I should only listen to his words To further my own aims! For other men, Beauty is prodigally strewn around, And I were happy could I quench as they This mad and thriveless longing, be content With beauty for itself alone: alas! I have addressed a frock of heavy mail, Yet may not join the troop of sacred knights; And now the forest-creatures fly from me, The grass-banks cool, the sunbeams warm no more! Best follow, dreaming that ere night arrives I shall o'ertake the company, and ride Glittering as they! I think I apprehend Festus. What you would say: if you, in truth, design To enter once more on the life thus left, Seek not to hide that all this consciousness

Of failure is assumed.

Paracelsus. My friend, my friend,
I speak, you listen; I explain, perhaps
You understand: there our communion ends.
Have you learnt nothing from to-day's discourse?
When we would thoroughly know the sick man's state
We feel awhile the fluttering pulse, press soft

. The hot brow, look upon the languid eye,

And thence divine the rest. Must I lay bare
My heart, hideous and beating, or tear up
My vitals for your gaze, ere you will deem
Enough made known? You! who are you, forsooth?
That is the crowning operation claimed
By the arch-demonstrator—heaven the hall,
And earth the audience. Let Aprile and you
Secure good places—'twill be worth your while.

Festus. Are you mad, Aureole? What can I have said

To call for this? I judged from your own words.

Paracelsus. Oh, true! A fevered wretch describes the ape That mocks him from the bed-foot, and you turn All gravely thither at once: or he recounts The perilous journey he has late performed, And you are puzzled much how that could be i You find me here, half stupid and half mad: It makes no part of my delight to search Into these things, much less to undergo Another's scrutiny; but so it chances That I am led to trust my state to you: And the event is, you combine, contrast. And ponder on my foolish words, as though They thoroughly conveyed all hidden here-Here, loathsome with despair, and hate, and rage ! Is there no fear, no shrinking, or no shame? Will you guess nothing? will you spare me nothing? Must I go deeper? Aye or no?

Festus. Dear friend . . . Paracelsus. True: I am brutal—'tis a part of it; The plague's sign—you are not a lazar-haunter, How should you know? Well then, you think it strange I should profess to have failed utterly. And yet propose an ultimate return To courses void of hope: and this, because You know not what temptation is, nor how 'Tis like to ply men in the sickliest part. You are to understand, that we who make Sport for the gods, are hunted to the end: There is not one sharp volley shot at us. Which if we manage to escape with life, Though touched and hurt, we straight may slacken pace And gather by the way-side herbs and roots To staunch our wounds, secure from further harm-No; we are chased to life's extremest verge. It will be well indeed if I return. A harmless busy fool, to my old ways ! I would forget hints of another fate. Significant enough, which silent hours Have lately scared me with.

Festus. Another! and what?

Paracelsus. After all, Festus, you say well: I stand
A man yet—I need never humble me.
I would have been—something, I know not what;
But though I cannot soar, I do not crawl:
There are worse portions than this one of mine;
You say well!

Ah ! . . . Festus. And deeper degradation! Paracelsus. If the mean stimulants of vulgar praise, And vanity, should become the chosen food Of a sunk mind; should stifle even the wish To find its early aspirations true; Should teach it to breathe falsehood like life-breath-An atmosphere of craft, and trick, and lies; Should make it proud to emulate or surpass Base natures in the practices which woke Its most indignant loathing once . . . No, no! Utter damnation is reserved for Hell! I had immortal feelings—such shall never Be wholly quenched-no, no!

My friend, you wear A melancholy face, and truth to speak, There's little cheer in all this dismal work; But 'twas not my desire to set abroach Such memories and forebodings. I foresaw Where they would drive; 'twere better you detailed News of Lucerne or Zurich; or I described Great Egypt's flaring sky, or Spain's cork-groves. Festus. I have thought now: yes, this mood will pass away. I know you, and the lofty spirit you bear, And easily ravel out a clue to all. These are the trials meet for such as you, Nor must you hope exemption: to be mortal Is to be plied with trials manifold. Look round! The obstacles which kept the rest Of men from your ambition, you have spurned; Their fears, their doubts, the chains that bind them best, Were flax before your resolute soul, which nought Avails to awe, save these delusions, bred From its own strength, its selfsame strength, disguised-Mocking itself. Be brave, dear Aureole! Since The rabbit has his shade to frighten him, The fawn his rustling bough, mortals their cares, And higher natures yet their power to laugh At these entangling fantasies, as you At trammels of a weaker intellect. Measure your mind's height by the shade it casts! I know you.

Paracelsus. And I know you, dearest Festus!
And how you love unworthily; and how
All admiration renders blind.

From You hold

Festus. You not

That admiration blinds?

Paracelsus. Aye, and alas!
Festus. Nought blinds you less than admiration will.

Whether it be that all love renders wise In its degree; from love which blends with love-Heart answering heart—to love which spends itself In silent mad idolatry of some Pre-eminent mortal, some great soul of souls. Which ne'er will know how well it is adored:-I say, such love is never blind; but rather Alive to every the minutest spot Which mars its object, and which hate (supposed So vigilant and searching) dreams not of: Love broods on such: what then? When first perceived Is there no sweet strife to forget, to change, To overflush those blemishes with all The glow of general goodness they disturb? -To make those very defects an endless source Of new affection grown from hopes and fears? And, when all fails, is there no gallant stand Made even for much proved weak? no shrinking-back Lest, rising even as its idol sinks. It nearly reach the sacred place, and stand Almost a rival of that idol? Trust me. If there be fiends who seek to work our hurt. To ruin and drag down earth's mightiest spirits. Even at God's foot, 'twill be from such as love, Their zeal will gather most to serve their cause: And least from those who hate, who most essay By contumely and scorn to blot the light Which will have entrance even to their hearts; For thence will our Defender tear the veil And show within each heart, as in a shrine, The giant image of Perfection, grown In hate's despite, whose calumnies were spawned In the untroubled presence of its eyes! True admiration blinds not; nor am I So blind: I call your sin exceptional; It springs from one whose life has passed the bounds Prescribed to life. Compound that fault with God! I speak of men; to common men like me The weakness you confess endears you more-Like the far traces of decay in suns: I bid you have good cheer!

Præclare! Optime! Paracelsus. Think of a quiet mountain-cloistered priest Instructing Paracelsus! yet, 'tis so. Come, I will show you where my merit lies. 'Tis in the advance of individual minds That the slow crowd should ground their expectation Eventually to follow—as the sea Waits ages in its bed, 'till some one wave Out of the multitude aspires, extends The empire of the whole, some feet perhaps, Over the strip of sand which would confine Its fellows so long time: thenceforth the rest, Even to the meanest, hurry in at once, And so much is clear gained. I shall be glad If all my labours, failing of aught else, Suffice to make such inroad, and procure A wider range for thought: nay, they do this; For, whatsoe'er my notions of true knowledge And a legitimate success, may be, I am not blind to my undoubted rank When classed with others: I precede my age: And whose wills, is very free to mount These labours as a platform, whence their own May have a prosperous outset: but, alas! My followers—they are noisy as you heard, But for intelligence—the best of them So clumsily wield the weapons I supply And they extol, that I begin to doubt Whether their own rude clubs and pebble-stones Would not do better service than my arms Thus vilely swayed—if error will not fall Sooner before the old awkward batterings Than my more subtle warfare, not half learned. Festus. I would supply that art, then, and withhold Its arms until you have taught their mystery. Paracelsus. To the simplest training. Day by day I seek To wake the mood, the spirit which alone

Its arms until you have taught them myself arms until you have taught them myself. I have recourse Paraceksus. Content you, 'tis my wish; I have recourse To the simplest training. Day by day I seek To wake the mood, the spirit which alone Can make those arms of any use to men. Of course, they are for swaggering forth at once Graced with Ulysses' club, Achilles' shield—Flash on us, all in armour, thou Achilles! Make our hearts dance to thy resounding step! A proper sight to scare the crows away!

Festus. Pity you choose not, then, some other method Of coming at your point. The marvellous art At length established in the world bids fair To remedy all hindrances like these:

Trust to Frobenius' press the precious lore

Obscured by uncouth manner, or unfit For raw beginners; let his types secure A deathless monument to after-times: Meanwhile wait confidently and enjoy The ultimate effect: sooner or later. You shall be all-revealed.

Paracelsus. The old dull question In a new form; no more. Thus: I possess Two sorts of knowledge; one,—vast, shadowy, Hints of the unbounded aim I once pursued: The other consists of many secrets, learned While bent on nobler prize,—perhaps a few First principles which may conduct to much: These last I offer to my followers here. Now bid me chronicle the first of these. My ancient study, and in effect you bid me Revert to the wild courses just abjured: I must go find them scattered through the world. Then, for the principles, they are so simple (Being chiefly of the overturning sort), That one time is as proper to propound them As any other—to-morrow at my class. Or half a century hence embalmed in print: For if mankind intend to learn at all. They must begin by giving faith to them. And acting on them; and I do not see But that my lectures serve indifferent well: No doubt these dogmas fall not to the earth. For all their novelty and rugged setting. I think my class will not forget the day I let them know the gods of Israel, Actius, Oribasius, Galen, Rhasis, Serapion, Avicenna, Averröes,— Were blocks !

Festus. And that reminds me, I heard something About your waywardness: you burned their books, It seems, instead of answering those sages.

Paracelsus. And who said that?

Festus. Some I met yesternight With Œcolampadius. As you know, the purpose Of this short stay at Basil was to learn His pleasure touching certain missives sent For our Zuinglius and himself. 'Twas he Apprized me that the famous teacher here Was my old friend.

Paracelsus. Ah, I forgot; you went . . . Festus. From Zurich with advices for the ear Of Luther, now at Wittemburg—(you know, I make no doubt, the differences of late

With Carolostadius)—and returning sought

Basil and . . . I remember. Here's a case, now. Paracelsus. Will teach you why I answer not, but burn The books you mention: pray, does Luther dream His arguments convince by their own force The crowds that own his doctrine? No, indeed: His plain denial of established points Ages had sanctified and men supposed Could never be oppugned while earth was under And heaven above them-points which chance, or time Affected net-did more than the array Of argument which followed. Boldly deny! There is much breath-stopping, hair-stiffening Awhile; then, amazed glances, mute awaiting The thunderbolt which does not come; and next, Reproachful wonder and enquiry: those Who else had never stirred, are able now To find the rest out for themselves-perhaps To outstrip him who set the whole at work, -As never will my wise class its instructor. And you saw Luther?

Festus. 'Tis a wondrous soul!

Paracelsus. True: the so-heavy chain which galled mankind

Is shattered, and the noblest of us all
Must bow to the deliverer—nay, the worker
Of our own projects—we who long before
Had burst its trammels, but forgot the crowd,
We should have taught, still groaned beneath the

load:
This he has done and nobly. Speed that may!
Whatever be my chance or my despair,
What benefits mankind must glad me too:
And men seem made, though not as I believed,
For something better than the times produce:
Witness these gangs of peasants your new lights
From Suabia have possessed, whom Munzer leads,
And whom the duke, the landgrave, and the elector
Will calm in blood! Well, well—'tis not my world!

Festus. Hark!
Paracelsus. 'Tis the melancholy wind astir
Within the trees; the embers too are grey,
Morn must be near.

Festus. Best ope the casement: see, The night, late strewn with clouds and flying stars, Is blank and motionless: how peaceful sleep The tree-tops all together! Like an asp, The wind slips whispering from bough to bough.

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Paracelsus. Ay; you would gaze on a wind-shaken tree By the hour, nor count time lost.

Festus. So you shall gaze:

Those happy times will come again . . .

Paracelsus.

Gone! gone!

Those pleasant times! Does not the moaning wind

Seem to bewail that we have gained such gains

And bartered sleep for them?

Festus. It is our trust
That there is yet another world to mend

All error and mischance.

Another world! Paracelsus.And why this world, this common world, to be A make-shift, a mere foil, how fair soever. To some fine life to come? Man must be fed With angel's food, forsooth; and some few traces, Of a diviner nature which look out Through his corporeal baseness, warrant him In a supreme contempt for all provision For his inferior tastes—some straggling marks Which constitute his essence, just as truly As here and there a gem would constitute The rock, their barren bed, a diamond. But were it so-were man all mind-he gains A station little enviable. From God Down to the lowest spirit ministrant, Intelligence exists which casts our mind Into immeasurable shade. No, no: Love, hope, fear, faith—these make humanity; These are its signs, and note, and character; And these I have lost !- gone, shut from me for ever, Like a dead friend, safe from unkindness more! See morn at length. The heavy darkness seems Diluted; grey and clear without the stars; The shrubs bestir and rouse themselves, as if Some snake that weighed them down all night, let go His hold; and from the east, fuller and fuller Day, like a mighty river, is flowing in; But clouded, wintry, desolate, and cold: Yet see how that broad, prickly, star-shaped plant, Half down in the crevice, spreads its woolly leaves, All thick and glistening with diamond dew. And you depart for Einsiedeln this day: And we have spent all night in talk like this! If you would have me better for your love, Revert no more to these sad themes. Festus. One favour. And I have done. I leave you, deeply moved; Unwilling to have fared so well, the while

My friend has changed so sorely: if this mood Shall pass away—if light once more arise Where all is darkness now—if you see fit To hope, and trust again, and strive again; You will remember—not our love alone—But that my faith in God's desire for man To trust on his support, (as I must think You trusted,) is obscured and dim through you; For you are thus, and this is no reward. Will you not call me to your side, dear friend?

IV.—PARACELSUS ASPIRES

Scene.—A House at Colmar, in Alsatia. 1528.

PARACELSUS, FESTUS

Paracelsus. (To John Oporinus, his secretary.) Sic iturad astra! Dear Von Visenburg Is scandalised, and poor Torinus paralysed, And every honest soul that Basil holds Aghast; and yet we live, as one may say, Just as though Liechtenfels had never set So true a value on his sorry carcass, And learned Pütter had not frowned us dumb. We live; and shall as surely start to-morrow For Nuremburg, as we drink speedy scathe To Basil in this mantling wine, suffused With a delicate blush—no fainter tinge is born I' th' shut heart of a bud: pledge me, good John-"Basil; a hot plague ravage it, with Pütter "To stop the plague!" Even so? Do you too share Their panic—the reptiles? Ha, ha! faint through them, Besist for them !-while means enough exist To bow the stoutest braggart of the tribe Once more in crouching silence—means to breed A stupid wonder in each fool again, Now big with admiration at the skill Which stript a vain pretender of his plumes; And, that done, means to brand each slavish brow So deeply, surely, ineffaceably, That thenceforth flattery shall not pucker it Out of the furrow of that hideous stamp Which shows the next they fawn on, what they are, This Basil with its magnates one and all, Whom I curse soul and limb. And now dispatch, Dispatch my trusty John; and what remains To do, whate'er arrangements for our trip Are yet to be completed, see you hasten

This night: we'll weather the storm at least: to-morrow For Nuremburg! Now leave us; this grave clerk Has divers weighty matters for my ear, (Oporinus goes out) And spare my lungs. At last, my gallant Festus, I am rid of this arch-knave that follows me As a gaunt crow a gasping sheep; at last May give a loose to my delight. How kind, How very kind, my first, best, only friend ! Why this looks like fidelity. Embrace me: Not a hair silvered yet! Right: you shall live Till I am worth your love; you shall be proud, And I-but let time show. Did you not wonder? I sent to you because our compact weighed Upon my conscience—(you recal the night At Basil, which the gods confound)—because Once more I aspire! I call you to my side; You come. You thought my message strange? So strange Festus.

That I must hope, indeed, your messenger Has mingled his own fancies with the words

Purporting to be yours.

Paracelsus. He said no more,
'Tis probable, than the precious folks I leave
Said fifty-fold more roughly. Well-a-day,
'Tis true; poor Paracelsus is exposed
At last; a most egregious quack he proves,
And those he overreached must spit their hate
On one who, utterly beneath contempt,
Could yet deceive their topping wits. You heard
Bare truth; and at my bidding you come here
To speed me on my enterprise, as once
Your lavish wishes sped me, my own friend?
Festus. What is your purpose, Aureole?

Paracelsus. Oh, for purpose, There is no lack of precedents in a case Like mine; at least, if not precisely mine,

The case of men cast off by those they sought To benefit . . .

Festus. They really cast you off? I only heard a vague tale of some priest, Cured by your skill, who wrangled at your claim, Knowing his life's worth best; and how the judge The matter was referred to, saw no cause To interfere, nor you to hide your full Contempt of him; nor he, again, to smother His wrath thereat, which raised so fierce a flame That Basil soon was made no place for you.

Paracelsus. The affair of Liechtenfels? the shallowest

cause,

The last and silliest outrage-mere pretence! I knew it, I foretold it from the first, How soon the stupid wonder you mistook For genuine loyalty—a cheering promise Of better things to come-would pall and pass; · And every word comes true. Saul is among The prophets! Just so long as I was pleased To play off the mere marvels of my art-Fantastic gambols leading to no end-I got huge praise; but one can ne'er keep down Our foolish nature's weakness: there they flocked, Poor devils, jostling, swearing, and perspiring, Till the walls rang again; and all for me! I had a kindness for them, which was right; But then I stopped not till I tacked to that A trust in them and a respect—a sort Of sympathy for them: I must needs begin To teach them, not amaze them; "to impart "The spirit which should instigate the search "Of truth: " just what you bade me! I spoke out. Forthwith a mighty squadron, in disgust, Filed off-" the sifted chaff of the sack," I said, Redoubling my endeavours to secure The rest; when lo! one man had stayed thus long Only to ascertain if I supported This tenet of his, or that; another loved To hear impartially before he judged, And having heard, now judged; this bland disciple Passed for my dupe, but all along, it seems, Spied error where his neighbours marvelled most: That fiery doctor who had hailed me friend, Did it because my bye-paths, once proved wrong And beaconed properly, would commend again The good old ways our sires jogged safely o'er, Though not their squeamish sons; the other worthy Discovered divers verses of St. John, Which, read successively, refreshed the soul, But, muttered backwards, cured the gout, the stone, The cholic, and what not:—quid multa? The end Was a clear class-room, with a quiet leer From grave folk, and a sour reproachful glance From those in chief, who, cap in hand, installed The new professor scarce a year before; And a vast flourish about patient merit Obscured awhile by flashy tricks, but sure Sooner or later to emerge in splendour— Of which the example was some luckless wight Whom my arrival had discomfited, But now, it seems, the general voice recalled

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To fill my chair, and so efface the stain
Basil had long incurred. I sought no better—
Nought but a quiet dismissal from my post;
While from my heart I wished them better suited,
And better served. Good night to Basil, then!
But fast as I proposed to rid the tribe
Of my obnoxious back, I could not spare them
The pleasure of a parting kick.

Festus.

You smile:

Despise them as they merit!

Paracelsus. If I smile. 'Tis with as very contempt as ever turned Flesh into stone: this courteous recompense; This grateful . . . Festus, were your nature fit • To be defiled, your eyes the eyes to ache At gangrened blotches, eating poisonous blains. The ulcered barky scurf of leprosy Which finds—a man, and leaves—a hideous thing That cannot but be mended by hell fire, -I say that, could you see as I could show, I would lay bare to you these human hearts Which God cursed long ago, and devils make since Their pet nest and their never-tiring home. O, sages have discovered we are born For various ends—to love, to know: has ever One stumbled, in his search, on any signs Of a nature in him formed to hate? To hate? If that be our true object which evokes Our powers in fullest strength, be sure 'tis hate!

Festus. But I have yet to learn your purpose, Aureole! What purpose were the fiftest now for me? Paracelsus. Decide! To sink beneath such ponderous shame— To shrink up like a crushed snail—undergo In silence and desist from further toil. And so subside into a monument Of one their censure blasted; or to bow Cheerfully as submissively—to lower My old pretensions even as Basil dictates— To drop into the rank her wits assign me, And live as they prescribe, and make that use Of my poor knowledge which their rules allow— Proud to be patted now and then, and careful To practise the true posture for receiving The amplest benefit from their hoofs' appliance, When they shall condescend to tutor me. Then one may feel resentment like a flame, Prompting to deck false systems in Truth's garb, And tangle and entwine mankind with error, And give them darkness for a dower, and falsehood

For a possession: or one may mope away
Into a shade through thinking; or else drowse
Into a dreamless sleep, and so die off:
But I, but I—now Festus shall divine!
—Am merely setting out in life once more,
Embracing my old aims! What thinks he now?
Festus. Your aims? the aims?—to know? and where is found

The early trust . . . Nay, not so fast; I say,

Paracelsus. Nay, not so fast; I say,

The aims—not the old means. You know what made me
A laughing-stock; I was a fool; you know

The when and the how: hardly those means again!

Not but they had their beauty—who should know

Their passing beauty, if not I? But still

They were dreams, so let them vanish: yet in beauty,

If that may be. Stay—thus they pass in song!

[He sings.]

Heap cassia, sandal-buds, and stripes
Of labdanum, and aloe-balls
Smeared with dull nard an Indian wipes
From out her hair: (such balsam falls
Down sea-side mountain pedestals,
From summits where tired winds are fain,
Spent with the vast and howling main,
To treasure half their island-gain.)

And strew faint sweetness from some old Egyptian's fine worm-eaten shroud, Which breaks to dust when once unrolled; And shred dim perfume, like a cloud From chamber long to quiet vowed, With mothed and dropping arras hung, Mouldering the lute and books among Of queen, long dead, who lived there young.

Mine, every word!—and on such pile shall die My lovely fancies, with fair perished things, Themselves fair and forgotten; yes, forgotten, Or why abjure them? So I made this rhyme That fitting dignity might be preserved:

No little proud was I; though the list of drugs Smacks of my old vocation, and the verse Halts like the best of Luther's psalms!

Festus.

But, Aureole, Talk not thus wildly and madly. I am here—Did you know all, indeed! I have travelled far To learn your wishes. Be yourself again!

For in this mood I recognize you less

Than in the horrible despondency I witnessed last. You may account this, joy: But rather let me gaze on that despair Than hear these incoherent words, and see

This flushed cheek and intensely-sparkling eye!

Paracelsus. Why, man, I was light-hearted in my prime, I am light-hearted now; what would you have? Aprile was a poet, I make songs-

'Tis the very augury of success I want! Why should I not be joyous now as then?

Festus. Joyous! and how? and what remains for joy?

You have declared the ends (which I am sick

Of naming) are impracticable.

Paracelsus. Aye, Pursued as I pursued them—the arch-fool! Listen: my plan will please you not, 'tis like: But you are little versed in the world's wavs. This is my plan-(first drinking its good luck)-I will accept all helps; all I despised So rashly at the outset, equally With early impulses, late years have quenched: I have tried each way singly-now for both! All helps—no one sort shall exclude the rest. I seek to know and to Enjoy at once, Not one without the other as before. Suppose my labour should seem God's own cause Once more, as first I dreamed, it shall not balk me Of the meanest, earthliest, sensualest delight That may be snatched; for every joy is gain, And why spurn gain, however small? My soul Can die then, nor be taunted "what was gained?" Nor, on the other hand, if pleasure meets me As though I had not spurned her hitherto, Shall she o'ercloud my spirit's rapt communion With the tumultuous past, the teeming future, Glorious with visions of a full success!

Festus. Success! And wherefore not? Why not prefer Paracelsus. Results obtained in my best state of being, To those derived alone from seasons dark As the thoughts they bred? When I was best-my youth Unwasted—seemed success not surest too? It is the nature of darkness to obscure. I am a wanderer: I remember well One journey, how I feared the track was missed, So long the city I desired to reach Lay hid; when suddenly its spires afar Flashed through the circling clouds; conceive my joy! Too soon the vapours closed o'er it again.

But I had seen the city, and one such glance No darkness could obscure: nor shall the present A few dull hours, a passing shame or two, Destroy the vivid memories of the past. I will fight the battle out !-- a little tired, Perhaps—but still an able combatant. You look at my grey hair and furrowed brow? But I can turn even weakness to account: Of many tricks I know, 'tis not the least To push the ruins of my frame, whereon The fire of vigour trembles scarce alive. Into a heap, and send the flame aloft! What should I do with age? so sickness lends An aid; it being, I fear, the source of all We boast of: mind is nothing but disease, And natural health is ignorance.

Festus. I see
But one good symptom in this notable plan:
I feared your sudden journey had in view
To wreak immediate vengeance on your foes;

'Tis not so: I am glad.

And if I pleased Paracelsus. To spit on them, to trample them, what then? 'Tis sorry warfare truly, but the fools Provoke it: I had spared their self-conceit, But if they must provoke me-cannot suffer Forbearance on my part—if I may keep No quality in the shade, must needs put forth Power to match power, my strength against their strength. And teach them their own game with their own arms-Why be it so, and let them take their chance! I am above them like a God—in vain To hide the fact—what idle scruples, then, Were those that ever bade me soften it, Communicate it gently to the world, Instead of proving my supremacy, Taking my natural station o'er their heads, Then owning all the glory was a man's, And in my elevation man's would be! But live and learn, though life's short; learning, hard f Still, one thing I have learned-not to despair: And therefore, though the wreck of my past self, I fear, dear Pütter, that your lecture-room Must wait awhile for its best ornament, The penitent empiric, who set up For somebody, but soon was taught his place-Now, but too happy to be let confess His error, snuff the candles, and illustrate (Fiat experientia corpore vili)

Your medicine's soundness in his person. Wait, Good Pütter!

He who sneers thus, is a God! Festus. Paracelsus. Ay, ay, laugh at me! I am very glad You are not gulled by all this swaggering; you Can see the root of the matter !- how I strive To put a good face on the overthrow I have experienced, and to bury and hide My degradation in its length and breadth; How the mean motives I would make you think Just mingle as is due with nobler aims, The appetites I modestly allow May influence me—as I am mortal still— Do goad me, drive me on, and fast supplant My youth's desires: you are no stupid dupe; You find me out! Yes, I had sent for you To palm these childish lies upon you, Festus! Laugh—you shall laugh at me!

The past, then, Aureole, Festus.Proves nothing? Is our interchange of love Yet to begin? Have I to swear I mean No flattery in this speech or that? For you, Whate'er you say, there is no degradation, These low thoughts are no inmates of your mind; Or wherefore this disorder? You are vexed As much by the intrusion of base views, Familiar to your adversaries, as they Were troubled should your qualities alight Amid their murky souls: not otherwise, A stray wolf which the winter forces down From our bleak hills, suffices to affright A village in the vales—while foresters Sleep calm though all night long the famished troops Snuff round and scratch against their crazy huts: These evil thoughts are monsters, and will flee.

Paracelsus. May you be happy, Festus, my own, friend!

Festus. Nay, further; the delights you fain would think

The supersequence of your nobler aims,

Though ordinary and harmless stimulants,

Will ne'er content you...

Paracelsus. Hush! I once despised them,
But that soon passes: we are high at first
In our demands, nor will abate a jot.
Of toil's strict value; but time passes o'er,
And humbler spirits accept what we refuse;
In short, when some such comfort is doled out
As these delights, we cannot long retain
The bitter contempt which urges us at first
To hurl it back, but hug it to our breast

And thankfully retire. This life of mine Must be lived out, and a grave thoroughly earned: I am just fit for that and nought beside. I told you once, I cannot now Enjoy, . Unless I deem my knowledge gains through joy; Nor can I Know, but straight warm tears reveal My need of linking also joy to knowledge: So on I drive-enjoying all I can, And knowing all I can. I speak, of course, Confusedly; this will better explain-feel here! Quick beating, is it not ?-a fire of the heart To work off someway, this as well as any ! So, Festus sees me fairly launched; his calm Compassionate look might have disturbed me once, But now, far from rejecting, I invite What bids me press the closer, lay myself Open before him, and be soothed with pity; And hope, if he command hope; and believe As he directs me-satiating myself With his enduring love: and Festus quits me To give place to some credulous disciple Who holds that God is wise, but Paracelsus Has his peculiar merits. I suck in That homage, chuckle o'er that admiration, And then dismiss the fool; for night is come, And I betake myself to study again, Till patient searchings after hidden lore Half wring some bright truth from its prison; my frame Trembles, my forehead's veins swell out, my hair Tingles for triumph! Slow and sure the morn Shall break on my pent room, and dwindling lamps And furnace dead, and scattered earths and ores, When, with a failing heart and throbbing brow, I must review my captured truth, sum up Its value, trace what ends to what begins, Its present power with its eventual bearings. Latent affinities, the views it opens, And its full length in perfecting my scheme; I view it sternly circumscribed, cast down From the high place my fond hopes yielded it, Proved worthless-which, in getting, yet had cost Another wrench to this fast-falling frame; Then, quick, the cup to quaff, that chases sorrow ! I lapse back into youth, and take again Mere hopes of bliss for proofs that bliss will be, -My fluttering pulse, for evidence that God Means good to me, will make my cause his own; See! I have cast off this remorseless care Which clogged a spirit born to soar so free,

And my dim chamber has become a tent. Festus is sitting by me, and his Michal . . . Why do you start? I say, she listening here, (For yonder's Würzburg through the orchard-boughs) Motions as though such ardent words should find No echo in a maiden's quiet soul, But her pure bosom heaves, her eyes fill fast With tears, her sweet lips tremble all the while! Ha, ha l

Festus. It seems, then, you expect to reap No unreal joy from this your present course, But rather . . .

Death! To die! I owe that much Paracelsus. To what, at least, I was. I should be sad To live contented after such a fall— To thrive and fatten after such reverse! The whole plan is a makeshift, but will last My time.

Festus. And you have never mused and said. " I had a noble purpose, and full strength "To compass it; but I have stopped half-way, "And wrongly give the first fruits of my toil "To objects little worthy of the gift:

"Why linger round them still? why clench my fault? "Why seek for consolation in defeat-

" In vain endeavours to derive a beauty

"From ugliness? Why seek to make the most " Of what no power can change, nor strive instead

"With mighty effort to redeem the past,

"And, gathering up the treasures thus cast down, "To hold a steadfast course till I arrive

"At their fit destination, and my own?" You have never pondered thus?

Paracelsus.Have I, you ask? Often at midnight, when most fancies come, Would some such airy project visit me: But ever at the end . . . or will you hear The same thing in a tale, a parable? It cannot prove more tedious; listen then! You and I, wandering over the world wide. Chance to set foot upon a desert coast: Just as we cry, "No human voice before Broke the inveterate silence of these rocks!" -Their querulous echo startles us; we turn: What ravaged structure still looks o'er the sea? Some characters remain, too! While we read. The sharp, salt wind, impatient for the last Of even this record, wistfully comes and goes, Or sings what we recover, mocking it.

This is the record; and my voice, the wind's.

[He sings.

Over the sea our galleys went,
With cleaving prows in order brave,
To a speeding wind and a bounding wave—
A gallant armament:

A gallant armament:
Each bark built out of a forest-tree,
Left leafy and rough as first it grew,
And nailed all over the gaping sides,
Within and without, with black-bull hides,
Seethed in fat and suppled in flame,
To bear the playful billows' game;
So each good ship was rude to see,
Rude and bare to the outward view,

But each upbore a stately tent;
Where cedar-pales in scented row
Kept out the flakes of the dancing brine:
And an awning drooped the mast below,
In fold on fold of the purple fine,
That neither noon-tide, nor star-shine,
Nor moonlight cold which maketh mad,
Might pierce the regal tenement

Might pierce the regal tenement. When the sun dawned, oh, gay and glad We set the sail and plied the oar; But when the night-wind blew like breath For joy of one day's voyage more, We sang together on the wide sea, Like men at peace on a peaceful shore; Each sail was loosed to the wind so free, Each helm made sure by the twilight star, And in a sleep as calm as death, We, the strangers from afar.

Lay stretched along, each weary crew
In a circle round its wondrous tent,
Whence gleamed soft light and curled rich scent,
And with light and perfume, music too:
So the stars wheeled round, and the darkness past,
And at morn we started beside the mast,

And still each ship was sailing fast!

One morn, the land appeared!—a speck Dim trembling betwixt sea and sky—Avoid it, cried our pilot, check

The shout, restrain the longing eye?
But the heaving sea was black behind
For many a night and many a day,
And land, though but a rock, drew nigh;
So we broke the cedar pales away,
Let the purple awning flap in the wind,

And a statue bright was on every deck! We shouted, every man of us, And steered right into the harbour thus, With pomp and poean glorious.

An hundred shapes of lucid stone!
All day we built a shrine for each—
A shrine of rock for every one—
Nor paused we till in the westering sun
We sate together on the beach
To sing, because our task was done;
When lo! what shouts and merry songs!
What laughter all the distance stirs!
What raft comes loaded with its throngs
Of gentle islanders?
"The isles are just at hand," they cried:

"Like cloudlets faint at even sleeping,

"Our temple-gates are opened wide,

"Our offive-groves thick shade are keeping" For the lucid shapes you bring"—they cried. Oh, then we woke with sudden start From our deep dream; we knew, too late, How bare the rock, how desolate, To which we had flung our precious freight: Yet we called out—"Depart!

"Our gifts, once given, must here abide:
"Our work is done; we have no heart

"To mar our work, though vain "-we cried.

Festus. In truth?
Paracelsus.
Nay, wait: all this in tracings faint
May still be read on that deserted rock,
On rugged stones, strewn here and there, but piled
In order once; then follows—mark what follows—
"The sad rhyme of the men who proudly clung
"To their first fault, and withered in their pride!"

The sad rhyme of the men who proudly clung
"To their first fault, and withered in their pride!"

Festus. Come back, then, Aureole; as you fear God, come! This is foul sin; come back: renounce the past, Forswear the future: look for joy no more, But wait death's summons amid holy sights, And trust me for the event—peace, if not joy! Return with me to Einsiedeln, dear Aureole.

Paracelsus. No way, no way: it would not turn to good, A spotless child sleeps on the flowering moss—
"Tis well for him; but when a sinful man, Envying such slumber, may desire to put His guilt away, shall he return at once To rest by lying there? Our sires knew well (Spite of the grave discoveries of their sons)

The fitting course for such; dark cells, dim lamps, A stone floor one may writhe on like a worm;

No mossy pillow, blue with violets !

Festus. I see no symptom of these absolute And tyrannous passions. You are calmer now. This verse-making can purge you well enough, Without the terrible penance you describe. You love me still: the lusts you fear, will never Outrage your friend. To Einsiedeln, once more! Say but the word!

No, no; those lusts forbid: Paracelsus. They crouch, I know, cowering with half-shut eye Beside-you; 'tis their nature. Thrust yourself Between them and their prey; let some fool style me Or king or quack, it matters not, and try Your wisdom then, at urging their retreat! No, no; learn better and look deeper, Festus! If you knew how a devil sneers within me While you are talking now of this, now that, As though we differed scarcely save in trifles! Festus. Do we so differ? True, change must pro-

ceed.

Whether for good or ill; keep from me, which! God made you and knows what you may become-

Do not confide all secrets: I was born

To hope, and you . . . To trust: you know the fruits! Paracelsus. Festus. Listen: I do believe, what you call trust Was self-reliance at the best: for, see! So long as God would kindly pioneer A path for you, and screen you from the world, Procure you full exemption from man's lot, Man's common hopes and fears, on the mere pretext Of your engagement in his service—yield you A limitless license, make you God, in fact, And turn your slave—you were content to say Most courtly praises! What is it, at last, But selfishness without example? None Could trace God's will so plain as you, while yours Remained implied in it; but now you fail, And we, who prate about that will, are fools ! In short, God's service is established here As he determines fit, and not your way, And this you cannot brook! Such discontent Is weak. Renounce all creatureship at once ! Affirm an absolute right to have and use Your energies; as though the rivers should say-"We rush to the ocean; what have we to do With feeding streamlets, lingering in the marshes,

"Sleeping in lazy pools?" Set up that plea, That will be bold at least!

Paracelsus. Perhaps, perhaps! Your only serviceable spirits are those The east produces :--lo, the master nods. And they raise terraces, spread garden-grounds In one night's space; and, this done, straight begin Another century's sleep, to the great praise Of him that framed them wise and beautiful, Till a lamp's rubbing, or some chance akin, Wake them again. I am of different mould. I would have soothed my lord, and slaved for him, And done him service past my narrow bond, And thus I get rewarded for my pains! Beside, 'tis vain to talk of forwarding God's glory otherwise; this is alone The sphere of its increase, as far as men Increase it; why, then, look beyond this sphere? We are his glory; and if we be glorious. Is not the thing achieved?

Festus.

Judge hearts like yours? Shall one like me
Though years have changed

you much,
And you have left your first love, and retain
Its empty shade to veil your crooked ways,
Yet I still hold that you have honoured God;
And who shall call your course without reward?
For, wherefore this repining at defeat,
Had triumph ne'er inured you to high hopes?
I urge you to forsake the life you curse,
And what success attends me?—simply talk
Of passion, weakness, and remorse; in short,
Any thing but the naked truth: you choose
This so-despised career, and rather praise
Than take my happiness, or other men's.
Once more, return!

Paracelsus. And soon. Oporinus
Has pilfered half my secrets by this time:
And we depart by day-break. I am weary,
I know not how; not even the wine-cup soothes
My brain to-night...
Do you not thoroughly despise me, Festus?
No flattery! One like you, needs not be told
We live and breathe deceiving and deceived.
Do you not scorn me from your heart of hearts?
Me and my cant—my petty subterfuges—
My rhymes, and all this frothy shower of words—
My glozing, self-deceit—my outward crust
Of lies, which wrap, as tetter, morphew, furfair

Wrap the sound flesh?—so, see you flatter not!
Why, even God flatters! but my friend, at least,
Is true. I would depart, secure henceforth
Against all further insult, hate, and wrong
From puny foes: my one friend's scorn shall brand me—
No fear of sinking deeper!

No, dear Aureole! Festus. No, no; I came to counsel faithfully: There are old rules, made long ere we were born, By which I judge you. I, so fallible, So infinitely low beside your spirit Mighty, majestic !- even I can see You own some higher law than ours which call Sin, what is no sin-weakness, what is strength; But I have only these, such as they are, To guide me; and I blame you where they blame, Only so long as blaming promises To win peace for your soul; the more, that sorrow Has fallen on me of late, and they have helped me So that I faint not under my distress. But wherefore should I scruple to avow In spite of all, as brother judging brother, Your fate to me is most inexplicable: And should you perish without recompense And satisfaction yet—too hastily I have relied on love: you may have sinned, But you have loved. As a mere human matter-

As I would have God deal with fragile men
In the end—I say that you will triumph yet!

Paracelsus. Have you felt sorrow, Festus?—'tis because
You love me. Sorrow, and sweet Michal yours!

 Well thought on; never let her know this last Dull winding-up of all: these miscreants dared Insult me—me she loved; so grieve her not.

Festus. Your ill success can little grieve her now.

Paracelsus. Michal is dead! pray Christ we do not craze!

Festus. Aureole, dear Aureole, look not on me thus!

Fool, fool! this is the heart grown sorrow-proof—

I cannot bear those eyes.

Paracelsus. Nay, really dead? Festus. 'Tis scarce a month . . .

Paracelsus. Stone dead I—then you have laid her Among the flowers ere this. Now, do you know, I can reveal a secret which shall comfort Even you. I have no julep, as men think, To cheat the grave; but a far better secret. Know then, you did not ill to trust your love To the cold earth: I have thought much of it For I believe we do not wholly die,

Festus. Aureole . . . Nav. do not laugh; there is a reason Paracelsus. For what I say: I think the soul can never Taste death. I am, just now, as you may see, Very unfit to put so strange a thought In an intelligible dress of words: But take it as my trust, she is not dead. Festus. But not on this account alone? you surely, -Aureole, you have believed this all along? Paracelsus. And Michal sleeps among the roots and dews. While I am moved at Basil, and full of schemes For Nuremberg, and hoping and despairing. As though it mattered how the farce plays out. So it be quickly played. Away, away! Have your will, rabble! while we fight the prize. Troop you in safety to the snug back-seats. And leave a clear arena for the brave About to perish for your sport !- Behold!

V.—PARACELSUS ATTAINS

Scene.—A cell in the Hospital of St. Sebastian, Salzburg. 1541.

FESTUS, PARACELSUS

Festus. No change! The weary night is well nigh spent, The lamp burns low, and through the casement-bars Grey morning glimmers feebly—yet no change! Another night, and still no sigh has stirred That fallen discoloured mouth, no pang relit Those fixed eyes, quenched by the decaying body, Like torch-flame choked in dust: while all beside Was breaking, to the last they held out bright, As a strong-hold where life intrenched itself; But they are dead now—very blind and dead. He will drowse into death without a groan!

My Aureole—my forgotten, ruined Aureole! The days are gone, are gone! How grand thou wert: And now not one of those who struck thee down—Poor, glorious spirit—concerns him even to stay And satisfy himself his little hand Could turn God's image to a livid thing. Another night, and yet no change! 'Tis much That I should sit by him, and bathe his brow, And chafe his hands—'tis much; but he will sure

Know me, and look on me, and speak to me
Once more—but only once! His hollow check
Looked all night long as though a creeping laugh
At his own state were just about to break
From the dying man: my brain swam, my throat swelled,
And yet I could not turn away. In truth,
They told me how, when first brought here, he seemed
Resolved to live—to lose no faculty;
Thus striving to keep up his shattered strength,
Until they bore him to this stifling cell:
When straight his features fell—an hour made white
The flushed face and relaxed the quivering limb;
Only the eye remained intense awhile,
As though it recognised the tomb-like place;
And then he lay as here he lies.

Ay, here! Here is earth's noblest, nobly garlanded— Her bravest champion, with his well-won meed-Her best achievement, her sublime amende For countless generations, fleeting fast And followed by no trace;—the creature-god She instances when angels would dispute The title of her brood to rank with them— Angels, this is our angel!—those bright forms We clothe with purple, crown and call to thrones, Are human, but not his: those are but men Whom other men press round and kneel before-Those palaces are dwelt in by mankind; Higher provision is for him you seek Amid our pomps and glories: see it here! Behold earth's paragon! Now, raise thee, clay

God! Thou art Love! I build my faith on that! Even as I watch beside thy tortured child, Unconscious whose hot tears fall fast by him, So doth thy right hand guide us through the world Wherein we stumble. God! what shall we say? How has he sinned? How else should he have done? Surely he sought thy praise—thy praise, for all He might be busied by the task so much As to forget awhile its proper end. Dost thou well, Lord? Thou canst not but prefer That I should range myself upon his side— How could he stop at every step to set Thy glory forth? Hadst Thou but granted him Success, thy honour would have crowned success, A halo round a star. Or, say he erred,— Save him, dear God; it will be like thee: bathe him In light and life! Thou art not made like us;

We should be wroth in such a case; but Thou Forgivest—so, forgive these passionate thoughts, Which come unsought, and will not pass away! I know thee, who hast kept my path, and made Light for me in the darkness—tempering sorrow, So that it reached me like a solemn joy; It were too strange that I should doubt thy love: But what am I? Thou madest him, and knowest How he was fashioned. I could never err That way: the quiet place beside thy feet, Reserved for me, was ever in my thoughts; But he—Thou shouldst have favoured him as Well!

Ah! he wakes! Aureole, I am here—'tis Festus! I cast away all wishes save one wish-Let him but know me—only speak to me! He mutters-louder and louder; any other Than I, with brain less laden, could collect What he pours forth. Dear Aureole, do but look! Is it talking or singing this he utters fast? Misery, that he should fix me with his eve-Quick talking to some other all the while! If he would husband this wild vehemence, Which frustrates its intent !- I heard, I know I heard my name amid those rapid words: O he will know me yet! Could I divert This current-lead it somehow gently back Into the channels of the past !—His eve, Brighter than ever! It must recognise!

Let me speak to him in another's name. I am Erasmus: I am here to pray That Paracelsus use his skill for me. The schools of Paris and of Padua send These questions for your learning to resolve. We are your students, noble master: leave This wretched cell; what business have you here? Our class awaits you; come to us once more. (O agony! the utmost I can do Touches him not; how else arrest his ear?) I am commissioned . . . I shall craze like him-Better be mute, and see what God shall send. Paracelsus. Stay, stay with me! Festus. I will; I am come here To stay with you—Festus, you loved of old; Festus, you know, you must know! Paracelsus. Festus! Aprile, then? Has he not chaunted softly

The melodies I heard all night? I could not

Get to him for a cold hand on my breast,
But I made out his music well enough,
O, well enough! If they have filled him full
With magical music, as they freight a star
With light, and have remitted all his sin,
They will forgive me too, I too shall know!

Festus. Festus, your Festus!

Paracelsus. Ask him if Aprile.

Knows as he Loves—if I shall Love and Know?

I try; but that cold hand, like lead—so cold!

Festus. My hand, see!

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Paracelsus. Ah, the curse, Aprile, Aprile? We get so near—so very, very near! 'Tis an old tale: Jove strikes the Titans down Not when they set about their mountain-piling, But when another rock would crown their work! And Phaeton—doubtless his first radiant plunge Astonished mortals; though the gods were calm, And Jove prepared his thunder: all old tales!

Festus. And what are these to you?

Paracelsus. Ay, fiends must laugh

Paracelsus. So cruelly, so well; most like I never Could tread a single pleasure under foot, But they were grinning by my side, were chuckling To see me toil, and drop away by flakes! Hell-spawn! I am glad, most glad, that thus I fall! You that hate men and all who wish their good-Your cunning has o'ershot its aim. One year, One month, perhaps, and I had served your turn! You should have curbed your spite awhile. But now, Who will believe 'twas you that held me back ? Listen: there's shame, and hissing, and contempt, And none but laughs who names me—none but spits Measureless scorn upon me-me alone, The quack, the cheat, the liar,—all on me! And thus your famous plan to sink mankind In silence and despair, by teaching them One of their race had probed the inmost truth, Had done all man could do, yet failed no less-Your wise plan proves abortive. Men despair? Ha, ha! why they are hooting the empiric, The ignorant and incapable fool who rushed Madly upon a work beyond his wits; Nor doubt they but the simplest of themselves Could bring the matter to triumphant issue! So pick and choose among them all, Accursed ! Try now, persuade some other to slave for you, To ruin body and soul to work your ends:

No, no; I am the first and last, I think!

Festus. Dear friend; who are accursed? who has done...

Paracelsus. What have I done? Fiends dare ask that?

or you,

Oh, you can chime in boldly, backed Brave men? By the others! What had you to do, sage peers? Here stand my rivals, truly—Arab, Jew, Greek, join dead hands against me: all I ask Is, that the world enrol my name with theirs, And even this poor privilege, it seems, They range themselves, prepared to disallow! Only observe: why fiends may learn from them! How they talk calmly of my throes-my fierce Aspirings, terrible watchings—each one claiming Its price of blood and brain; how they dissect And sneeringly disparage the few truths Got at a life's cost; they too hanging the while About my neck, their lies misleading me, And their dead names brow-beating me! Grev crew. Yet steeped in fresh malevolence from hell. Is there a reason for your hate? My truths Have shaken a little the palm about each head? Just think, Aprile, all these leering dotards Were bent on nothing less than being crowned As we! That yellow blear-eyed wretch in chief, To whom the rest cringe low with feigned respect-Galen, of Pergamos and hell; nay speak The tale, old man! We met there face to face: I said the crown should fall from thee: once more We meet as in that ghastly vestibule: Look to my brow! Have I redeemed my pledge?

Festus. Peace, peace; ah, see!
Paracelsus. Oh, emptiness of same

Oh Persic Zoroaster, lord of stars! -Who said these old renowns, dead long ago, Could make me overlook the living world To gaze through gloom at where they stood, indeed, But stand no longer? What a warm light lif After the shade! In truth, my delicate witch My serpent-queen, you did but well to hide The juggles I had else detected. Fire May well run harmless o'er a breast like yours! The cave was not so darkened by the smoke But that your white limbs dazzled me: Oh, white, And panting as they twinkled, wildly dancing! I cared not for your passionate gestures then, But now I have forgotten the charm of charms, The foolish knowledge which I came to seek, While I remember that quaint dance; and thus

I am come back, not for those mummeries, But to love you, and to kiss your little feet, Soft as an ermine's winter coat!

Festus.
Will struggle through these thronging words at last, As in the angry and tumultuous west
A soft star trembles through the drifting clouds.
These are the strivings of a spirit which hates
So sad a vault should coop it, and calls up
The past to stand between it and its fate:
Were he at Einsiedeln—or Michal here!

Were he at Einsiedeln-or Michal here! Paracelsus. Cruel! I see her now—I kneel—I shriek— I clasp her vesture—but she fades, still fades; And she is gone; sweet human love is gone! 'Tis only when they spring to heaven that angels Reveal themselves to you; they sit all day Beside you, and lie down at night by you, Who care not for their presence—muse or sleep— And all at once they leave you and you know them! We are so fooled, so cheated! Why, even now I am not too secure against foul play: The shadows deepen, and the walls contract-No doubt some treachery is going on ! 'Tis very dusk. Where are we put, Aprile? Have they left us in the lurch? This murky, loathsome Death-trap—this slaughter-house—is not the hal In the golden city! Keep by me, Aprile! There is a hand groping amid the blackness To catch us. Have the spider-fingers got you, Poet? Hold on me for your life; if once They pull you !--Hold ! 'Tis but a dream-no more.

L have you still—the sun comes out again Let us be happy—all will yet go well ! Let us confer: is it not like, Aprile, That spite of trouble, this ordeal passed, The value of my labours ascertained, Just as some stream foams long among the rocks But after glideth glassy to the sea, So, full content shall henceforth be my lot? What think you, poet? Louder! Your clear voice Vibrates too like a harp-string. Do you ask How could I still remain on earth, should God Grant me the great approval which I seek? I, you, and God can comprehend each other, But men would murmur, and with cause enough; For when they saw me, stainless of all sin, Preserved and sanctified by inward light. They would complain that comfort, shut from them,

I drank thus unespied; that they live on, Nor taste the quiet of a constant joy, For ache, and care, and doubt, and weariness, While I am calm; help being vouchsafed to me, And hid from them!—'Twere best consider that! You reason well, Aprile; but at least Let me know this, and die! Is this too much? I will learn this, if God so please, and die!

If thou shalt please, dear God, if thou shalt please! We are so weak, we know our motives least In their confused beginning: if at first I sought... But wherefore bare my heart to thee? I know thy mercy; and already thoughts Flock fast about my soul to comfort it, And intimate I cannot wholly fail, For love and praise would clasp me willingly Could I resolve to seek them: Thou art good, And I should be content; yet—yet first show I have done wrong in daring! Rather give The supernatural consciousness of strength That fed my youth—one only hour of that With thee to help—O what should bar me then

Lost, lost! Thus things are ordered here! God's creatures.

And yet he takes no pride in us!—none, none! Truly there needs another life to come! If this be all—(I must tell Festus that) And other life await us not—for one, I say 'tis a poor cheat, a stupid bungle, A wretched failure. I, for one, protest Against it—and I hurl it back with scorn!

Well, onward though alone: small time remains, And much to do: I must have fruit, must reap Some profit from my toils. I doubt my body Will hardly serve me through: while I have laboured It has decayed; and now that I demand Its best assistance, it will crumble fast: A sad thought—a sad fate! How very full Of wormwood 'tis, that just at altar-service, The rapt hymn rising with the rolling smoke, When glory dawns, and all is at the best—The sacred fire may flicker, and grow faint, And die, for want of a wood-piler's help! Thus fades the flagging body, and the soul Is pulled down in the overthrow: well, well—

Let men catch every word—let them lose nought Of what I say; something may yet be done.

They are ruins! Trust me who am one of you! All ruins—glorious once, but lonely now. It makes my heart sick to behold you crouch Beside your desolate fane; the arches dim, The crumbling columns grand against the moon: Could I but rear them up once more—but that May never be, so leave them! Trust me, friends, Why should you linger here when I have built A far resplendent temple, all your own? Trust me, they are but ruins! See, Aprile, Men will not heed! Yet were I not prepared With better refuge for them, tongue of mine Should ne'er reveal how blank their dwelling is; I would sit down in silence with the rest.

Ha, what? you spit at me, you grin and shriek Contempt into my ear—my ear which drank God's accents once? you curse me? Why men, men, I am not formed for it! Those hideous eyes Follow me sleeping, waking, praying God, And will not let me even die: spare, spare me, Sinning or no, forget that, only spare me That horrible scorn; you thought I could support it, But now you see what silly fragile creature Cowers thus. I am not good nor bad enough, Not Christ, nor Cain, yet even Cain was saved From hate like this: let me but totter back, Perhaps I shall elude those jeers which creep Into my very brain, and shut these scorched Eyelids, and keep those mocking faces out.

Listen, Aprile! I am very calm:
Be not deceived, there is no passion here,
Where the blood leaps like an imprisoned thing.
I am calm; I will exterminate the race!
Enough of that: 'tis said and it shall be.
And now be merry—safe and sound am I,
Who broke through their best ranks to get at you;
And such a havoc, such a route, Aprile!
Festus. Have you no thought, no memory for me,
Aureole? I am so wretched—my pure Michal
Is gone, and you alone are left to me,
And even you forget me: take my hand—

And even you forget me: take my hand— Lean on me, thus. Do you not know me, Aureole? Paracelsus. Festus, my own friend, you are come at last?

As you say, 'tis an awful enterprize-

But you believe I shall go through with it:
'Tis like you, and I thank you; thank him for me,
Dear Michal! See how bright St. Saviour's spire
Flames in the sunset; all its figures quaint
Gay in the glancing light: you might conceive them
A troop of yellow-vested, white-haired Jews,
Bound for their own land where redemption dawns!
Festus. Not that blest time—not our youth's time, dear
God!

Paracelsus. Ha-stay! true, I forget-all is done since! And he is come to judge me: how he speaks, How calm, how well! yes, it is true, all true; All quackery; all deceit! myself can laugh The first at it, if you desire: but still You know the obstacles which taught me tricks So foreign to my nature—envy, and hate— Blind opposition—brutal prejudice— Bald ignorance—what wonder if I sunk To humour men the way they most approved? My cheats were never palmed on such as you. Dear Festus! I will kneel if you require me. Impart the meagre knowledge I possess. Explain its bounded nature, and avow My insufficiency—whate'er you will: I give the fight up! let there be an end. A privacy, an obscure nook for me. I want to be forgotten even by God! But if that cannot be, dear Festus, lay me. When I shall die, within some narrow grave, Not by itself-for that would be too proud-But where such graves are thickest; let it look Nowise distinguished from the hillocks round. So that the peasant at his brother's bed May tread upon my own and know it not: And we shall all be equal at the last. Or classed according to life's natural ranks, Fathers, sons, brothers, friends—not rich, nor wise. Nor gifted: lay me thus, then say "He lived "Too much advanced before his brother men: "They kept him still in front; 'twas for their good, "But yet a dangerous station. It were strange "That he should tell God he had never ranked "With men: so, here at least he is a man!" Festus. That God shall take thee to his breast, dear

Spirit,
Unto his breast, be sure I and here on earth
Shall splendour sit upon thy name for ever!
Sun! all the heaven is clad for thee: what care
If lower mountains light their snowy phares

At thine effulgence, yet acknowledge not The source of day? Men look up to the sun; For after-ages shall retrack thy beams, And put aside the crowd of busy ones. And worship thee alone—the master-mind, The thinker, the explorer, the creator! Then, who should sneer at the convulsive throes With which thy deeds were born, would scorn as well The winding sheet of subterraneous fire Which, pent and writhing, sends no less at last Huge islands up amid the simmering sea! Behold thy might in me I thou hast infused Thy soul in mine; and I am grand as thou, Seeing I comprehend thee—I so simple. Thou so august! I recognise thee first; I saw thee rise, I watched thee early and late, And though no glance reveal thou dost accept My homage—thus no less I proffer it. And bid thee enter gloriously thy rest!

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Paracelsus. Festus! I am for noble Aureole, God! Festus. I am upon his side, come weal or woe! His portion shall be mine! He has done well! I would have sinned, had I been strong enough, As he has sinned! Reward him or I waive Reward! If thou canst find no place for him. He shall be king elsewhere, and I will be His slave for ever! There are two of us!

Paracelsus. Dear Festus!

Here, dear Aureole! ever by you! Festus. Paracelsus. Nay, speak on, or I dream again. Speak on!

· Some story, any thing—only your voice. I shall dream else. Speak on! ay, leaning so! Softly the Mayne river glideth

Festus. Close by where my love abideth; Sleep's no softer: it proceeds On through lawns, on through meads, On and on, whate'er befall, Meanderin and musical, Though the niggard pasture's edge Bears not on its shaven ledge Aught but weeds and waving grasses To view the river as it passes, Save here and there a scanty patch Of primroses, too faint to catch A weary bee . .

More, more; say on! Paracelsus. The river pushes Festus.

Its gentle way through strangling rushes,

Where the glossy king-fisher Flutters when noon-heats are near. Glad the shelving banks to shun, Red and steaming in the sun, Where the shrew-mouse with pale throat Burrows, and the speckled stoat. Where the quick sand-pipers flit In and out the marl and grit That seems to breed them, brown as they. Nought disturbs the river's way. Save some lazy stork that springs, Trailing it with legs and wings, Whom the shy fox from the hill Rouses, creep he ne'er so still.

Paracelsus. My heart! they loose my heart, those simple words;

Its darkness passes, which nought else could touch: Like some dark snake that force may not expel, Which glideth out to music sweet and low. What were you doing when your voice broke through A chaos of ugly images? You, indeed!

Are you alone here?

Festus.

All alone: you know me?

This cell?

Paracelsus. An unexceptionable vault-Good brick and stone—the bats kept out, the rats Kept in—a snug nook: how should I mistake it?

Festus. But wherefore am I here?

Paracelsus. Ah! well remembered:

Why, for a purpose —for a purpose, Festus! 'Tis like me: here I trifle while time fleets, And this occasion, lost, will ne'er return! You are here to be instructed. I will tell God's message; but I have so much to say, I fear to leave half out: all is confused No doubt; but doubtless you will learn in time. He would not else have brought you here: no doubt I shall see clearer soon.

Festus. Tell me but this-

You are not in despair? Paracelsus.

I? and for what? Festus. Alas, alas! he knows not, as I feared! Paracelsus. What is it you would ask me with that earnest.

Dear, searching face?

Festus. How feel you, Aureole? Paracelsus.

Well!

Well: 'tis a strange thing. I am dying, Festus, And now that fast the storm of life subsides,

I first perceive how great the whirl has been: I was calm then, who am so dizzy now-Calm in the thick of the tempest, but no less A partner of its motion, and mixed up With its career. The hurricane is spent And the good boat speeds through the brightening weather; But is it earth or sea that heaves below? For the gulf rolls like a meadow, overstrewn With ravaged boughs and remnants of the shore; And now some islet, loosened from the land. Swims past with all its trees, sailing to ocean: And now the air is full of up-torn canes, Light strippings from the fan-trees, tamarisks Unrooted, with their birds still clinging to them, All high in the wind. Even so my varied life Drifts by me. I am young, old, happy, sad, Hoping, desponding, acting, taking rest, And all at once: that is, those past conditions Float back at once on me. If I select Some special epoch from the crowd, 'tis but To will, and straight the rest dissolve away. And only that particular state is present, With all its long-forgotten circumstance, Distinct and vivid as at first-myself A careless looker-on, and nothing more! Indifferent and amused, but nothing more! And this is death: I understand it all. New being waits me; new perceptions must Be born in me before I plunge therein; Which last is Death's affair; and while I speak, Minute by minute he is filling me With power; and while my foot is on the threshold Of boundless life-the doors unopened yet, All preparations not complete within— I turn new knowledge upon old events, And the effect is . . . But I must not tell; It is not lawful. Your own turn will come One day. Wait, Festus! You will die like me! Festus. 'Tis of that past life that I burn to hear! Paracelsus. You wonder it engages me just now? In truth, I wonder too. What's life to me? Where'er I look is fire, where'er I listen Music, and where I tend bliss overmore. Yet how can I refrain? 'Tis a refined Delight to view those chances,—one last view. I am so near the perils I escape, That I must play with them and turn them over, To feel how fully they are past and gone. Still it is like some further cause exists

For this peculiar mood—some hidden purpose; Did I not tell you something of it, Festus? I had it fast, but it has somehow slipt Away from me; it will return anon.

Festus. (Indeed his cheek seems young again, his

complete with its old tones: that little laugh Concluding every phrase, with up-turned eye, As though one stooped above his head, to whom He looked for confirmation and applause,—Where was it gone so long, being kept so well? Then, the fore-finger pointing as he speaks, Like one who traces in an open book The matter he declares; 'tis many a year Since I remarked it last: and this in him, But now a ghastly wreck!)

And can it be,
Dear Aureole, you have then found out at last
That worldly things are utter vanity?
That man is made for weakness, and should wait
In patient ignorance till God appoint . . .

Paracelsus. Ha, the purpose; the true purpose: that is it!

How could I fail to apprehend! You here, I thus! But no more trifling; I see all, I know all: my last mission shall be done If strength suffice. No trifling! Stay; this posture Hardly befits one thus about to speak: I will arise.

Festus. Nay, Aureole, are you wild? You cannot leave your couch.

Paracelsus.

No help; no help;
Not even your hand.

So! there, I stand once more!
Speak from a couch? I never lectured thus.
My gown—the scarlet, lined with fur; now put
The chain about my neck; my signet-ring
Is still upon my hand, I think—even so;
Last, my good sword; ha, trusty Azoth, leapest
Beneath thy master's grasp for the last time?
This couch shall be my throne: I bid these walls
Be consecrate; this wretched cell become
A shrine; for here God speaks to men through me!
Now, Festus, I am ready to begin.

Festus. I am dumb with wonder.

Paracelsus.

Listen, therefore, Festus!

There will be time enough, but none to spare.

I must content myself with telling only

The most important points. You doubtless feel

That I am happy, Festus; very happy.

Festus. 'Tis no delusion which uplifts him thus! Then you are pardoned, Aureole, all your sin?

Paracelsus. Ay, pardoned! yet why pardoned?

Festus. 'Tis God's praise.

That man is bound to seek, and you . . . Have lived i

Paracelsus.

We have to live alone to set forth well
God's praise. 'Tis true, I sinned much, as I thought,
And in effect need mercy, for I strove
To do that very thing; but, do your best
Or worst, praise rises, and will rise for ever.
Pardon from Him, because of praise denied—
Who calls me to Himself to exalt Himself?

He might laugh as I laugh!

Festus. Then all comes
To the same thing. 'Tis fruitless for mankind
To fret themselves with what concerns them not;
They are no use that way: they should lie down
Content as God has made them, nor go mad
In thriveless cares to better what is ill.

Paracelsus. No, no; mistake me not; let me not work More harm than I have done! This is my case:

More harm than I have done! This is my If I go joyous back to God, yet bring No offering, if I render up my soul Without the fruits it was ordained to bear, If I appear the better to love God For sin, as one who has no claim on him,—Be not deceived: it may be surely thus With me, while higher prizes still await The mortal persevering to the end.

For I too have been something, though too soon

I left the instincts of that happy time!

Festus. What happy time? For God's sake, for man's

* sake.

What time was happy? All I hope to know That answer will decide. What happy time?

Paracelsus. When, but the time I vowed my help to man?

Festus. Great God, thy judgments are inscrutable! Paracelsus. Yes, it was in me; I was born for it—I, Paracelsus: it was mine by right.
Doubtless a searching and impetuous soul Might learn from its own motions that some task Like this awaited it about the world; Might seek somewhere in this blank life of ours For fit delights to stay its longings vast; And, grappling Nature, so prevail on her To fill the creature full she dared to frame Hungry for joy; and, bravely tyrannous,

Grow in demand, still craving more and more. And make each joy conceded prove a pledge Of other joy to follow-bating nought Of its desires, still seizing fresh pretence To turn the knowledge and the rapture wrung As an extreme, last boon, from Destinv. Into occasion for new covetings, New strifes, new triumphs:—doubtless a strong soul Alone, unaided might attain to this. So glorious is our nature, so august Man's inborn uninstructed impulses. His naked spirit so majestical! But this was born in me; I was made so. Thus much time saved: the feverish appetites. The tumult of unproved desires, the unaimed Uncertain yearnings, aspirations blind. Distrust, mistake, and all that ends in tears Were saved me; thus I entered on my course ! You may be sure I was not all exempt From human trouble; just so much of doubt As bade me plant a surer foot upon The sun-road—kept my eye unruined mid The fierce and flashing splendour-set my heart Trembling so much as warned me I stood there On sufferance—not to idly gaze, but cast Light on a darkling race; save for that doubt. I stood at first where all aspire at last To stand; the secret of the world was mine. I knew, I felt, (perception unexpressed. Uncomprehended by our narrow thought, But somehow felt and known in every shift And change in spirit,—nay, in every pore Of the body, even,)—what God is, what we are. What life is-how God tastes an infinite joy In infinite ways—one everlasting bliss. From whom all being emanates, all power Proceeds: in whom is life for evermore, Yet whom existence in its lowest form Includes: where dwells enjoyment there is He! With still a flying point of bliss remote. A happiness in store afar, a sphere Of distant glory in full view; thus climbs Pleasure its heights for ever and for ever! The centre-fire heaves underneath the earth, And the earth changes like the human face: The molten ore bursts up among the rocks, Winds into the stone's heart, outbranches bright In hidden mines, spots barren river-beds, Crumbles into fine sand where sunbeams bask-

God joys therein! The wroth sea's waves are edged With foam, white as the bitten lip of Hate, When in the solitary, waste, strange groups Of young volcanos come up, cyclops-like, Staring together with their eyes on flame; God tastes a pleasure in their uncouth pride! Then all is still: earth is a wintry clod; But spring-wind, like a dancing psaltress, passes Over its breast to waken it; rare verdure Buds tenderly upon rough banks, between The withered tree-roots and the cracks of frost, Like a smile striving with a wrinkled face; The grass grows bright, the boughs are swoln with blooms, Like chrysalids impatient for the air; The shining dorrs are busy; beetles run Along the furrows, ants make their ado; Above, birds fly in merry flocks—the lark Soars up and up, shivering for very joy; Afar the ocean sleeps; white fishing-gulls Flit where the strand is purple with its tribe Of nested limpets; savage creatures seek Their loves in wood and plain; and God renews His ancient rapture! Thus he dwells in all, From life's minute beginnings, up at last To man—the consummation of this scheme Of being, the completion of this sphere Of life: whose attributes had here and there Been scattered o'er the visible world before, Asking to be combined—dim fragments meant To be united in some wondrous whole— Imperfect qualities throughout creation, Suggesting some one creature yet to make— Some point where all those scattered rays should meet Convergent in the faculties of man. Power; neither put forth blindly, nor controlled Calmly by perfect knowledge; to be used At risk, inspired or checked by hope and fear: Knowledge; not intuition, but the slow Uncertain fruit of an enhancing toil, Strengthened by love: love; not serenely pure, But strong from weakness, like a chance-sown plant Which, cast on stubborn soil, puts forth changed buds, And softer stains, unknown in happier climes; Love which endures, and doubts, and is oppressed, And cherished, suffering much, and much sustained, A blind, oft-failing, yet believing love, A half-enlightened, often-chequered trust:-Hints and previsions of which faculties, Are strewn confusedly everywhere about

The inferior natures; and all lead up higher, All shape out dimly the superior race, The heir of hopes too fair to turn out false, And Man appears at last: so far the seal Is put on life; one stage of being complete, One scheme wound up; and from the grand result A supplementary reflux of light, Illustrates all the inferior grades, explains Each back step in the circle. Not alone For their possessor dawn those qualities. But the new glory mixes with the heaven And earth: Man, once descried, imprints for ever His presence on all lifeless things; the winds Are henceforth voices, in a wail or shout, A querulous mutter, or a quick gay laugh-Never a senseless gust now man is born! The herded pines commune, and have deep thoughts, A secret they assemble to discuss, When the sun drops behind their trunks which glare Like grates of hell: the peerless cup affoat Of the lake-lilv is an urn, some nymph Swims bearing high above her head: no bird Whistles unseen, but through the gaps above That let light in upon the gloomy woods, A shape peeps from the breezy forest-top, Arch with small puckered mouth and mocking eve: The morn has enterprise,—deep quiet droops With evening; triumph takes the sun-set hour, Voluptuous transport ripens with the corn Beneath a warm moon like a happy face: -And this to fill us with regard for man, With apprehension for his passing worth, Desire to work his proper nature out, And ascertain his rank and final place; For these things tend still upward-progress is The law of life-man's self is not yet Man! Nor shall I deem his object served, his end Attained, his genuine strength put fairly forth, While only here and there a star dispels The darkness, here and there a towering mind O'erlooks its prostrate fellows: when the host Is out at once to the despair of night, When all mankind alike is perfected, Equal in full-blown powers—then, not till then, I say, begins man's general infancy! For wherefore make account of feverish starts Of restless members of a dormant whole— Impatient nerves which quiver while the body Slumbers as in a grave? O, long ago

The brow was twitched, the tremulous lids astir,
The peaceful mouth disturbed; half-uttered speech
Ruffled the lip, and then the teeth were set,
The breath drawn sharp, the strong right-hand clenched
stronger.

As it would pluck a lion by the jaw; The glorious creature laughed out even in sleep! But when full roused, each giant-limb awake, Each sinew strung, the great heart pulsing fast, He shall start up, and stand on his own earth. And so begin his long triumphant march, And date his being thence,—thus wholly roused, What he achieves shall be set down to him! When all the race is perfected alike As Man, that is: all tended to mankind, And, man produced, all has its end thus far; But in completed man begins anew A tendency to God. Prognostics told Man's near approach; so in man's self arise August anticipations, symbols, types Of a dim splendour ever on before, In that eternal circle run by life: For men begin to pass their nature's bound, And find new hopes and cares which fast supplant Their proper joys and griefs; and outgrow all The narrow creeds of right and wrong, which fade Before the unmeasured thirst for good; while peace Rises within them ever more and more. Such men are even now upon the earth, Serene amid the half-formed creatures round, Who should be saved by them and joined with them. Such was my task, and I was born to it-*Free, as I said but now, from much that chains Spirits, high-dowered, but limited and vexed By a divided and delusive aim, A shadow mocking a reality Whose truth avails not wholly to disperse The flitting mimic called up by itself, And so remains perplexed and nigh put out By its fantastic fellow's wavering gleam. I, from the first, was never cheated so; I never fashioned out a fancied good Distinct from man's; a service to be done, A glory to be ministered unto, With powers put forth at man's expense, withdrawn From labouring in his behalf; a strength Denied that might avail him! I cared not Lest his success ran counter to success Elsewhere: for God is glorified in man,

And to man's glory, vowed I soul and limb. Yet, constituted thus, and thus endowed. I failed: I gazed on power till I grew blind-On power; I could not take my eyes from that-That only, I thought, should be preserved, increased At any risk, displayed, struck out at once-The sign, and note, and character of man. I saw no use in the past: only a scene Of degradation, imbecility— The record of disgraces best forgotten, A sullen page in human chronicles Fit to erase: I saw no cause why man Should not be all-sufficient even now: Or why his annals should be forced to tell That once the tide of light, about to break Upon the world, was sealed within its spring; I would have had one day, one moment's space, Change man's condition, push each slumbering claim To mastery o'er the elemental world At once to full maturity, then roll Oblivion o'er the tools, and hide from man, What night had ushered morn. Not so, dear child Of after-days, wilt thou reject the Past. Big with deep warnings of the proper tenure By which thou hast the earth: the Present for thee Shall have distinct and trembling beauty, seen Beside that Past's own shade, whence, in relief, Its brightness shall stand out: nor on thee yet Shall burst the Future, as successive zones Of several wonder open on some spirit Flying secure and glad from heaven to heaven; But thou shalt painfully attain to joy, While hope, and fear, and love, shall keep thee man! All this was hid from me: as one by one My dreams grew dim, my wide aims circumscribed, As actual good within my reach decreased, While obstacles sprung up this way and that, To keep me from effecting half the sum, Small as it proved; as objects, mean within The primal aggregate, seemed, even the least, Itself a match for my concentred strength-What wonder if I saw no way to shun Despair? The power I sought for man, seemed God's ! In this conjuncture, as I prayed to die, A strange adventure made me know, One Sin Had spotted my career from its uprise; I saw Aprile-my Aprile there! And as the poor melodious wretch disburthened His heart, and moaned his weakness in my ear,

I learned my own deep error; love's undoing Taught me the worth of love in man's estate, And what proportion love should hold with power In his right constitution; love preceding · Power, and with much power, always much more love; Love still too straitened in its present means, And earnest for new power to set it free. I learned this, and supposed the whole was learned: And thus, when men received with stupid wonder My first revealings, would have worshipped me, And I despised and loathed their proffered praise-When, with awakened eyes, they took revenge For past credulity in casting shame On my real knowledge, and I hated them-It was not strange I saw no good in man, To overbalance all the wear and waste Of faculties, displayed in vain, but born To prosper in some better sphere: and why? In my own heart love had not been made wise To trace love's faint beginnings in mankind, To know even hate is but a mask of love's, To see a good in evil, and a hope In ill-success; to sympathize, be proud Of their half-reasons, faint aspirings, dim Struggles for truth, their poorest fallacies, Their prejudice, and fears, and cares, and doubts; Which all touch upon nobleness, despite Their error, all tend upwardly though weak, Like plants in mines which never saw the sun, But dream of him, and guess where he may be, And do their best to climb and get to him. All this I knew not, and I failed. Let men Regard me, and the poet dead long ago Who once loved rashly; and shape forth a third, And better tempered spirit, warned by both: As from the over-radiant star too mad To drink the light-springs, beamless thence itself-And the dark orb which borders the abyss, Ingulfed in icy night,-might have its course A temperate and equidistant world. Meanwhile, I have done well, though not all well. As yet men cannot do without contempt-'Tis for their good, and therefore fit awhile That they reject the weak, and scorn the false, Rather than praise the strong and true, in me. But after, they will know me! If I stoop Into a dark tremendous sea of cloud, It is but for a time; I press God's lamp Close to my breast-its splendour, soon or late,

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Will pierce the gloom: I shall emerge one day! You understand me? I have said enough? Festus. Now die, dear Aureole! Paracelsus.

Festus, let my hand-This hand, lie in your own-my own true friend ! Aprile! Hand in hand with you, Aprile!

Festus. And this was Paracelsus !

NOTE

The liberties I have taken with my subject are very trifling: and the reader may slip the foregoing scenes between the leaves of any memoir of Paracelsus he pleases, by way of commentary. To prove this, I subjoin a popular account, translated from the "Biographie Universelle, Paris," 1822, which I select, not as the best, certainly, but as being at hand, and sufficiently concise for my purpose. I also append a few notes, in order to correct those parts which do not bear out my own view of the character of Paracelsus; and have incorporated with them a notice or two, illustrative of the poem

"PARACELSUS (Philippus Aureolus Theophrastus Bombastus ab Hohenheim) was born in 1493 at Einsiedeln, (1) a little town in the canton of Schwyz, some leagues distant from Zurich. His father, who exercised the profession of medicine at Villach in Carinthia, was nearly related to George Bombast de Hohenheim. who became afterwards Grand Prior of the Order of Malta: consequently Paracelsus could not spring from the dregs of the people, as Thomas Erastus, his sworn enemy, pretends.* It appears that his elementary education was much neglected, and that he "spent part of his youth in pursuing the life common to the travelling literati of the age; that is to say, in wandering from country to country, predicting the future by astrology and cheiromancy, evoking apparitions, and practising the different operations of magic and alchemy, in which he had been initiated whether by his father or by various ecclesiastics, among the number of whom he particularizes the Abbot Tritheim, (2) and many German bishops.

"As Paracelsus displays everywhere an ignorance of the rudiments of the most ordinary knowledge, it is not probable that he ever studied seriously in the schools: he contented himself with visiting

^{*} I shall disguise M. Renauldin's next sentence a little. "Hic (Erastus sc.) Paracelsum trimum a milite quodam, alii a sue exectum ferunt: constat imberbem illum, mulierumque osorem fuisse." A standing High-Dutch joke in those days at the expense of a number of learned men, as may be seen by referring to such rubbish at Melander's "Jocoseria," etc. In the prints from his portrait by Tintoretto, painted a year before his death, Paracelsus is barbatulus, at all events. But Erastus was never without a good reason for his faith—e.g. "Helvetium fuisse (Paracelsum) vix credo, vix enim ea regio tale monstrum ediderit." (De Medicina Nova.)

the Universities of Germany, France, and Italy; and in spite of his boasting himself to have been the ornament of those institutions. there is no proof of his having legally acquired the title of Doctor. which he assumes. It is only known that he applied himself long. under the direction of the wealthy Sigismond Fugger of Schwatz,

to the discovery of the Magnum Opus.

"Paracelsus travelled among the mountains of Bohemia, in the East. and in Sweden, in order to inspect the labours of the miners. to be initiated in the mysteries of the oriental adepts, and to observe the secrets of nature and the famous mountain of loadstone. (3) He professes also to have visited Spain, Portugal, Prussia, Poland. and Transylvania; everywhere communicating freely, not merely with the physicians, but the old women, charlatans and conjurers of these several lands. It is even believed that he extended his journeyings as far as Egypt and Tartary, and that he accompanied the son of the Khan of the Tartars to Constantinople, for the purpose of obtaining the secret of the tincture of Trismegistus from a Greek who inhabited that capital.

"The period of his return to Germany is unknown: it is only certain that, at about the age of thirty-three, many astonishing cures which he wrought on eminent personages procured him such a celebrity, that he was called in 1526, on the recommendation of Œcolampadius, (4) to fill a chair of physic and surgery at the University of Basil. There Paracelsus began by burning publicly in the amphitheatre the works of Avicenna and Galen, assuring his auditors that the latchets of his shoes were more instructed than those two physicians; that all Universities, all writers put together, were less gifted than the hairs of his beard and of the crown of his head; and that, in a word, he was to be regarded as the legitimate monarch of medicine. 'You shall follow me,' cried he, 'you, Avicenna, Galen, Rhasis, Montagnana, Mesues, you, gentlemen of Paris, Montpellier. Germany, Cologne, Vienna,* and whomsoever the Rhine and Danube nourish; you who inhabit the isles of the sea; you, likewise, Dalmatians, Athenians; thou, Arab; thou, Greek; thou, Jew; all shall follow me, and the monarchy shall be mine.' †

"But at Basil it was speedily perceived that the new Professor was no better than an egregious quack. Scarcely a year elapsed before his lectures had fairly driven away an audience incapable of

^{*} Erastus, who relates this, here oddly remarks, " mirum quod non et Garamantos, Indos et Anglos adjunxit." Not so wonderful neither, if we believe what another adversary "had heard somewhere,"—that all Paracelsus' system came of his pillaging "Anglum quendam, Rogerium Bacchonem."

[†] See his works passim. I must give one specimen :- Somebody had been styling him "Luther alter." "And why not?" (he asks, as he well might). "Luther is abundantly learned, therefore you hate him and me; but we are at least a match for you.-Nam et contra vos et vestros universos principes Avicennam, Galenum, Aristotelem, etc. me satis superque munitum esse novi. Et vertex iste meus calvus ac depilis multo plura et sublimiora novit quam vester vel Avicenna vel universæ academiæ. Prodite, et signum date, qui viri sitis, quid roboris habeatis? quid autem sitis? Doctores et magistri, pediculos pectentes et fricantes podicem." (Frag. Med.)

comprehending their emphatic jargon. That which above all contributed to sully his reputation was the debauched life he led. According to the testimony of Oporinus, who lived two years in his intimacy, Paracelsus scarcely ever ascended the lecture-desk unless half drunk, and only dictated to his secretaries when in a state of intoxication: if summoned to attend the sick, he rarely proceeded thither without previously drenching himself with wine. He was accustomed to retire to bed without changing his clothes; sometimes he spent the night in pot-houses with peasants, and in the morning knew no longer what he was about; and, nevertheless, up to the age of twenty-five his only drink had been water. (*)

"At length, fearful of being punished for a serious outrage on a magistrate, (6) he fled from Basil towards the end of the year 1527, and took refuge in Alsatia, whither he caused Oporinus to follow

with his chemical apparatus.

- "He then entered once more upon the career of ambulatory theosophist.* Accordingly we find him at Colmar in 1528; at Nuremberg in 1529; in St. Gall in 1531; at Pfeffers in 1535; and at Augsburg in 1536: he next made some stay in Moravia, where he still further compromised his reputation by the loss of many distinguished patients, which compelled him to betake himself to Vienna; from thence he passed into Hungary; and in 1538 was at Villach, where he dedicated his 'Chronicle' to the States of Carinthia, in gratitude for the many kindnesses with which they had honoured his father. Finally, from Mindelheim, which he visited in 1540, Paracelsus proceeded to Salzburg, where he died in the Hospital of St. Stephen (Sebastian is meant), Sept. 24, 1541."—(Here follows a criticism on his writings, which I omit.)
- (1) Paracelsus would seem to be a fantastic version of Von Hohenheim; Einsiedeln is the Latinized Eremus, whence Paracelsus is sometimes called, as in the correspondence of Erasmus, Eremita; Bombast, his proper name, probably acquired, from the characteristic phraseology of his lectures, that unlucky signification which it has ever since retained.
- (2) Then Bishop of Spanheim, and residing at Würzburg in Franconia; a town situated in a grassy fertile country, whence its name, Herbipolis. He was much visited there by learned men, as may be seen by his "Epistolæ Familiares," Hag. 1536: among others, by his staunch friend Cornelius Agrippa, to whom he dates thence, in 1510, a letter in answer to the dedicatory epistle prefixed to the treatise De Occult. Philosoph., which last contains the following ominous allusion to Agrippa's sojourn: "Quum nuper tecum, R. P. in cœnobio tuo apud Herbipolim aliquamdiu con-

^{*&}quot;So migratory a life could afford Paracelsus but little leisure for application to books, and accordingly he informs us that for the space of ten years he never opened a single volume, and that his whole medical library was not composed of six sheets: in effect, the inventory drawn up after his death states that the only books which he left were the Bible, the New Testament, the Commentaries of St. Jerome on the Gospels, a printed volume on Medicine, and seven manuscripts."

versatus, multa de chymicis, multa de magicis, multa de cabalisticis, cæterisque quæ adhuc in occulto delitescunt, arcanis scientiis atque artibus una contulissemus," etc.

- (3) "Inexplebilis illa aviditas naturæ perscrutandi secreta et reconditarum supellectile scientiarum animum locupletandi, uno eodemque loco diu persistere non patiebatur, sed Mercurii instar. omnes terras, nationes et urbes perlustrandi igniculos supponebat. ut cum viris naturæ scrutatoribus, chymicis præsertim, ore tenusconferret, et quæ diuturnis laboribus nocturnisque vigiliis invenerant una vel altera communicatione obtineret." (Bitiskius in Præfat.) "Patris auxilio primum, deinde propria industria doctissimos viros in Germania, Italia, Gallia Hispania, aliisque Europæ regionibus, nactus est præceptores; quorum liberali doctrina, et potissimum propria inquisitione ut qui esset ingenio acutissimo ac fere divino, tantum profecit, ut multi testati sint, in universa philosophia. tam ardua, tam arcana et abdita eruisse mortalium neminem.' (Melch. Adam. in Vit. Germ. Medic.) "Paracelsus qui in intimanaturæ viscera sic penitus introierit, metallorum stirpiumque vires et facultates tam incredibili ingenii acumine exploraverit ac perviderit, ad morbos omnes vel desperatos et opinione hominum insanabiles percurandum; ut cum Theophrasto nata primum medicina perfectaque videtur." (Petri Rami Orat. de Basilea.) His passion for wandering is best described in his own words: " Ecceamatorem adolescentem difficillimi itineris haud piget, ut venustam saltem puellam vel fæminam aspiciat: quanto minus nobilissimarum artium amore laboris ac cujuslibet tædii pigebit?" etc. (" Defensiones Septem adversus æmulos suos." 1573. Def. 4ta.-" De peregrinationibus et exilio.")
- (4) The reader may remember that it was in conjunction with Œcolampadius, then Divinity Professor at Basil, that Zuinglius published in 1528 an answer to Luther's Confession of Faith: and that both proceeded in company to the subsequent conference with Luther and Melanchthon at Marpurg. Their letters fill a large volume.—"D.D. Johannis Œcolampadii et Huldrichi Zuinglii Epistolarum lib. quatuor." Bas. 1536. It must be also observed that Zuinglius began to preach in 1516, and at Zurich in 1519, and that in 1525 the Mass was abolished in the cantons. The tenets of Œcolampadius were supposed to be more evangelical than those up to that period maintained by the glorious German, and our brave Bishop Fisher attacked them as the fouler heresy:-" About this time arose out of Luther's school one Œcolampadius, like a mighty and fierce giant; who, as his master had gone beyond the Church, went beyond his master (or else it had been impossible he could have been reputed the better scholar), who denied the real presence; him, this worthy champion (the Bishop) sets upon, and with five books (like so many smooth stones taken out of the river that doth always run with living water) slays the Philistine; which five books were written in the year of our Lord 1526, at which time he had governed the see of Rochester twenty years." (Life of Bishop Fisher, 1655.) Now, there is no doubt of the Protestantism of Paracelsus, Erasmus, Agrippa, etc., but the nonconformity of Paracelsus was always scandalous. L. Crasso (" Elogj d'Huomini Letterati," Ven. 1666) informs us

that his books were excommunicated by the Church. Quenstedt (de Patr. Doct.) affirms "nec tantum novæ medicinæ, verum etiam novæ theologiæ autor est." Delrio, in his Disquisit. Magicar., classes him among those " partim atheos, partim hæreticos" (lib. i. " Omnino tamen multa theologica in ejusdem scriptis plane atheismum olent, ac duriuscule sonant in auribus vere Christiani." Gabrielis Clauderi Schediasma de Tinct. Univ. Norimb. 1736.) I shall only add one more authority:--" Oporinus dicit se (Paracelsum) aliquando Lutherum et Papam, non minus quam nunc Galenum et Hippocratem redacturum in ordinem minabatur, neque enim eorum qui hactenus in scripturam sacram scripsissent, sive veteres, sive recentiores, quenquam scripturæ nucleum recte eruisse, sed circa corticem et quasi membranam tantum (Th. Erastus, Disputat. de Med. Nova.) These and similar notions had their due effect on Oporinus, who, says Zuingerus, in his "Theatrum," "longum vale dixit ei (Paracelso), ne ob præceptoris, alioqui amicissimi, horrendas blasphemias ipse quoque aliquando pœnas Deo Opt. Max. lueret."

(5) His defenders allow the drunkenness. Take a sample of their excuses: "Gentis hoc, non viri vitiolum est, a Taciti seculo ad nostrum usque non interrupto filo devolutum, sinceritati forte Germanæ coævum, et nescio an aliquo consanguinitatis vinculo (Bitiskius.) The other charges were chiefly trumped junctum." up by Operinus: "Domi, quod Operinus amanuensis ejus sæpe narravit, nunquam nisi potus ad explicanda sua accessit, atque in medio conclavi ad columnam τετυφωμένος adsistens, appreĥenso manibus capulo ensis, cujus κοίλωμα hospitium præbuit, ut aiunt, spiritui familiari, imaginationes aut concepta sua protulit:alii illud quod in capulo habuit, ab ipso Azoth appellatum, medicinam fuisse præstantissimam aut lapidem Philosophicum putant." (Melch. Adam.) This famous sword was no laughing matter in those days, and it is now a material feature in the popular idea of Paracelsus. I recollect a couple of allusions to it in our own literature, at the moment.

> Ne had been known the Danish Gonswart, Or Paracelsus with his long sword. "Volpone," act ii. scene 2.

Bumbastus kept a devil's bird
Shut in the pummel of his sword,
That taught him all the cunning pranks
Of past and future mountebanks.
"Hudibras," part ii. cant. 3.

This Azoth was simply "laudanum suum." But in his time he was commonly believed to possess the double tincture—the power of curing diseases and transmuting metals. Oporinus often witnessed, as he declares, both these effects, as did also Franciscus, the servant of Paracelsus, who describes, in a letter to Neander, a successful projection at which he was present, and the results of which, good golden ingots, were confided to his keeping. For the other quality, let the following notice vouch among many others:—" Degebat Theophrastus Norimbergæ procitus a medentibus illius urbis, et

vaniloquus deceptorque proclamatus, qui, ut laboranti famæ subveniat, viros quosdam authoritatis summæ in Republica illa adit, et infamiæ amoliendæ, artique suæ asserendæ, specimen ejus pollicetur editurum, nullo stipendio vel accepto pretio, horum faciles præbentium aures jussu elephantiacos aliquot, a communione flominum cæterorum segregatos, et in valetudinarium detrusos, alieno arbitrio eliguntur, quos virtute singulari remediorum suorum. Theophrastus a fœda Græcorum lepra mundat, pristinæque sanitati restituit: conservat illustre harum curationum urbs in archivis suis testimonium." (Bitiskius.)* It is to be remarked that Oporinus afterwards repented of his treachery: " Sed resipuit tandem, et quem vivum convitiis insectatus fuerat defunctum veneratione prosequutus, infames famæ præceptoris morsus in remorsus conscientiæ conversi pœnitentia, heu nimis tarda, vulnera clausere exanimi quæ spiranti inflixerant." For these "bites "of Oporinus, see Disputat. Erasti, and Andreæ Jocisci "Oratio de Vit. ob Oport; " for the "remorse," Mic. Toxita in pref. Testamenti, and Conringius (otherwise an enemy of Paracelsus), who says it was contained in a letter from Oporinus to Doctor Vegerus.†

Whatever the moderns may think of these marvellous attributes, the title of Paracelsus to be considered the father of modern chemistry is indisputable. Gerardus Vossius, "De Philosa et Philosum sectis," thus prefaces the ninth section of cap. 9, "De Chymia"-"Nobilem hanc medicinæ partem, diu sepultam avorum ætate, quasi ab orco revocavit Th. Paracelsus." I suppose many hints lie scattered in his neglected books, which clever appropriators have since developed with applause. Thus, it appears from his treatise "De Phlebotomia," and elsewhere, that he had discovered the circulation of the blood and the sanguification of the heart; as did after him Realdo Colombo, and still more perfectly Andrea Cesalpino of Arezzo, as Bayle and Bartoli observe. Even Lavater quotes a passage from his work "De Natura Rerum," on practical Physiognomy, in which the definitions and axioms are precise enough: he adds, "though an astrological enthusiast, a man of prodigious genius." See Holcroft's translation, vol. iii. p. 179-" The Eyes." While on the subject of the writings of Paracelsus, I may explain a passage in the third part He was, as I have said, unwilling to publish his of the Poem.

† For a good defence of Paracelsus I refer the reader to Olaus Borrichius' treatise—"Hermetis etc. Sapientia vindicata," 1674. Or, if he is no more learned than myself in such matters, I mention simply that Paracelsus introduced the use of Mercury and Laudanum.

^{*} The premature death of Paracelsus casts no manner of doubt on the fact of his having possessed the Elixir Vitæ: the alchemists have abundant reasons to adduce, from which I select the following, as explanatory of a property of the Tincture not calculated on by its votaries:—"Objectionem illam, quod Paraclesus non fuerit longævus, nonnulli quoque solvunt per rationes physicas: vitæ nimirum abbreviationem fortasse talibus accidere posse, ob Tincturam frequentiore ac largiore dosi sumtam, dum a summe efficaci et penetrabili hujus virtute calor innatus quasi suffocatur." (Gabrielis Clauderi Schediasma.)

works, but in effect did publish a vast number. Valentius (in Przfat. in Paramyr.) declares "quod ad librorum Paracelsi copiam attinet, audio, a Germanis prope trecentos recenseri." "O fœcunditas in-Many of these were, however, genii i" adds he, appositely. spurious; and Fred. Bitiskius gives his good edition (3 vols. fol. Gen. 1658) "rejectis suppositis solo ipsius nomine superbientibus quorum ingens circumfertur numerus." The rest were "charissimum et pretiosissimum authoris pignus, extorsum potius ab illo quam obtentum." "Jam minime eo volente atque jubente hæc ipsius scripta in lucem prodisse videntur; quippe quæ muro inclusa ipso absente, servi cujusdam indicio, furto surrepta atque sublata sunt," says Valentius. These have been the study of a host of commentators, amongst whose labours are most netable, Petri Severini, "Idea Medicinæ Philosophiæ. Bas. 1571;" Mic. Toxetis, "Onomastica. Arg. 1574;" Dornei," Dict. Parac. Franc. 1584;" and "PI Philos Compendium cum scholiis auctore Leone Suavio. Paris." (This last, a good book.)

(6) A disgraceful affair. One Liechtenfels, a canon, having been rescued in extremis by the "laudanum" of Paracelsus, refused the stipulated fee, and was supported in his meanness by the authorities, whose interference Paracelsus would not brook. His own liberality was allowed by his bitterest foes, who found a ready solution of his indifference to profit in the aforesaid sword-handle and its guest. His freedom from the besetting sin of a profession he abhorred—(as he curiously says somewhere, "Quis quæso deinceps honorem deferat professione tali, quæ a tam facinorosis nebulonibus obitur et administratur?")—is recorded in his epitaph, which affirms—"Bona sua in pauperes distribuenda collocandaque erogavit," honoravit, or ordinavit—for accounts differ.

PIPPA PASSES

A DRAMA

1841

I DEDICATE MY BEST INTENTIONS, IN THIS POEM,

ADMIRINGLY TO THE AUTHOR OF "ION,"

AFFECTIONATELY TO MR. SERJEANT TALFOURD.

R. B.

LONDON: 1841.

PIPPA PASSES

New Year's Day at Asolo in the Trevisan

Scene.—A large, mean, airy chamber. A girl, Pippa, from the silk-mills, springing out of bed.

DAY!
Faster and more fast,
O'er night's brim, day boils at last;
Boils, pure gold, o'er the cloud-cup's brim
Where spurting and supprest it lay—
For not a froth-flake touched the rim
Of yonder gap in the solid grey
Of the eastern cloud, an hour away;
But forth one wavelet, then another, curled,
Till the whole sunrise, not to be supprest,
Rose, reddened, and its seething breast
Flickered in bounds, grew gold, then overflowed the world.

Oh, Day, if I squander a wavelet of thee,
A mite of my twelve hours' treasure,
The least of thy gazes or glances,
(Be they grants thou art bound to, or gifts above measure)
One of thy choices, or one of thy chances,
(Be they tasks God imposed thee, or freaks at thy pleasure)
—My Day, if I squander such labour or leisure,
Then shame fall on Asolo, mischief on me!

Thy long blue solemn hours serenely flowing,
Whence earth, we feel, gets steady help and good—
Thy fitful sunshine minutes, coming, going,
In which, earth turns from work in gamesome mood—
All shall be mine! But thou must treat me not
As the prosperous are treated, those who live
At hand here, and enjoy the higher lot,
In readiness to take what thou wilt give,
And free to let alone what thou refusest;
For, Day, my holiday, if thou ill-usest

Me, who am only Pippa-old-year's sorrow. Cast off last night, will come again to-morrow-Whereas, if thou prove gentle, I shall borrow Sufficient strength of thee for new-year's sorrow. All other men and women that this earth Belongs to, who all days alike possess, Make general plenty cure particular dearth, Get more joy, one way, if another, less: Thou art my single day, God lends to leaven What were all earth else, with a feel of heaven; Sole light that helps me through the year, thy sun's! Try, now! Take Asolo's Four Happiest Ones-And let thy morning rain on that superb Great haughty Ottima; can rain disturb "Her Sebald's homage? All the while thy rain Beats fiercest on her shrub-house window-pane, He will but press the closer, breathe more warm Against her cheek; how should she mind the storm? And, morning past, if mid-day shed a gloom O'er Jules and Phene,—what care bride and groom Save for their dear selves? 'Tis their marriage-day; And while they leave church, and go home their way Hand clasping hand,—within each breast would be Sunbeams and pleasant weather spite of thee! Then, for another trial, obscure thy eve With mist,—will Luigi and his mother grieve— The Lady and her child, unmatched, forsooth, She in her age, as Luigi in his youth, For true content? The cheerful town, warm, close, . And safe, the sooner that thou art morose Receives them! And yet once again, outbreak In storm at night on Monsignor, they make Such stir about,-whom they expect from Rome To visit Asolo, his brothers' home, And say here masses proper to release A soul from pain,-what storm dares hurt his peace? Calm would he pray, with his own thoughts to ward Thy thunder off, nor want the angels' guard! But Pippa—just one such mischance would speil Her day that lightens the next twelvemonth's toil At wearisome silk-winding, coil on coil! And here I let time slip for nought! Aha,—you foolhardy sunbeam—caught With a single splash from my ewer! You that would mock the best pursuer, Was my basin over-deep? One splash of water ruins you asleep, And up, up, fleet your brilliant bits Wheeling and counterwheeling,

Reeling, broken beyond healing-Now grow together on the ceiling! That will task your wits! Whoever quenched fire first, hoped to see · Morsel after morsel flee As merrily, as giddily . . . Meantime, what lights my sunbeam on. Where settles by degrees the radiant cripple? Oh, is it surely blown, my martagon? New-blown and ruddy as St. Agnes' nipple, Plump as the flesh-bunch on some Turk bird's poll! Be sure if corals, branching 'neath the ripple Of ocean, bud there,—fairies watch unroll Such turban-flowers; I say, such lamps disperse Thick red flame through that dusk green universe! I am queen of thee, floweret; And each fleshy blossom Preserve I not—(safer Than leaves that embower it. Or shells that embosom) -From weevil and chafer? Laugh through my pane, then; solicit the bee; Gibe him, be sure; and, in midst of thy glee, Love thy queen, worship me!

—Worship whom else? For am I not, this day, Whate'er I please? What shall I please to-day? My morning, noon, eve, night—how spend my day? To-morrow I must be Pippa who winds silk, The whole year round, to earn just bread and milk: But, this one day, I have leave to go, And play out my fancy's fullest games; I may fancy all day—and it shall be so—That I taste of the pleasures, am called by the names Of the Happiest Four in our Asolo!

See! Up the Hill-side yonder, through the morning, Some one shall love me, as the world calls love: I am no less than Ottima, take warning! The gardens, and the great stone house above, And other house for shrubs, all glass in front, Are mine; where Sebald steals, as he is wont, To court me, while old Luca yet reposes; And therefore, till the shrub-house door encloses, I... what, now?—give abundant cause for prate About me—Ottima, I mean—of late, Too bold, too confident she'll still face down The spitefullest of talkers in our town—? How we talk in the little town below!

But love, love-there's better love, I know! This foolish love was only day's first offer; I choose my next love to defy the scoffer: For do not our Bride and Bridegroom sally Out of Possagno church at noon? Their house looks over Orcana valley-Why should I not be the bride as soon As Ottima? For I saw, beside, Arrive last night that little bride-Saw, if you call it seeing her, one flash Of the pale, snow-pure cheek and black bright tresses. Blacker than all except the black eyelash; I wonder she contrives those lids no dresses! -So strict was she, the veil Should cover close her pale Pure cheeks—a bride to look at and scarce touch. Scarce touch, remember, Jules !--for are not such Used to be tended, flower-like, every feature, As if one's breath would fray the lily of a creature? A soft and easy life these ladies lead! Whiteness in us were wonderful indeed-Oh, save that brow its virgin dimness, Keep that foot its lady primness, Let those ancles never swerve From their exquisite reserve, Yet have to trip along the streets like me, All but naked to the knee! How will she ever grant her Jules a bliss So startling as her real first infant kiss? Oh, no-not envy, this!

-Not envy, sure !-for if you gave me Leave to take or to refuse. In earnest, do you think I'd choose That sort of new love to enslave me? Mine should have lapped me round from the beginning; As little fear of losing it as winning! Lovers grow cold, men learn to hate their wives, And only parents' love can last our lives: At eve the son and mother, gentle pair, Commune inside our Turret; what prevents My being Luigi? while that mossy lair Of lizards through the winter-time, is stirred With each to each imparting sweet intents For this new-year, as brooding bird to bird-(For I observe of late, the evening walk Of Luigi and his mother, always ends Inside our ruined turret, where they talk, Calmer than lovers, yet more kind than friends)

Let me be cared about, kept out of harm,
And schemed for, safe in love as with a charm;
Let me be Luigi! . . . If I only knew
What was my mother's face—my father, too!
Nay, if you come to that, best love of all
Is God's; then why not have God's love befall
Myself as, in the Palace by the Dome,
Monsignor?—who to-night will bless the home
Of his dead brother; and God will bless in turn
That heart which beats, those eyes which mildly burn
With love for all men: I, to-night at least,
Would be that holy and beloved priest!

Now wast!—even I already seem to share In God's love: what does New-year's hymn declare? What other meaning do these verses bear?

All service ranks the same with God:
If now, as formerly He trod
Paradise, His presence fills
Our earth, each only as God wills
Can work—God's puppets, best and worst,
Are we; there is no last nor first.

Say not a "small event?" Why "small?"
Costs it more pain than this, ye call
A "great event," should come to pass,
Than that? Untwine me from the mass
Of deeds which make up life, one deed
Power shall fall short in, or exceed!

And more of it, and more of it!—oh, yes—I will pass by, and see their happiness,
And envy none—being just as great, no doubt,
Useful to men, and dear to God, as they!
A pretty thing to care about
So mightily, this single holiday!
But let the sun shine! Wherefore repine?
—With thee to lead me, O Day of mine,
Down the grass-path grey with dew,
Under the pine-wood, blind with boughs,
Where the swallow never flew
As yet, nor cicale dared carouse—
Dared carouse!

[She enters the street.

I.—Morning. Up the Hill-side, inside the Shrub-house.

Luca's Wife, Ottima, and her Paramour, the German
Sebald.

Sebald (sings). Let the watching lids wink!
Day's a-blaze with eyes, think—
Deep into the night, drink!

Ottima. Night? Such may be your Rhine-land nights,

perhaps;

But this blood-red beam through the shutter's chink,

—We call such light, the morning's: let us see!.

Mind how you grope your way, though! How these tall

Naked geraniums straggle! Push the lattice—

Behind that frame!—Nay, do I bid you?—Sebald,

It shakes the dust down on me! Why, of course

The slide-bolt catches.—Well, are you content,

Or must I find you something else to spoil?

Kiss and be friends, my Sebald! Is it full morning?

Oh, don't speak then !

Sebald. Ay, thus it used to be!
Ever your house was, I remember, shut
Till mid-day—I observed that, as I strolled
On mornings thro' the vale here: country girls
Were noisy, washing garments in the brook—
Hinds drove the slow white oxen up the hills—
But no, your house was mute, would ope no eye—
And wisely—you were plotting one thing there,
Nature, another outside: I looked up—
Rough white wood shutters, rusty iron bars,
Silent as death, blind in a flood of light;
Oh, I remember!—and the peasants laughed
And said, "The old man sleeps with the young wife!"
This house was his, this chair, this window—his!

Offing Ah the clear morning! I Lean see St. Mork's

Oltima. Ah, the clear morning! I can see St. Mark's: That black streak is the belfry. Stop: Vicenza Should lie . . . There's Padua, plain enough, that blue! Look o'er my shoulder—follow my finger—

Sebald. Morning?

It seems to me a night with a sun added:
Where's dew? where's freshness? That bruised plant,
I bruised

In getting thro' the lattice yestereve, Droops as it did. See, here's my elbow's mark

In the dust on the sill.

Ottima. Oh, shut the lattice, pray!
Sebald. Let me lean out. I cannot scent blood here,
Foul as the morn may be—

There, shut the world out!

How do you feel now, Ottima? There—curse! The world, and all outside! Let us throw off This mask: how do you bear yourself? Let's out With all of it!

. Ottima. Best never speak of it.

Sebald. Best speak again and yet again of it, Till words cease to be more than words. "His blood," For instance—let those two words mean "His blood" And nothing more. Notice—I'll say them now, " His blood."

Ottima. Assuredly if I repented

The deed-

Repent? who should repent, or why? Sebald. What puts that in your head? Did I once say That I repented?

Ottima.

No-I said the deed-Sebald. "The deed," and "the event"—just now it was "Our passion's fruit"—the devil take such cant! Say, once and always, Luca was a wittol.

I am his cut-throat, you are-

Here is the wine-Ottima.

I brought it when we left the house above—

And glasses too—wine of both sorts. Black? white, then? Sebald. But am not I his cut-throat? What are you? Ottima. There, trudges on his business from the Duomo

Benet the Capuchin, with his brown hood And bare feet-always in one place at church, Close under the stone wall by the south entry; I used to take him for a brown cold piece Of the wall's self, as out of it he rose To let me pass—at first, I say, I used— Now-so has that dumb figure, fastened on me-I rather should account the plastered wall A piece of him, so chilly does it strike. This, Sebald?

No—the white wine—the white wine ! Sebald. Well, Ottima, I promised no new year Should rise on us the ancient shameful way, Nor does it rise: pour on! To your black eyes! Do you remember last damned New Year's day?

Ottima. You brought those foreign prints. We looked

at them Over the wine and fruit. I had to scheme To get him from the fire. Nothing but saying His own set wants the proof-mark, roused him up To hunt them out.

Sebald. 'Faith, he is not alive To fondle you before my face! . Ottima. Do you

Fondle me, then ! who means to take your life For that, my Sebald? Hark you, Ottima, Sebald. One thing's to guard against. We'll not make much One of the other—that is, not make more Parade of warmth, childish officious coil, Than yesterday—as if, sweet, I supposed Proof upon proof was needed now, now first, To show I love you—yes, still love you—love you In spite of Luca and what's come to him -Sure sign we had him ever in our thoughts, White sneering old reproachful face and all ! We'll even quarrel, love, at times, as if We still could lose each other-were not tied By this-conceive you? Love-

Ottima.

Not tied so sure— Sebald. Because the' I was wrought upon-have struck

His insolence back into him-am I

So surely yours ?—therefore, forever yours ?

Ottima. Love, to be wise, (one counsel pays another) Should we have—months ago—when first we loved, For instance that May morning we two stole Under the green ascent of sycamores-If we had come upon a thing like that

Suddenly—

"A thing" . . there again—" a thing!" Sebald. Ottima. Then, Venus' body, had we come upon My husband Luca Gaddi's murdered corpse Within there, at his couch-foot, covered close-Would you have pored upon it? Why persist In poring now upon it? For 'tis here-As much as there in the deserted house-You cannot rid your eyes of it: for me, Now he is dead I hate him worse—I hate— Dare you stay here? I would go back and hold His two dead hands, and say, I hate you worse Luca, than-

Off, off; take your hands off mine! 'Tis the hot evening—off! oh, morning, is it? There's one thing must be done-you know Ottima.

what thing.

Come in and help to carry. We may sleep Anywhere in the whole wide house to-night.

Sebald. What would come, think you, if we let him lie Just as he is? Let him lie there until The angels take him: he is turned by this Off from his face, beside, as you will see.

Ottima. This dusty pane might serve for looking-glass.

Three, four—four grey hairs! Is it so you said A plait of hair should wave across my neck? No—this way!

Sebald. Ottima, I would give your neck, Each splendid shoulder, both those breasts of yours, That this were undone! Killing?—Kill the world So Luca lives again!—Ay, lives to sputter His fulsome dotage on you—yes, and feign Surprise that I returned at eve to sup, When all the morning I was loitering here—Bid me dispatch my business and begone. I would—

Ottima. See !

Sebald. No, I'll finish! Do you think I fear to speak the bare truth once for all? All we have talked of is, at bottom, fine To suffer—there's a recompense in guilt; One must be venturous and fortunate— What is one young for, else? In age we'll sigh O'er the wild, reckless, wicked days flown over; Still we have lived! The vice was in its place. But to have eaten Luca's bread, have worn His clothes, have felt his money swell my purse—Do lovers in romances sin that way? Why, I was starving when I used to call And teach you music—starving while you plucked me These flowers to smell!

Ottima. My poor lost friend!
Sebald. He gave me

Life—nothing less: what if he did reproach
My perfidy, and threaten, and do more—

Had he no right? What was to wonder at?
He sate by us at table quietly—
Why must you lean across till our cheeks touch'd?
Could he do less than make pretence to strike me?

'Tis not for the crime's sake—I'd commit ten crimes
Greater, to have this crime wiped out—undone!
And you—O, how feel you? feel you for me?

Ottima. Well, then—I love you better now than ever—
And best (look at me while I speak to you)—

Best for the crime—nor do I grieve, in truth,
This mask, this simulated ignorance,
This affectation of simplicity,
Falls off our crime; this naked crime of ours
May not, now, be looked over—look it down, then!
Great? let it be great—but the joys it brought,
Pay they or no its price? Come—they or it!
Speak not! The past, would you give up the past

Such as it is, pleasure and crime together?
Give up that noon I owned my love for you—
The garden's silence—even the single bee
Persisting in his toil, suddenly stopt
And where he hid you only could surmise
By some campanula's chalice set a-swing
As he clung there—"Yes, I love you!"

Sebald.

And I drew Back; put far back your face with both my hands Lest you should grow too full of me—your face So seemed athirst for my whole soul and body!

Ottima. And when I ventured to receive you here,

Made you steal hither in the mornings-

Sebald. When I used to look up 'neath the shrub-house here, Till the red fire on its glazed windows spread To a yellow haze?

Ottima. Ah—my sign was, the sun Inflamed the sere side of you chestnut tree

Nipt by the first frost.

Sebald. You would always laugh At my wet boots—I had to stride thro' grass Over my ancles.

Ottima. Then our crowning night-

Sebald. The July night?

Ottima. The day of it too, Sebald! When the heaven's pillars seemed o'erbowed with heat, Its black-blue canopy seemed let descend Close on us both, to weigh down each to each, And smother up all life except our life.

So lay we till the storm came. Sebald. How it came!

Ottima. Buried in woods we lay, you recollect; Swift ran the searching tempest overhead; And ever and anon some bright white shaft Burnt thro' the pine-tree roof—here burnt and there, As if God's messenger thro' the close wood screen Plunged and replunged his weapon at a venture, Feeling for guilty thee and me: then broke The thunder like a whole sea overhead—

Sebald. Yes!

Ottima. —While I stretched myself upon you, hands To hands, my mouth to your hot mouth, and shook All my locks loose, and covered you with them—You, Sebald, the same you—

Sebald. Slower, Ottima—Ottima. And as we lay—

Sebald. Less vehemently! Love me— Forgive me—take not words—mere words—to heartYour breath is worse than wine! Breathe slow, speak slow— Do not lean on me—

Ottima. Sebald as we lay,
Rising and falling only with our pants,
Who said, "Let death come now—'tis right to die!
Right to be punished—nought completes such bliss
But woe!" Who said that?

Sebald. How did we ever rise?

Was't that we slept? Why did it end?

Ottima.

Fresh tapering to a point the ruffled ends

Of my loose locks 'twixt both your humid lips—

(My hair is fallen now—knot it again!)

Sebald. I kiss you now, dear Ottima, now, and now!

This way? Will you forgive me—be once more

My great Queen?

Ottima.

Bind it thrice about my brow;

Crown me your queen, your spirit's arbitress,

Magnificent in sin.

Say that!

Sebald. I crown you
My great white queen, my spirit's arbitress,

Magnificent—
[From without is heard the voice of PIPPA, singing—

The year's at the spring,
And day's at the morn;
Morning's at seven;
The hill-side's dew-pearled:
The lark's on the wing;
The snail's on the thorn;
God's in his heaven—
All's right with the world!

[PIPPA passes.

Sebald. God's in his heaven! Do you hear that? Who spoke?

You, you spoke!

Ottima.

Oh—that little ragged girl!

She must have rested on the step—we give them
But this one holiday the whole year round.
Did you ever see our silk-mills—their inside?

There are ten silk-mills now belong to you.

She stoops to pick my double heartsease . . . Sh!

She does not hear—you call out louder!

Sebald.

Leave me!

Go, get your clothes on—dress those shoulders!

Ottima.

Sebald?

Sebald. Wipe off that paint. I hate you!

Ottima. Miserable!

Sebald. My God! and she is emptied of it now! Outright now !-how miraculously gone All of the grace—had she not strange grace once? Why, the blank cheek hangs listless as it likes, No purpose holds the features up together, Only the cloven brow and puckered chin Stay in their places—and the very hair, That seemed to have a sort of life in it. Drops; a dead web!

Speak to me-speak not of me! Ottima. -That round great full-orbed face, where not Sebald.

an angle

Broke the delicious indolence-all broken! Ottima. To me-not of me I-ungrateful, perjured cheat-A coward, too-but ingrate's worse than all! Beggar-my slave-a fawning, cringing lie! Leave me !- betray me !- I can see your drift-

A lie that walks, and eats, and drinks! My God!

Sebald.

Those morbid, olive, faultless shoulder-blades-I should have known there was no blood beneath! Ottima. You hate me, then? You hate me, then? To think Sebald.

She would succeed in her absurd attempt, And fascinate by sinning; and show herself Superior—Guilt from its excess, superior To Innocence. That little peasant's voice Has righted all again. Though I be lost, I know which is the better, never fear, Of vice or virtue, purity or lust, Nature, or trick—I see what I have done, Entirely now! Oh, I am proud to feel Such torments—let the world take credit thence-I, have done my deed, pay too its price! I hate, hate—curse you! God's in his heaven! Ottima.

-Me t Me! no, no, Sebald—not yourself—kill me! Mine is the whole crime—do but kill me—then Yourself—then—presently—first hear me speak— I always meant to kill myself—wait, you! Lean on my breast—not as a breast; don't love me The more because you lean on me, my own

Heart's Sebald! There—there—both deaths presently! Sebald. Mybrainis drowned now—quite drowned: all I feel

Is . . . is at swift-recurring intervals, A hurrying-down within me, as of waters Loosened to smother up some ghastly pit-There they go-whirls from a black, fiery sea! Ottima. Not to me. God—to him be merciful! Talk by the way, while PIPPA is passing from the hillside to Orcana. Foreign Students of painting and sculpture, from Venice, assembled opposite the house of Jules, a young French statuary.

1st Student. Attention! my own post is beneath this window, but the pomegranate clump yonder will hide three or four of you with a little squeezing, and Schramm and his pipe must lie flat in the balcony. Four, five—who's a defaulter? We want everybody, for Jules must not be suffered to hurt his bride when the jest's found out.

2nd Student. All here! Only our poet's away-never having much meant to be present, moonstrike him! The airs of that fellow, that Giovacchino! He was in violent love with himself, and had a fair prospect of thriving in his suit, so unmolested was it,—when suddenly a woman falls in love with him, too; and out of pure jealousy he takes himself off to Trieste, immortal poem and all-whereto is this prophetical epitaph appended already, as Bluphocks assures me-" Here a mammoth-poem lies,-Fouled to death by butterflies." His own fault, the simpleton! Instead of cramp couplets, each like a knife in your entrails, he should write, says Bluphocks, both classically and intelligibly.-Æsculapius, an Epic. Catalogue of the drugs: Hebe's plaister-One strip Cools your lip. Phæbus' emulsion-One bottle Clears your throttle. Mercury's bolus-One box Cures . . .

3rd Student. Subside, my fine fellow! If the marriage was over by ten o'clock, Jules will certainly be here in a

minute with his bride.

2nd Student. Good !—Only, so should the poet's muse have been universally acceptable, says Bluphocks, et canibus nostris... and Delia not better known to our

literary dogs than the boy—Giovacchino!

1st Student. To the point, now. Where's Gottlieb, the Oh,-listen, Gottlieb, to what has called new-comer? down this piece of friendly vengeance on Jules, of which we now assemble to witness the winding-up. We are all agreed, all in a tale, observe, when Jules shall burst out on us in a fury by and bye: I am spokesman—the verses that are to undeceive Jules bear my name of Lutwychebut each professes himself alike insulted by this strutting stone-squarer, who came singly from Paris to Munich, and thence with a crowd of us to Venice and Possagno here, but proceeds in a day or two alone again-oh, alone, indubitably !-to Rome and Florence. He, forsooth, take up his portion with these dissolute, brutalised, heartless bunglers! -So he was heard to call us all: now is Schramm brutalised, I should like to know? Am I heartless?

Gottlieb. Why, somewhat heartless; for, suppose Jules a coxcomb as much as you choose, still, for this mere coxcombry, you will have brushed off-what do folks style it?—the bloom of his life. Is it too late to alter? These love-letters, now, you call his . . I can't laugh at them.

4th Student. Because you never read the sham letters

of our inditing which drew forth these.

Gottlieb. His discovery of the truth will be frightful. 4th Student. That's the joke. But you should have joined us at the beginning: there's no doubt he loves the

girl-loves a model he might hire by the hour!

Gottlieb. See here! "He has been accustomed," he writes. "to have Canova's women about him, in stone, and the world's women beside him in flesh; these being as much below, as those, above—his soul's aspiration: but now he is to have the real." . . . There you laugh again! I say, you wipe off the very dew of his youth.

1st Student. Schramm! (Take the pipe out of his mouth, somebody)—will Jules lose the bloom of his youth?

Schramm. Nothing worth keeping is ever lost in this world: look at a blossom-it drops presently, having done its service and lasted its time; but fruits succeed, and where would be the blossom's place could it continue? As well affirm that your eye is no longer in your body, because its earliest favourite, whatever it may have first loved to look on, is dead and done with—as that any affection is lost to the soul when its first object, whatever happened first to satisfy it, is superseded in due course. Keep but ever looking, whether with the body's eye or the mind's, and you will soon find something to look on! Has a man done wondering at women?—There follow men. dead and alive, to wonder at. Has he done wondering at men ?-There's God to wonder at: and the faculty of wonder may be, at the same time, old and tired enough with respect to its first object, and yet young and fresh sufficiently, so far as concerns its novel one. Thus . . .

1st Student. Put Schramm's pipe into his mouth again! There, you see! Well, this-Jules . . . a wretched fribble-oh, I watched his disportings at Possagna, the other day! Canova's gallery-you know: there he marches first resolvedly past great works by the dozen without vouchsafing an eye: all at once he stops full at the Psiche-fanciulla-cannot pass that old acquaintance without a nod of encouragement—" In your new place, beauty? Then behave yourself as well here as at Munich -I see you!" Next he posts himself deliberately before the unfinished Pietà for half an hour without moving, till up he starts of a sudden, and thrusts his very nose into-I. say, into-the group; by which gesture you are informed that precisely the sole point he had not fully mastered in Canova's practice was a certain method of using the drill in the articulation of the knee-joint-and that, likewise, has he mastered at length! Good bye, therefore, to poor Canova-whose gallery no longer need detain his successor Jules, the predestinated novel thinker in marble!

Tell him about the women-go on to the 5th Student.

women!

1st Student. Why, on that matter he could never be supercilious enough. How should we be other (he said) than the poor devils you see, with those debasing habits we cherish? He was not to wallow in that mire, at least: he would wait, and love only at the proper time, and meanwhile put up with the Psiche-fanciulla. Now I happened to hear of a young Greek-real Greek-girl at Malamocco; a true Islander, do you see, with Alciphron's "hair like sea-moss"-Schramm knows!-white and quiet as an apparition, and fourteen years old at farthest,-a daughter of Natalia, so she swears—that hag Natalia, who helps us to models at three lire an hour. We selected this girl for the heroine of our jest. So, first, Jules received a scented letter-somebody had seen his Tydeus at the academy, and my picture was nothing to it-a profound admirer bade him persevere-would make herself known to him ere long—(Paolina, my little friend of the Fenice, transcribes divinely). And in due time, the mysterious correspondent gave certain hints of her peculiar charmsthe pale cheeks, the black hair-whatever, in short, had struck us in our Malamocco model: we retained her name. too-Phene, which is by interpretation, sea eagle. Now, think of Jules finding himself distinguished from the herd of us by such a creature! In his very first answer he proposed marrying his monitress: and fancy us over these letters, two, three times a day, to receive and dispatch! I concocted the main of it: relations were in the waysecrecy must be observed-in fine, would he wed her on trust, and only speak to her when they were indissolubly united? St-st-Here they come!

Heaven's love, speak Both of them! 6th Student.

softly! speak within yourselves!

5th Student. Look at the bridegroom! Half his hair in storm, and half in calm,-patted down over the left temple,-like a frothy cup one blows on to cool it! and the same old blouse that he murders the marble in!

2nd Student. Not a rich vest like yours, Hannibal Scratchy! - rich, that your face may the better set

it off!

6th Student. And the bride! Yes, sure enough, our

Phene! Should you have known her in her clothes? How magnificently pale!

Gottlieb. She does not also take it for earnest, I hope?

1st Student. Oh, Natalia's concern, that is! We settle

with Natalia.

6th Student. She does not speak—has evidently let out no word. The only thing is, will she equally remember the rest of her lesson, and repeat correctly all those verses which are to break the secret to Jules?

Gottlieb. How he gazes on her! Pity-pity.

1st Student. They go in—now, silence! You three,—not nearer the window, mind, than that pomegranate—just where the little girl, who a few minutes ago passed us singing, is seated!

II.—Noon. Over Orcana. The house of Jules, who crosses its threshold with Phene—she is silent, on which Jules begins—

Do not die, Phene—I am yours now—you Are mine now—let fate reach me how she likes, If you'll not die—so, never die! Sit here—My work-room's single seat: I over-lean This length of hair and lustrous front—they turn Like an entire flower upward—eyes—lips—last Your chin—no, last your throat turns—'tis their scent Pulls down my face upon you! Nay, look ever This one way till I change, grow you—I could Change into you, beloved!

You by me,
And I by you—this is your hand in mine—
And side by side we sit: all's true. Thank God!
I have spoken—speak, you!

—O, my life to come!

My Tydeus must be carved, that's there in clay;
Yet how be carved, with you about the chamber?
Where must I place you? When I think that once
This room-full of rough block-work seemed my heaven
Without you! Shall I ever work again—
Get fairly into my old ways again—
Bid each conception stand while, trait by trait,
My hand transfers its lineaments to stone?
Will my mere fancies live near you, my truth—
The live truth—passing and repassing me—
Sitting beside me?

Now speak!

Only, first, See, all your letters! Was't not well contrived? Their hiding-place is Psyche's robe; she keeps

Your letters next her skin: which drops out foremost? Ah,—this that swam down like a first moonbeam Into my world!

Again those eyes complete Their melancholy survey, sweet and slow, Of all my room holds; to return and rest On me, with pity, yet some wonder too-As if God bade some spirit plague a world, And this were the one moment of surprise And sorrow while she took her station, pausing O'er what she sees, finds good, and must destroy! What gaze you at? Those? Books, I told you of; Let your first word to me rejoice them, too: This minion, a Coluthus, writ in red Bistre and azure by Bessarion's scribe-Read this line . . no, shame—Homer's be the Greek First breathed me from the lips of my Greek girl! My Odyssey in coarse black vivid type With faded yellow blossoms 'twixt page and page, To mark great places with due gratitude; " He said, and on Antinous directed " A bitter shaft" . . . a flower blots out the rest! Again upon your search? My statues, then! -Ah, do not mind that-better that will look When cast in bronze—an Almaign Kaiser, that, Swart-green and gold, with truncheon based on hip. This, rather, turn to! What, unrecognised? I thought you would have seen that here you sit As I imagined you,-Hippolyta, Naked upon her bright Numidian horse! Recall you this, then? "Carve in bold relief"-So you commanded—" carve, against I come, " A Greek, in Athens, as our fashion was, "Feasting, bay-filletted and thunder-free. "Who rises 'neath the lifted myrtle-branch: " ' Praise those who slew Hipparchus,' cry the guests, " ' While o'er thy head the singer's myrtle waves " ' As ersi above our champions': stand up, all! " ? See, I have laboured to express your thought! Quite round, a cluster of mere hands and arms, (Thrust in all senses, all ways, from all sides, Only consenting at the branches' end They strain toward) serves for frame to a sole face-The Praiser's-in the centre-who with eyes Sightless, so bend they back to light inside His brain where visionary forms throng up, Sings, minding not that palpitating arch Of hands and arms, nor the quick drip of wine From the drenched leaves o'erhead, nor crowns cast off. Violet and parsley crowns to trample on— Sings, pausing as the patron-ghosts approve, Devoutly their unconquerable hymn! But you must say a "well" to that—say, "well!" Because you gaze—am I fantastic, sweet? Gaze like my very life's stuff, marble-marbly Even to the silence! why before I found The real flesh Phene, I inured myself To see, throughout all nature, varied stuff For better nature's birth by means of art: With me, each substance tended to one form Of beauty—to the human Archetype— On every side occurred suggestive germs Of that—the tree, the flower—or take the fruit-Some rosy shape, continuing the peach, Curved beewise o'er its bough; as rosy limbs, Depending, nestled in the leaves—and just From a cleft rose-peach the whole Dryad sprang! But of the stuffs one can be master of, How I divined their capabilities! From the soft-rinded smoothening facile chalk That yields your outline to the air's embrace, Half-softened by a halo's pearly gloom; Down to the crisp imperious steel, so sure To cut its one confided thought clean out Of all the world: but marble !-- 'neath my tools More pliable than jelly—as it were Some clear primordial creature dug from depths In the Earth's heart, where itself breeds itself, And whence all baser substance may be worked; Refine it off to air, you may—condense it Down to the diamond;—is not metal there, When o'er the sudden specks my chisel trips? —Not flesh—as flake off flake I scale, approach, Lay bare those blueish veins of blood asleep? Lurks flame in no strange windings where, surprised By the swift implement sent home at once, Flushes and glowings radiate and hover About its track?—

Phene? what—why is this? That whitening cheek, those still-dilating eyes! Ah, you will die—I knew that you would die!

PHENE begins, on his having long remained silent.

Now the end's coming—to be sure, it must Have ended sometime! Tush—why need I speak Their foolish speech? I cannot bring to mind One half of it, besides; and do not care

For old Natalia now, nor any of them.
Oh, you—what are you?—if I do not try
To say the words Natalia made me learn,
To please your friends,—it is to keep myself
Where your voice lifted me, by letting it
Proceed—but can it? Even you, perhaps,
Cannot take up, now you have once let fall,
The music's life, and me along with that—
No, or you would! We'll stay, then, as we are
—Above the world.

You creature with the eyes!

If I could look for ever up to them,
As now you let me,—I believe, all sin,
All memory of wrong done or suffering borne,
Would drop down, low and lower, to the earth
Whence all that's low comes, and there touch and stay
—Never to overtake the rest of me,
All that, unspotted, reaches up to you,
Drawn by those eyes! What rises is myself,
Not so the shame and suffering; but they sink.
Are left, I rise above them—Keep me so
Above the world!

But you sink, for your eyes
Are altering—altered! Stay—"I love you, love you"...
I could prevent it if I understood
More of your words to me—was't in the tone
Or the words, your power?

Or stay—I will repeat

Their speech, if that contents you! Only, change No more, and I shall find it presently -Far back here, in the brain yourself filled up. Natalia threatened me that harm would follow Unless I spoke their lesson to the end, But harm to me, I thought she meant, not you. Your friends,—Natalia said they were your friends And meant you well,—because I doubted it, Observing (what was very strange to see) On every face, so different in all else, The same smile girls like us are used to bear, But never men, men cannot stoop so low; Yet your friends, speaking of you, used that smile, That hateful smirk of boundless self-conceit Which seems to take possession of this world And make of God their tame confederate, Purveyor to their appetites . . . you know! But no-Natalia said they were your friends, And they assented while they smiled the more, And all came round me,—that thin Englishman With light, lank hair seemed leader of the rest;

He held a paper—" What we want," said he, Ending some explanation to his friends—
" Is something slow, involved and mystical,
" To hold Jules long in doubt, yet take his taste
" And lure him on, so that, at innermost
" Where he seeks sweetness' soul, he may find—this!
" —As in the apple's core, the noisome fly:
" For insects on the rind are seen at once,
" And brushed aside as soon, but this is found
" Only when on the lips or loathing tongue."
And so he read what I have got by heart—
I'll speak it,—" Do not die, love! I am yours!
Stop—is not that, or like that, part of words
Yourself began by speaking? Strange to lose

What costs much pains to learn! Is this more right? I am a painter who cannot paint; In my life, a devil rather than saint, In my brain, as poor a creature too— No end to all I cannot do! Yet do one thing at least-I can— Love a man, or hate a man Supremely: thus my love began. Through the Valley of Love I went, In its lovingest spot to abide, And just on the verge where I pitched my tent, I found Hate dwelling beside. (Let the Bridegroom ask what the painter meant, Of his Bride, of the peerless Bride!) And further, I traversed Hate's grove. In its hatefullest nook to dwell; But lo, where I flung myself prone, couched Love Where the deepest shadow fell. (The meaning—those black bride's-eyes above. Not the painter's lip should tell!)

"And here," said he, "Jules probably will ask,
"You have black eyes, love,—you are, sure enough,
"My peerless bride,—so do you tell, indeed,
"What needs some explanation—what means this?"

-And I am to go on, without a word-

So I grew wiser in Love and Hate,
From simple, that I was of late.
For once, when I loved, I would enlace
Breast, eyelids, hands, feet, form and face
Of her I loved, in one embrace—
As if by mere love I could love immensely!
And when I hated, I would plunge
My sword, and wipe with the first lunge
My foe's whole life out, like a sponge—

As if by mere hate I could hate intensely! But now I am wiser, know better the fashion How passion seeks aid from its opposite passion. And if I see cause to love more, or hate more That ever man loved, ever hated, before-And seek in the Valley of Love. The spot, or the spot in Hate's Grove. Where my soul may the sureliest reach The essence, nought less, of each, The Hate of all Hates, or the Love Of all Loves, in its Valley or Grove,-I find them the very warders Each of the other's borders. I love most, when Love is disguised In Hate; and when Hate is surprised In Love, then I hate most: ask How Love smiles through Hate's iron casque. Hate grins through Love's rose-braided mask .-And how, having hated thee, I sought long and painfully To wound thee, and not prick The skin, but pierce to the quick-Ask this, my Jules, and be answered straight By thy bride-how the painter Lutwyche can hate ?

Jules interposes

Lutwyche—who else? But all of them, no doubt, Hated me: they at Venice—presently Their turn, however! You I shall not meet: If I dreamed, saying this would wake me! Keep

What's here, this gold—we cannot meet again.

*Consider—and the money was but meant
For two years' travel, which is over now,
All chance, or hope, or care, or need of it!
This—and what comes from selling these, my casts
And books, and medals, except . . . let them go
Together, so the produce keeps you safe
Out of Natalia's clutches!—If by chance
(For all's chance here) I should survive the gang
At Venice, root out all fifteen of them,
We might meet somewhere, since the world is wide—

[From without is heard the voice of Pippa, singing—Give her but a least excuse to love me! When—where—How—can this arm establish her above me, If fortune fixed her as my lady there,

There already, to eternally reprove me?
("Hist"—said Kate the queen;
But "Oh—" cried the maiden, binding her tresses,
"'Tis only a page that carols unseen
"Crumbling your hounds their messes!")

Is she wronged?—To the rescue of her honour,
My heart!
Is she poor?—What cost it to be styled a donour?
Merely an earth's to cleave, a sea's to part!
But that fortune should have thrust all this upon her!
("Nay, list,"—bade Kate the queen;
And still cried the maiden, binding her tresses,
"'Tis only a page that carols unseen
"Fitting your hawks their jesses!")

[PIPPA passes.

Jules resumes

What name was that the little girl sang forth? Kate? The Cornaro, doubtless, who renounced The crown of Cyprus to be lady here At Asolo, where still the peasants keep Her memory; and songs tell how many a page Pined for the grace of one so far above His power of doing good to, as a queen—
"She never could be wronged, be poor," he sighed, "For him to help her!"

Yes, a bitter thing
To see our lady above all need of us;
Yet so we look ere we will love; not I,
But the world looks so. If whoever loves
Must be, in some sort, god or worshipper,
The blessing or the blest one, queen or page,
Why should we always choose the page's part?
Here is a woman with utter need of me,—
I find myself queen here, it seems!

How strange! Look at the woman here with the new soul,
Like my own Psyche's,—fresh upon her lips
Alit, the visionary butterfly,
Waiting my word to enter and make bright,
Or flutter off and leave all blank as first.
This body had no soul before, but slept
Or stirred, was beauteous or ungainly, free
From taint or foul with stain, as outward things
Fastened their image on its passiveness:
Now, it will wake, feel, live—or die again!
Shall to produce form out of unshaped stuff

Be art—and, further, to evoke a soul From form, be nothing? This new soul is mine!

Now, to kill Lutwyche, what would that do ?--save A wretched dauber, men will hoot to death Without me, from their laughter!—Oh, to hear God's voice plain as I heard it first, before They broke in with that laughter! I heard them Henceforth, not God!

To Ancona-Greece-some isle! I wanted silence only—there is clay Every where. One may do whate'er one likes

In Art—the only thing is, to make sure

That one does like it—which takes pains to know. Scatter all this, my Phene—this mad dream! Who-what is Lutwyche-what Natalia's friends, What the whole world except our love-my own, Own Phene? But I told you, did I not, Ere night we travel for your land—some isle With the sea's silence on it? Stand aside— I do but break these paltry models up To begin art afresh. Shall I meet Lutwyche, And save him from my statue's meeting him i Some unsuspected isle in the far seas! Like a god going thro' his world there stands One mountain for a moment in the dusk, Whole brotherhoods of cedars on its brow-And you are ever by me while I gaze -Are in my arms as now-as now as now! Some unsuspected isle in the far seas! Some unsuspected isle in far off seas!

Talk by the way, while PIPPA is passing from Orcana to the Turret. Two or three of the Austrian Police loitering with Bluphocks, an English vagabond, just in view of the Turret.

Bluphocks.* So, that is your Pippa, the little girl who passed us singing? Well, your Bishop's Intendant's money shall be honestly earned:—now, don't make me that sour face because I bring the Bishop's name into the business—we know he can have nothing to do with such horrors—we know that he is a saint and all that a Bishop should be, who is a great man besides. Oh! were but every worm a maggot, Every fly a grig, Every bough a christmas faggot, Every tune a jig! In fact, I have abjured all

^{* &}quot;He maketh his sun to rise on the evil and on the good, and sendeth rain on the just and on the unjust."

religions: but the last I inclined to, was the Armenianfor I have travelled, do you see, and at Koenigsberg, Prussia Improper (so styled because there's a sort of bleak hungry sun there.) you might remark over a venerable house-porch. a certain Chaldee inscription; and brief as it is, a mere glance at it used absolutely to change the mood of every bearded passenger. In they turned, one and all: the young and lightsome, with no irreverent pause, the aged and decrepit, with a sensible alacrity.-'twas the Grand Rabbi's abode, in short. Struck with curiosity, I lost no time in learning Syriac—(these are vowels, you dogs, follow my stick's end in the mud-Celarent, Darii, Ferio !) and one morning presented myself spelling-book in hand. a. b. c.-I picked it out letter by letter, and what was the purport of this miraculous posy? Some cherished legend of the past you'll say—" How Moses hocus-pocust Egypt's land with fly and locust,"-or, "How to Jonah sounded harshish, Get thee up and go to Tarshish,"-or, " How the angel meeting Balgam, Straight his ass returned a salaam: "-in no wise!-" Shackabrach-Boach-somebody or other—Isaac, Re-cei-ver, Pur-cha-ser and Ex-chan-ger of-Stolen goods!" So talk to me of the religion of a bishop! I have renounced all bishops save Bishop Beveridge—mean to live so—and die—As some Greek dog-sage. dead and merry, Hellward bound in Charon's wherry—With food for both worlds, under and upper, Lupine-seed and Hecate's supper, and never an obolos . . . (Though thanks to you, or this Intendant thro' you, or this Bishop through Intendent - I possess a burning pocket-full of zwanzigers) . . To pay the Stygian ferry !

* 1st Policeman. There is the girl, then; go and deserve them the moment you have pointed out to us Signor Luigi and his mother. (To the rest) I have been noticing a house yonder, this long while—not a shutter unclosed since morning!

2nd Policeman. Old Luca Gaddi's, that owns the silk-mills here: he dozes by the hour—wakes up, sighs deeply, says he should like to be Prince Metternich, and then dozes again, after having bidden young Sebald, the foreigner, set his wife to playing draughts: never molest such a household, they mean well.

Bluphocks. Only, cannot you tell me something of this little Pippa, I must have to do with?—one could make something of that name. Pippa—that is, short for Felippa—rhyming to—Panerge consults Hertrippa—Believ'st thou, King Agrippa? Something might be done with that name.

2nd Policeman. Put into rhyme that your head and a ripe musk-melon would not be dear at half a zwanziger! Leave this fooling, and look out—the afternoon's over or nearly so.

3rd Policeman. Where in this passport of Signor Luigi does our principal instruct you to watch him so narrowly? There? what's there beside a simple signature? (That English fool's busy watching.)

* 2nd Policeman. Flourish all round-" put all possible obstacles in his way;" oblong dot at the end-" Detain him till further advices reach you;" scratch at bottom-"send him back on pretence of some informality in the above;" ink-spurt on right-hand side, (which is the case here)—" Arrest him at once," why and wherefore, I don't concern myself, but my instructions amount to this: if Signor Luigi leaves home to-night for Vienna, well and good-the passport deposed with us for our visa is really for his own use, they have misinformed the Office, and he means well; but let him stay over to-night—there has been the pretence we suspect—the accounts of his corresponding and holding intelligence with the Carbonari are correctwe arrest him at once-to-morrow comes Venice-and presently, Spielberg. Bluphocks makes the signal sure enough! That is he, entering the turret with his mother, no doubt.

III.—Evening. Inside the Turret. Luigi and his Mother entering.

Mother. If there blew wind, you'd hear a long sigh,

The utmost heaviness of music's heart.

Luigi. Here in the archway?

Mother. Oh, no, no—in farther,

Where the echo is made—on the ridge.

Luigi. Here surely, then. How plain the tap of my heel as I leaped up! Hark—"Lucius Junius!" The very ghost of a voice, Whose body is caught and kept by . . . what are those? Mere withered wall-flowers, waving overhead? They seem an elvish group with thin bleached hair Who lean out of their topmost fortress—looking And listening, mountain men, to what we say, Hands under chin of each grave earthy face: Up and show faces all of you! "All of you!"

That's the king's dwarf with the scarlet comb; now hark—Come down and meet your fate! Hark—" Meet your fate!"

Mother. Let him not meet it, my Luigi—do not Go to his City! putting crime aside, Half of these ills of Italy are feigned—

Your Pellicos and writers for effect,

Write for effect. Hush! say A. writes, and B. Luigi. Mother. These A's and B's write for effect, I say.

Then, evil is in its nature loud, while good Is silent-you hear each petty injury-None of his daily virtues; he is old,

Quiet, and kind, and densely stupid-why Do A. and B. not kill him themselves?

They teach Luigi.

Others to kill him-me-and, if I fail, Others to succeed; now, if A. tried and failed I could not teach that: mine's the lesser task. Mother, they visit night by night . . .

-You, Luigi? Mother.

Ah, will you let me tell you what you are?

Luigi. Why not? Oh, the one thing you fear to hint, You may assure yourself I say and say

Ever to myself; at times—nay, even as now We sit, I think my mind is touched—suspect All is not sound: but is not knowing that, What constitutes one sane or otherwise?

I know I am thus—so all is right again! I laugh at myself as through the town I walk,

And see men merry as if no Italy

Were suffering; then I ponder—" I am rich, "Young, healthy; why should this fact trouble me,

"More than it troubles these?" But it does trouble me! No-trouble's a bad word-for as I walk

There's springing and melody and giddiness,

And old quaint terms and passages of my youth— Dreams long forgotten, little in themselves-

Return to me-whatever may amuse me, And earth seems in a truce with me, and heaven Accords with me, all things suspend their strife,

The very cicalas laugh "There goes he, and there! "Feast him, the time is short—he is on his way

"For the world's sake—feast him this once, our friend!"

And in return for all this, I can trip Cheerfully up the scaffold-steps: I go

This evening, mother ! But mistrust yourself-Mother.

Mistrust the judgment you pronounce on him. Luigi. Oh, there I feel—am sure that I am right! Mother. Mistrust your judgment, then, of the mere

means Of this wild enterprise: say you are right,— How should one in your state e'er bring to pass What would require a cool head, a cold heart,

And a calm hand? You never will escape. Luigi. Escape—to even wish that, would spoil all! The dying is best part of it. Too much .Have I enjoyed these fifteen years of mine, To leave myself excuse for longer life— Was not life pressed down, running o'er with joy, That I might finish with it ere my fellows Who, sparelier feasted, make a longer stay? I was put at the board-head, helped to all At first; I rise up happy and content. God must be glad one loves his world so much-I can give news of earth to all the dead Who ask me:—last year's sunsets, and great stars That had a right to come first and see ebb The crimson wave that drifts the sun away— Those crescent moons with notched and burning rims That strengthened into sharp fire, and there stood, Impatient of the azure—and that day In March, a double rainbow stopped the storm-May's warm, slow, yellow moonlit summer nights-Gone are they, but I have them in my soul! Mother. (He will not go!)

Luigi. You smile at me! 'Tis true.— Voluptuousness, grotesqueness, ghastliness, Environ my devotedness as quaintly
As round about some antique altar wreathe
The rose festoons, goats' horns, and oxen's skulls.

Mother. See now: you reach the city—you must cross

His threshold—how? Luigi. Oh, that's if we conspired! Then would come pains in plenty, as you guess-But guess not how the qualities required For such an office—qualities I have— Would little stead me otherwise employed, Yet prove of rarest merit here—here only. Every one knows for what his excellence Will serve, but no one ever will consider For what his worst defect might serve; and yet Have you not seen me range our coppice yonder In search of a distorted ash?—it happens The wry spoilt branch's a natural perfect bow! Fancy the thrice-sage, thrice-precautioned man Arriving at the palace on my errand! No, no-I have a handsome dress packed up-White satin here, to set off my black hair— In I shall march—for you may watch your life out Behind thick walls—make friends there to betray you; More than one man spoils everything. March straight— Only, no clumsy knife to fumble forTake the great gate, and walk (not saunter) on Thro' guards and guards-I have rehearsed it all Inside the Turret here a hundred times-Don't ask the way of whom you meet, observe, But where they cluster thickliest is the door Of doors; they'll let you pass—they'll never blab Each to the other, he knows not the favourite, Whence he is bound and what's his business now-Walk in-straight up to him-you have no knife-Be prompt, how should he scream? Then, out with you! Italy, Italy, my Italy! You're free, you're free! Oh mother, I could dream They got about me-Andrea from his exile, Pier from his dungeon, Gaultier from his grave! Mother. Well, you shall go. Yet seems this patriotism The easiest virtue for a selfish man To acquire! He loves himself—and next, the world— If he must love beyond,—but nought between: As a short-sighted man sees nought midway His body and the sun above. But you Are my adored Luigi-ever obedient To my least wish, and running o'er with love-I could not call you cruel or unkind! Once more, your ground for killing him !-- then go ! Luigi. Now do you ask me, or make sport of me? How first the Austrians got these provinces— (If that is all, I'll satisfy you soon)
... Never by conquest but by cunning, for That treaty whereby. Well? Mother. Luigi. (Sure he's arrived. The tell-tale cuckoo—spring's his confidant. And he lets out her April purposes!)

The tell-tale cuckoo—spring's his confidant,
And he lets out her April purposes!)
Or . . better go at once to modern times—
He has . . they have . . in fact, I understand
But can't re-state the matter; that's my boast;
Others could reason it out to you, and prove
Things they have made me feel.

Mother. Why go to-night?

Morn's for adventure. Jupiter is now

A morning star. I cannot hear you, Luigi!

Luigi. "I am the bright and morning-star," God saith—
And, "to such an one I give the morning-star!"

The gift of the morning-star—have I God's gift Of the morning-star?

Mother. Chiara will love to see That Jupiter an evening-star next June.

Luigi. True, mother. Well for those who live through June!

Great noontides, thunder storms, all glaring pomps Which triumph at the heels of sovereign June Leading his glorious revel thro' our world. Yes, Chiara will be here-

· Mother.

In June—remember. Yourself appointed that month for her coming-Luigi. Was that low noise the echo?

Mother. The night-wind. She must be grown—with her blue eyes upturned

As if life were one long and sweet surprise: In June she comes.

Luigi. We were to see together The Titian at Treviso-there, again!

[From without is heard the voice of Pippa, singing-

A king lived long ago. In the morning of the world. When earth was nigher heaven than now: And the king's locks curled Disparting o'er a forehead full As the milk-white space 'twixt horn and horn Of some sacrificial bull— Only calm as a babe new-born: For he was got to a sleepy mood. So safe from all descrepitude. From age with its bane, so sure gone by, (The Gods so loved him while he dreamed.) That, having lived thus long, there seemed No need the king should ever die.

Luigi. No need that sort of king should ever die!

Among the rocks his city was: Before his palace, in the sun, He sale to see his people pass. And judge them every one From its threshold of smooth stone. They haled him many a valley-thief Caught in the sheep-pens-robber-chief. Swarthy and shameless-beggar-cheat-Spy-prowler-or rough pirate found On the sea-sand left aground; And sometimes clung about his feet, With bleeding lip and burning cheek, A woman, bitterest wrong to speak Of one with sullen thickset brows: And sometimes from the prison-house The angry priests a pale wretch brought, Who through some chink had pushed and pressed, On knees and elbows, belly and breast, Worm-like into the temple,—caught At last there by the very God Who ever in the darkness strode Backward and forward, keeping watch O'er his brazen bowls, such rogues to catch! And these, all and every one, The king judged, sitting in the sun.

Luigi. That king should still judge sitting in the sun!

His councillors, on left and right, Looked anxious up,-but no surprise Disturbed the king's old smiling eyes, Where the very blue had turned to white. 'Tis said a Python scared one day The breathless city, till he came, With forky tongue and eyes on flame, Where the old king sate to judge alway; But when he saw the sweepy hair. Girt with a crown of berries rare Which the God will hardly give to wear To the maiden who singeth, dancing bare In the altar-smoke by the pine-torch lights. At his wondrous forest rites,-Beholding this, he did not dare, Approach that threshold in the sun. Assault the old king smiling there. Such grace had kings when the world begun !-

[PIPPA passes.

Luigi. And such grace have they, now that the world ends!

The Python in the city, on the throne,
And brave men, God would crown for slaying him,
Lurk in bye-corners lest they fall his prey.
Are crowns yet to be won, in this late trial,
Which weakness makes me hesitate to reach?

'Tis God's voice calls, how could I stay? Farewell!

Talk by the way, while PIPPA is passing from the Turret to the Bishop's brother's House, close to the Duomo S. Maria. Poor Girls sitting on the steps.

1st Girl. There goes a swallow to Venice—the stout sea-farer!
Seeing those birds fly, makes one wish for wings.
Let us all wish; you, wish first!

2nd Girl.

I? This sunset

To finish.

3rd Girl. That old . . . somebody I know, Greyer and older than my grandfather, To give me the same treat he gave last week—Feeding me on his knee with fig-peckers, Lampreys, and red Breganze-wine, and mumbling The while some folly about how well I fare, To be let eat my supper quietly—Since had he not himself been late this morning Detained at—never mind where,—had he not . . . "Eh, hadgage, had I not!"—

"Eh, baggage, had I not!"—

2nd Girl. How she can lie!

3rd Girl. Look there—by the nails—

2nd Girl. What makes your fingers red?

3rd Girl. Dipping them into wine to write bad words with,

On the bright table—how he laughed !

This is away in the fields—miles!

1st Girl.

Spring's come and summer's coming: I would wear
A long loose gown—down to the feet and hands—
With plaits here, close about the throat, all day:
And all night lie, the cool long nights, in bed—
And have new milk to drink—apples to eat,
Deuzans and junetings, leather-coats . . . ah, I should say,

3rd Girl. Say at once You'd be at home—she'd always be at home!
Now comes the story of the farm among
The cherry orchards, and how April snowed
White blossoms on her as she ran: why, fool,
They've rubbed out the chalk-mark of how tall you were,
Twisted your starling's neck, broken his cage,

Made a dunghill of your garden—
* 1st Girl. They, destroy

My garden since I left them? well—perhaps! I would have done so—so I hope they have! A fig-tree curled out of our cottage wall— They called it mine, I have forgotten why, It must have been there long ere I was born; Cric—cric—I think I hear the wasps o'erhead Pricking the papers strung to flutter there And keep off birds in fruit-time—coarse long papers,

And the wasps eat them, prick them through and through.

3rd Girl. How her mouth twitches! Where was I?—
before

She broke in with her wishes and long gowns
And wasps—would I be such a fool!—Oh, here!
This is my way—I answer every one
Who asks me why I make so much of him—

(If you say, you love him—straight "he'll not be gulled")
"He that seduced me when I was a girl
Thus high—had eyes like yours, or hair like yours,
Brown, red, white,"—as the case may be—that pleases!
(See how that beetle burnishes in the path—
There sparkles he along the dust! and, there—
Your journey to that maize-tuft's spoilt at least!)

1st Girl. When I was young, they said if you killed one Of those sunshiny beetles, that his friend

Up there, would shine no more that day nor next.

2nd Girl. When you were young? Nor are you young, that's true!

How your plump arms, that were, have dropped away!
Why, I can span them! Cecco beats you still?
No matter, so you keep your curious hair.
I wish they'd find a way to dye our hair
Your colour—any lighter tint, indeed,
Than black—the men say they are sick of black,
Black eyes, black hair!

4th Girl. Sick of yours, like enough!
Do you pretend you ever tasted lampreys
And ortolans? Giovita, of the palace,
Engaged (but there's no trusting him) to slice me
Polenta with a knife that has cut up
An ortolan.

2nd Girl. Why, there! is not that, Pippa We are to talk to, under the window,—quick,—Where the lights are?

1st Girl. No—or she would sing;

—For the Intendant said . . .

3rd Girl.

Oh, you sing first—
Then, if she listens and comes close . . I'll tell you,
Sing that song the young English noble made,
Who took you for the purest of the pure,
And meant to leave the world for you—what fun!

2nd Girl. [Sings.]

You'll love me yet !—and I can tarry
Your love's protracted growing:
June reared that bunch of flowers you carry
From seeds of April's sowing.

I plant a heartfull now—some seed At least is sure to strike And yield—what you'll not pluck indeed, Not love, but, may be, like !

You'll look at least on love's remains, A grave's one violet: Your look?—that pays a thousand pains. What's death?—You'll love me yet!

3rd Girl. [To Pippa who approaches.] Oh, you may come closer-we shall not eat you! Why, you seem the very person that the great rich handsome Englishman has fallen so violently in love with! I'll tell you all about it.

Monsignor. The Palace by the Duomo. IV.—Night. dismissing his Attendants.

Monsignor. Thanks, friends, many thanks. I chiefly desire life now, that I may recompense every one of you. Most I know something of already. What, a repast prepared? Benedicto benedicatur . . . ugh . . . ugh! Where was I? Oh, as you were remarking, Ugo, the weather is mild, very unlike winter-weather,-but I am a Sicilian, you know, and shiver in your Julys here: To be sure, when 'twas full summer at Messina, as we priests used to cross in procession the great square on Assumption Day, you might see our thickest yellow tapers twist suddenly in two, each like a falling star, or sink down on themselves in a gore of wax. But go, my friends, but go ! [To the Intendant] Not you, Ugo! [The others leave the apartment] I have long wanted to converse with you, Ugo!

Intendant. Uguccio-Monsignor. .. 'guccio Stefani, man! of Ascoli, Fermo, and Fossombruno; -what I do need instructing about, are these accounts of your administration of my poor brother's affairs. Ugh! I shall never get through a third part of your accounts: take some of these dainties before we attempt it, however: are you bashful to that degree?

For me, a crust and water suffice.

Intendant. Do you choose this especial night to question

me? Monsignor. This night, Ugo. You have managed my late brother's affairs since the death of our elder brotherfourteen years and a month, all but three days. On the 3rd of December, I find him . . .

Intendant. If you have so intimate an acquaintance with your brother's affairs, you will be tender of turning so far back—they will hardly bear looking into, so far back.

Monsignor. Ay, ay, ugh, ugh, -nothing but disappointments here below! I remark a considerable payment made to yourself on this 3rd of December. Talk of disappointments! There was a young fellow here, Jules, a foreign sculptor, I did my utmost to advance, that the church might be a gainer by us both: he was going on hopefully enough, and of a sudden he notifies to me some marvellous change that has happened in his notions of art; here's his letter,—"He never had a clearly conceived Ideal within his brain till to-day. Yet since his hand could manage a chisel, he has practised expressing other men's Ideals—and, in the very perfection he has attained to, he forsees an ultimate failure—his unconscious hand will pursue its prescribed course of old years, and will reproduce with a fatal expertness the ancient types, let the novel one appear never so palpably to his spirit: there is but one method of escape—confiding the virgin type to as chaste a hand, he will turn painter instead of sculptor, and paint, not carve, its characteristics,"—strike out, I dare say, a school like Correggio: how think you, Ugo?

Intendant. Is Correggio a painter?

Monsignor. Foolish Jules! and yet, after all, why foolish? He may—probably will, fail egregiously; but if there should arise a new painter, will it not be in some such way by a poet, now, or a musician, (spirits who have conceived and perfected an Ideal through some other channel) transferring it to this, and escaping our conventional roads by pure ignorance of them; eh, Ugo? If you have no appetite, talk at least, Ugo!

Intendant. Sir, I can submit no longer to this course of yours: first, you select the group of which I formed one, —next you thin it gradually,—always retaining me with your smile,—and so do you proceed till you have fairly got me alone with you between four stone walls: and now then? Let this farce, this chatter end now—what is it

vou want with me?

Monsignor. Ugo ...
Intendant. From the instant you arrived, I felt your smile on me as you questioned me about this and the other article in those papers—why your brother should have given me this villa, that podere,—and your nod at the end meant,—what?

Monsignor. Possibly that I wished for no loud talk here:

if once you set me coughing, Ugo !-

Intendant. I have your brother's hand and seal to all I possess: now ask me what for! what service I did him

Monsignor. I had better not—I should rip up old disgraces—let out my poor brother's weaknesses. By the way, Maffeo of Forli, (which, I forgot to observe, is your true name) was the interdict ever taken off you, for robbing that church at Cesena?

Intendant. No, nor needs be-for when I murdered your

brother's friend, Pasquale, for him . . .

Monsignor. Ah, he employed you in that business, did he? Well, I must let you keep, as you say, this villa and that podere, for fear the world should find out my relations

were of so indifferent a stamp! Maffeo, my family is the oldest in Messina, and century after century have my progenitors gone on polluting themselves with every wickedness under Heaven: my own father . . . rest his soul !-I have, I know, a chapel to support that it may rest: my dear two dead brothers were,-what you know tolerably well; I, the youngest, might have rivalled them in vice, if not in wealth, but from my boyhood I came out from among them, and so am not partaker of their plagues. My glory springs from another source; or if from this, by contrast only,-for I, the bishop, am the brother of your employers, Ugo. I hope to repair some of their wrong, however; so far as my brother's ill-gotten treasure reverts to me, I can stop the consequences of his crime; and not one soldo shall escape me. Maffeo, the sword we quiet men spurn away, you shrewd knaves pick up and commit murders with; what opportunities the virtuous forego, the villainous seize. Because, to pleasure myself, apart from other considerations, my food would be millet-cake, my dress sack-cloth, and my couch straw,-am I therefore to let you, the off-scouring of the earth, seduce the poor and ignorant, by appropriating a pomp these will be sure to think lessens the abominations so unaccountably and exclusively associated with it? Must I let villas and poderes go to you, a murderer and thief, that you may beget by means of them other murderers and thieves? if my cough would but allow me to speak!

Intendant. What am I to expect? You are going to

punish me?

Monsignor. Must punish you, Maffeo. I cannot afford to cast away a chance. I have whole centuries of sin to redeem, and only a month or two of life to do it in! How should I dare to say . . .

Intendant. "Forgive us our trespasses"-

Monsignor. My friend, it is because I avow myself a very worm, sinful beyond measure, that I reject a line of conduct you would applaud, perhaps: shall I proceed, as it were, a-pardoning?—Î?—who have no symptom of reason to assume that aught less than my strenuousest efforts will keep myself out of mortal sin, much less, keep others out. No-I do not trespass, but will not double that by allowing you to trespass.

Intendant. And suppose the villas are not your brother's to give, nor yours to take? Oh, you are hasty enough

just now! Monsignor. 1, 2-No. 3 !-ay, can you read the substance of a letter, No. 3, I have received from Rome? It is precisely on the ground there mentioned, of the suspicion I have that a certain child of my late elder brother, who

would have succeeded to his estates, was murdered in infancy by you, Maffeo, at the instigation of my late brother—that the Pontiff enjoins on me not merely the bringing that Maffeo to condign punishment, but the taking all pains, as guardian of that infant's heritage for the Church, to recover it parcel by parcel, howsoever, whensoever, and wheresoever. While you are now gnawing those fingers, the police are engaged in scaling up your papers, Maffeo, and the mere raising my voice brings my people But I want from the next room to dispose of yourself. you to confess quietly, and save me raising my voice. Why, man, do I not know the old story? The heir between the succeeding heir, and that heir's ruffianly instrument, and their complot's effect, and the life of fear and bribes, and ominous smiling silence? Did you throttle or stab my brother's infant? Come, now!

Intendant. So old a story, and tell it no better? When did such an instrument ever produce such an effect? Either the child smiles in his face, or, most likely, he is not fool enough to put himself in the employer's power so thoroughly—the child is always ready to produce—as you

say-howsoever, wheresoever, and whensoever.

Monsignor. Liar!

Intendant. Strike me? Ah, so might a father chastise! I shall sleep soundly to-night at least, though the gallows await me to-morrow; for what a life did I lead! Carlo of Cesena reminds me of his connivance, every time I pay his annuity (which happens commonly thrice a year). If I remonstrate, he will confess all to the good bishop—you! Monsignor. I see thro' the trick, caitiff! I would you spoke truth for once; all shall be sifted, however—seven times sifted.

Intendant. And how my absurd riches encumbered me! I dared not lay claim to above half my possessions. Let me but once embosom myself, glorify Heaven, and die!

Sir, you are no brutal, dastardly idiot like your brother I frightened to death—let us understand one another. Sir, I will make away with her for you—the girl—here close at hand; not the stupid obvious kind of killing; do not speak—know nothing of her or me! I see her every day—saw her this morning: of course there is to be no killing; but at Rome the courtesans perish off every three years, and I can entice her thither—have, indeed, begun operations already. There's a certain lusty, blue-eyed, florid-complexioned, English knave I and the Police employ occasionally.—You assent, I perceive—no, that's not it—assent I do not say—but you will let me convert my present havings and holdings into cash, and give me time to cross the Alps? 'Tis but a little black-eyed, pretty singing

Felippa, gay silk-winding girl. I have kept her out of harm's way up to this present; for I always intended to make your life a plague to you with her! 'Tis as well settled once and for ever: some women I have procured will pass Bluphocks, my handsome scoundrel, off for somebody; and once Pippa entangled!—you conceive? Through her singing? Is it a bargain?

From without is heard the voice of PIPPA, singing-

Over-head the tree-tops meet— Flowers and grass spring 'neath one's feet-There was nought above me, and nought below, My childhood had not learned to know ! For, what are the voices of birds -Ay, and of beasts,-but words-our words, Only so much more sweet? The knowledge of that with my life begun ! But I had so near made out the sun, And counted your stars, the Seven and One, Like the fingers of my hand: Nay, I could all but understand Wherefore through heaven the white moon ranges; And just when out of her soft fifty changes No unfamiliar face might overlook me-Suddenly God took me! [PIPPA passes.

Monsignor. [Springing up.] My people—one and all—all—within there! Gag this villain—tie him hand and foot! He dares—I know not half he dares—but remove him—quick! Miserere mei, Domine! Quick, I say!

PIPPA's Chamber again. She enters it.

The bee with his comb,
The mouse at her dray,
The grub in its tomb,
Wile winter away;
But the fire-fly and hedge-shrew and lob-worm, I pray,
How fare they?
Ha, ha, best thanks for your counsel, my Zanze—
"Feast upon lampreys, quaff the Breganze"—
The summer of life's so easy to spend,
And care for to-morrow so soon put away!
But winter hastens at summer's end,
And fire-fly, hedge-shrew, lob-worm, pray,
How fare they?
No bidding me then to . . . what did she say?

"Pare your nails pearlwise, get your small feet shoes
"More like . . . (what said she?)—and less like
canoes—"

How pert that girl was !-would I be those pert Impudent staring women! it had done me. However, surely no such mighty hurt To learn his name who passed that jest upon me: No foreigner, that I can recollect, Came, as she says, a month since, to inspect Our silk-mills-none with blue eyes and thick rings Of English-coloured hair, at all events. Well—if old Luca keeps his good intents, We shall do better: see what next year brings I may buy shoes, my Zanze, not appear More destitute than you, perhaps, next year! Bluph . . . something! I had caught the uncouth name But for Monsignor's people's sudden clatter Above us-bound to spoil such idle chatter As ours: it were, indeed, a serious matter If silly talk like ours should put to shame The pious man, the man devoid of blame, The . . . ah, but—ah, but, all the same, No mere mortal has a right To carry that exalted air; Best people are not angels quite-While-not the worst of people's doings scare The devils: so there's that proud look to spare! Which is mere counsel to myself, mind! for I have just been the boly Monsignor! And I was you too, Luigi's gentle mother, And you too, Luigi!-how that Luigi started Out of the Turret—doubtlessly departed On some good errand or another, For he past just now in a traveller's trim, And the sullen company that prowled About his path, I noticed, scowled As if they had lost a prey in him. And I was Jules the sculptor's bride, And I was Ottima beside, And now what am I ?-tired of fooling ! Day for folly, night for schooling! New year's day is over and spent, Ill or well, I must be content! Even my lily's asleep, I vow: Wake up—here's a friend I've pluckt you! See—call this flower a heart's-ease now! And something rare, let me instruct you. Is this—with petals triply swollen, Three times spotted, thrice the pollen,

While the leaves and parts that witness The old proportions and their fitness Here remain, unchanged unmoved now-So call this pampered thing improved now! Suppose there's a king of the flowers And a girl-show held in his bowers-"Look ye, buds, this growth of ours," Says he, "Zanze from the Brenta, I have made her gorge polenta Till both cheeks are near as bouncing As her . . . name there's no pronouncing! See this heightened colour too-For she swilled Breganze wine Till her nose turned deep carmine-'Twas but white when wild she grew! And only by this Zanze's eyes Of which we could not change the size, The magnitude of what's achieved Otherwise, may be perceived!" Oh what a drear, dark close to my poor day! How could that red sun drop in that black cloud! Ah, Pippa, morning's rule is moved away, Dispensed with, never more to be allowed. Day's turn is over—now arrives the night's— Oh, Lark, be day's apostle To mavis, merle and throstle, Bid them their betters jostle From day and its delights! But at night, brother Howlet, far over the woods, Toll the world to thy chantry— Sing to the bats' sleek sisterhoods Full complines with gallantry— Then, owls and bats, cowls and twats, Monks and nuns, in a cloister's moods. Adjourn to the oak-stump pantry! After she has begun to undress herself.

Now, one thing I should like really to know:
How near I ever might approach all these
I only fancied being, this long day—
—Approached, I mean, so as to touch them—so
As to . . . in some way . . . move them—if you please,
Do good or evil to them some slight way.
For instance, if I wind

Silk to-morrow, my silk may bind

[Sitting on the bedside.

And broider Ottima's cloak's hem—
Ah, me and my important part with them,
This morning's hymn half promised when I rose I
True in some sense or other, I suppose,

Though I passed by them all, and felt no sign.

[As she lies down.

God bless me! I can pray no more to-night.

No doubt, some way or other, hymns say right.

All service is the same with God— With God, whose puppets, best and worst, Are we: there is no last nor first.—

[She sleeps.

DRAMATIC ROMANCES AND LYRICS

1842-5

INSCRIBED

то

JOHN KENYON, Esq.,

IN THE HOPE THAT A RECOLLECTION OF HIS

OWN SUCCESSFUL "RHYMED PLEA FOR TOLERANCE"

MAY INDUCE HIM TO ADMIT GOOD-NATUREDLY

THIS HUMBLER PROSE ONE OF HIS VERY

GRATEFUL AND AFFECTIONATE FRIEND.

R. B.

DRAMATIC ROMANCES AND LYRICS

IV

CAVALIER TUNES*

T .- MARCHING ALONG

1

KENTISH Sir Byng stood for his King, Bidding the crop-headed Parliament swing: And, pressing a troop unable to stoop And see the rogues flourish and honest folk droop, Marched them along, fifty-score strong, Great-hearted gentlemen, singing this song.

2

God for King Charles! Pym and such carles
To the Devil that prompts'em their treasonous parles!
Cavaliers, up! Lips from the cup,
Hands from the pasty, nor bite take nor sup
Till you're (Chorus) marching along, fifty-score strong,
Great-hearted gentlemen, singing this song.

3

Hampden to Hell, and his obsequies' knell Serve Hazelrig, Fiennes, and young Harry as well! England, good cheer! Rupert is near! Kentish and loyalists, keep we not here

(Chorus) Marching along, fifty-score strong, Great-hearted gentlemen, singing this song!

* Such Poems as the following come properly enough, I suppose, under the head of "Dramatic Pieces;" being, though for the most part Lyric in expression, always Dramatic in principle, and so many utterances of so many imaginary persons, not mine.

A

Then, God for King Charles! Pym and his snarls To the Devil that pricks on such pestilent carles! Hold by the right, you double your might; So, onward to Nottingham, fresh for the fight.

(Chorus) March we along, fifty-score strong, Great-hearted gentlemen, singing this song!

II .- GIVE A ROUSE

1

King Charles, and who'll do him right now? King Charles, and who's ripe for fight now? Give a rouse: here's, in Hell's despite now, King Charles!

2

Who gave me the goods that went since? Who raised me the house that sank once? Who helped me to gold I spent since? Who found me in wine you drank once?

(Chorus) King Charles, and who'll do him right now?

King Charles, and who's ripe for fight now?

Give a rouse: here's, in Hell's despite now,

King Charles!

3

To whom used my boy George quaff else, By the old fool's side that begot him? For whom did he cheer and laugh else, While Noll's damned troopers shot him?

(Chorus) King Charles, and who'll do him right now?
King Charles, and who's ripe for fight now?
Give a rouse: here's, in Hell's despite now,
King Charles!

III.-BOOT AND SADDLE

1

Boot, saddle, to horse, and away! Rescue my Castle, before the hot day Brightens to blue from its silvery gray,

(Chorus) "Boot, saddle, to horse, and away!"

9

Ride past the suburbs, asleep as you'd say; Many's the friend there, will listen and pray "God's luck to gallants that strike up the lay,

(Chorus) "Boot, saddle, to horse, and away!"

3

Forty miles off, like a roebuck at bay, Flouts Castle Brancepeth the Roundheads' array; Who laughs, "Good fellows ere this, by my fay,

(Chorus) "Boot, saddle, to horse, and away!"

4

Who? My wife Gertrude; that, honest and gay, Laughs when you talk of surrendering, "Nay!" I've better counsellors; what counsel they?"

(Chorus) "Boot, saddle, to horse, and away!"

MY LAST DUCHESS

FERRARA

THAT'S my last Duchess painted on the wall, Looking as if she were alive; I call That piece a wonder, now: Frà Pandolf's hands Worked busily a day, and there she stands. Will't please you sit and look at her? I said "Frà Pandolf" by design, for never read Strangers like you that pictured countenance, The depth and passion of its earnest glance, But to myself they turned (since none puts by The curtain I have drawn for you, but I) And seemed as they would ask me, if they durst, How such a glance came there; so, not the first Are you to turn and ask thus. Sir, 'twas not Her husband's presence only, called that spot Of joy into the Duchess' cheek: perhaps Frà Pandolf chanced to say "Her mantle laps

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"Over my Lady's wrist too much," or "Paint "Must never hope to reproduce the faint "Half-flush that dies along her throat;" such stuff Was courtesy, she thought, and cause enough For calling up that spot of joy. She had. A heart . . . how shall I say? . . . too soon made glad, Too easily impressed; she liked whate'er She looked on, and her looks went everywhere. Sir. 'twas all one! My favour at her breast, The dropping of the daylight in the West, The bough of cherries some officious fool Broke in the orchard for her, the white mule She rode with round the terrace—all and each Would draw from her alike the approving speech. Or blush, at least. She thanked men, -good; but thanked Somehow . . . I know not how . . . as if she ranked My gift of a nine hundred years old name With anybody's gift. Who'd stoop to blame This sort of trifling? Even had you skill In speech—(which I have not)—to make your will Ouite clear to such an one, and say "Just this "Or that in you disgusts me; here you miss, "Or there exceed the mark "-and if she let Herself be lessoned so, nor plainly set Her wits to yours, forsooth, and made excuse, -E'en then would be some stooping, and I chuse Never to stoop. Oh, Sir, she smiled, no doubt, Whene'er I passed her; but who passed without Much the same smile? This grew; I gave commands; Then all smiles stopped together. There she stands As if alive. Will't please you rise? We'll meet The company below, then. I repeat, The Count your Master's known munificence Is ample warrant that no just pretence Of mine for dowry will be disallowed: Though his fair daughter's self, as I avowed At starting, is my object. Nay, we'll go Together down, Sir! Notice Neptune, tho', Taming a sea-horse, thought a rarity, Which Claus of Innsbruck cast in bronze for me.

VI

COUNT GISMOND

AIX IN PROVENCE

1

CHRIST God, who savest men, save most
Of men Count Gismond who saved me!
Count Gauthier, when he chose his post,
Ghose time and place and company
To suit it; when he struck at length
My honour 'twas with all his strength.

2

And doubtlessly ere he could draw
All points to one, he must have schemed
That miserable morning saw
Few half so happy as I seemed,
While being dressed in Queen's array
To give our Tourney prize away.

3

I thought they loved me, did me grace
To please themselves; 'twas all their deed;
God makes, or fair or foul, our face;
If showing mine so caused to bleed
My cousins' hearts, they should have dropped
A word, and straight the play had stopped.

4

They, too, so beauteous! Each a queen By virtue of her brow and breast; Not needing to be crowned, I mean, As I do. E'en when I was dressed, Had either of them spoke, instead Of glancing sideways with still head!

5

But no: they let me laugh, and sing
My birthday song quite through, adjust
The last rose in my garland, fling
A last look on the mirror, trust
My arms to each an arm of theirs,
And so descend the castle-stairs—

s

And come out on the morning troop
Of merry friends who kissed my cheek,
And called me Queen, and made me stoop
Under the canopy—(a streak
That pierced it, of the outside sun,
Powdered with gold its gloom's soft dun)—

7

And they could let me take my state
And foolish throne amid applause
Of all come there to celebrate
My Queen's day—Oh, I think the cause
Of much was, they forgot no crowd
Makes up for parents in their shroud!

8

Howe'er that be, all eyes were bent
Upon me, when my cousins cast
Theirs down; 'twas time I should present
The victor's crown, but . . . there, 'twill last
No long time . . . the old mist again
Blinds me as then it did. How vain!

9

See! Gismond's at the gate, in talk
With his two boys: I can proceed.
Well, at that moment, who should stalk
Forth boldly (to my face, indeed)
But Gauthier, and he thundered "Stay!"
And all stayed. "Bring no crowns, I say!"

10

"Bring torches! Wind the penance-sheet
"About her! Let her shun the chaste,
"Or lay herself before their feet!
"Shall she, whose body I embraced
"A night long, queen it in the day?
"For Honour's sake no crowns, I say!"

11

I? What I answered? As I live,
I never fancied such a thing
As answer possible to give.
What says the body when they spring
Some monstrous torture-engine's whole
Strength on it? No more says the soul.

12

Till out strode Gismond; then I knew
That I was saved. I never met
His face before, but, at first view,
I felt quite sure that God had set
Himself to Satan; who would spend
A minute's mistrust on the end?

13

He strode to Gauthier, in his throat
Gave him the lie, then struck his mouth
With one back-handed blow that wrote
In blood men's verdict there. North, South,
East, West, I looked. The lie was dead,
And damned, and truth stood up instead.

14

This glads me most, that I enjoyed
The heart of the joy, with my content
In watching Gismond unalloyed
By any doubt of the event:
God took that on him—I was bid
Watch Gismond for my part: I did.

15

Did I not watch him while he let
His armourer just brace his greaves,
Rivet his hauberk, on the fret
The while! His foot . . . my memory leaves
No least stamp out, nor how anon
He pulled his ringing gauntlets on.

16

And e'en before the trumpet's sound
Was finished, prone lay the false Knight,
Prone as his lie, upon the ground:
Gismond flew at him, used no sleight
Of the sword, but open-breasted drove,
Cleaving till out the truth he clove.

17

Which done, he dragged him to my feet
And said "Here die, but end thy breath
"In full confession, lest thou fleet
"From my first, to God's second death!
"Say, hast thou lied?" And, "I have lied
"To God and her," he said, and died.

VIII

SOLILOQUY OF THE SPANISH CLOISTER

1

GR-R-R—there go, my heart's abhorrence!
Water your damned flower-pots, do!
If hate killed men, Brother Lawrence,
God's blood, would not mine kill you!
What? your myrtle-bush wants trimming?
Oh, that rose has prior claims—
Needs its leaden vase filled brimming?
Hell dry you up with its flames!

2

At the meal we sit together:

Salve tibi! I must hear

Wise talk of the kind of weather,

Sort of season, time of year:

Not a plenteous cork-crop: scarcely

Dare we hope oak-galls, I doubt:

What's the Latin name for "parsley"?

What's the Greek name for Swine's Snout?

3

Whew! We'll have our platter burnished,
Laid with care on our own shelf!
With a fire-new spoon we're furnished,
And a goblet for ourself,
Rinsed like something sacrificial
Ere 'tis fit to touch our chaps—
Marked with L. for our initial!
(He, he! There his lily snaps!)

4

Saint, forsooth! While brown Dolores
Squats outside the Convent bank,
With Sanchicha, telling stories,
Steeping tresses in the tank,
Blue-black, lustrous, thick like horsehairs,
—Can't I see his dead eye glow
Bright, as 'twere a Barbary corsair's?
(That is, if he'd let it show!)

5

When he finishes refection,
Knife and fork he never lays
Cross-wise, to my recollection,
As do I, in Jesu's praise.
I, the Trinity illustrate,
Drinking watered orange-pulp—
In three sips the Arian frustrate;
While he drains his at one gulp!

6

Oh, those melons! If he's able
We're to have a feast; so nice!
One goes to the Abbot's table,
All of us get each a slice.
How go on your flowers? None double?
Not one fruit-sort can you spy?
Strange!—And I, too, at such trouble,
Keep 'em close-nipped on the sly!

7

There's a great text in Galatians,
Once you trip on it, entails
Twenty-nine distinct damnations,
One sure, if another fails.
If I trip him just a-dying,
Sure of Heaven as sure can be,
Spin him round and send him flying
Off to Hell, a Manichee?

R

Or, my scrofulous French novel,
On grey paper with blunt type!
Simply glance at it, you grovel
Hand and foot in Belial's gripe:
If I double down its pages
At the woeful sixteenth print
When he gathers his greengages,
Ope a sieve and slip it in't?

'n

Or, there's Satan!—one might venture Pledge one's soul to him, yet leave Such a flaw in the indenture As he'd miss till, past retrieve, Blasted lay that rose-acacia
We're so proud of! Hy, Zy, Hine
'St, there's Vespers! Plena gratia
Ave, Virgo! Gr-r-r—you swine!

ıx

IN A GONDOLA

He sings.

I send my heart up to thee, all my heart
In this my singing!
For the stars help me, and the sea bears part;
The very night is clinging
Closer to Venice' streets to leave one space
Above me, whence thy face
May light my joyous heart to thee its dwelling-place.

She speaks.

Say after me, and try to say My very words, as if each word Came from you of your own accord. In your own voice, in your own way: "This woman's heart, and soul, and brain "Are mine as much as this gold chain "She bids me wear; which" (say again) "I choose to make by cherishing "A precious thing, or choose to fling "Over the boat-side, ring by ring." And yet once more say . . . no word more! Since words are only words. Give o'er! Unless you call me, all the same. Familiarly by my pet-name Which, if the Three should hear you call, And me reply to, would proclaim At once our secret to them all: Ask of me, too, command me, blame-Do break down the partition-wall 'Twixt us, the daylight world beholds Curtained in dusk and splendid folds. What's left but—all of me to take? I am the Three's; prevent them, slake Your thirst! 'Tis said, the Arab sage In practising with gems can loose

Their subtle spirit in his cruce And leave but ashes: so, sweet mage, Leave them my ashes when thy use Sucks out my soul, thy heritage!

He sings.

1

Past we glide, and past, and past!
What's that poor Agnese doing
Where they make the shutters fast?
Grey Zanobi's just a-wooing
To his couch the purchased bride:
Past we glide!

2

Past we glide, and past, and past!
Why's the Pucci Palace flaring
Like a beacon to the blast?
Guests by hundreds—not one caring
If the dear host's neck were wried
Past we glide!

She sings.

1

The Moth's kiss, first!
Kiss me as if you made believe
You were not sure, this eve,
How my face, your flower, had pursed
Its petals up; so, here and there
You brush it, till I grow aware
Who wants me, and wide open burst.

2

The Bee's kiss, now!
Kiss me as if you entered gay
My heart at some noonday,
A bud that dares not disallow
The claim, so all is rendered up,
And passively its shattered cup
Over your head to sleep I bow.

He sings.

1

What are we two?
I am a Jew,
And carry thee, farther than friends can pursue,
-G

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To a feast of our tribe,
Where they need thee to bribe
The devil that blasts them unless he imbibe
Thy . . . Shatter the vision for ever! And now,
As of old, I am I, Thou art Thou!

2

Say again, what we are?
The sprite of a star,
I lure thee above where the Destinies bar
My plumes their full play
Till a ruddier ray
Than my pale one announce there is withering away
Some . . . Shatter the vision for ever! And now,
As of old, I am I, Thou art Thou!

He muses.

Oh, which were best, to roam or rest? The land's lap or the water's breast? To sleep on yellow millet-sheaves, Or swim in lucid shallows, just Eluding water-lily leaves, An inch from Death's black fingers, thrust To lock you, whom release he must; Which life were best on Summer eves?

He speaks, musing.

Lie back: could thought of mine improve you? From this shoulder let there spring A wing; from this, another wing; Wings, not legs and feet, shall move you! Snow-white must they spring, to blend With your flesh, but I intend They shall deepen to the end, Broader, into burning gold, Till both wings crescent-wise enfold Your perfect self, from 'neath your feet To o'er your head, where, lo, they meet As if a million sword-blades hurled Defiance from you to the world! Rescue me thou, the only real! And scare away this mad Ideal That came, nor motions to depart! Thanks! Now, stay ever as thou art!

Still he muses.

1

What if the Three should catch at last Thy serenader? While there's cast Paul's cloak about my head, and fast Gian pinions me, Himself has past His stylet thro' my back; I reel; And . . . is it Thou I feel?

2

They trail me, these three godless knaves, Past every church that sains and saves, Nor stop till, where the cold sea raves By Lido's wet accursed graves, They scoop mine, roll me to its brink, And . . . on Thy breast I sink!

She replies, musing.

Dip your arm o'er the boat-side, elbow-deep, As I do: thus: were Death so unlike Sleep, Caught this way? Death's to fear from flame, or steel, Or poison doubtless; but from water—feel!

Go find the bottom! Would you stay me? There! Now pluck a great blade of that ribbon-grass To plait in where the foolish jewel was, I flung away: since you have praised my hair, 'Tis proper to be choice in what I wear.

He speaks.

Row home? must we row home? Too surely Know I where its front's demurely Over the Giudecca piled; Window just with window mating, Door on door exactly waiting, All's the set face of a child: But behind it, where's a trace Of the staidness and reserve, And formal lines without a curve, In the same child's playing-face? No two windows look one way O'er the small sea-water thread Below them. Ah, the autumn day I, passing, saw you overhead! First, out a cloud of curtain blew, Then, a sweet cry, and last, came youTo catch your loory that must needs Escape just then, of all times then. To peck a tall plant's fleecy seeds. And make me happiest of men. I scarce could breathe to see you reach So far back o'er the balcony, (To catch him ere he climbed too high Above you in the Smyrna peach) That quick the round smooth cord of gold. This coiled hair on your head, unrolled. Fell down you like a gorgeous snake The Roman girls were wont, of old, When Rome there was, for coolness' sake To let lie curling o'er their bosoms. Dear loory, may his beak retain Ever its delicate rose stain As if the wounded lotus-blossoms Had marked their thief to know again! Stay longer yet, for others' sake Than mine! what should your chamber do? -With all its rarities that ache In silence while day lasts, but wake At night-time and their life renew. Suspended just to pleasure you -That brought against their will together These objects, and, while day lasts, weave Around them such a magic tether That they look dumb: your harp, believe, With all the sensitive tight strings That dare not speak, now to itself Breathes slumbrously as if some elf Went in and out the chords, his wings Make murmur wheresoe'er they graze, As an angel may, between the maze Of midnight palace-pillars, on And on, to sow God's plagues have gone Through guilty glorious Babylon. And while such murmurs flow, the nymph Bends o'er the harp-top from her shell, As the dry limpet for the lymph Come with a tune he knows so well. And how your statues' hearts must swell! And how your pictures must descend To see each other, friend with friend! Oh, could you take them by surprise, You'd find Schidone's eager Duke Doing the quaintest courtesies To that prim Saint by Haste-thee-Luke: And, deeper into her rock den,

Bold Castelfranco's Magdalen
You'd find retreated from the ken
Of that robed counsel-keeping Ser—
As if the Tizian thinks of her,
And is not, rather, gravely bent
On seeing for himself what toys
Are these, his progeny invent,
What litter now the board employs
Whereon he signed a document
That got him murdered! Each enjoys
Its night so well, you cannot break
The sport up, so, indeed must make
More stay with me, for others' sake.

She speaks.

1

To-morrow, if a harp-string, say, Is used to tie the jasmine back That overfloods my room with sweets, Contrive your Zorzi somehow meets My Zanze: in the ribbon's black, The Three are watching; keep away.

2

Your gondola—let Zorzi wreathe
A mesh of water-weeds about
Its prow, as if he unaware
Had struck some quay or bridge-foot stair;
That I may throw a paper out
As you and he go underneath.

There's Zanze's vigilant taper; safe are we! Only one minute more to-night with me? Resume your past self of a month ago! Be you the bashful gallant, I will be The lady with the colder breast than snow: Now bow you, as becomes, nor touch my hand More than I touch yours when I step to land, And say, "All thanks, Siora!"—

Heart to heart,
And lips to lips! Yet once more, ere we part,
Clasp me, and make me thine, as mine thou art!
[He is surprised, and stabbed.
It was ordained to be so, Sweet,—and best
Comes now, beneath thine eyes, and on thy breast.

Still kiss me! Care not for the cowards! Care Only to put aside thy beauteous hair My blood will hurt! The Three, I do not scorn To death, because they never lived: but I Have lived indeed, and so—(yet one more kiss)—can die!

X

ARTEMIS PROLOGUIZES

I AM a Goddess of the ambrosial courts. And save by Here, Queen of Pride, surpassed By none whose temples whiten this the world. Thro' Heaven I roll my lucid moon along: I shed in Hell o'er my pale people peace; On Earth, I, caring for the creatures, guard Each pregnant yellow wolf and fox-bitch sleek. And every feathered mother's callow brood, And all that love green haunts and loneliness. Of men, the chaste adore me, hanging crowns Of poppies red to blackness, bell and stem, Upon my image at Athenai here: And this dead Youth, Asclepios bends above, Was dearest to me. He my buskined step To follow thro' the wild-wood leafy ways, And chase the panting stag, or swift with darts Stop the swift ounce, or lay the leopard low, Neglected homage to another God: Whence Aphrodite, by no midnight smoke Of tapers lulled, in jealousy dispatched A noisome lust that, as the gadbee stings, Possessed his stepdame Phaidra for himself The son of Theseus her great absent spouse. Hippolutos exclaiming in his rage Against the miserable Queen, she judged Life insupportable, and, pricked at heart An Amazonian stranger's race should dare To scorn her, perished by the murderous cord: Yet, ere she perished, blasted in a scroll The fame of him her swerving made not swerve, Which Theseus read, returning, and believed, So, exiled in the blindness of his wrath, The man without a crime, who, last as first, Loyal, divulged not to his sire the truth. Now Theseus from Poseidon had obtained That of his wishes should be granted Three, And this he imprecated straight—alive

May ne'er Hippolutos reach other lands ! Poseidon heard, ai ai! And scarce the prince Had stepped into the fixed boots of the car. That gave the feet a stay against the strength Of the Henetian horses, and around His body flung the reins, and urged their speed Along the rocks and shingles of the shore. When from the gaping wave a monster flung His obscene body in the coursers' path! These, mad with terror as the sea-bull sprawled Wallowing about their feet, lost care of him That reared them; and the master-chariot-pole Snapping beneath their plunges like a reed, Hippolutos, whose feet were trammeled fast. Was yet dragged forward by the circling rein Which either hand directed; nor was quenched The frenzy of that flight before each trace. Wheel-spoke and splinter of the woeful car. Each boulder-stone, sharp stub, and spiny shell, Huge fish-bone wrecked and wreathed amid the sands On that detested beach, was bright with blood And morsels of his flesh: then fell the steeds Head-foremost, crashing in their mooned fronts. Shivering with sweat, each white eye horror-fixed. His people, who had witnessed all afar, Bore back the ruins of Hippolutos. But when his sire, too swoln with pride, rejoiced, (Indomitable as a man foredoomed) That vast Poseidon had fulfilled his prayer. I, in a flood of glory visible, Stood o'er my dying votary, and deed By deed revealed, as all took place, the truth. Then Theseus lay the woefullest of men, And worthily; but ere the death-veils hid His face, the murdered prince full pardon breathed To his rash sire. Whereat Athenai wails. So, I who ne'er forsake my votaries, Lest in the cross-way none the honey-cake Should tender, nor pour out the dog's hot life; Lest at my fain the priests disconsolate Should dress my image with some faded poor Few crowns, made favours of, nor dare object Such slackness to my worshippers who turn The trusting heart and loaded hand elsewhere As they had climbed Oulumpos to report Of Artemis and nowhere found her throne— I interposed: and, this eventful night, While round the funeral pyre the populace ·Stood with fierce light on their black robes that blind

Each sobbing head, while yet their hair they clipped O'er the dead body of their withered prince, And, in his palace, Theseus prostrated On the cold hearth, his brow cold as the slab 'Twas bruised on, groaned away the heavy grief-As the pyre fell, and down the cross logs crashed, Sending a crowd of sparkles thro' the night. And the gay fire, elate with mastery. Towered like a serpent o'er the clotted jars Of wine, dissolving oils and frankincense, And splendid gums, like gold,-my potency Conveyed the perished man to my retreat In the thrice venerable forest here. And this white-bearded Sage who squeezes now The berried plant, is Phoibos' son of fame, Asclepios, whom my radiant brother taught The doctrine of each herb and flower and root, To know their secret'st virtue and express The saving soul of all—who so has soothed With lavers the torn brow and murdered cheeks. Composed the hair and brought its gloss again, And called the red bloom to the pale skin back, And laid the strips and jagged ends of flesh Even once more, and slacked the sinew's knot Of every tortured limb—that now he lies As if mere sleep possessed him underneath These interwoven oaks and pines. Oh, cheer, Divine presenter of the healing rod Thy snake, with ardent throat and lulling eye, Twines his lithe spires around! I say, much cheer! Proceed thou with thy wisest pharmacies! And ye, white crowd of woodland sister-nymphs, Ply, as the Sage directs, these buds and leaves That strew the turf around the Twain! While I Await, in fitting silence, the event.

XI

WARING

I

1

WHAT'S become of Waring
Since he gave us all the slip,
Chose land-travel or seafaring,
Boots and chest, or staff and scrip,

Rather than pace up and down Any longer London-town?

Who'd have guessed it from his lip. Or his brow's accustomed bearing. On the night he thus took ship. Or started landward?—little caring For us, it seems, who supped together. (Friends of his too, I remember) And walked home thro' the merry weather. The snowiest in all December: I left his arm that night myself For what's-his-name's, the new prose-poet, That wrote the book there, on the shelf-How, forsooth, was I to know it If Waring meant to glide away Like a ghost at break of day? Never looked he half so gay !

3

He was prouder than the Devil: How he must have cursed our revel! Ay, and many other meetings, Indoor visits, outdoor greetings, As up and down he paced this London. With no work done, but great works undone. Where scarce twenty knew his name. Why not, then, have earlier spoken, Written, bustled? Who's to blame If your silence kept unbroken? "True, but there were sundry jottings,

"Stray-leaves, fragments, blurrs and blottings,

"Certain first steps were achieved

"Already which "—(is that your meaning?)

"Had well borne out whoe'er believed
"In more to come!" But who goes gleaning Hedge-side chance-blades, while full-sheaved Stand cornfields by him? Pride, o'erweening Pride alone, puts forth such claims O'er the day's distinguished names.

Meantime, how much I loved him. I find out now I've lost him: I, who cared not if I moved him, Who could so carelessly accost him, Henceforth never shall get free Of his ghostly company, His eyes that just a little wink As deep I go into the merit Of this and that distinguished spirit-His cheeks' raised colour, soon to sink, As long I dwell on some stupendous And tremendous (Heaven defend us!) Monstr'-inform'-ingens-horrend-ous Demoniaco-seraphic Penman's latest piece of graphic. Nay, my very wrist grows warm With his dragging weight of arm ! E'en so, swimmingly appears, Thro' one's after-supper musings, Some lost Lady of old years, With her beauteous vain endeavour, And goodness unrepaid as ever; The face, accustomed to refusings, We, puppies that we were . . . Oh never Surely, nice of conscience, scrupled Being aught like false, forsooth, to? Telling aught but honest truth to? What a sin, had we centupled Its possessor's grace and sweetness! No I she heard in its completeness Truth, for truth's a weighty matter, And, truth at issue, we can't flatter ! Well, 'tis done with: she's exempt From damning us thro' such a sally; And so she glides, as down a valley, Taking up with her contempt, Past our reach; and in, the flowers Shut her unregarded hours.

Oh, could I have him back once more, This Waring, but one half-day more! Back, with the quiet face of yore, So hungry for acknowledgment Like mine! I'd fool him to his bent! Feed, should not he, to heart's content? I'd say, " to only have conceived "Your great works, tho' they ne'er make progress, "Surpasses all we've yet achieved ! " I'd lie so, I should be believed. I'd make such havoc of the claims Of the day's distinguished names

To feast him with, as feasts an ogress Her sharp-toothed golden-crowned child! Or, as one feasts a creature rarely Captured here, unreconciled To capture; and completely gives Its pettish humours licence, barely Requiring that it lives.

6

Ichabod, Ichabod, The glory is departed ! Travels Waring East away? Who, of knowledge, by hearsay, Reports a man upstarted Somewhere as a God, Hordes grown European-hearted, Millions of the wild made tame On a sudden at his fame? In Vishnu-land what Avatar? Or who, in Moscow, toward the Czar, With the demurest of footfalls Over the Kremlin's pavement, bright With serpentine and syenite, Steps, with five other Generals, That simultaneously take snuff, For each to have pretext enough To kerchiefwise unfurl his sash Which, softness' self, is yet the stuff To hold fast where a steel chain snaps, And leave the grand white neck no gash? Waring, in Moscow, to those rough Cold northern natures borne, perhaps, Like the lambwhite maiden dear From the circle of mute kings. Unable to repress the tear, Each as his sceptre down he flings, To Dian's fane at Taurica, Where now a captive priestess, she alway Mingles her tender grave Hellenic speech With theirs, tuned to the hailstone-beaten beach, As pours some pigeon, from the myrrhy lands Rapt by the whirlblast to fierce Scythian strands Where breed the swallows, her melodious cry Amid their barbarous twitter ! In Russia? Never! Spain were fitter! Ay, most likely 'tis in Spain That we and Waring meet again-Now, while he turns down that cool narrow lane

Into the blackness, out of grave Madrid All fire and shine—abrupt as when there's slid Its stiff gold blazing pall From some black coffin-lid. Or, best of all. I love to think The leaving us was just a feint; Back here to London did he slink; And now works on without a wink Of sleep, and we are on the brink Of something great in fresco-paint: Some garret's ceiling, walls and floor, Up and down and o'er and o'er He splashes, as none splashed before Since great Caldara Polidore: Or Music means this land of ours Some favour yet, to pity won By Purcell from his Rosy Bowers.-"Give me my so long promised son, "Let Waring end what I begun!" Then down he creeps and out he steals Only when the night conceals His face—in Kent 'tis cherry-time. Or, hops are picking; or, at prime Of March, he wanders as, too happy, Years ago when he was young, Some mild eve when woods grew sappy, And the early moths had sprung To life from many a trembling sheath Woven the warm boughs beneath; While small birds said to themselves What should soon be actual song, And young gnats, by tens and twelves, Made as if they were the throng That crowd around and carry aloft The sound they have nursed, so sweet and pure, Out of a myriad noises soft, Into a tone that can endure Amid the noise of a July noon, When all God's creatures crave their boon, All at once and all in tune, And get it, happy as Waring then, Having first within his ken What a man might do with men, And far too glad, in the even-glow, To mix with your world he meant to take Into his hand, he told you, so-And out of it his world to make, To contract and to expand

As he shut or oped his hand. Oh. Waring, what's to really be? A clear stage and a crowd to see! Some Garrick-say-out shall not he The heart of Hamlet's mystery pluck? Or, where most unclean beasts are rife. Some Junius—am I right ?—shall tuck His sleeve, and out with flaving-knife! Some Chatterton shall have the luck Of calling Rowley into life! Some one shall somehow run a muck With this old world, for want of strife Sound asleep: contrive, contrive Who's alive? To rouse us, Waring! Our men scarce seem in earnest now: Distinguished names !- but 'tis, somehow, As if they played at being names Still more distinguished, like the games Of children. Turn our sport to earnest With a visage of the sternest! Bring the real times back, confessed Still better than our very best!

II

1

"WHEN I last saw Waring . . ."
(How all turned to him who spoke—You saw Waring? Truth or joke?
In land-travel, or sea-faring?)

2

"We were sailing by Triest,

"Where a day or two we harboured:

" A sunset was in the West,

"When, looking over the vessel's side,

"One of our company espied "A sudden speck to larboard.

"And, as a sea-duck flies and swims
"At once, so came the light craft up,

"With its sole lateen sail that trims "And turns (the water round its rims

"Dancing, as round a sinking cup)

"And by us like a fish it curled,

"And drew itself up close beside,
"Its great sail on the instant furled,

"And o'er its planks, a shrill voice cried,

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"(A neck as bronzed as a Lascar's)

"Buy wine of us, you English Brig?" Or fruit, tobacco and cigars?

"A Pilot for you to Triest?

"' Without one, look you ne'er so big, "They'll never let you up the bay!

"' We natives should know best."

"I turned, and 'just those fellows' way,'

"Our captain said, 'The 'long-shore thieves

" ' Are laughing at us in their sleeves.'

3

"In truth, the boy leaned laughing back; •

" And one, half-hidden by his side

"Under the furled sail, soon I spied, "With great grass hat, and kerchief black,

"With great grass hat, and kerchief black, "Who looked up, with his kingly throat,

"Said somewhat, while the other shook

"His hair back from his eyes to look
"Their longest at us; then the boat,

"I know not how, turned sharply round,

"Laying her whole side on the sea

"As a leaping fish does; from the lee

"Into the weather, cut somehow

"Her sparkling path beneath our bow;

"And so went off, as with a bound,

"Into the rose and golden half

" Of the sky, to overtake the sun,

" And reach the shore, like the sea-calf

"Its singing cave; yet I caught one

"Glance ere away the boat quite passed,

"And neither time nor toil could mar

"Those features: so I saw the last

"Of Waring!"—You? Oh, never star Was lost here, but it rose afar!

Look East, where whole new thousands are!

In Vishnu-land what Avatar?

XII

RUDEL TO THE LADY OF TRIPOLI

1

I know a Mount, the gracious Sun perceives First when he visits, last, too, when he leaves The world; and, vainly favoured, it repays The day-long glory of his steadfast gaze By no change of its large calm front of snow. And underneath the Mount, a Flower I know, He cannot have perceived, that changes ever At his approach; and, in the lost endeavour To live his life, has parted, one by one, With all a flower's true graces, for the grace Of being but a foolish mimic sun; With ray-like florets round a disk-like face. Men nobly call by many a name the Mount, As over many a land of theirs its large Calm front of snow like a triumphal targe Is reared, and still with old names, fresh ones vie, Each to its proper praise and own account: Men call the Flower, the Sunflower, sportively.

9

Oh, Angel of the East, one, one gold look
Across the waters to this twilight nook,
—The far sad waters, Angel, to this nook!

3

Dear Pilgrim, art thou for the East indeed? Go! Saying ever as thou dost proceed, That I, French Rudel, choose for my device A sunflower outspread like a sacrifice See! These inexpert Before its idol. And hurried fingers could not fail to hurt The woven picture; 'tis a woman's skill Indeed; but nothing baffled me, so, ill Say, men feed Or well, the work is finished. On songs I sing, and therefore bask the bees On my flower's breast as on a platform broad: But, as the flower's concern is not for these But solely for the sun, so men applaud In vain this Rudel, he not looking here But to the East—the East! Go, say this, Pilgrim dear!

 $\mathbf{III}\mathbf{X}$

CRISTINA

1

SHE should never have looked at me,
If she meant I should not love her!
There are plenty . . . men, you call such,
I suppose . . . she may discover

All her soul to, if she pleases,
And yet leave much as she found them:
But I'm not so, and she knew it
When she fixed me, glancing round them.

2

What? To fix me thus meant nothing?
But I can't tell . . . there's my weakness . . . What her look said!—no vile cant, sure,
About "need to strew the bleakness "
"Of some lone shore with its pearl-seed,
"That the Sea feels"—no "strange yearning
"That such souls have, most to lavish
"Where there's chance of least returning."

9

Oh, we're sunk enough here, God knows!
But not quite so sunk that moments,
Sure tho' seldom, are denied us,
When the spirit's true endowments
Stand out plainly from its false ones,
And apprise it if pursuing
Or the right way or the wrong way,
To its triumph or undoing.

4

There are flashes struck from midnights,
There are fire-flames noondays kindle,
Whereby piled-up honours perish,
Whereby swoln ambitions dwindle,
While just this or that poor impulse,
Which for once had play unstifled,
Seems the sole work of a life-time
That away the rest have trifled.

5

Doubt you if, in some such moment,
As she fixed me, she felt clearly,
Ages past the soul existed,
Here an age 'tis resting merely,
And hence, fleets again for ages:
While the true end, sole and single,
It stops here for is, this love-way,
With some other soul to mingle?

ĥ

Else it loses what it lived for,
And eternally must lose it;
Better ends may be in prospect,
Deeper blisses, if you choose it,
But this life's end and this love-bliss
Have been lost here. Doubt you whether
This she felt, as, looking at me,
Mine and her souls rushed together?

7

Oh, observe! Of course, next moment,
The world's honours, in derision,
Trampled out the light for ever:
Never fear but there's provision
Of the Devil's to quench knowledge
Lest we walk the earth in rapture!
—Making those who catch God's secret
Just so much more prize their capture.

ጸ

Such am I: the secret's mine now!

She has lost me—I have gained her!
Her soul's mine: and, thus, grown perfect,
I shall pass my life's remainder,
Life will just hold out the proving
Both our powers, alone and blended—
And then, come the next life quickly!

This world's use will have been ended.

xiv

JOHANNES AGRICOLA IN MEDITATION

THERE'S Heaven above, and night by night, I look right through its gorgeous roof
No sun and moons though e'er so bright
Avail to stop me; splendour-proof
I keep the broods of stars aloof:
For I intend to get to God,
For 'tis to God I speed so fast,
For in God's breast, my own abode,
Those shoals of dazzling glory past,
I lay my spirit down at last.
I lie where I have always lain,
God smiles as he has always smiled;

Ere suns and moons could wax and wane, Ere stars were thundergirt, or piled The Heavens, God thought on me his child; Ordained a life for me, arrayed

Its circumstances, every one To the minutest; ay, God said

This head this hand should rest upon Thus, ere he fashioned star or sun. And having thus created me,

Thus rooted me, he bade me grow,

Guiltless for ever, like a tree

That buds and blooms, nor seeks to know
The law by which it prospers so:

The law by which it prospers so:

But sure that thought and word and deed All go to swell his love for me,

Me, made because that love had need
Of something irrevocably

Pledged solely its content to be.
Yes, yes, a tree which must ascend,—

No poison-gourd foredoomed to stoop!

I have God's warrant, could I blend
All hideous sins, as in a cup,

To drink the mingled venoms up, Secure my nature will convert

The draught to blossoming gladness fast, While sweet dews turn to the gourd's hurt, And bloat, and while they bloat it, blast,

As from the first its lot was cast.
For as I lie, smiled on, full fed

By unexhausted power to bless, I gaze below on Hell's fierce bed,

And those its waves of flame oppress, Swarming in ghastly wretchedness; Whose life on earth aspired to be

One altar-smoke, so pure !—to win If not love like God's love to me,

At least to keep his anger in, And all their striving turned to sin!

Priest, doctor, hermit, monk grown white With prayer, the broken-hearted nun,

The martyr, the wan acolyte,
The incense-swinging child,—undone
Before God fashioned star or sun!
God, whom I praise; how could I praise,
If such as I might understand,

Make out, and reckon on, his ways,
And bargain for his love, and stand,
Paying a price, at his right hand?

xv

PORPHYRIA'S LOVER

THE rain set early in to-night, The sullen wind was soon awake. It tore the elm-tops down for spite, And did its worst to vex the lake, I listened with heart fit to break; When glided in Porphyria: straight She shut the cold out and the storm, And kneeled and made the cheerless grate Blaze up, and all the cottage warm; Which done, she rose, and from her form Withdrew the dripping cloak and shawl, And laid her soiled gloves by, untied Her hat and let the damp hair fall, And, last, she sate down by my side And called me. When no voice replied, She put my arm about her waist. And made her smooth white shoulder bare. And all her yellow hair displaced, And, stooping, made my cheek lie there, And spread o'er all her yellow hair, Murmuring how she loved me; she Too weak, for all her heart's endeavour. To set its struggling passion free From pride, and vainer ties dissever, And give herself to me for ever: But passion sometimes would prevail, Nor could to-night's gay feast restrain A sudden thought of one so pale For love of her, and all in vain; So, she was come through wind and rain. Be sure I looked up at her eyes Proud, very proud; at last I knew Porphyria worshipped me; surprise Made my heart swell, and still it grew While I debated what to do. That moment she was mine, mine, fair, Perfectly pure and good: I found A thing to do, and all her hair In one long yellow string I wound Three times her little throat around. And strangled her. No pain felt she:

I am quite sure she felt no pain.

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As a shut bud that holds a bee
I warily oped her lids; again
Laughed the blue eyes without a stain.
And I untightened next the tress
About her neck; her cheek once more
Blushed bright beneath my burning kiss;
I propped her head up as before,
Only, this time my shoulder bore
Her head, which droops upon it still:
The smiling rosy little head,
So glad it has its utmost will,
That all it scorned at once is fled,
And I, its love, am gained instead!
Porphyria's love: she guessed not how
Her darling one wish would be heard.

And thus we sit together now,
And all night long we have not stirred,
And yet God has not said a word!

XVI

THROUGH THE METIDJA TO ABD-EL-KADR

1842

1

As I ride, as I ride,
With a full heart for my guide,
So its tide rocks my side,
As I ride, as I ride,
That, as I were double-eyed,
He, in whom our Tribes confide,
Is descried, ways untried
As I ride, as I ride.

2

As I ride, as I ride
To our Chief and his Allied,
Who dares chide my heart's pride
As I ride, as I ride?
Or are witnesses denied—
Through the desert waste and wide
Do I glide unespied
As I ride, as I ride?

3

As I ride, as I ride,
When an inner voice has cried,
The sands slide, nor abide
(As I ride, as I ride)
O'er each visioned Homicide
That came vaunting (has he lied?)
To reside—where he died,
As I ride, as I ride.

4

As I ride, as I ride,
Ne'er has spur my swift horse plied,
Yet his hide, streaked and pied,
As I ride, as I ride,
Shows where sweat has sprung and dried,
—Zebra-footed, ostrich-thighed—
How has vied stride with stride
As I ride, as I ride!

5

As I ride, as I ride,
Could I loose what Fate has tied,
Ere I pried, she should hide
As I ride, as I ride,
All that's meant me: satisfied
When the Prophet and the Bride
Stop veins I'd have subside
As I ride, as I ride!

XVII

THE PIED PIPER OF HAMELIN;

A CHILD'S STORY

(WRITTEN FOR, AND INSCRIBED TO, W. M. THE YOUNGER)

1

HAMELIN Town's in Brunswick,
By famous Hanover city;
The River Weser, deep and wide,
Washes its wall on the southern side;
A pleasanter spot you never spied;

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But, when begins my ditty,
Almost five hundred years ago,
To see townsfolk suffer so
From vermin, was a pity.

2

Rats!
They fought the dogs, and killed the cats,
And bit the babies in the cradles,
And ate the cheeses out of the vats,
And licked the soup from the cook's own ladles,
Split open the kegs of salted sprats,
Made nests inside men's Sunday hats,
And even spoiled the women's chats,
By drowning their speaking
With shrieking and squeaking
In fifty different sharps and flats.

3

At last the people in a body
To the Town Hall came flocking:
"Tis clear," cried they, "our Mayor's a noddy,
"And as for our Corporation—shocking
"To think we buy gowns lined with ermine
"For dolts that can't or won't determine
"What's best to rid us of our vermin!
"You hope, because you're old and obese,
"To find in the furry civic robe ease?
"Rouse up, Sirs! Give your brains a racking
"To find the remedy we're lacking,
"Or, sure as fate, we'll send you packing!
At this the Mayor and Corporation
Quaked with a mighty consternation.

4

An hour they sate in council,
At length the Mayor broke silence:
"For a guilder I'd my ermine gown sell;
"I wish I were a mile hence!
"It's easy to bid one rack one's brain—
"I'm sure my poor head aches again
"I've scratched it so, and all in vain.
"Oh for a trap, a trap, a trap!"
Just as he said this, what should hap
At the chamber door but a gentle tap?
"Bless us," cried the Mayor, "what's that?"
(With the Corporation as he sat,
Looking little though wondrous fat;

Nor brighter was his eye, nor moister Than a too-long-opened oyster, Save when at noon his paunch grew mutinous For a plate of turtle green and glutinous) "Only a scraping of shoes on the mat? "Anything like the sound of a rat "Makes my heart go pit-a-pat!

5

"Come in!"—the Mayor cried, looking bigger:
And in did come the strangest figure!
His queer long coat from heel to head
Was half of yellow and half of red;
And he himself was tall and thin,
With sharp blue eyes, each like a pin,
And light loose hair, yet swarthy skin,
No tuft on cheek nor beard on chin,
But lips where smiles went out and in—
There was no guessing his kith and kin!
And nobody could enough admire
The tall man and his quaint attire:
Quoth one: "It's as my great-grandsire,
"Starting up at the Trump of Doom's tone,
"Had walked this way from his painted tombstone!"

6

He advanced to the council-table: And, "Please your honours," said he, "I'm able, "By means of a secret charm, to draw "All creatures living beneath the sun, "That creep, or swim, or fly, or run, " After me so as you never say "And I chiefly use my charm "On creatures that do people harm, "The mole, the toad, and newt, and viper; "And people call me the Pied Piper." (And here they noticed round his neck A scarf of red and yellow stripe, To match with his coat of the self same cheque; And at the scarf's end hung a pipe; And his fingers, they noticed, were ever straying As if impatient to be playing Upon this pipe, as low it dangled Over his vesture so old-fangled.) "Yet," said he, "poor piper as I am, " In Tartary I freed the Cham, "Last June, from his huge swarms of gnats; " I eased in Asia the Nizam

" Of a nest of scorpions no survivor-

"With him I proved no bargain-driver, "With you, don't think I'll bate a stiver!

"And folks who put me in a passion "May find me pipe to another fashion."

"How?" cried the Mayor, "d'ye think I'll brook

"Being worse created than a Cook?

"Insulted by a lazy ribald

"With idle pipe and vesture piebald?

"You threaten us, fellow? Do your worst,

"Blow your pipe there till you burst!"

. 12

Once more he stept into the street; And to his lips again

Laid his long pipe of smooth straight cane; And ere he blew three notes (such sweet

Soft notes as yet musician's cunning

Never gave the enraptured air) There was a rustling, that seemed like a bustling Of merry crowds justling at pitching and hustling, Small feet were pattering, wooden shoes clattering, Little hands clapping, and little tongues chattering, And, like fowls in a farm-yard when barley is scattering, Out came the children running. All the little boys and girls, With rosy cheeks and flaxen curls, And sparkling eyes and teeth like pearls, Tripping and skipping, ran merrily after The wonderful music with shouting and laughter.

The Mayor was dumb, and the Council stood As if they were changed into blocks of wood, Unable to move a step, or cry To the children merrily skipping by-And could only follow with the eye That joyous crowd at the Piper's back. But how the Mayor was on the rack, And the wretched Council's bosoms beat, As the Piper turned from the High Street To where the Weser rolled its waters Right in the way of their sons and daughters! However he turned from South to West, And to Koppelberg Hill his steps addressed, And after him the children pressed; Great was the joy in every breast.

"He never can cross that mighty top! "He's forced to let the piping drop, "And we shall see our children stop!" When, lo, as they reached the mountain's side, A wondrous portal opened wide, As if a cavern was suddenly hollowed; And the Piper advanced and the children followed, And when all were in to the very last, The door in the mountain side shut fast. Did I say, all? No! One was lame, And could not dance the whole of the way: And in after years, if you would blame His sadness, he was used to say,-"It's dull in our town since my playmates left! " I can't forget that I'm bereft " Of all the pleasant sights they see, "Which the Piper also promised me; " For he led us, he said, to a joyous land, " Joining the town and just at hand, "Where waters gushed and fruit-trees grew, " And flowers put forth a fairer hue, " And everything was strange and new; "The sparrows were brighter than peacocks here, "And their dogs outran our fallow deer, " And honey-bees had lost their stings, " And horses were born with eagles' wings; " And just as I became assured " My lame foot would be speedily cured, "The music stopped and I stood still, " And found myself outside the Hill, "Left alone against my will, "To go now limping as before, " And never hear of that country more!"

14

Alas, alas for Hamelin!

There came into many a burgher's pate
A text which says, that Heaven's Gate
Opes to the Rich at as easy rate
As the needle's eye takes a camel in!
The Mayor sent East, West, North, and South
To offer the Piper by word of mouth,
Wherever it was men's lot to find him,
Silver and gold to his heart's content,
If he'd only return the way he went,
And bring the children behind him.
But when they saw 'twas a lost endeavour,
And Piper and dancers were gone for ever,
They made a decree that lawyers never

Should think their records dated duly If, after the day of the month and year, These words did not as well appear, " And so long after what happened here "On the Twenty-second of July, "Thirteen hundred and Seventy-six:" And the better in memory to fix The place of the Children's last retreat, They called it, the Pied Piper's Street-Where any one playing on pipe or tabor Was sure for the future to lose his labour. Nor suffered they Hostelry or Tavern

To shock with mirth a street so solemn; But opposite the place of the cavern

They wrote the story on a column, And on the Great Church Window painted The same, to make the world acquainted How their children were stolen away; And there it stands to this very day. And I must not omit to say That in Transylvania there's a tribe Of alien people that ascribe The outlandish ways and dress On which their neighbours lay such stress, To their fathers and mothers having risen Out of some subterraneous prison Into which they were trepanned Long time ago in a mighty band Out of Hamelin town in Brunswick land, But how or why, they don't understand.

15

So, Willy, let you and me be wipers Of scores out with all men-especially pipers: And, whether they pipe us free, from rats or from mice. If we've promised them aught, let us keep our promise.

XVIII

"HOW THEY BROUGHT THE GOOD NEWS FROM GHENT TO AIX"

[16-]

1

I sprand to the stirrup, and Joris, and he;
I galloped, Dirck galloped, we galloped all three;
"Good speed!" cried the watch, as the gate-bolts undrew;
"Speed!" echoed the wall to us galloping through;
Behind shut the postern, the lights sank to rest,
And into the midnight we galloped abreast.

2

Not a word to each other; we kept the great pace Neck by neck, stride by stride, never changing our place; I turned in my saddle and made its girths tight, Then shortened each stirrup, and set the pique right, Rebuckled the cheek-strap, chained slacker the bit, Nor galloped less steadily Roland a whit.

3

'Twas moonset at starting; but while we drew near Lokern, the cocks crew and twilight dawned clear; At Boom, a great yellow star came out to see; At Düffield, 'twas morning as plain as could be; And from Mecheln church-steeple we heard the half-chime, So Joris broke silence with, "Yet there is time!"

4

At Aerschot, up leaped of a sudden the sun, And against him the cattle stood black every one, To stare thro' the mist at us galloping past, And I saw my stout galloper Roland at last, With resolute shoulders, each butting away The haze, as some bluff river headland its spray.

5

And his low head and crest, just one sharp ear bent back For my voice, and the other pricked out on his track; And one eye's black intelligence,—ever that glance O'er its white edge at me, his own master, askance!

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And the thick heavy spume-flakes which aye and anon His fierce lips shook upwards in galloping on.

6

By Hasselt, Dirck groaned; and cried Joris, "Stay spur! "Your Roos galloped bravely, the fault's not in her, "We'll remember at Aix"—for one heard the quick wheeze

Of her chest, saw the stretched neck and staggering knees,

And sunk tail, and horrible heave of the flank,. As down on her haunches she shuddered and sank.

7

So we were left galloping, Joris and I, Past Looz and past Tongres, no cloud in the sky; The broad sun above laughed a pitiless laugh, 'Neath our feet broke the brittle bright stubble like chaff; Till over by Dalhem a dome-spire sprang white, And "Gallop," gasped Joris, "for Aix is in sight!"

8

"How they'll greet us!"—and all in a moment his roan Rolled neck and croup over, lay dead as a stone; And there was my Roland to bear the whole weight Of the news which alone could save Aix from her fate With his nostrils like pits full of blood to the brim, And with circles of red for his eye-sockets' rim.

0

Then I cast loose my buffcoat, each holster let fall,
Shook off both my jack-boots, let go belt and all,
Stood up in the stirrup, leaned, patted his ear,
Called my Roland his pet-name, my horse without peer;
Clapped my hands, laughed and sang, any noise, bad or
good,
Till at length into Aix Roland galloped and stood.

10

And all I remember is, friends flocking round
As I sate with his head 'twixt my knees on the ground,
And no voice but was praising this Roland of mine,
As I poured down his throat our last measure of wine,
Which (the burgesses voted by common consent)
Was no more than his due who brought good news from
Ghent.

XIX

PICTOR IGNOTUS

[FLORENCE, 15-]

I could have painted pictures like that youth's Ye praise so. How my soul springs up ! No bar Stayed me ah, thought which saddens while it soothes !-Never did fate forbid me, star by star, To outburst on your night with all my gift Of fires from God: nor would my flesh have shrunk From seconding my soul, with eyes uplift And wide to Heaven, or, straight like thunder, sunk To the centre, of an instant; or around Turned calmly and inquisitive, to scan The license and the limit, space and bound, Allowed to Truth made visible in Man. And, like that youth ye praise so, all I saw, Over the canvass could my hand have flung, Each face obedient to its passion's law, Each passion clear proclaimed without a tongue; Whether Hope rose at once in all the blood, A tip-toe for the blessing of embrace, Or Rapture drooped the eyes, as when her brood Pull down the nesting dove's heart to its place, Or Confidence lit swift the forehead up, And locked the mouth fast, like a castle braved,-O Human faces, hath it spilt, my cup? What did ye give me that I have not saved? Nor will I say I have not dreamed (how well!) Of going-I, in each new picture,-forth, As, making new hearts beat and bosoms swell, To Pope or Kaiser, East, West, South or North, Bound for the calmly satisfied great State, Or glad aspiring little burgh, it went, Flowers cast upon the car which bore the freight, Through old streets named afresh from its event, Till it reached home, where learned Age should greet My face, and Youth, the star not yet distinct Above his hair, lie learning at my feet !-Oh, thus to live, I and my picture, linked With love about, and praise, till life should end, And then not go to Heaven, but linger here, Here on my earth, earth's every man my friend,-

The thought grew frightful, 'twas so wildly dear!

But a voice changed it! Glimpses of such sights Have scared me, like the revels thro' a door Of some strange House of Idols at its rites:

This world seemed not the world it was before!

Mixed with my loving trusting ones there trooped

... Who summoned those cold faces that begun
To press on me and judge me? Tho' I stooped

Shrinking, as from the soldiery a nun,
They drew me forth, and spite of me . . . enough!
These buy and sell our pictures, take and give,
Count them for garniture and household-stuff,

And where they live our pictures needs must live, And see their faces, listen to their prate,

Partakers of their daily pettiness,

Discussed of,—" This I love, or this I hate,
"This likes me more, and this affects me less!"

Wherefore I chose my portion. If at whiles
My heart sinks, as monotonous I paint

These endless cloisters and eternal aisles
With the same series, Virgin, Babe, and Saint,
With the same cold, calm, beautiful regard.

With the same cold, calm, beautiful regard, At least no merchant traffics in my heart;

The sanctuary's gloom at least shall ward
Vain tongues from where my pictures stand apart;

Only prayer breaks the silence of the shrine While, blackening in the daily candle-smoke, They moulder on the damp wall's travertine,

They moulder on the damp wan's travertine, 'Mid echoes the light footstep never woke. So die, my pictures; surely, gently die!

Oh, youth, men praise so,—holds their praise its worth '

Blown harshly, keeps the trump its golden cry?
Tastes sweet the water with such specks of earth?

хx

THE ITALIAN IN ENGLAND

THAT second time they hunted me
From hill to plain, from shore to sea,
And Austria, hounding far and wide
Her blood-hounds thro' the country-side,
Breathed hot and instant on my trace,
I made six days a hiding-place
Of that dry green old aqueduct
Where I and Charles, when boys, have plucked

The fire-flies from the roof above, Bright creeping thro' the moss they love. -How long it seems since Charles was lost! Six days the soldiers crossed and crossed The country in my very sight; And when that peril ceased at night, The sky broke out in red dismay With signal-fires; well, there I lay Close covered o'er in my recess, Up to the neck in ferns and cress, Thinking on Metternich our friend, And Charles's miserable end, And much beside, two days; the third, Hunger o'ercame me when I heard The peasants from the village go To work among the maize; you know, With us, in Lombardy, they bring Provisions packed on mules, a string With little bells that cheer their task, And casks, and boughs on every cask To keep the sun's heat from the wine; These I let pass in jingling line, And, close on them, dear noisy crew, The peasants from the village, too; For at the very rear would troop Their wives and sisters in a group To help, I knew; when these had passed, I threw my glove to strike the last, Taking the chance: she did not start, Much less cry out, but stooped apart One instant, rapidly glanced round, And saw me beckon from the ground: A wild bush grows and hides my crypt; She picked my glove up while she stripped A branch off, then rejoined the rest With that; my glove lay in her breast: Then I drew breath: they disappeared: It was for Italy I feared.

An hour, and she returned alone Exactly where my glove was thrown. Meanwhile came many thoughts; on me Rested the hopes of Italy; I had devised a certain tale Which, when 'twas told her, could not fail Persuade a peasant of its truth; I meant to call a freak of youth This hiding, and give hopes of pay, And no temptation to betray.

But when I saw that woman's face. Its calm simplicity of grace, Our Italy's own attitude In which she walked thus far, and stood. Planting each naked foot so firm. To crush the snake and spare the worm-At first sight of her eyes, I said, " I am that man upon whose head "They fix the price, because I hate "The Austrians over us: the State Will give you gold-oh, gold so much, " If you betray me to their clutch ! "And be your death, for aught I know, " If once they find you saved their foe. " Now, you must bring me food and drink, " And also paper, pen, and ink, "And carry safe what I shall write "To Padua, which you'll reach at night "Before the Duomo shuts; go in, "And wait till Tenebræ begin; "Walk to the third Confessional, "Between the pillar and the wall, "And kneeling whisper whence comes peace? "Say it a second time; then cease; " And if the voice inside returns, " From Christ and Freedom; what concerns "The cause of Peace?—for answer, slip "My letter where you placed your lip; "Then come back happy we have done "Our mother service-I, the son,

Three mornings more, she took her stand In the same place, with the same eyes: I was no surer of sun-rise Than of her coming: we conferred Of her own prospects, and I heard She had a lover—stout and tall, She said—then let her eyelids fall, "He could do much"—as if some doubt Entered her heart,—then, passing out, "She could not speak for others—who "Had other thoughts; herself she knew:" And so she brought me drink and food. After four days, the scouts pursued Another path: at last arrived The help my Paduan friends contrived To furnish me: she brought the news: For the first time I could not choose

"As you the daughter of our land!"

But kiss her hand and lay my own Upon her head—"This faith was shown "To Italy, our mother;—she"Uses my hand and blesses thee!" She followed down to the sea-shore; I left and never saw her more.

How very long since I have thought Concerning-much less wished for-aught Beside the good of Italy Fer which I live and mean to die! I never was in love; and since Charles proved false, nothing could convince My inmost heart I had a friend: However, if I pleased to spend Real wishes on myself-say, Three-I know at least what one should be: I would grasp Metternich until I felt his red wet throat distil In blood thro' these two hands: and next, -Nor much for that am I perplexed-Charles, perjured traitor, for his part, Should die slow of a broken heart Under his new employers: last -Ah, there, what should I wish? For fast Do I grow old and out of strength.-If I resolved to seek at length My father's house again, how scared They all would look, and unprepared! My brothers live in Austria's pay -Disowned me long ago, men say: And all my early mates who used To praise me so—perhaps induced More than one early step of mine-Are turning wise; while some opine "Freedom grows License," some suspect "Haste breeds Delay," and recollect They always said, such premature Beginnings never could endure ! So, with a sullen "All's for best," The land seems settling to its rest. I think, then, I should wish to stand This evening in that dear, lost land, Over the sea the thousand miles. And know if yet that woman smiles With the calm smile; some little farm She lives in there, no doubt; what harm If I sate on the door-side bench, And, while her spindle made a trench

Fantastically in the dust,
Inquired of all her fortunes—just
Her children's ages and their names,
And what may be the husband's aims
For each of them—I'd talk this out,
And sit there, for an hour about,
Then kiss her hand once more, and lay
Mine on her head, and go my way.

So much for idle wishing—how It steals the time! To business now!

$\mathbf{x}\mathbf{x}$

THE ENGLISHMAN IN ITALY

[PIANO DI SORRENTO]

Fortù, Fortù, my beloved one,
Sit here by my side,
On my knees put up both little feet!
I was sure, if I tried,
I could make you laugh spite of Scirocco:
Now, open your eyes—
Let me keep you amused till he vanish
In black from the skies,
With telling my memories over
As you tell your beads;
All the memories plucked at Sorrento
—The flowers, or the weeds.

Time for rain! for your long hot dry Autumn Had net-worked with brown The white skin of each grape on the bunches, Marked like a quail's crown, Those creatures you make such account of, Whose heads,-specked with white Over brown like a great spider's back, As I told you last night,-Your mother bites off for her supper ; Red-ripe as could be. Pomegranates were chapping and splitting In halves on the tree: And betwixt the loose walls of great flintstone. Or in the thick dust On the path, or straight out of the rock side, Wherever could thrust

Some burnt sprig of bold hardy rock-flower Its vellow face up.

For the prize were great butterflies fighting, Some five for one cup.

So I guessed, ere I got up this morning,

What change was in store,

By the quick rustle-down of the quail-nets

Which woke me before I could open my shutter, made fast

With a bough and a stone,

And look thro' the twisted dead vine-twigs

Sole lattice that's known!

Quick and sharp rang the rings down the net-poles, While, busy beneath,

Your priest and his brother tugged at them, The rain in their teeth:

And out upon all the flat house-roofs Where split figs lay drying,

The girls took the frails under cover:

Nor use seemed in trying

To get out the boats and go fishing, For, under the cliff,

Fierce the black water frothed o'er the blind-rock.
No seeing our skiff

Arrive about noon from Amalfi,

-Our fisher arrive,

And pitch down his basket before us, All trembling alive

With pink and grey jellies, your sea-fruit,

—You touch the strange lumps, And mouths gape there, eyes open, all manner Of horns and of humps,

Which only the fisher looks grave at,

While round him like imps Cling screaming the children as naked

And brown as his shrimps;

Himself too as bare to the middle—
You see round his neck

The string and its brass coin suspended,

That saves him from wreck. But to-day not a boat reached Salerno,

So back to a man Came our friends, with whose help in the vineyards

Grape-harvest began:

In the vat, half-way up in our house-side, Like blood the juice spins,

While your brother all bare-legged is dancing Till breathless he grins

Dead-beaten, in effort on effort

To keep the grapes under, Since still when he seems all but master. In pours the fresh plunder

From girls who keep coming and going

With basket on shoulder,

And eyes shut against the rain's driving,

Your girls that are older,— For under the hedges of aloe,

And where, on its bed

Of the orchard's black mould, the love-apple Lies pulpy and red,

All the young ones are kneeling and filling

Their laps with the snails

Tempted out by this first rainy weather,-Your best of regales,

As to-night will be proved to my sorrow,

When, supping in state, We shall feast our grape-gleaners (two dozen,

Three over one plate) With lasagne so tempting to swallow

In slippery ropes,

And gourds fried in great purple slices That colour of popes.

Meantime, see the grape-bunch they've brought you,~ The rain-water slips

O'er the heavy blue bloom on each globe Which the wasp to your lips

Still follows with fretful persistence—

Nay, taste, while awake, This half of a curd-white smooth cheese-ball,

That peels, flake by flake, Like an onion's, each smoother and whiter;

Next, sip this weak wine

From the thin green glass flask, with its stopper. A leaf of the vine,—

And end with the prickly-pear's red flesh That leaves thro' its juice

The stony black seeds on your pearl-teeth . . . Scirocco is loose!

Hark! the quick, whistling pelt of the olives Which, thick in one's track,

Tempt the stranger to pick up and bite them, Tho' not yet half black!

How the old twisted olive trunks shudder! The medlars let fall

Their hard fruit, and the brittle great fig-trees Snap off, figs and all,—

For here comes the whole of the tempest! No refuge, but creep

Back again to my side and my shoulder, And listen or sleep.

O how will your country show next week, When all the vine-boughs

Have been stripped of their foliage to pasture

The mules and the cows?

Last eve, I rode over the mountains;

Your brother, my guide, Soon left me, to feast on the myrtles

That offered, each side, Their fruit-balls, black, glossy, and luscious,—

Or strip from the sorbs

A treasure, so rosy and wondrous, Of hairy gold orbs!

But my mule picked his sure, sober path out, Just stopping to neigh

When he recognised down in the valley
His mates on their way

With the faggots, and barrels of water;

And soon we emerged From the plain, where the woods could scarce follow; And still as we urged

Our way, the woods wondered, and left us,

As up still we trudged Though the wild path grew wilder each instant, And place was e'en grudged

'Mid the rock-chasms, and piles of loose stones (Like the loose broken teeth

Of some monster, which climbed there to die From the ocean beneath)

Place was grudged to the silver-grey fume-weed. That clung to the path,

And dark rosemary, ever a-dying, That, 'spite the wind's wrath,

So loves the salt rock's face to seaward,—
And lentisks as staunch

To the stone where they root and bear berries,—
And . . . what shows a branch

Coral-coloured, transparent, with circlets
Of pale seagreen leaves—

Over all trod my mule with the caution Of gleaners o'er sheaves,

Still, foot after foot like a lady—
So, round after round,

He climbed to the top of Calvano, And God's own profound

Was above me, and round me the mountains,

And under, the sea,

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And within me, my heart to bear witness What was and shall be!

Oh heaven, and the terrible crystal!

No rampart excludes

Your eye from the life to be lived In the blue solitudes!

Oh, those mountains, their infinite movement! Still moving with you—

For, ever some new head and breast of them Thrusts into view

To observe the intruder—you see it

If quickly you turn

And, before they escape you, surprise them—.

They grudge you should learn

How the soft plains they look on, lean over,

And love (they pretend)

—Cower beneath them; the flat sea-pine crouches, The wild fruit-trees bend,

E'en the myrtle-leaves curl, shrink and shut— All is silent and grave—

'Tis a sensual and timorous beauty—

How fair, but a slave!

So, I turned to the sea,—and there slumbered As greenly as ever

Those isles of the siren, your Galli; No ages can sever

The Three, nor enable their sister

To join them,—half way
On the voyage, she looked at Ulysses—

No farther to-day; Tho' the small one, just launched in the wave,

Watches breast-high and steady From under the rock, her bold sister Swum half-way already.

Fortù, shall we sail there together And see from the sides

Quite new rocks show their faces—new haunts Where the siren abides?

Shall we sail round and round them, close over The rocks, tho' unseen,

That ruffle the gray glassy water

To glorious green?

Then scramble from splinter to splinter, Reach land and explore,

On the largest, the strange square black turret With never a door,

Just a loop to admit the quick lizards; Then, stand there and hear

The birds' quiet singing, that tells us

What life is, so clear!
The secret they sang to Ulysses,
When, ages ago,
He heard and he knew this life's secret,
I hear and I know!

Ah, see! The sun breaks o'er Calvano—
He strikes the great gloom
And flutters it o'er the mount's summit
In airy gold fume!
All is over! Look out, see the gypsy,

Our tinker and smith,

Has arrived, set up bellows and forge,
And down-squatted forthwith

To his hammering, under the wall there, One eye keeps aloof

The urchins that itch to be putting His jews'-harps to proof,

While the other, thro locks of curled wire, Is watching how sleek

Shines the hog, come to share in the windfalls
—An abbot's own cheek!

All is over! Wake up and come out now, And down let us go,

And see the fine things got in order At Church for the show

Of the Sacrament, set forth this evening;
To-morrow's the Feast

Of the Rosary's Virgin, by no means Of Virgins the least—

As you'll hear in the off-hand discourse Which (all nature, no art)

The Dominican brother, these three weeks, Was getting by heart.

Not a post nor a pillar but's dizened With red and blue papers;

All the roof waves with ribbons, each altar A-blaze with long tapers;

But the great masterpiece is the scaffold Rigged glorious to hold

All the fiddlers and fifers and drummers,
And trumpeters bold,

Not afraid of Bellini nor Auber, Who, when the priest's hoarse,

Will strike us up something that's bris For the feast's second course.

And then will the flaxen-wigged Image Be carried in pomp

Thro' the plain, while in gallant procession

The priests mean to stomp.

And all round the glad church lie old bottles With gunpowder stopped,

Which will be, when the Image re-enters, Religiously popped.

And at night from the crest of Calvano

Great bonfires will hang. On the plain will the trumpets join chorus,

And more poppers bang!

At all events, come—to the garden, As far as the wall.

See me tap with a hoe on the plaster Till out there shall fall

A scorpion with wide angry nippers! ... "Such trifles"—you say?

Fortù, in my England at home, Men meet gravely to-day

And debate, if abolishing Corn-laws Is righteous and wise

—If 'tis proper, Scirocco should vanish In black from the skies !

IIXX

THE LOST LEADER

Just for a handful of silver he left us, Just for a riband to stick in his coat—

Found the one gift of which fortune bereft us, Lost all the others she lets us devote:

They, with the gold to give, doled him out silver, So much was their's who so little allowed:

How all our copper had gone for his service! Rags—were they purple, his heart had been proud! We that had loved him so, followed him, honoured

him, Lived in his mild and magnificent eve. Learned his great language, caught his clear accents,

Made him our pattern to live and to die! Shakespeare was of us, Milton was for us,

Burns, Shelley, were with us,—they watch from their graves !

He alone breaks from the van and the freemen. He alone sinks to the rear and the slaves!

2

We shall march prospering,—not thro' his presence: Songs may inspirit us,—not from his lyre; Deeds will be done,—while he boasts his guiescence, Still bidding crouch whom the rest bade aspire: Blot out his name, then,—record one lost soul more, One task more declined, one more footpath untrod. One more triumph for devils, and sorrow for angels. One wrong more to man, one more insult to God! Life's night begins: let him never come back to us! There would be doubt, hesitation and pain, Forced praise on our part—the glimmer of twilight, Never glad confident morning again! Best fight on well, for we taught him,—strike gallantly. Aim at our heart ere we pierce through his own; Then let him receive the new knowledge and wait us. Pardoned in Heaven, the first by the throne!

XXIII

THE LOST MISTRESS

1

ALL's over, then—does truth sound bitter
As one at first believes?
Hark, 'tis the sparrows' good-night twitter
About your cottage eaves!

2

And the leaf-buds on the vine are woolly,
 I noticed that, to-day;
 One day more bursts them open fully

 You know the red turns gray.

3

To-morrow we meet the same then, dearest?
May I take your hand in mine?
Mere friends are we,—well, friends the merest
Keep much that I'll resign:

A

For each glance of that eye so bright and black,
Though I keep with heart's endeavour,—
Your voice, when you wish the snowdrops back,
Though it stays in my soul for ever!—

5

Yet I will but say what mere friends say,
 Or only a thought stronger;
 I will hold your hand but as long as all may,
 Or so very little longer

XXIV

HOME-THOUGHTS, FROM ABROAD

1

On, to be in England
Now that April's there,
And whoever wakes in England
Sees, some morning, unaware,
That the lowest boughs and the brush-wood sheaf
Round the elm-tree bole are in tiny leaf,
While the chaffinch sings on the orchard bough
In England—now!

2

And after April, when May follows,
And the whitethroat builds, and all the swallows—
Hark! where my blossomed pear-tree in the hedge
Leans to the field and scatters on the clover
Blossoms and dewdrops—at the bent-spray's edge—
That's the wise thrush; he sings each song twice over,
Lest you should think he never could recapture
The first fine careless rapture!
And though the fields look rough with hoary dew,
All will be gay when noontide wakes anew
The buttercups, the little children's dower,
—Far brighter than this gaudy melon-flower!

3

Here's to Nelson's memory!
'Tis the second time that I, at sea,
Right off Cape Trafalgar here,
Have drunk it deep in British beer:
Nelson for ever—any time
Am I his to command in prose or rhyme!
Give me of Nelson only a touch,
And I guard it, be it little or much;
Here's one the Captain gives, and so
Down at the word, by George, shall it go!

He says that at Greenwich they show the beholder Nelson's coat, "still with tar on the shoulder, "For he used to lean with one shoulder digging, "Jigging, as it were, and zig-zag-zigging, "Up against the mizen rigging!"

XXV

HOME-THOUGHTS, FROM THE SEA

Nobly, nobly Cape Saint Vincent to the north-west died away;
Sunset ran, one glorious blood-red, reeking into Cadiz Bay;
Bluish mid the burning water, full in face Trafalgar lay;
Bluish mid the burning water, full in face Trafalgar lay;
In the dimmest north-east distance, dawned Gibraltar grand and gray;
"Here and here did England help me,—how can I help England?"—say,

Engiana : —say,
Whose turns as I, this evening, turn to God to praise and
pray,

While Jove's planet rises yonder, silent over Africa.

XXVI

NATIONALITY IN DRINKS

1

My heart sunk with our Claret-flask,
Just now, beneath the heavy sedges
That serve this pond's black face for mask;
And still at yonder broken edges
Of the hole, where up the bubbles glisten,
After my heart I look and listen.

ď.

2

Our laughing little flask, compell'd
Thro' depth to depth more bleak and shady;
As when, both arms beside her held,
Feet straightened out, some gay French lady
Is caught up from Life's light and motion,
And dropped into Death's silent ocean!

Up jumped Tokay on our table. Like a pygmy castle-warder, Dwarfish to see, but stout and able. Arms and accoutrements all in order: And fierce he looked north, then, wheeling south, Blew with his bugle a challenge to Drouth, Cocked his flap-hat with the tosspot-feather, Twisted his thumb in his red moustache, Jingled his huge brass spurs together, Tightened his waist with its Buda sash, And then with an impudence nought could abash, Shrugged his hump-shoulder, To tell the beholder, For twenty such knaves he should laugh but the holder, And so with his sword-hilt gallantly jutting, And dexter-hand on his haunch abutting, Went the little man from Ausbruch, strutting!

XXVII

THE BISHOP ORDERS HIS TOMB AT ST. PRAXED'S CHURCH

[Rome, 15-]

VANITY, saith the preacher, vanity! Draw round my bed: is Anselm keeping back? Nephews—sons mine . . . ah God, I know not! Well— She, men would have to be your mother once, Old Gandolf envied me, so fair she was ! What's done is done, and she is dead beside, Dead long ago, and I am bishop since, And as she died so must we die ourselves, And thence ye may perceive the world's a dream. Life, how and what is it? As here I lie In this state-chamber, dying by degrees, Hours and long hours in the dead night, I ask "Do I live, am I dead?" Peace, peace seems all. St. Praxed's ever was the church for peace; And so, about this tomb of mine. I fought With tooth and nail to save my niche, ye know: -Old Gandolf cozened me, despite my care; Shrewd was that snatch from out the corner South He graced his carrion with, God curse the same! Yet still my niche is not so cramped but thence One sees the pulpit o' the epistle-side,

And somewhat of the choir, those silent seats, And up into the aery dome where live The angels, and a sunbeam's sure to lurk: And I shall fill my slab of basalt there, And 'neath my tabernacle take my rest, With those nine columns round me, two and two, The odd one at my feet where Anselm stands: Peach-blossom marble all, the rare, the ripe As fresh-poured red wine of a mighty pulse -Old Gandolf with his paltry onion-stone, Put me where I may look at him! True peach, Rosy and flawless: how I earned the prize! Draw close: that conflagration of my church So much was saved if aught were missed ! -What then? My sons, ye would not be my death? Go dig The white-grape vineyard where the oil-press stood, Drop water gently till the surface sinks, And if ye find . . Ah, God I know not, I! . . Bedded in store of rotten figleaves soft. And corded up in a tight olive-frail, Some lump, ah God, of lapis lazuli, Big as a Jew's head cut off at the nape, Blue as a vein o'er the Madonna's breast . . . Sons, all have I bequeathed you, villas, all, That brave Frascati villa with its bath, So, let the blue lump poise between my knees, Like God the Father's globe on both his hands Ye worship in the Jesu Church so gay, For Gandolf shall not choose but see and burst! Swift as a weaver's shuttle fleet our years: Man goeth to the grave, and where is he? Did I say basalt for my slab, sons? Black-'Twas ever antique-black I meant! How else Shall ye contrast my frieze to come beneath? The bas-relief in bronze ye promised me, Those Pans and Nymphs ye wot of, and perchance Some tripod, thyrsus, with a vase or so, The Saviour at his sermon on the mount, St. Praxed in a glory, and one Pan Ready to twitch the Nymph's last garment off, And Moses with the tables . . . but I know Ye mark me not! What do they whisper thee, Child of my bowels, Anselm? Ah, ye hope To revel down my villas while I gasp Bricked o'er with beggar's mouldy travertine Which Gandolf from his tomb-top chuckles at ! Nay, boys, ye love me-all of jasper, then ! 'Tis jasper ye stand pledged to, lest I grieve My bath must needs be left behind, alas !

One block, pure green as a pistachio-nut, There's plenty jasper somewhere in the world-And have I not St. Praxed's ear to pray Horses for ye, and brown Greek manuscripts, And mistresses with great smooth marbly limbs? -That's if ye carve my epitaph aright, Choice Latin, picked phrase, Tully's every word, No gaudy ware like Gandolf's second line-Tully, my masters? Ulpian serves his need! And then how I shall lie through centuries, And hear the blessed mutter of the mass, And see God made and eaten all day long, And feel the steady candle-flame, and taste Good strong thick stupefying incense-smoke! For as I lie here, hours of the dead night, Dying in state and by such slow degrees, I fold my arms as if they clasped a crook, And stretch my feet forth straight as stone can point, And let the bedclothes for a mortcloth drop Into great laps and folds of sculptor's-work: And as you tapers dwindle, and strange thoughts Grow, with a certain humming in my ears, About the life before I lived this life. And this life too, Popes, Cardinals and Priests, St. Praxed at his sermon on the mount, Your tall pale mother with her talking eyes, And new-found agate urns as fresh as day, And marble's language, Latin pure, discreet, -Aha, ELUCESCEBAT quoth our friend? No Tully, said I, Ulpian at the best! Evil and brief hath been my pilgrimage. All lapis, all, sons! Else I give the Pope My villas: will ye ever eat my heart? Ever your eyes were as a lizard's quick, They glitter like your mother's for my soul, Or ye would heighten my impoverished frieze, Piece out its starved design, and fill my vase With grapes, and add a vizor and a Term, And to the tripod ye would tie a lynx That in his struggle throws the thyrsus down, To comfort me on my entablature Whereon I am to lie till I must ask "Do I live, am I dead?" There, leave me, there! For ye have stabbed me with ingratitude To death—ye wish it—God, ye wish it! Stone— Gritstone, a-crumble! Clammy squares which sweat As if the corpse they keep were oozing through-And no more lapis to delight the world!

Well, go! I bless ye. Fewer tapers there,

But in a row: and, going, turn your backs—Ay, like departing altar-ministrants,
And leave me in my church, the church for peace,
That I may watch at leisure if he leers—
Old Gandolf, at me, from his onion-stone,
As still he envied me, so fair she was!

XXVIII

GARDEN-FANCIES

I .- THE FLOWER'S NAME

1

Here's the garden she walked across,
Arm in my arm, such a short while since:
Hark, now I push its wicket, the moss
Hinders the hinges and makes them wince
She must have reached this shrub ere she turned,
As back with that murmur the wicket swung;
For she laid the poor snail, my chance foot spurned,
To feed and forget it the leaves among.

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2

Down this side of the gravel-walk
She went while her robe's edge brushed the box:
And here she paused in her gracious talk
To point me a moth on the milk-white flox.
Roses, ranged in valiant row,
I will never think that she passed you by!
She loves you noble roses, I know;
But yonder, see, where the rock-plants lie!

3

This flower she stopped at, finger on lip,
Stooped over, in doubt, as settling its claim;
Till she gave me, with pride to make no slip,
Its soft meandering Spanish name.
What a name! was it love, or praise?
Speech half-asleep, or song half-awake?
I must learn Spanish, one of these days,
Only for that slow sweet name's sake.

4

Roses, if I live and do well,
I may bring her, one of these days,
To fix you fast with as fine a spell,
Fit you each with his Spanish phrase!
But do not detain me now; for she lingers
There, like sunshine over the ground,
And ever I see her soft white fingers
Searching after the bud she found.

5

Flower, you Spaniard, look that you grow not, Stay as you are and be loved for ever!
Bud, if I kiss you 'tis that you blow not, Mind, the shut pink mouth opens never!
For while thus it pouts, her fingers wrestle, Twinkling the audacious leaves between, Till round they turn and down they nestle Is not the dear mark still to be seen?

6

Where I find her not, beauties vanish;
Whither I follow her, beauties flee;
Is there no method to tell her in Spanish
June's twice June since she breathed it with me?
Come, bud, show me the least of her traces,
Treasure my lady's lightest foot-fall
—Ah, you may flout and turn up your faces—
Roses, you are not so fair after all!

II.—SIBRANDUS SCHAFNABURGENSIS

1

PLAGUE take all your pedants, say I!

He who wrote what I hold in my hand,
Centuries back was so good as to die,
Leaving this rubbish to cumber the land;
This, that was a book in its time,
Printed on paper and bound in leather,
Last month in the white of a matin-prime
Just when the birds sang all together.

2

Into the garden I brought it to read, And under the arbute and laurustine Read it, so help me grace in my need, From title-page to closing line. Chapter on chapter did I count,
As a curious traveller counts Stonehenge;
Added up the mortal amount;
And then proceeded to my revenge.

3

Yonder's a plum-tree, with a crevice
An owl would build in, were he but sage;
For a lap of moss, like a fine pont-levis
In a castle of the middle age,
Joins to a lip of gum, pure amber;
When he'd be private, there might he spend
Hours alone in his lady's chamber:
Into this crevice I dropped our friend.

4

Splash, went he, as under he ducked,

—I knew at the bottom rain drippings stagnate;

Next a handful of blossoms I plucked

To bury him with, my bookshelf's magnate;

Then I went in-doors, brought out a loaf,

Half a cheese, and a bottle of Chablis;

Lay on the grass and forgot the oaf

Over a jolly chapter of Rabelais.

5

Now, this morning, betwixt the moss
And gum that locked our friend in limbo,
A spider had spun his web across,
And sate in the midst with arms a-kimbo;
So, I took pity, for learning's sake,
And, de profundis, accentibus lælis,
Cantate! quoth I, as I got a rake,
And up I fished his delectable treatise.

6

Here you have it, dry in the sun,
With all the binding all of a blister,
And great blue spots where the ink has run,
And reddish streaks that wink and glister
O'er the page so beautifully yellow—
Oh, well have the droppings played their tricks!
Did he guess how toadstools grow, this fellow?
Here's one stuck in his chapter six!

How did he like it when the live creatures Tickled and toused and browsed him all over. And worm, slug, eft, with serious features, Came in, each one, for his right of trover: When the water-beetle with great blind deaf face Made of her eggs the stately deposit, And the newt borrowed just so much of the preface As tiled in the top of his black wife's closet.

All that life, and fun, and romping, All that frisking, and twisting, and coupling, While slowly our poor friend's leaves were swamping, And clasps were cracking, and covers suppling ! As if you had carried sour John Knox To the play-house at Paris, Vienna, or Munich, Fastened him into a front-row box, And danced off the Ballet with trousers and tunic.

Come, old Martyr! What, torment enough is it? Back to my room shall you take your sweet self! Good-bye, mother-beetle; husband-eft, sufficit! See the snug niche I have made on my shelf: A.'s book shall prop you up, B.'s shall cover you, Here's C. to be grave with, or D. to be gay, And with E. on each side, and F. right over you, Dry-rot at ease till the Judgment-day!

XXXX

THE LABORATORY

ANCIEN RÉGIME

Now that I, tying thy glass mask tightly, May gaze thro' these faint smokes curling whitely. As thou pliest thy trade in this devil's-smithy-Which is the poison to poison her, prithee?

He is with her; and they know that I know Where they are, what they do: they believe my tears flow

While they laugh, laugh at me, at me fled to the drear Empty church, to pray God in, for them !—I am here.

3

Grind away, moisten and mash up thy paste, Pound at thy powder,—I am not in haste! Better sit thus, and observe thy strange things, Than go where men wait me and dance at the King's.

4

That in the mortar—you call it a gum? Ah, the brave tree whence such gold oozings come! And yonder soft phial, the exquisite blue, Sure to taste sweetly,—is that poison too?

5

Had I but all of them, thee and thy treasures, What a wild crowd of invisible pleasures! To carry pure death in an earring, a casket, A signet, a fan-mount, a fillagree-basket!

6

Soon, at the King's, a mere lozenge to give
And Pauline should have just thirty minutes to live!
But to light a pastile, and Elise, with her head,
And her breast, and her arms, and her hands, should
drop dead!

7

Quick—is it finished? The colour's too grim! Why not soft like the phial's, enticing and dim? Let it brighten her drink, let her turn it and stir, And try it and taste, ere she fix and prefer!

2

What a drop! She's not little, no minion like me— That's why she ensnared him: this never will free The soul from those strong, great eyes,—say, "no!" To that pulse's magnificent come-and-go.

9

For only last night, as they whispered, I brought My own eyes to bear on her so, that I thought Could I keep them one half minute fixed, she would fall, Shrivelled; she fell not; yet this does it all!

10

Not that I bid you spare her the pain! Let death be felt and the proof remain: Brand, burn up, bite into its grace— He is sure to remember her dying face!

11

Is it done? Take my mask off! Nay, be not morose, It kills her, and this prevents seeing it close:
The delicate droplet, my whole fortune's fee—
If it hurts her, beside, can it ever hurt me?

12

Now, take all my jewels, gorge gold to your fill, You may kiss me, old man, on my mouth if you will! But brush this dust off me, lest horror it brings Ere I know it—next moment I dance at the King's!

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THE CONFESSIONAL

[SPAIN]

1

It is a lie—their Priests, their Pope,
Their Saints, their . . . all they fear or hope
Are lies, and lies—there! thro' my door
And ceiling, there! and walls and floor,
There, lies, they lie, shall still be hurled,
Till spite of them I reach the world!

2

You think Priests just and holy men! Before they put me in this den, I was a human creature too, With flesh and blood like one of you, A girl that laughed in beauty's pride Like lilies in your world outside.

3

I had a lover—shame avaunt! This poor wrenched body, grim and gaunt, Was kissed all over till it burned, By lips the truest, love e'er turned His heart's own tint: one night they kissed My soul out in a burning mist.

4

So, next day when the accustomed train Of things grew round my sense again, "That is a sin," I said—and slow With downcast eyes to church I go, And pass to the confession-chair, And tell the old mild father there.

5

But when I faulter Beltran's name, "Ha?" quoth the father; "much I blame

"The sin; yet wherefore idly grieve?

"Despair not,—strenuously retrieve!
"Nay, I will turn this love of thine

"To lawful love, almost divine.

6

" For he is young, and led astray,

"This Beltran, and he schemes, men say, "To change the laws of church and state;

"So, thine shall be an angel's fate,

"Who, ere the thunder breaks, should roll

" Its cloud away and save his soul.

7

"For, when he lies upon thy breast,
"Thou mayst demand and be possessed

"Of all his plans, and next day steal

"To me, and all those plans reveal,
"That I and every priest, to purge

"His soul, may fast and use the scourge."

8

That father's beard was long and white, With love and truth his brow seemed bright; I went back, all on fire with joy, And, that same evening, bade the boy, Tell me, as lovers should, heart-free, Something to prove his love of me.

9

He told me what he would not tell For hope of heaven or fear of Hell;

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And I lay listening in such pride, And, soon as he had left my side, Tripped to the church by morning-light To save his soul in his despite.

10

I told the father all his schemes, Who were his comrades, what their dreams; "And now make haste," I said, "to pray" The one spot from his soul away; "To-night he comes, but not the same" "Will look!" At night he never came.

11

Nor next night: on the after-morn, I went forth with a strength new-born: The church was empty; something drew My steps into the street; I knew It led me to the market-place—Where, lo,—on high—the father's face!

12

That horrible black scaffold drest—
The stapled block . . God sink the rest!
That head strapped back, that blinding vest,
Those knotted hands and naked breast—
Till near one busy hangman pressed—
And—on the neck these arms caressed. . . .

13

No part in aught they hope or fear!
No Heaven with them, no Hell,—and here,
No Earth, not so much space as pens
My body in their worst of dens
But shall bear God and Man my cry—
Lies—lies, again—and still, they lie!

XXXI

THE FLIGHT OF THE DUCHESS

1

You're my friend:
I was the man the Duke spoke to;
I helped the Duchess to cast off his yoke, too;
So, here's the tale from beginning to end,
My friend!

Ours is a great wild country: If you climb to our castle's top, I don't see where your eye can stop; For when you've passed the corn-field country, Where vineyards leave off, flocks are packed, And sheep-range leads to cattle-tract, And cattle-tract to open-chase, And open-chase to the very base Of the mountain, where, at a funeral pace, Round about, solemn and slow. One by one, row after row, Up and up the pine-trees go, So, like black priests up, and so Down the other side again To another greater, wilder country, That's one vast red drear burnt-up plain, Branched thro' and thro' with many a vein Whence iron's dug, and copper's dealt; Look right, look left, look straight before,-Beneath they mine, above they smelt, Copper-ore and iron-ore, And forge and furnace mould and melt, And so on, more and ever more, Till, at the last, for a bounding belt, Comes the salt sand hoar of the great sea shore, -And the whole is our Duke's country!

3

I was born the day this present Duke was— (And O, says the song, ere I was old!) In the castle where the other Duke was— (When I was hopeful and young, not old!) I in the Kennel, he in the Bower: We are of like age to an hour. My father was Huntsman in that day: Who has not heard my father say That, when a boar was brought to bay, Three times, four times out of five, With his huntspear he'd contrive To get the killing-place transfixed, And pin him true, both eyes betwixt? And that's why the old Duke had rather Have lost a salt-pit than my father, And loved to have him ever in call; That's why my father stood in the hall

When the old Duke brought his infant out To show the people, and while they passed The wondrous bantling round about, Was first to start at the outside blast As the Kaiser's courier blew his horn. Just a month after the babe was born. "And" quoth the Kaiser's courier, "since "The Duke has got an Heir, our Prince "Needs the Duke's self at his side:" The Duke looked down and seemed to wince. But he thought of wars o'er the world wide. Castles a-fire, men on their march, The toppling tower, the crashing arch: And up he looked, and awhile he eyed The row of crests and shields and banners. Of all achievements after all manners. And "ay," said the Duke with a surly pride. The more was his comfort when he died At next year's end, in a velvet suit, With a gilt glove on his hand, and his foot In a silken shoe for a leather boot. Petticoated like a herald. In a chamber next to an ante-room, Where he breathed the breath of page and groom, What he called stink, and they, perfume: -They should have set him on red Berold. Mad with pride, like fire to manage! They should have got his cheek fresh tannage Such a day as to-day in the merry sunshine! Had they stuck on his fist a rough-foot merlin! -Hark, the wind's on the heath at its game! Oh for a noble falcon-lanner To flap each broad wing like a banner, And turn in the wind, and dance like flame!) Had they broached a cask of white beer from Berlin! —Or if you incline to prescribe mere wine— Put to his lips when they saw him pine, A cup of our own Moldavia fine, Cotnar, for instance, green as May sorrel, And ropy with sweet,—we shall not quarrel.

4

So, at home, the sick tall yellow Duchess Was left with the infant in her clutches, She being the daughter of God knows who: And now was the time to revisit her tribe, So, abroad and afar they went, the two, And let our people rail and gibe

At the empty Hall and extinguished fire, As loud as we liked, but ever in vain, Till after long years we had our desire, And back came the Duke and his mother again.

5

And he came back the pertest little ape That ever affronted human shape; Full of his travel, struck at himself-You'd say, he despised our bluff old ways -Not he! For in Paris they told the elf That our rough North land was the Land of Lays. The one good thing left in evil days: Since the Mid-Age was the Heroic Time, And only in wild nooks like ours Could you taste of it yet as in its prime. And see true castles, with proper towers, Young-hearted women, old-minded men, And manners now as manners were then. So, all that the old Dukes had been, without knowing it, This Duke would fain know he was, without being it; 'Twas not for the joy's self, but the joy of his showing it, Nor for the pride's self, but the pride of our seeing it, He revived all usages thoroughly worn-out, The souls of them fumed-forth, the hearts of them tornout: And chief in the chase his neck he perilled.

And chief in the chase his neck he perilled,
On a lathy horse, all legs and length,
With blood for bone, all speed, no strength;
—They should have sent him on red Berold,
With the red eye slow consuming in fire,
And the thin stiff ear like an abbey spire!

6

Well, such as he was, he must marry, we heard and out of a convent, at the word,
Came the Lady, in time of spring.

Oh, old thoughts they cling, they cling!
That day, I know, with a dozen oaths
I clad myself in thick hunting-clothes
Fit for the chase of urox or buffle
In winter-time when you need to muffle;
But the Duke had a mind we should cut a figure,
And so we saw the Lady arrive:
My friend, I have seen a white crane bigger!
She was the smallest lady alive,
Made, in a piece of Nature's madness,
Too small, almost, for the life and gladness

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That over-filled her, as some hive Out of the bears' reach on the high trees Is crowded with its safe merry bees: In truth, she was not hard to please! Up she looked, down she looked, round at the mead, Straight at the castle, that's best indeed To look at from outside the walls: As for us, styled the "serfs and thralls," She as much thanked me as if she had said it, (With her eyes, do you understand?) Because I patted her horse while I led it; And Max, who rode on her other hand, Said, no bird flew past but she enquired What its true name was, nor ever seemed tired-If that was an eagle she saw hover,-If the green and gray bird on the field was the plover. When suddenly appeared the Duke, And as down she sprung, the small foot pointed On to my hand,—as with a rebuke, And as if his backbone were not jointed, The Duke stepped rather aside than forward, And welcomed her with his grandest smile; And, mind you, his mother all the while Chilled in the rear, like a wind to Nor'ward: And up, like a weary yawn, with its pullies Went, in a shrick, the rusty portcullis; And, like a glad sky the north-wind sullies, The Lady's face stopped its play, As if her first hair had grown grey-For such things must begin some one day!

7

In a day or two she was well again;
As who should say, "You labour in vain!
"This is all a jest against God, who meant
"I should ever be, as I am, content
"And glad in his sight; therefore, glad I will be!"
So, smiling as at first went she.

8

She was active, stirring, all fire—Could not rest, could not tire—To a stone she had given life!
(I myself loved once, in my day,)
—For a Shepherd's, Miner's, Huntsman's wife,
(I had a wife, I know what I say,)
Never in all the world such an one!
And here was plenty to be done,

And she that could do it, great or small, She was to do nothing at all. There was already this man in his post, . This in his station, and that in his office, And the Duke's plan admitted a wife, at most, To meet his eye, with the other trophies, Now outside the Hall, now in it, To sit thus, stand thus, see and be seen, At the proper place in the proper minute, And die away the life between. And it was amusing enough, each infraction Of rule (but for after-sadness that came) To hear the consummate self-satisfaction With which the young Duke and the old Dame Would let her advise, and criticise, And, being a fool, instruct the wise, And, child-like, parcel out praise or blame: They bore it all in complacent guise, As the an artificer, after contriving A wheel-work image as if it were living, Should find with delight it could motion to strike him So found the Duke, and his mother like him,-The Lady hardly got a rebuff-That had not been contemptuous enough, With his cursed smirk, as he nodded applause, And kept off the old mother-cat's claws.

9

So, the little Lady grew silent and thin,
Paling and ever paling,
As the way is with a hid chagrin;
And the Duke perceived that she was ailing,
And said in his heart, "'Tis done to spite me,
"But I shall find in my power to right me!"
Don't swear, friend—the Old One, many a year,
Is in Hell, and the Duke's self . . . you shall hear.

10

Well, early in autumn, at first winter-warning,
When the stag had to break with his foot, of a morning
A drinking-hole out of the fresh tender ice
That covered the pond till the sun, in a trice,
Loosening it, let out a ripple of gold,
And another and another, and faster and faster,
Till, dimpling to blindness, the wide water rolled:
Then it so chanced that the Duke our master

Asked himself what were the pleasures in season, And found, since the calendar bade him be hearty, He should do the Middle Age no treason In resolving on a hunting-party. Always provided, old books showed the way of it! What meant old poets by their strictures? And when old poets had said their say of it, How taught old painters in their pictures? We must revert to the proper channels, Workings in tapestry, paintings on pannels, And gather up Woodcraft's authentic traditions: Here was food for our various ambitions, As on each case, exactly stated, -To encourage your dog, now, the properest chirrup, Or best prayer to St. Hubert on mounting your stirrup-We of the household took thought and debated. Blessed was he whose back ached with the jerkin His sire was wont to do forest-work in; Blesseder he who nobly sunk "ohs" And "ahs" while he tugged on his grandsire's trunk-hose; What signified hats if they had no rims on, Each slouching before and behind like the scallop, And able to serve at sea for a shallop, Loaded with lacquer and looped with crimson? So that the deer now, to make a short rhyme on't, What with our Venerers, Prickers, and Verderers, Might hope for real hunters at length, and not murderers, And oh, the Duke's tailor—he had a hot time on't!

4 4

-Now you must know, that when the first dizziness Of flap-hats and buff-coats and jackboots subsided, The Duke put this question, "The Duke's part provided, "Had not the Duchess some share in the business?" For out of the mouth of two or three witnesses, Did he establish all fit-or-unfitnesses: And, after much laying of heads together, Somebody's cap got a notable feather By the announcement with proper unction That he had discovered the lady's function; Since ancient authors held this tenet, "When horns wind a mort and the deer is at siege, "Let the dame of the Castle prick forth on her jennet, "And with water to wash the hands of her liege " In a clean ewer with a fair toweling, "Let her preside at the disemboweling." Now, my friend, if you had so little religion As to catch a hawk, some falcon-lanner, And thrust her broad wings like a banner

Into a coop for a vulgar pigeon; And if day by day, and week by week, You cut her claws, and sealed her eyes, And clipped her wings, and tied her beak, Would it cause you any great surprise If when you decided to give her an airing You found she needed a little preparing? -I say, should you be such a curmudgeon, If she clung to the perch, as to take it in dudgeon? Yet when the Duke to his lady signified, Just a day before, as he judged most dignified, In what a pleasure she was to participate,— And, instead of leaping wide in flashes, Her eyes just lifted their long lashes, As if pressed by fatigue even he could not dissipate, And duly acknowledged the Duke's forethought, But spoke of her health, if her health were worth aught, Of the weight by day and the watch by night, And much wrong now that used to be right, So, thanking him, declined the hunting,-Was conduct ever more affronting? With all the ceremony settled— With the towel ready, and the sewer Polishing up his oldest ewer, And the jennet pitched upon, a piebald, Black-barred, cream-coated and pink eye-ball'd,-No wonder if the Duke was nettled! And when she persisted nevertheless,-Well, I suppose here's the time to confess That there ran half round our Lady's chamber A balcony none of the hardest to clamber; And that Jacynth the tire-woman, ready in waiting, Stayed in call outside, what need of relating? And since Jacynth was like a June rose, why, a fervent Adorer of Jacynth, of course, was your servant; And if she had the habit to peep through the casement, How could I keep at any vast distance? And so, as I say, on the Lady's persistence, The Duke, dumb stricken with amazement, Stood for awhile in a sultry smother, And then, with a smile that partook of the awful, Turned her over to his yellow mother To learn what was decorous and lawful; And the mother smelt blood with a cat-like instinct. As her cheek quick whitened thro' all its quince-tinct-Oh, but the Lady heard the whole truth at once! What meant she ?-Who was she ?-Her duty and station, The wisdom of age and the folly of youth, at once, Its decent regard and its fitting relationIn brief, my friend, set all the devils in hell free And turn them out to carouse in a belfry, And treat the priests to a fifty-part canon, And then you may guess how that tongue of hers ran on! Well, somehow or other it ended at last And, licking her whiskers, out she passed; And after her,-making (he hoped) a face Like Emperor Nero or Sultan Saladin, Stalked the Duke's self with the austere grace Of ancient hero or modern paladin,-From door to staircase—oh, such a solemn Unbending of the vertebral column!

However, at sunrise our company mustered, And here was the huntsman bidding unkennel, And there 'neath his bonnet the pricker blustered, With feather dank as a bough of wet fennel; For the court-yard's four walls were filled with fog You might cut as an axe chops a log. Like so much wool for colour and bulkiness; And out rode the Duke in a perfect sulkiness, Since before breakfast, a man feels but queasily, And a sinking at the lower abdomen Begins the day with indifferent omen: And lo, as he looked around uneasily, The sun ploughed the fog up and drove it asunder This way and that from the valley under; And, looking thro' the court-yard arch, Down in the valley, what should meet him But a troop of Gypsies on their march, No doubt with the annual gifts to greet him.

13

Now, in your land, Gypsies reach you, only After reaching all lands beside; North they go, south they go, trooping or lonely, And still, as they travel far and wide. Catch they and keep now a trace here, a trace there, That puts you in mind of a place here, a place there: But with us. I believe they rise out of the ground, And nowhere else, I take it, are found With the earth-tint yet so freshly embrowned; Born, no doubt, like insects which breed on The very fruit they are meant to feed on: For the earth—not a use to which they don't turn it, The ore that grows in the mountain's womb, Or the sand in the pits like a honeycomb, They sift and soften it, bake it and burn it-

Whether they weld you, for instance, a snaffle With side-bars never a brute can baffle; Or a lock that's a puzzle of wards within wards; Or, if your colt's fore-foot inclines to curve inwards, Horseshoes they'll hammer which turn on a swivel And won't allow the hoof to shrivel: Then they cast bells like the shell of the winkle, That keep a stout heart in the ram with their tinkle: But the sand—they pinch and pound it like otters; Commend me to Gypsy glass-makers and potters! Glasses they'll blow you, crystal-clear, Where just a faint cloud of rose shall appear, As if in pure water you dropped and let die A bruised black-blooded mulberry: And that other sort, their crowning pride, With long white threads distinct inside, Like the lake-flower's fibrous roots which dangle Loose such a length and never tangle, Where the bold sword-lily cuts the clear waters, And the cup-lily couches with all the white daughters: Such are the works they put their hand to, And the uses they turn and twist iron and sand to. And these made the troop which our Duke saw sally Towards his castle from out of the valley, Men and women, like new-hatched spiders, Come out with the morning to greet our riders; And up they wound till they reached the ditch, Whereat all stopped save one, a witch, That I knew, as she hobbled from the group, By her gait, directly, and her stoop, I, whom Jacynth was used to importune To let that same witch tell us our fortune. The oldest Gypsy then above ground; And, so sure as the autumn season came round, She paid us a visit for profit or pastime, And every time, as she swore, for the last time. And presently she was seen to sidle Up to the Duke till she touched his bridle, So that the horse of a sudden reared up As under its nose the old witch peered up With her worn-out eyes, or rather eye-holes Of no use now but to gather brine, And began a kind of level whine Such as they used to sing to their viols When their ditties they go grinding Up and down with nobody minding: And, then as of old, at the end of the humming Her usual presents were forthcoming -A dog-whistle blowing the fiercest of trebles, °15-1

(Just as a sea-shore stone holding a dozen fine pebbles.) Or a porcelain mouth-piece to screw on a pipe-end,-And so she awaited her annual stipend. But this time, the Duke would scarcely vouchsafe A word in reply; and in vain she felt With twitching fingers at her belt For the purse of sleekpine-martin pelt, Ready to put what he gave in her pouch safe,-Till, either to quicken his apprehension, Or possibly with an after-intention, She was come, she said, to pay her duty To the new Duchess, the youthful beauty. No sooner had she named his Lady, Than a shine lit up the face so shady, And its smirk returned with a novel meaning-For it struck him, the babe just wanted weaning; If one gave her a taste of what life was and sorrow, She, foolish to-day, would be wiser to-morrow; And who so fit a teacher of trouble As this sordid crone bent well nigh double? So, glancing at her wolf-skin vesture, (If such it was, for they grow so hirsute That their own fleece serves for natural fur suit) He was contrasting, 'twas plain from his gesture, The life of the lady so flower-like and delicate With the loathsome squalor of this helicat. I, in brief, was the man the Duke beckoned From out of the throng, and while I drew near He told the crone, as I since have reckoned By the way he bent and spoke into her ear With circumspection and mystery, The main of the Lady's history, Her frowardness and ingratitude; And for all the crone's submissive attitude I could see round her mouth the loose plaits tightening, And her brow with assenting intelligence brightening, As tho' she engaged with hearty good will Whatever he now might enjoin to fulfil, And promised the lady a thorough frightening. And so, just giving her a glimpse Of a purse, with the air of a man who imps The wing of the hawk that shall fetch the hernshaw, He bade me take the gypsy mother And set her telling some story or other Of hill or dale, oak-wood or fernshaw, To while away a weary hour For the Lady left alone in her bower, Whose mind and body craved exertion And yet shrank from all better diversion.

Then clapping heel to his horse, the mere curvetter. Out rode the Duke, and after his hollo Horses and hounds swept, huntsman and servitor, And back I turned and bade the crone follow. And what makes me confident what's to be told you Had all along been of this crone's devising. Is, that, on looking round sharply, behold you. There was a novelty quick as surprising: For first, she had shot up a full head in stature, And her step kept pace with mine nor faultered, As if age had foregone its usurpature, And the ignoble mien was wholly altered, And the face looked quite of another nature. And the change reached too, whatever the change meant. Her shaggy wolf-skin cloak's arrangement. For where its tatters hung loose like sedges. Gold coins were glittering on the edges, Like the band-roll strung with tomans Which proves the veil a Persian woman's: And under her brow, like a snail's horns newly Come out as after the rain he paces, Two unmistakeable eye-points duly Lived and aware looked out of their places. So we went and found Jacynth at the entry Of the Lady's chamber standing sentry; I told the command and produced my companion. And Jacynth rejoiced to admit any one, For since last night, by the same token, Not a single word had the Lady spoken: So they went in both to the presence together, While I in the balcony watched the weather.

15

And now, what took place at the very first of all, I cannot tell, as I never could learn it:
Jacynth constantly wished a curse to fall On that little head of hers and burn it,
If she knew how she came to drop so soundly Asleep of a sudden and there continue
The whole time sleeping as profoundly
As one of the boars my father would pin you
'Twixt the eyes where the life holds garrison,
—Jacynth forgive me the comparison!
But where I begin my own narration
Is a little after I took my station
To breathe the fresh air from the balcony,
And, having in those days a falcon eye,

To follow the hunt thro' the open country, From where the bushes thinlier crested The hillocks, to a plain where's not one tree:-When, in a moment, my ear was arrested By-was it singing, or was it saying, Or a strange musical instrument playing In the chamber ?- and to be certain I pushed the lattice, pulled the curtain, And there lay Jacynth asleep, Yet as if a watch she tried to keep, In a rosy sleep along the floor With her head against the door; While in the midst, on the seat of state, Like a queen the Gypsy woman sate, With head and face downbent On the Lady's head and face intent, For, coiled at her feet like a child at ease, The lady sate between her knees And o'er them the Lady's clasped hands met, And on those hands her chin was set, And her upturned face met the face of the crone Wherein the eyes had grown and grown As if she could double and quadruple At pleasure the play of either pupil -Very like by her hands slow fanning, As up and down like a gor-crow's flappers They moved to measure like bell clappers -I said, is it blessing, is it banning, Do they applaud you or burlesque you? Those hands and fingers with no flesh on? When, just as I thought to spring in to the rescue, At once I was stopped by the Lady's expression: For it was life her eyes were drinking From the crone's wide pair above unwinking, Life's pure fire received without shrinking, Into the heart and breast whose heaving Told you no single drop they were leaving-Life, that filling her, past redundant Into her very hair, back swerving Over each shoulder, loose and abundant, As her head thrown back showed the white throat curving, And the very tresses shared in the pleasure, Moving to the mystic measure, Bounding as the bosom bounded. I stopped short, more and more confounded, As still her cheeks burned and eyes glistened, As she listened and she listened,— When all at once a hand detained me. And the selfsame contagion gained me,

And I kept time to the wondrous chime, Making out words and prose and rhyme, Till it seemed that the music furled Its wings like a task fulfilled, and dropped From under the words it first had propped, And left them midway in the world, And word took word as hand takes hand, I could hear at last, and understand, And when I held the unbroken thread, The Gypsy said:—

"And so at last we find my tribe, And so I set thee in the midst, And to one and all of them describe What thou saidst and what thou didst, Our long and terrible journey thro', And all thou art ready to say and do In the trials that remain: I trace them the vein and the other vein That meet on thy brow and part again, Making our rapid mystic mark; And I bid my people prove and probe Each eye's profound and glorious globe Till they detect the kindred spark In those depths so drear and dark, Like the spots that snap, and burst, and flee, Circling over the midnight sea. And on that young round cheek of thine I make them recognise the tinge, As when of the costly scarlet wine They drip so much as will impinge And spread in a thinnest scale affoat One thick gold drop from the olive's coat Over a silver plate whose sheen Still thro' the mixture shall be seen. For, so I prove thee, to one and all, Fit, when my people ope their breast, To see the sign, and hear the call, And take the vow, and stand the test Which adds one more child to the rest-When the breast is bare and the arms are wide, And the world is left outside. For there is probation to decree, And many and long must the trials be Thou shalt victoriously endure, If that brow is true and those eyes are sure; Like a jewel-finder's fierce assay Of the prize he dug from its mountain tomb, Let once the vindicating ray

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Leap out amid the anxious gloom. And steel and fire have done their part And the prize falls on its finder's heart: So. trial after trial past. Wilt thou fall at the very last Breathless, half in trance With the thrill of the great deliverance. Into our arms for evermore: And thou shalt know, those arms once curled About thee, what we knew before, How love is the only good in the world. Henceforth be loved as heart can love. Or brain devise, or hand approve! Stand up. look below. It is our life at thy feet we throw To step with into light and joy: Not a power of life but we'll employ To satisfy thy nature's want: Art thou the tree that props the plant. Or the climbing plant that seeks the tree-Canst thou help us, must we help thee? If any two creatures grew into one. They would do more than the world has done: Tho' each apart were never so weak, Yet vainly thro' the world should ve seek For the knowledge and the might Which in such union grew their right: So, to approach, at least, that end, And blend,—as much as may be, blend Thee with us or us with thee, As elimbing-plant or propping-tree, Shall some one deck thee, over and down, Up and about, with blossoms and leaves? Fix his heart's fruit for thy garland crown. Cling with his soul as the gourd-vine cleaves. Die on thy boughs and disappear While not a leaf of thine is sere? Or is the other fate in store. And art thou fitted to adore, To give thy wondrous self away, And take a stronger nature's sway? I foresee and I could foretell Thy future portion, sure and well— But those passionate eyes speak true, speak true, And let them say what thou shalt do I Only, be sure thy daily life, In its peace, or in its strife, Never shall be unobserved; We pursue thy whole career,

And hope for it, or doubt, or fear,-Lo, hast thou kept thy path or swerved, We are beside thee, in all thy ways, With our blame, with our praise, Our shame to feel, our pride to show, Glad, sorry—but indifferent, no! Whether it is thy lot to go, For the good of us all, where the haters meet In the crowded city's horrible street: Or thou step alone thro' the morass Where never sound yet was Save the dry quick clap of the stork's bill, For the air is still, and the water still, When the blue breast of the dipping coot Dives under, and all again is mute. So at the last shall come old age, Decrepit as befits that stage; How else wouldst thou retire apart With the hoarded memories of thy heart And gather all to the very least Of the fragments of life's earlier feast, Let fall through eagerness to find The crowning dainties yet behind? Ponder on the entire past Laid together thus at last, When the twilight helps to fuse The first fresh, with the faded hues, And the outline of the whole, As round eve's shades their framework roll, Grandly fronts for once thy soul: And then as, 'mid the dark, a gleam Of yet another morning breaks, And like the hand which ends a dream, Death, with the might of his sunbeam Touches the flesh and the soul awakes,

Then—"
Ay, then, indeed, something would happen!
But what? For here her voice changed like a bird's;
There grew more of the music and less of the words;
Had Jacynth only been by me to clap pen
To paper and put you down every syllable,
With those clever clerkly fingers,
All that I've forgotten as well as what lingers
In this old brain of mine that's but ill able
To give you even this poor version
Of the speech I spoil, as it were, with stammering
—More fault of those who had the hammering
Of prosody into me and syntax,
And did it, not with hobnails but tintacks!

But to return from this excursion.-Just, do you mark, when the song was sweetest. The peace most deep and the charm completest. There came, shall I say, a snap-And the charm vanished! And my sense returned, so strangely banished. And, starting as from a nap, I knew the crone was bewitching my lady, With Jacvnth asleep; and but one spring made I, Down from the casement, round to the portal, Another minute and I had entered, When the door opened, and more than mortal Stood, with a face where to my mind centred All beauties I ever saw or shall see, The Duchess—I stopped as if struck by palsy. She was so different, happy and beautiful, I felt at once that all was best, And that I had nothing to do, for the rest, But wait her commands, obey and be dutiful. Not that, in fact, there was any commanding, -I saw the glory of her eye, And the brow's height and the breast's expanding, And I was hers to live or to die. As for finding what she wanted, You know God Almighty granted Such little signs should serve his wild creatures To tell one another all their desires, So that each knows what its friend requires. And does its bidding without teachers. I preceded her; the crone Followed silent and alone: I spoke to her, but she merely jabbered In the old style; both her eyes had slunk Back to their pits; her stature shrunk; In short, the soul in its body sunk Like a blade sent home to its scabbard. We descended, I preceding: Crossed the court with nobody heeding: All the world was at the chase, The court-vard like a desert-place. The stable emptied of its small fry; I saddled myself the very palfrey I remember patting while it carried her, The day she arrived and the Duke married her. And, do you know, though it's easy deceiving Oneself in such matters, I can't help believing The lady had not forgotten it either, And knew the poor Devil so much beneath her Would have been only too glad for her service

To dance on hot ploughshares like a Turk dervise, But unable to pay proper duty where owing it Was reduced to that pitiful method of showing it: For though the moment I began setting His saddle on my own nag of Berold's begetting, (Not that I meant to be obtrusive) She stopped me, while his rug was shifting, By a single rapid finger's lifting, And, with a gesture kind but conclusive, And a little shake of the head, refused me,— I say, although she never used me, Yet when she was mounted, the gypsy behind her, And I ventured to remind her, I suppose with a voice of less steadiness Than usual, for my feelings exceeded me, -Something to the effect that I was in readiness. Whenever God should please she needed me,— Then, do you know, her face looked down on me With a look that placed a crown on me, And she felt in her bosom,—mark, her bosom— And, as a flower-tree drops its blossom, Dropped me-ah, had it been a purse Of silver, my friend, or gold that's worse, Why, you see, as soon as I found myself So understood,—that a true heart so may gain Such a reward,—I should have gone home again, Kissed Jacynth, and soberly drowned myself! It was a little plait of hair Such as friends in a convent make To wear, each for the other's sake .-This, see, which at my breast I wear, Ever did (rather to Jacynth's grudgment), And ever shall, till the Day of Judgment. And then,—and then,—to cut short,—this is idle, These are feelings it is not good to foster,— I pushed the gate wide, she shook the bridle, And the palfrey bounded,—and so we lost her!

16

When the liquor's out, why clink the cannakin? I did think to describe you the panic in The redoubtable breast of our master the mannikin, And what was the pitch of his mother's yellowness, How she turned as a shark to snap the spare-rib Clean off, sailors say, from a pearl-diving Carib, When she heard, what she called, the flight of the feloness—But it seems such child's play What they said and did with the lady away!

And to dance on, when we've lost the music, Always made me-and no doubt makes you-sick. Nay, to my mind, the world's face looked so stern As that sweet form disappeared thro' the postern, She that keep it in constant good humour, It ought to have stopped; there seemed nothing to do more. But the world thought otherwise and went on, And my head's one that its spite was spent on: Thirty years are fled since that morning, And with them all my head's adorning. Nor did the old Duchess die outright, As you expect, of suppressed spite, The natural end of every adder Not suffered to empty its poison-bladder: But she and her son agreed, I take it, That no one should touch on the story to wake it, For the wound in the Duke's pride rankled flery, So they made no search and small inquiry-And when fresh gypsies have paid us a visit, I've Noticed the couple were never inquisitive, But told them they're folks the Duke don't want here, And bade them make haste and cross the frontier. Brief, the Duchess was gone and the Duke was glad of it And the old one was in the young one's stead, And took, in her place, the household's head, And a blessed time the household had of it! And were I not, as a man may say, cautious How I trench, more than needs, on the nauseous, I could favour you with sundry touches Of the paint-smutches with which the Duchess Heightened the mellowness of her cheek's yellowness (To get on faster) until at last her Cheek grew to be one master-plaster Of mucus and fucus from mere use of ceruse Till in short she grew from scalp to udder Just the object to make you shudder !

17

You're my friend—
What a thing friendship is, world without end!
How it gives the heart and soul a stir-up,
As if somebody broached you a glorious runlet,
And poured out all lovelily, sparkling, and sunlit,
Our green Moldavia, the streaky syrup,
Cotnar as old as the time of the Druids—
Friendship's as good as that monarch of fluids
To supple a dry brain, fill you its ins-and-outs,—
Gives your Life's hour-glass a shake when the thin sand
doubts

Whether to run on or stop short, and guarantees Age is not all made of stark sloth and arrant ease! I have seen my little Lady once more, Jacynth, the Gypsy, Berold, and the rest of it, For to me spoke the Duke, as I told you before; I always wanted to make a clean breast of it. And now it is made-why, my heart's-blood, that went trickle. Trickle, but anon, in such muddy dribblets, Is pumped up brisk now, thro' the main ventricle, And genially floats me about the giblets ! I'll tell you what I intend to do: I must see this fellow his sad life thro' -He is our Duke after all, And I, as he says, but a serf and thrall; My father was born here and I inherit His fame, a chain he bound his son with,-Could I pay in a lump I should prefer it, But there's no mine to blow up and get done with. So I must stay till the end of the chapter: For, as to our middle-age-manners-adapter, Be it a thing to be glad on or sorry on, One day or other, his head in a morion, And breast in a hauberk, his heels he'll kick up Slain by some onslaught fierce of hiccup. And then, when red doth the sword of our Duke rust. And its leathern sheath lies o'ergrown with a blue crust. Then, I shall scrape together my earnings; For, you see, in the Churchyard Jacynth reposes, And our children all went the way of the roses-It's a long lane that knows no turnings-One needs but little tackle to travel in, So, just one stout cloak shall I indue, And for a staff, what beats the javelin With which his boars my father pinned you? And then, for a purpose you shall hear presently, Taking some Cotnar, a tight plump skinfull, I shall go journeying, who but I, pleasantly? Sorrow is vain and despondency sinful.

Sorrow is vain and despondency shirts.
What's a man's age? He must hurry more, that's all;
Cram in a day, what his youth took a year to hold;
When we mind labour, then only, we're too old—
What age had Methusalem when he begat Saul?
And at last, as its haven some buffeted ship sees,
(Come all the way from the north-parts with sperm oil)
I shall get safely out of the turmoil
And arrive one day at the land of the gypsies
And find my lady, or hear the last news of her
From some old thief and son of Lucifer,

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His forehead chapletted green with wreathy hop. Sunburned all over like an Æthiop: And when my Cotnar begins to operate And the tongue of the rogue to run at a proper rate, And our wine-skin, tight once, shows each flaccid dent, I shall drop in with—as if by accident— "You never knew then, how it all ended, "What fortunes good or bad attended "The little lady your Queen befriended?" -And when that's told me, what's remaining? This world's too hard for my explaining-The same wise judge of matters equine Who still preferred some slim four-year-old To the big-boned stock of mighty Berold, And for strong Cotnar drank French weak wine, He also must be such a lady's scorner! Smooth Jacob still robs homely Esau, Now up, now down, the world's one see-saw! —So, I shall find out some snug corner Under a hedge, like Orson the wood-knight, Turn myself round and bid the world good night: And sleep a sound sleep till the trumpet's blowing Wakes me (unless priests cheat us laymen) To a world where's to be no further throwing Pearls before swine that can't value them. Amen!

XXXII

EARTH'S IMMORTALITIES

FAME

SEE, as the prettiest graves will do in time, Our poet's wants the freshness of its prime; Spite of the sexton's browsing horse, the sods Have struggled thro' its binding osier-rods; Headstone and half-sunk footstone lean awry, Wanting the brick-work promised by and by; How the minute grey lichens, plate o'er plate, Have softened down the crisp-cut name and date!

LOVE

So, the year's done with !

(Love me for ever !)

All March begun with,

April's endeavour;

May-wreaths that bound me June needs must sever! Now snows fall round me, Quenching June's fever— (Love me for ever!)

XXXIII

SONG

1

Nay but you, who do not love her,
Is she not pure gold, my mistress?
Holds earth aught—speak truth—above her?
Aught like this tress, see, and this tress,
And this last fairest tress of all,
So fair, see, ere I let it fall!

2

Because, you spend your lives in praising;
To praise, you search the wide world over;
So, why not witness, calmly gazing,
If earth holds aught—speak truth—above her?
Above this tress, and this I touch
But cannot praise, I love so much!

XXXIV

THE BOY AND THE ANGEL

MORNING, evening, noon, and night, "Praise God," sang Theocrite.

Then to his poor trade he turned, By which the daily meal was earned.

Hard he laboured, long and well; O'er his work the boy's curls fell:

But ever, at each period, He stopped and sang, "Praise God."

Then back again his curls he threw, And cheerful turned to work anew.

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Said Blaise, the listening monk, "Well done; "I doubt not thou art heard, my son:

"As well as if thy voice to-day "Were praising God, the Pope's great way.

"This Easter Day, the Pope at Rome "Praises God from Peter's dome."

Said Theocrite, "Would God that I "Might praise Him, that great way, and die!"

Night passed, day shone, And Theocrite was gone.

With God a day endures alway, A thousand years are but a day.

God said in Heaven, "Nor day nor night" Now brings the voice of my delight."

Then Gabriel, like a rainbow's birth, Spread his wings and sank to earth;

Entered in flesh, the empty cell, Lived there, and played the craftsman well:

And morning, evening, noon, and night, Praised God in place of Theocrite.

And from a boy, to youth he grew: The man put off the stripling's hue:

The man matured and fell away Into the season of decay:

And ever o'er the trade he bent, And ever lived on earth content.

(He did God's will; to him, all one If on the earth or in the sun.)

God said, "A praise is in mine ear; "There is no doubt in it, no fear:

"So sing old worlds, and so
"New worlds that from my footstool go.

"Clearer loves sound other ways: "I miss my little human praise."

Then forth sprang Gabriel's wings, off fell The flesh disguise, remained the cell.

'Twas Easter Day: he flew to Rome, And paused above Saint Peter's dome.

In the tiring-room close by The great outer gallery,

With his holy vestments dight, Stood the new Pope, Theocrite:

And all his past career Came back upon him clear,

Since when, a boy, he plied his trade, Till on his life the sickness weighed;

And in his cell, when death drew near, An angel in a dream brought cheer:

And rising from the sickness drear He grew a priest, and now stood here.

To the East with praise he turned, And on his sight the angel burned.

- "I bore thee from thy craftsman's cell, "And set thee here; I did not well.
- "Vainly I left my angel's-sphere,
 "Vain was thy dream of many a year.
- "Thy voice's praise seemed weak; it dropped—"Creation's chorus stopped!
- "Go back and praise again
 "The early way—while I remain.
- "With that weak voice of our disdain, "Take up Creation's pausing strain.
- "Back to the cell and poor employ:
 "Become the craftsman and the boy!"

DRAMATIC ROMANCES AND LYRICS

Theocrite grew old at home: A new Pope dwelt in Peter's Dome.

One vanished as the other died: They sought God side by side.

XXXV

MEETING AT NIGHT

THE grey sea and the long black land: And the yellow half-moon large and low: And the startled little waves that leap In flery ringlets from their sleep, As I gain the cove with pushing prow, And quench its speed in the slushy sand.

Then a mile of warm sea-scented beach: Three fields to cross till a farm appears; A tap at the pane, the quick sharp scratch And blue spurt of a lighted match. And a voice less loud, thro' its joys and fea Than the two hearts beating each to each !

XXXVI

PARTING AT MORNING

Round the cape of a sudden came the sea. And the sun looked over the mountain's rin And straight was a path of gold for him, And the need of a world of men for me.

XXXVII

SAUL

SAID Abner, "At last thou art come! "Ere I tell, ere thou speak,-"Kiss my cheek, wish me well!" Then I wish And did kiss his cheek:

And he, "Since the King, oh my friend,
"For thy countenance sent,
Nor drunken nor eaten have we;
Nor, until from his tent
Thou return with the joyful assurance
The king liveth yet,
Shall our lip with the honey be brightened,
—The water, be wet.

"For out of the black mid-tent's silence,
A space of three days,
No sound hath escaped to thy servants,
Of prayer nor of praise,
To betoken that Saul and the Spirit
Have ended their strife,
And that faint in his triumph the monarch
Sinks back upon life.

"Yet now my heart leaps, O beloved! God's child, with his dew On thy gracious gold hair, and those lilies Still living and blue

As thou brak'st them to twine round thy harp-strings, As if no wild heat

Were raging to torture the desert!"
Then I, as was meet,

Knelt down to the God of my fathers, And rose on my feet,

And ran o'er the sand burnt to powder.
The tent was unlooped;
I pulled up the spear that obstructed,
And under I stooped;

Mands and knees o'er the slippery grass-patch— All withered and gone—

That leads to the second enclosure, I groped my way on,

Till I felt where the foldskirts fly open; Then once more I prayed,

And opened the foldskirts and entered, And was not afraid;

And spoke, "Here is David, thy servant!"
And no voice replied;

And first I saw nought but the blackness;
But soon I descried

A something more black than the blackness

—The vast, the upright

Main-prop which sustains the pavilion,—
And slow into sight

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Grew a figure, gigantic, against it, And blackest of all ;-Then a sunbeam, that burst thro' the tent-roof, Showed Saul.

He stood as erect as that tent-prop:

Both arms stretched out wide On the great cross-support in the centre

That goes to each side: So he bent not a muscle, but hung there

As, caught in his pangs And waiting his change, the king-serpent .

All heavily hangs, Far away from his kind, in the pine,

Till deliverance come

With the Spring-time,—so agonized Saul Drear and stark, blind and dumb.

Then I tuned my harp,—took off the lilies We twine round its chords

Lest they snap 'neath the stress of the noontide

-Those sunbeams like swords! And I first played the tune all our sheep know, As, one after one,

So docile they come to the pen-door

Till folding be done;

-They are white and untorn by the bushes, For lo, they have fed

Where the long grasses stifle the water Within the stream's bed:

How one after one seeks its lodging.

As star follows star Into eve and the blue far above us.

-So blue and so far ! Then the tune for which quails on the cornland

Will leave each his mate To follow the player; then, what makes The crickets elate

Till for boldness they fight one another: And then, what has weight

To set the quick jerboa a-musing Outside his sand house

-There are none such as he for a wonder-Half bird and half mouse!

-God made all the creatures and gave them Our love and our fear,

To show, we and they are his children, One family here.

Then I played the help-tune of our reapers,

Their wine-song, when hand

Grasps hand, eye lights eye in good friendship, And great hearts expand,

And grow one in the sense of this world's life;

And then, the low song

When the dead man is praised on his journey-

"Bear, bear him along

"With his few faults shut up like dead flowrets;
"Are balm-seeds not here

"To console us? The land is left none such

" As he on the bier—

"Oh, would we might keep thee, my brother!"
And then, the glad chaunt

Of the marriage,—first go the young maidens, Next, she whom we vaunt

As the beauty, the pride of our dwelling:

And then, the great march

When man runs to man to assist him,

And buttress an arch
Nought can break . . . who shall harm them, our friends?

Then, the chorus intoned As the Levites go up to the altar

In glory enthroned—

But I stopped here—for here, in the darkness, Saul groaned.

And I paused, held my breath in such silence!
And listened apart;

And the tent shook, for mighty Saul shuddered,—

And sparkles 'gan dart From the jewels that woke in his turban

—At once with a start

All its lordly male-sapphires, and rubies Courageous at heart;

So the head—but the body still moved not,

Still hung there erect.

And I bent once again to my playing,

And I bent once again to my playing, Pursued it unchecked,

As I sang, "Oh, our manhood's prime vigour!

—No spirit feels waste,

No muscle is stopped in its playing,

No sinew unbraced ;-

And the wild joys of living! The leaping

From rock up to rock—
The rending their boughs from the palm-trees,—

The cool silver shock

Of a plunge in the pool's living water— The haunt of the bear, And the sultriness showing the lion Is couched in his lair:

And the meal—the rich dates—yellowed over With gold dust divine,

And the locust's-flesh steeped in the pitcher, The full draught of wine,

And the sleep in the dried river channel Where tall rushes tell

The water was wont to go warbling So softly and well,—

How good is man's life here, mere living! .
How fit to employ

The heart and the soul and the senses
For ever in joy!

Hast thou loved the white locks of thy father Whose sword thou didst guard

When he trusted thee forth to the wolf hunt For glorious reward?

Didst thou see the thin hands of thy mother Held up, as men sung

The song of the nearly-departed,
And heard her faint tongue

Joining in while it could to the witness "Let one more attest,

"I have lived, seen God's hand thro' that life-time,
"And all was for best . . ."

Then they sung thro' their tears, in strong triumph, Not much,—but the rest!

And thy brothers—the help and the contest,
The working whence grew

Such result, as from seething grape-bundles
The spirit so true:

And the friends of thy boyhood—that boyhood With wonder and hope,

Present promise, and wealth in the future,—
The eye's eagle scope.—

Till lo, thou art grown to a monarch,
A people is thine!

Oh all gifts the world offers singly, On one head combine,

On one head the joy and the pride, Even rage like the throe

That opes the rock, helps its glad labour, And let's the gold go—

And ambition that sees a sun lead it—
Oh, all of these—all
Combine to unite in one creature

—Saul!

END OF PART THE FIRST

在基本的 化二氯酚 医勒耳氏性肠炎管 电压机 计

XXXVIII

TIME'S REVENGES

I've a Friend, over the sea: I like him, but he loves me; It all grew out of the books I write: They find such favour in his sight That he slaughters you with savage looks Because you don't admire my books: He does himself though,—and if some vein Were to snap to-night in this heavy brain, To-morrow month, if I lived to try, Round should I just turn quietly, Or out of the bedclothes stretch my hand Till I found him, come from his foreign land To be my nurse in this poor place, And make me broth, and wash my face, And light my fire, and, all the while, Bear with his old good-humoured smile That I told him "Better have kept away "Than come and kill me, night and day, "With worse than fever's throbs and shoots, " At the creaking of his clumsy boots." I am as sure that this he would do. As that Saint Paul's is striking Two: And I think I had rather . . . woe is me! -Yes, rather see him than not see, If lifting a hand would seat him there Before me in the empty chair To-night, when my head aches indeed, And I can neither think, nor read, And these blue fingers will not hold The pen; this garret's freezing cold!

And I've a Lady—There he wakes,
The laughing fiend and prince of snakes
Within me, at her name, to pray
Fate send some creature in the way
Of my love for her, to be down-torn
Upthrust and onward borne
So I might prove myself that sea
Of passion which I needs must be!
Call my thoughts false and my fancies quaint,
And my style infirm, and its figures faint,
All the critics say, and more blame yet,
And not one angry would you get!

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But, please you, wonder I would put My cheek beneath that Lady's foot Rather than trample under mine The laurels of the Florentine, And you shall see how the Devil spends A fire God gave for other ends! I tell you, I stride up and down This garret, crowned with love's best crown, And feasted with love's perfect feast, To think I kill for her, at least, Body and soul and peace and fame. Alike youth's end and manhood's aim, -So is my spirit, as flesh with sin, Filled full, eaten out and in With the face of her, the eyes of her, The lips and little chin, the stir Of shadow round her mouth; and she -I'll tell you,-calmly would decree That I should roast at a slow fire, If that would compass her desire And make her one whom they invite To the famous ball to-morrow night.

There may be Heaven; there must be Hell; Meantime, there is our Earth here-well!

XXXXX

THE GLOVE

(PETER RONSARD loquitur)

"Heigho," yawned one day King Francis, " Distance all value enhances ! "When a man's busy, why, leisure "Strikes him as wonderful pleasure,-"'Faith, and at leisure once is he? "Straightway he wants to be busy. "Here we've got peace; and aghast I'm "Caught thinking war the true pastime! " Is there a reason in metre? "Give us your speech, master Peter!" I who, if mortal dare say so, Ne'er am at loss with my Naso, "Sire," I replied, "joys prove cloudlets: "Men are the merest Ixions"-Here the King whistled aloud, "Let's

".. Heigho... go look at our lions!"
Such are the sorrowful chances
If you talk fine to King Francis.

And so, to the courtyard proceeding, Our company, Francis was leading, Increased by new followers tenfold Before he arrived at the penfold; Lords, ladies, like clouds which bedizen At sunset the western horizon. And Sir De Lorge pressed 'mid the foremost With the dame he professed to adore most-Oh, what a face! One by fits eyed Her, and the horrible pitside; For the penfold surrounded a hollow Which led where the eye scarce dared follow, And shelved to the chamber secluded Where Bluebeard, the great lion, brooded. The king hailed his keeper, an Arab As glossy and black as a scarab, And bade him make sport and at once stir Up and out of his den the old monster. They opened a hole in the wirework Across it, and dropped there a firework, And fled; one's heart's beating redoubled; A pause, while the pit's mouth was troubled, The blackness and silence so utter, By the firework's slow sparkling and sputter; Then earth in a sudden contortion Gave out to our gaze her abortion ! Such a brute! Were I friend Clement Marot (Who's experience of nature's but narrow, And whose faculties move in no small mist When he versifies David the Psalmist) I should study that brute to describe you: Illum Juda Leonem de Tribu! One's whole blood grew curdling and creepy To see the black mane, vast and heapy, The tail in the air stiff and straining, The wide eyes, nor waxing nor waning, As over the barrier which bounded His platform, and us who surrounded The barrier, they reached and they rested On the space that might stand him in best stead: For who knew, he thought, what the amazement, The eruption of clatter and blaze meant, And if, in this minute of wonder, No outlet, 'mid lightning and thunder,

Lay broad, and, his shackles all shivered, The lion at last was delivered? Ay, that was the open sky o'erhead! And you saw by the flesh on his forehead, By the hope in those eyes wide and steady, He was leagues in the desert already, Driving the flocks up the mountain, Or catlike couched hard by the fountain To waylay the date-gathering negress: So guarded be entrance or egress.

"How he stands!" quoth the King: "we may well swear,

"No novice, we've won our spurs elsewhere,

"And so can afford the confession,
"We exercise wholesome discretion

"In keeping aloof from his threshold;
"Once hold you, those jaws want no fresh hold,

"Their first would too pleasantly purloin

"The visitor's brisket or sirloin:

"But who's he would prove so fool-hardy?" Not the best man of Marignan, pardie!"

The sentence no sooner was uttered, Than over the rails a glove fluttered, Fell close to the lion, and rested: The dame 'twas, who flung it and jested With life so, De Lorge had been wooing For months past; he sate there pursuing His suit, weighing out with nonchalance Fine speeches like gold from a balance.

Sound the trumpet, no true knight's a tarrier! De Lorge made one leap at the barrier, Walked straight to the glove,—while the lion Ne'er moved, kept his far-reaching eye on The palm-tree-edged desert-spring's sapphire, And the musky oiled skin of the Kaffir,—Picked it up, and as calmly retreated, Leaped back where the lady was seated, And full in the face of its owner Flung the glove—

"Your heart's queen, you dethrone her?"
So should I"—cried the King—"'twas mere vanity,
"Not love, set that task to humanity!"
Lords and ladies alike turned with loathing
From such a proved wolf in sheep's clothing.

Not so, I; for I caught an expression In her brow's undisturbed self-possession

Amid the Court's scoffing and merriment,— As if from no pleasing experiment She rose, yet of pain not much heedful So long as the process was needful— As if she had tried in a crucible, To what "speeches like gold" were reducible, And, finding the finest prove copper, Felt the smoke in her face was but proper: To know what she had not to trust to. Was worth all the ashes, and dust too. She went out 'mid hooting and laughter: Clement Marot stayed; I followed after, And asked, as a grace, what it all meant-If she wished not the rash deed's recalment? "For I"-so I spoke-" am a Poet: "Human nature,-behoves that I know it!"

She told me, "Too long had I heard "Of the deed proved alone by the word: "For my love,—what De Lorge would not dare! "With my scorn-what De Lorge could compare! "And the endless descriptions of death "He would brave when my lip formed a breath. " I must reckon as braved, or, of course, "Doubt his word—and moreover, perforce, " For such gifts as no lady could spurn, " Must offer my love in return. "When I looked on your lion, it brought "All the dangers at once to my thought, " Encountered by all sorts of men, "Before he was lodged in his den,-"From the poor slave whose club or bare hands "Dug the trap, set the snare on the sands, "With no King and no Court to applaud, "By no shame, should he shrink, overawed, "Yet to capture the creature made shift, "That his rude boys might laugh at the gift, "To the page who last leaped o'er the fence " Of the pit, on no greater pretence "Than to get back the bonnet he dropped, "Lest his pay for a week should be stopped-"So, wiser I judged it to make "One trial what 'death for my sake' "Really meant, while the power was yet mine, "Than to wait until time should define

"Such a phase not so simply as I,
"Who took it to mean just 'to die.'
"The blow a glove gives is but weak—
"Does the mark yet discolour my cheek?

"But when the heart suffers a blow, "Will the pain pass so soon, do you know?"

I looked, as away she was sweeping, And saw a youth eagerly keeping As close as he dared to the doorway: No doubt that a noble should more weigh His life than befits a plebeian; And yet, had our brute been Nemean-(I judge by a certain calm fervor The youth stepped with, forward to serve her) -He'd have scarce thought you did him the worst turn If you whispered "Friend, what you'd get, first earn ! And when, shortly after, she carried Her shame from the Court, and they married, To that marriage some happiness, maugre The voice of the Court, I dared augur.

For De Lorge, he made women with men vie. Those in wonder and praise, these in envy; And in short stood so plain a head taller That he wooed and won . . How do you call her ? The beauty, that rose in the sequel To the King's love, who loved her a week well; And 'twas noticed he never would honour De Lorge (who looked daggers upon her) With the easy commission of stretching His legs in the service, and fetching His wife, from her chamber, those straying Sad gloves she was always mislaying, While the King took the closet to chat in,— But of course this adventure came pat in: And never the King told the story, How bringing a glove brought such glory, But the wife smiled—" His nerves are grown firmer-"Mine he brings now and utters no murmur!"

Venienti occurrite morbo! With which moral I drop my theorbo.

CHRISTMAS-EVE AND EASTER-DAY 1850

CHRISTMAS-EVE AND EASTER-DAY

XL

CHRISTMAS-EVE

1

Our of the little chapel I burst Into the fresh night air again. I had waited a good five minutes first In the doorway, to escape the rain That drove in gusts down the common's centre, At the edge of which the chapel stands, Before I plucked up heart to enter: Heaven knows how many sorts of hands Reached past me, groping for the latch Of the inner door that hung on catch, More obstinate the more they fumbled, Till, giving way at last with a scold Of the crazy hinge, in squeezed or tumbled One sheep more to the rest in fold, And left me irresolute, standing sentry In the sheepfold's lath-and-plaster entry, Four feet long by two feet wide, Partitioned off from the vast inside-· I blocked up half of it at least. No remedy; the rain kept driving: They eyed me much as some wild beast, The congregation, still arriving, Some of them by the mainroad, white A long way past me into the night, Skirting the common, then diverging; Not a few suddenly emerging From the common's self thro' the paling-gaps,--They house in the gravel-pits perhaps, Where the road stops short with its safeguard border Of lamps, as tired of such disorder;-But the most turned in yet more abruptly From a certain squalid knot of alleys, Where the town's bad blood once slept corruptly, Which now the little chapel rallies 285

And leads into day again,—its priestliness
Lending itself to hide their beastliness
So cleverly (thanks in part to the mason),
And putting so cheery a whitewashed face on
Those neophytes too much in lack of it,
That, where you cross the common as I did,
And meet the party thus presided,
"Mount Zion," with Love-lane at the back of it,
They front you as little disconcerted,
As, bound for the hills, her fate averted
And her wicked people made to mind him,
Lot might have marched with Gomorrah behind him.

2

Well, from the road, the lanes or the common, In came the flock: the fat weary woman, Panting and bewildered, down-clapping Her umbrella with a mighty report, Grounded it by me, wry and flapping, A wreck of whalebones; then, with a snort, Like a startled horse, at the interloper Who humbly knew himself improper, But could not shrink up small enough, Round to the door, and in,—the gruff Hinge's invariable scold Making your very blood run cold. Prompt in the wake of her, up-pattered On broken clogs, the many-tattered Little old-faced, peaking sister-turned-mother Of the sickly babe she tried to smother Somehow up, with its spotted face, From the cold, on her breast, the one warm place; She too must stop, wring the poor suds dry Of a draggled shawl, and add thereby Her tribute to the door-mat, sopping Already from my own clothes' dropping, Which yet she seemed to grudge I should stand on: Then stooping down to take off her pattens, She bore them defiantly, in each hand one, Planted together before her breast And its babe, as good as a lance in rest. Close on her heels, the dingy satins Of a female something, past me flitted, With lips as much too white, as a streak Lay far too red on each hollow cheek: And it seemed the very door-hinge pitied All that was left of a woman once, Holding at least its tongue for the nonce.

Then a tall yellow man, like the Penitent Thief. With his jaw bound up in a handkerchief, And evelids screwed together tight, Led himself in by some inner light. And, except from him, from each that entered, I had the same interrogation— "What, you, the alien, you have ventured "To take with us, elect, your station? "A carer for none of it, a Gallio?"-Thus, plain as print, I read the glance At a common prey, in each countenance, As of huntsman giving his hounds the tallyho: And, when the door's cry drowned their wonder, The draught, it always sent in shutting, Made the flame of the single tallow candle In the cracked square lanthorn I stood under, Shoot its blue lip at me, rebutting, As it were, the luckless cause of scandal: I verily thought the zealous light (In the chapel's secret, too!) for spite, Would shudder itself clean off the wick, With the airs of a St. John's Candlestick. There was no standing it much longer. "Good folks," said I, as resolve grew stronger, "This way you perform the Grand-Inquisitor, "When the weather sends you a chance visitor? "You are the men, and wisdom shall die with you, "And none of the old Seven Churches vie with you! "But still, despite the pretty perfection "To which you carry your trick of exclusiveness, "And, taking God's word under wise protection, "Correct its tendency to diffusiveness, "Bidding one reach it over hot ploughshares,— "Still, as I say, though you've found salvation, "If I should choose to cry—as now—'Shares!'-"See if the best of you bars me my ration! "Because I prefer for my expounder "Of the laws of the feast, the feast's own Founder: "Mine's the same right with your poorest and sickliest, "Supposing I don the marriage-vestiment; "So, shut your mouth, and open your testament, "And carve me my portion at your quickliest!" Accordingly, as a shoemaker's lad With wizened face in want of soap, And wet apron wound round his waist like a rope, After stopping outside, for his cough was bad, To get the fit over, poor gentle creature, And so avoid disturbing the preacher,

Passed in, I sent my elbow spikewise
At the shutting door, and entered likewise,—
Received the hinge's accustomed greeting,
Crossed the threshold's magic pentacle,
And found myself in full conventicle,
—To wit, in Zion Chapel Meeting,
On the Christmas-Eve of 'Forty-nine,
Which, calling its flock to their special clover,
Found them assembled and one sheep over,
Whose lot, as the weather pleased, was mine.

3

I very soon had enough of it. The hot smell and the human noises, And my neighbour's coat, the greasy cuff of it, Were a pebble-stone that a child's hand poises, Compared with the pig-of-lead-like pressure Of the preaching-man's immense stupidity, As he poured his doctrine forth, full measure, To meet his audience's avidity. You needed not the wit of the Sybil To guess the cause of it all, in a twinkling-No sooner had our friend an inkling Of treasure hid in the Holy Bible. (Whenever it was the thought first struck him How Death, at unawares, might duck him Deeper than the grave, and quench The gin-shop's light in Hell's grim drench) Than he handled it so, in fine irreverence, As to hug the Book of books to pieces: And, a patchwork of chapters and texts in severance, Not improved by the private dog's-ears and creases. Having clothed his own soul with, he'd fain see equipt vours,---

So tossed you again your Holy Scriptures.
And you picked them up, in a sense, no doubt:
Nay, had but a single face of my neighbours
Appeared to suspect that the preacher's labours
Were help which the world could be saved without,
'Tis odds but I had borne in quiet
A qualm or two at my spiritual diet;
Or, who can tell? had even mustered
Somewhat to urge in behalf of the sermon;
But the flock sate on, divinely flustered,
Sniffing, methought, its dew of Hermon
With such content in every snuffle,
As the devil inside us loves to ruffle.

My old fat woman purred with pleasure,
And thumb round thumb went twirling faster
While she, to his periods keeping measure,
Maternally devoured the pastor.
The man with the handkerchief, untied it,
Showed us a horrible wen inside it,
Gave his eyelids yet another screwing,
And rocked himself as the woman was doing.
The shoemaker's lad, discreetly choking,
Kept down his cough. 'Twas too provoking!
My gorge rose at the nonsense and stuff of it,
And saying, like Eve when she plucked the apple,
"I wanted a taste, and now there's enough of it,"
I flung out of the little chapel.

4

There was a lull in the rain, a lull In the wind too; the moon was risen, And would have shone out pure and full, But for the ramparted cloud-prison, Block on block built up in the west, For what purpose the wind knows best, Who changes his mind continually. And the empty other half of the sky Seemed in its silence as if it knew What, any moment, might look through A chance-gap in that fortress massy: Through its fissures you got hints Of the flying moon, by the shifting tints, Now, a dull lion-colour, now, brassy Burning to yellow, and whitest yellow, Like furnace-smoke just ere the flames bellow, •All a-simmer with intense strain To let her through,—then blank again, At the hope of her appearance failing. Just by the chapel, a break in the railing Shows a narrow path directly across; 'Tis ever dry walking there, on the moss-Besides, you go gently all the way uphill: I stooped under and soon felt better: My head grew light, my limbs more supple, As I walked on, glad to have slipt the fetter; My mind was full of the scene I had left, That placed flock, that pastor vociferant, -How this outside was pure and different! The sermon, now—what a mingled weft Of good and ill! were either less, Its fellow had coloured the whole distinctly; -15-J

But alas for the excellent earnestness. And the truths, quite true if stated succinctly, But as surely false, in their quaint presentment, However to pastor and flock's contentment! Say rather, such truths looked false to your eyes, With his provings and parallels twisted and twined, Till how could you know them, grown double their size, In the natural fog of the good man's mind? Like yonder spots of our roadside lamps, Haloed about with the common's damps. Truth remains true, the fault's in the prover: The zeal was good, and the aspiration: And yet, and yet, yet, fifty times over, Pharaoh received no demonstration By his Baker's dream of Baskets Three. Of the doctrine of the Trinity,-Although, as our preacher thus embellished it. Apparently his hearers relished it With so unfeigned a gust—who knows if They did not prefer our friend to Joseph? But so it is everywhere, one way with all of them! These people have really felt, no doubt, A something, the motion they style the Call of them; And this is their method of bringing about, By a mechanism of words and tones, (So many texts in so many groans) A sort of reviving or reproducing, More or less perfectly, (who can tell ?-) Of the mood itself, that strengthens by using; And how it happens, I understand well. A tune was born in my head last week, Out of the thump-thump and shriek-shriek Of the train, as I came by it, up from Manchester; And when, next week, I take it back again, My head will sing to the engine's clack again, While it only makes my neighbour's haunches stir, -Finding no dormant musical sprout In him, as in me, to be joited out. 'Tis the taught already that profit by teaching; He gets no more from the railway's preaching, Than, from this preacher who does the rail's office, I, Whom therefore the flock casts a jealous eye on. Still, why paint over their door "Mount Zion," To which all flesh shall come, saith the prophecy?

5

But wherefore be harsh on a single case? After how many modes, this Christmas-Eve, Does the selfsame weary thing take place?

The same endeavour to make you believe. And much with the same effect, no more: Each method abundantly convincing. As I say, to those convinced before, But scarce to be swallowed without wincing. By the not-as-yet-convinced. For me, I have my own church equally. And in this church my faith sprang first! (I said, as I reached the rising ground, And the wind began again, with a burst Of rain in my face, and a glad rebound From the heart beneath, as if, God speeding me. I entered His church-door, Nature leading me) -In youth I looked to these very skies. And probing their immensities. I found God there, His visible power; Yet felt in my heart, amid all its sense Of that power, an equal evidence That His love, there too, was the nobler dower. For the loving worm within its clod. Were diviner than a loveless god Amid his worlds, I will dare to say. You know what I mean: God's all, man's nought: But also, God, whose pleasure brought Man into being, stands away As it were, an handbreadth off, to give Room for the newly-made to live, And look at Him from a place of apart. And use His gifts of brain and heart, Given, indeed, but to keep for ever. Who speaks of man, then, must not sever Man's very elements from man, Saying, "But all is God's"—whose plan Was to create man and then leave him Able, His own word saith, to grieve Him, But able to glorify Him too, As a mere machine could never do. That prayed or praised, all unaware Of its fitness for aught but praise and prayer, Made perfect as a thing of course. Man, therefore, stands on his own stock Of love and power as a pin-point rock, And, looking to God who ordained divorce Of the rock from His boundless continent, Sees in His power made evident, Only excess by a million fold O'er the power God gave man in the mould. For, see: Man's hand, first formed to carry A few pounds' weight, when taught to marry

Its strength with an engine's, lifts a mountain, -Advancing in power by one degree; And why count steps through eternity? But Love is the ever springing fountain: Man may enlarge or narrow his bed For the water's play, but the water head-How can he multiply or reduce it? As easy create it, as cause it to cease: He may profit by it, or abuse it; But 'tis not a thing to bear increase As power will: be love less or more In the heart of man, he keeps it shut Or opes it wide as he pleases, but Love's sun remains what it was before. So, gazing up, in my youth, at love As seen through power, ever above All modes which make it manifest, My soul brought all to a single test-That He, the Eternal First and Last, Who, in His power, had so surpassed All man conceives of what is might,-Whose wisdom, too, showed infinite, -Would prove as infinitely good; Would never, my soul understood, With power to work all love desires, Bestow e'en less than man requires: That He who endlessly was teaching. Above my spirit's utmost reaching, What love can do in the leaf or stone, (So that to master this alone. This done in the stone or leaf for me. I must go on learning endlessly) Would never need that I, in turn, Should point him out a defect unheeded. And show that God had yet to learn What the meanest human creature needed.— -Not life, to wit, for a few short years, Tracking His way through doubts and fears, While the stupid earth on which I stay Suffers no change, but passive adds Its myriad years to myriads, Though I, He gave it to, decay, Seeing death come and choose about me, And my dearest ones depart without me. No! love which, on earth, amid all the shows of it, Has ever been seen the sole good of life in it, The love, ever growing there, spite of the strife in it, Shall arise, made perfect, from death's repose of it! And I shall behold Thee, face to face,

O God, and in Thy light retrace
How in all I loved here, still wast Thou!
Whom pressing to, then, as I fain would now,
I shall find as able to satiate
The love, Thy gift, as my spirit's wonder
Thou art able to quicken and sublimate,
Was this sky of Thine, that I now walk under,
And glory in Thee as thus I gaze,
—Thus, thus! oh, let men keep their ways
Of seeking Thee in a narrow shrine—
Be this my way! And this is mine!

ĥ

For lo, what think you? suddenly The rain and the wind ceased, and the sky Received at once the full fruition Of the moon's consummate apparition. The black cloud-barricade was riven, Ruined beneath her feet, and driven Deep in the west; while, bare and breathless, North and south and east lay ready For a glorious Thing, that, dauntless, deathless, Sprang across them, and stood steady. 'Twas a moon-rainbow, vast and perfect, From heaven to heaven extending, perfect As the mother-moon's self, full in face. It rose, distinctly at the base With its seven proper colours chorded, Which still, in the rising, were compressed, Until at last they coalesced, And supreme the spectral creature lorded In a triumph of whitest white,— Above which intervened the night. But above night too, like the next, The second of a wondrous sequence, Reaching in rare and rarer frequence, Till the heaven of heavens be circumflext, Another rainbow rose, a mightier, Fainter, flushier, and flightier,-Rapture dying along its verge! Oh, whose foot shall I sae emerge, WHOSE, from the straining topmost dark, On to the keystone of that arc?

7

This sight was shown me, there and then,— Me, one out of a world of men, Singled forth, as the chance might hap To another, if in a thunderclap Where I heard noise, and you saw flame. Some one man knew God called his name. For me, I think I said, "Appear! "Good were it to be ever here. "If Thou wilt, let me build to Thee "Service-tabernacles three. "Where, for ever in Thy presence, "In extatic acquiescence, "Far alike from thriftless learning "And ignorance's undiscerning, "I may worship and remain!" Thus, at the show above me, gazing With upturned eyes, I felt my brain Glutted with the glory, blazing Throughout its whole mass, over and under, Until at length it burst asunder, And out of it bodily there streamed The too-much glory, as it seemed, Passing from out me to the ground, Then palely serpentining round Into the dark with mazy error.

8

All at once I looked up with terror. He was there. He Himself with His human air, On the narrow pathway, just before: I saw the back of Him, no more-He had left the chapel, then, as I. I forgot all about the sky. No face: only the sight Of a sweepy garment, vast and white, With a hem that I could recognise. I felt terror, no surprise: My mind filled with the cataract, At one bound, of the mighty fact. I remembered, He did say Doubtless, that, to this world's end. Where two or three should meet and pray. He would be in the midst, their friend: Certainly He was there with them. And my pulses leaped for joy Of the golden thought without alloy, That I saw His very vesture's hem. Then rushed the blood back, cold and clear With a fresh enhancing shiver of fear, And I hastened, cried out while I pressed To the salvation of the Vest,

"But not so, Lord! It cannot be "That Thou, indeed, art leaving me-"Me, that have despised Thy friends. "Did my heart make no amends? "Thou art the Love of God-above "His Power, didst hear me place His Love, "And that was leaving the world for Thee! "Therefore Thou must not turn from me "As if I had chosen the other part. "Folly and pride o'ercame my heart. "Our best is bad, nor bears Thy test: "Still it should be our very best. " I thought it best that Thou, the Spirit, "Be worshipped in spirit and in truth, "And in beauty, as even we require it-"Not in the forms burlesque, uncouth, "I left but now, as scarcely fitted "For Thee: I knew not what I pitied: "But, all I felt there, right or wrong, "What is it to Thee, who curest sinning? "Am I not weak as Thou art strong? "I have looked to Thee from the beginning. "Straight up to Thee through all the world "Which, like an idle scroll, lay furled "To nothingness on either side: "And since the time Thou wast descried, "Spite of the weak heart, so have I "Lived ever, and so fain would die, "Living and dying, Thee before! "But if Thou leavest me-"

9

Less or more,

I suppose that I spoke thus. When,-have mercy, Lord, on us! The whole face turned upon me full. And I spread myself beneath it, As when the bleacher spreads, to seethe it In the cleansing sun, his wool,-Steeps in the flood of noontide whiteness Some defiled, discoloured web-So lay I, saturate with brightness. And when the flood appeared to ebb, Lo, I was walking, light and swift, With my senses settling fast and steadying, But my body caught up in the whirl and drift Of the vesture's amplitude, still eddying On, just before me, still to be followed, As it carried me after with its motion:

What shall I say?—as a path were hollowed And a man went weltering through the ocean, Sucked along in the flying wake Of the luminous water-snake. Darkness and cold were cloven, as through I passed, upborne yet walking too. And I turned to myself at intervals,— "So He said, and so it befals. "God who registers the cup "Of mere cold water, for His sake "To a disciple rendered up, "Disdains not His own thirst to slake "At the poorest love was ever offered: "And because it was my heart I proffered, "With true love trembling at the brim, "He suffers me to follow Him "For ever, my own way,-dispensed "From seeking to be influenced "By all the less immediate ways "That earth, in worships manifold, "Adopts to reach, by prayer and praise, "The garment's hem, which, lo, I hold!"

10

And so we crossed the world and stopped. For where am I, in city or plain, Since I am 'ware of the world again? And what is this that rises propped With pillars of prodigious girth? Is it really on the earth, This miraculous Dome of God? Has the angel's measuring-rod Which numbered cubits, gem from gem, 'Twixt the gates of the New Jerusalem, Meted it out,-and what he meted, Have the sons of men completed? -Binding, ever as he bade, Columns in this colonnade With arms wide open to embrace The entry of the human race To the breast of . . . what is it, you building, Ablaze in front, all paint and gilding, With marble for brick, and stones of price For garniture of the edifice? Now I see: it is no dream: It stands there and it does not seem; For ever, in pictures, thus it looks, And thus I have read of it in books,

Often in England, leagues away, And wondered how those fountains play. Growing up eternally Each to a musical water-tree, Whose blossoms drop, a glittering boon, Before my eyes, in the light of the moon. To the granite lavers underneath. Liar and dreamer in your teeth! I, the sinner that speak to you, Was in Rome this night, and stood, and knew Both this and more! For see, for see, The dark is rent, mine eve is free To pierce the crust of the outer wall. And I view inside, and all there, all, As the swarming hollow of a hive, The whole Basilica alive! Men in the chancel, body, and nave. Men on the pillars' architrave, Men on the statues, men on the tombs With popes and kings in their porphyry wombs. All famishing in expectation Of the main-altar's consummation. For see, for see, the rapturous moment Approaches, and earth's best endowment Blends with heaven's: the taper-fires Pant up, the winding brazen spires Heave loftier yet the baldachin; The incense-gaspings, long kept in, Suspire in clouds; the organ blatant Holds his breath and grovels latent, As if God's hushing finger grazed him, (Like Behemoth when He praised him) At the silver bell's shrill tinkling, Quick cold drops of terror sprinkling On the sudden pavement strewed With faces of the multitude. Earth breaks up, time drops away, In flows heaven, with its new day Of endless life, when He who trod, Very man and very God, This earth in weakness, shame and pain. Dying the death whose signs remain Up yonder on the accursed tree,-Shall come again, no more to be Of captivity the thrall, But the one God, all in all, King of kings, and Lord of lords, As His servant John received the words, "I died, and live for evermore!"

Yet I was left outside the door. Why sate I there on the threshold-stone, Left till He returns, alone Save for the garment's extreme fold Abandoned still to bless my hold?-My reason, to my doubt, replied, As if a book were opened wide, And at a certain page I traced Every record undefaced, Added by successive years,-The harvestings of truth's stray ears Singly gleaned, and in one sheaf Bound together for belief. Yes, I said—that He will go And sit with these in turn, I know. Their faith's heart beats, though her head swims Too giddily to guide her limbs, Disabled by their palsy-stroke From propping me. Though Rome's gross yoke Drops off, no more to be endured, Her teaching is not so obscured By errors and perversities, That no truth shines athwart the lies: And He, whose eye detects a spark Even where, to man's, the whole seems dark, May well see flame where each beholder Acknowledges the embers smoulder. But I, a mere man, fear to quit The clue God gave me as most fit To guide my footsteps through life's maze, Because Himself discerns all ways Open to reach Him: I, a man He gave to mark where faith began To swerve aside, till from its summit Judgment drops her damning plummet, Pronouncing such a fatal space Departed from the founder's base: He will not bid me enter too, But rather sit, as now I do, Awaiting His return outside. —'Twas thus my reason straight replied, And joyously I turned, and pressed The garment's skirt upon my breast, Until, afresh its light suffusing me, My heart cried,—what has been abusing me That I should wait here lonely and coldiy, Instead of rising, entering boldly,

Baring truth's face, and letting drift Her veils of lies as they choose to shift? Do these men praise Him? I will raise My voice up to their point of praise! I see the error; but above The scope of error, see the love .--Oh, love of those first Christian days! -Fanned so soon into a blaze. From the spark preserved by the trampled sect. That the antique sovereign Intellect Which then sate ruling in the world. Like a change in dreams, was hurled From the throne he reigned upon: -You looked up, and he was gone! Gone, his glory of the pen! -Love, with Greece and Rome in ken, Bade her scribes abhor the trick Of poetry and rhetoric, And exult, with hearts set free, In blessed imbecility Scrawled, perchance, on some torn sheet, Leaving Livy incomplete. Gone, his pride of sculptor, painter! -Love, while able to acquaint her With the thousand statues yet Fresh from chisel, pictures wet From brush, she saw on every side, Chose rather with an infant's pride To frame those portents which impart Such unction to true Christian Art. Gone. Music too! The air was stirred By happy wings: Terpander's bird (That, when the cold came, fled away) Would tarry not the wintry day,-As more-enduring sculpture must, Till a filthy saint rebuked the gust With which he chanced to get a sight Of some dear naked Aphrodite He glanced a thought above the toes of, By breaking zealously her nose off. Love, surely, from that music's lingering, Might have filched her organ-fingering, Nor chose rather to set prayings To hog-grunts, praises to horse-neighings. Love was the startling thing, the new; Love was the all-sufficient too; And seeing that, you see the rest. As a babe can find its mother's breast As well in darkness as in light,

Love shut our eyes, and all seemed right. True, the world's eyes are open now: —Less need for me to disallow Some few that keep Love's zone unbuckled, Peevish as ever to be suckled, Lulled by the same old baby-prattle With intermixture of the rattle. When she would have them creep, stand steady Upon their feet, or walk already, Not to speak of trying to climb. I will be wise another time, And not desire a wall between us, When next I see a church-roof cover So many species of one genus, All with forcheads bearing Lover Written above the earnest eyes of them; All with breasts that beat for beauty, Whether sublimed, to the surprise of them, In noble daring, steadfast duty, The heroic in passion, or in action,— Or, lowered for the senses' satisfaction, To the mere outside of human creatures. Mere perfect form and faultless features. What! with all Rome here, whence to levy Such contributions to their appetite, With women and men in a gorgeous bevy, They take, as it were, a padlock, and clap it tight On their southern eyes, restrained from feeding On the glories of their ancient reading, On the beauties of their modern singing, On the wonders of the builder's bringing, On the majesties of Art around them,— And, all these loves, late struggling incessant, When faith has at last united and bound them. They offer up to God for a present! Why, I will, on the whole, be rather proud of it,— And, only taking the act in reference To the other recipients who might have allowed of it I will rejoice that God had the preference!

12

So I summed up my new resolves:
Too much love there can never be.
And where the intellect devolves
Its function on love exclusively,
I, as one who possesses both,
Will accept the provision, nothing loth,
—Will feast my love, then depart elsewhere,
That my intellect may find its share.

And ponder, O soul, the while thou departest, And see thou applaud the great heart of the artist, Who, examining the capabilities Of the block of marble he has to fashion Into a type of thought or passion,-Not always, using obvious facilities, Shapes it, as any artist can, Into a perfect symmetrical man, Complete from head to foot of the life-size, Such as old Adam stood in his wife's eyes,-But, now and then, bravely aspires to consummate A Colossus by no means so easy to come at, And uses the whole of his block for the bust, Leaving the minds of the public to finish it. Since cut it ruefully short he must: On the face alone he expends his devotion; He rather would mar than resolve to diminish it. -Saying, "Applaud me for this grand notion "Of what a face may be! As for completing it "In breast and body and limbs, do that, you!" All hail! I fancy how, happily meeting it, A trunk and legs would perfect the statue, Could man carve so as to answer volition. And how much nobler than petty cavils, A hope to find, in my spirit-travels, Some artist of another ambition. Who having a block to carve, no bigger, Has spent his power on the opposite quest, And believed to begin at the feet was best-For so may I see, ere I die, the whole figure!

13

No sooner said than out in the night!
And still as we swept through storm and night,
My heart beat lighter and more light:
And lo, as before, I was walking swift,
With my senses settling fast and steadying,
But my body caught up in the whirl and drift
Of the vesture's amplitude, still eddying
On just before me, still to be followed,
As it carried me after with its motion,
—What shall I say?—as a path were hollowed,
And a man went weltering through the ocean
Sucked along in the flying wake
Of the luminous water-snake.

14

Alone! I am left alone once more— (Save for the garment's extreme fold Abandoned still to bless my hold) Alone, beside the entrance-door Of a sort of temple,—perhaps a college. -Like nothing I ever saw before At home in England, to my knowledge. The tall, old, quaint, irregular town! It may be . . though which, I can't affirm . . any Of the famous middle-age towns of Germany; And this flight of stairs where I sit down. Is it Halle, Weimar, Cassel, or Frankfort, Or Göttingen, that I have to thank for't? It may be Göttingen,-most likely. Through the open door I catch obliquely Glimpses of a lecture-hall; And not a bad assembly neither-Ranged decent and symmetrical On benches, waiting what's to see there; Which, holding still by the vesture's hem. I also resolve to see with them, Cautious this time how I suffer to slip The chance of joining in fellowship With any that call themselves His friends. As these folks do, I have a notion. But hist—a buzzing and emotion! All settle themselves, the while ascends By the creaking rail to the lecture-desk Step by step, deliberate Because of the cranium's over-freight, Three parts sublime to one grotesque, If I have proved an accurate guesser, The hawk-nosed, high-cheek-boned Professor. I felt at once as if there ran A shoot of love from my heart to the man-That sallow, virgin-minded, studious Martyr to mild enthusiasm, As he uttered a kind of cough-preludious That woke my sympathetic spasm, (Beside some spitting that made me sorry) And stood, surveying his auditory With a wan pure look, well nigh celestial,--Those blue eyes had survived so much! While, under the foot they could not smutch, Lay all the fleshly and the bestial. Over he bowed, and arranged his notes, Till the auditory's clearing of throats Was done with, died into silence; And, when each glance was upward sent, Each bearded mouth composed intent, And a pin might be heard drop half a mile hence, He pushed back higher his spectacles,
Let the eyes stream out like lamps from cells,
And giving his head of hair—a hake
Of undressed tow, for colour and quantity—
One rapid and impatient shake,
(As our young England adjusts a jaunty tie
When about to impart, on mature digestion,
Some thrilling view of the surplice-question)
—The Professor's grave voice, sweet though hoarse,
Broke into his Christmas-Eve's discourse.

15

And he began it by observing How reason dictated that men Should rectify the natural swerving, By a reversion, now and then, To the well-heads of knowledge, few And far away, whence rolling grew The life-stream wide whereat we drink. Commingled, as we needs must think, With waters alien to the source: To do which, aimed this Eve's discourse. Since, where could be a fitter time For tracing backward to its prime, This Christianity, this lake, This reservoir, whereat we slake, From one or other bank, our thirst? So he proposed inquiring first Into the various sources whence This Myth of Christ is derivable; Demanding from the evidence, (Since plainly no such life was liveable) How these phenomena should class? Whether 'twere best opine Christ was, Or never was at all, or whether He was and was not, both together-It matters little for the name, So the Idea be left the same: Only, for practical purpose' sake, 'Twas obviously as well to take The popular story,—understanding How the ineptitude of the time, And the penman's prejudice, expanding Fact into fable fit for the clime, Had, by slow and sure degrees, translated it Into this myth, this Individuum,-Which, when reason had strained and abated it Of foreign matter, gave, for residuum,

A Man!—a right true man, however, Whose work was worthy a man's endeavour! Work, that gave warrant almost sufficient To his disciples, for rather believing He was just omnipotent and omniscient, As it gives to us, for as frankly receiving His word, their tradition,—which, though it meant Something entirely different From all that those who only heard it, In their simplicity thought and averred it. Had yet a meaning quite as respectable: For, among other doctrines delectable, Was he not surely the first to insist on, The natural sovereignty of our race?— Here the lecturer came to a pausing-place. And while his cough, like a drouthy piston, Tried to dislodge the husk that grew to him. I seized the occasion of bidding adieu to him. The vesture still within my hand.

16

I could interpret its command. This time He would not bid me enter The exhausted air-bell of the Critic. Truth's atmosphere may grow mephitic When Papist struggles with Dissenter, Impregnating its pristine clarity, —One, by his daily fare's vulgarity, Its gust of broken meat and garlic: -One, by his soul's too-much presuming, To turn the frankincense's fuming And vapours of the candle starlike Into the cloud her wings she buoys on: And each, that sets the pure air seething, Poisoning it for healthy breathing— But the Critic leaves no air to poison; Pumps out by a ruthless ingenuity Atom by atom, and leaves you—vacuity. Thus much of Christ, does he reject? And what retain? His intellect? What is it I must reverence duly? Poor intellect for worship, truly, Which tells me simply what was told (If mere morality, bereft Of the God in Christ, be all that's left) Elsewhere by voices manifold; With this advantage, that the stater Made nowise the important stumble Of adding, he, the sage and humble,

Was also one with the Creator. You urge Christ's followers' simplicity: But how does shifting blame, evade it? Have wisdom's words no more felicity? The stumbling-block, His speech—who laid it? How comes it that for one found able, To sift the truth of it from fable, Millions believe it to the letter? Christ's goodness, then—does that fare better? Strange goodness, which upon the score Of being goodness, the mere due Of man to fellow-man, much more To God,—should take another view Of its possessor's privilege, And bid him rule his race! You pledge Your fealty to such rule? What, all— From Heavenly John and Attic Paul, And that brave weather-battered Peter Whose stout faith only stood completer For buffets, sinning to be pardoned, As the more his hands hauled nets, they hardened,-All, down to you, the man of men, Professing here at Göttingen, Compose Christ's flock! So, you and I Are sheep of a good man! and why? The goodness,—how did he acquire it? Was it self-gained, did God inspire it? Choose which; then tell me, on what ground Should its possessor dare propound His claim to rise o'er us an inch? Were goodness all some man's invention. Who arbitrarily made mention What we should follow, and where flinch,— What qualities might take the style Of right and wrong,—and had such guessing Met with as general acquiescing As graced the Alphabet erewhile, When A got leave an Ox to be, No Camel (quoth the Jews) like G,— For thus inventing thing and title Worship were that man's fit requital. But if the common conscience must Be ultimately judge, adjust Its apt name to each quality Already known,-I would decree Worship for such mere demonstration And simple work of nomenclature, Only the day I praised, not Nature, But Harvey, for the circulation.

I would praise such a Christ, with pride And joy, that he, as none beside, Had taught us how to keep the mind God gave him, as God gave his kind. Freer than they from fleshly taint! I would call such a Christ our Saint, As I declare our Poet, him Whose insight makes all others dim: A thousand poets pried at life, And only one amid the strife Each shall talk Rose to be Shakespeare! His crown, I'd say, for the world's sake-Though some objected—"Had we seen "The heart and head of each, what screet "Was broken there to give them light, "While in ourselves it shuts the sight, "We should no more admire, perchance, "That these found truth out at a glance, "Than marvel how the bat discerns "Some pitch-dark cavern's fifty turns, "Led by a finer tact, a gift "He boasts, which other birds must shif "Without, and grope as best they can." No, freely I would praise the man,-Nor one whit more, if he contended That gift of his, from God, descended. Ah, friend, what gift of man's does not ? No nearer something, by a jot, Rise an infinity of nothings Than one: take Euclid for your teacher Distinguish kinds: do crownings, clothi11 Make that creator which was creature? Multiply gifts upon his head, And what, when all's done, shall be said But . . . the more gifted he, I ween! That one's made Christ, another, Pilate, And this might be all that has been,-So what is there to frown or smile at? What is left for us, save, in growth, Of soul, to rise up, far past both, From the gift looking to the Giver, And from the cistern to the River. And from the finite to Infinity. And from man's dust to God's divinity ?

17

Take all in a word: the Truth in God's 1 Lies trace for trace upon ours impressed

Though He is so bright and we so dim, We are made in His image to witness Him; And were no eye in us to tell, Instructed by no inner sense, The light of Heaven from the dark of Hell, That light would want its evidence,-Though Justice, Good and Truth were still Divine, if by some demon's will, Hatred and wrong had been proclaimed Law through the worlds, and Right misnamed. No mere exposition of morality Made or in part or in totality, Should win you to give it worship, therefore: And, if no better proof you will care for, -Whom do you count the best man upon earth? Be sure, he knows, in his conscience, more Of what Right is, than arrives at birth In the best man's acts that we bow before: This last knows better—true; but my fact is, 'Tis one thing to know, and another to practise; And thence I conclude that the real God-function Is to furnish a motive and injunction For practising what we know already. And such an injunction and such a motive As the God in Christ, do you waive, and "heady High minded," hang your tablet-votive Outside the fane on a finger-post? Morality to the uttermost, Supreme in Christ as we all confess, Why need we prove would avail no jot To make Him God, if God He were not? What is the point where Himself lays stress? Does the precept run "Believe in Good, " In Justice, Truth, now understood "For the first time?"-or, "Believe in ME, "Who lived and died, yet essentially "Am Lord of Life?" Whoever can take The same to his heart and for mere love's sake Conceive of the love,—that man obtains A new truth; no conviction gains Of an old one only, made intense By a fresh appeal to his faded sense.

18

Can it be that He stays inside?
Is the vesture left me to commune with?
Could my soul find aught to sing in tune with
Even at this lecture, if she tried?

Oh, let me at lowest sympathise With the lurking drop of blood that lies In the dessicated brain's white roots Without a throb for Christ's attributes, As the lecturer makes his special boast! If love's dead there, it has left a ghost. Admire we, how from heart to brain (Though to say so strike the doctors dumb) One instinct rises and falls again. Restoring the equilibrium. And how when the Critic had done his best, And the Pearl of Price, at reason's test, Lay dust and ashes levigable On the Professor's lecture-table; When we looked for the inference and monition That our faith, reduced to such a condition, Be swept forthwith to its natural dust-hole.-He bids us, when we least expect it, Take back our faith,—if it be not just whole, Yet a pearl indeed, as his tests affect it, Which fact pays the damage done rewardingly, So, prize we our dust and ashes accordingly! "Go home and venerate the Myth " I thus have experimented with-"This Man, continue to adore him "Rather than all who went before him, "And all who ever followed after!"-Surely for this I may praise you, my brother! Will you take the praise in tears or laughter? That's one point gained: can I compass another? Unlearned love was safe from spurning-Can't we respect your loveless learning? Let us at least give Learning honour! What laurels had we showered upon her, Girding her loins up to perturb Our theory of the Middle Verb; Or Turklike brandishing a scimetar O'er anapæsts in comic-trimeter; Or curing the halt and maimed "Iketides," While we lounged on at our indebted ease: Instead of which, a tricksy demon Sets her at Titus or Philemon! When Ignorance wags his ears of leather And hates God's word, 'tis altogether; Nor leaves he his congenial thistles To go and browze on Paul's Epistles. -And you, the audience, who might ravage The world wide, enviably savage Nor heed the cry of the retriever,

More than Herr Heine (before his fever),— I do not tell a lie so arrant As say my passion's wings are furled up, And, without the plainest Heavenly warrant, I were ready and glad to give this world up-But still, when you rub the brow meticulous, And ponder the profit of turning holy If not for God's, for your own sake solely, —God forbid I should find you ridiculous! Deduce from this lecture all that eases you, Nay, call yourselves, if the calling pleases you, "Christians,"—abhor the deist's pravity,— Go on, you shall no more move my gravity, Than, when I see boys ride a-cockhorse I find it in my heart to embarrass them By hinting that their stick's a mock horse, And they really carry what they say carries them.

19

So sate I talking with my mind. I did not long to leave the door And find a new church, as before, But rather was quiet and inclined To prolong and enjoy the gentle resting From further tracking and trying and testing. This tolerance is a genial mood! (Said I, and a little pause ensued). One trims the bark 'twixt shoal and shelf, And sees, each side, the good effects of it, A value for religion's self, A carelessness about the sects of it. Let me enjoy my own conviction, Not watch my neighbour's faith with fretfulness, Still spying there some dereliction Of truth, perversity, forgetfulness! Better a mild indifferentism, To teach that all our faiths (though duller His shines through a dull spirit's prism) Originally had one colour-Sending me on a pilgrimage Through ancient and through modern times To many peoples, various climes, Where I may see saint, savage, sage Fuse their respective creeds in one Before the general Father's throne!

20

... 'Twas the horrible storm began afresh!
The black night caught me in his mesh

310

Whirled me up, and flung me prone. I was left on the college-step alone. I looked, and far there, ever fleeting Far, far away, the receding gesture, And looming of the lessening vesture, Swept forward from my stupid hand, While I watched my foolish heart expand In the lazy glow of benevolence, O'er the various modes of man's belief. I sprang up with fear's vehemence. -Needs must there be one way, our chief Best way of worship: let me strive To find it, and when found, contrive My fellows also take their share. This constitutes my earthly care: God's is above it and distinct! For I, a man, with men am linked, And not a brute with brutes; no gain That I experience, must remain Unshared: but should my best endeavour To share it, fail—subsisteth ever God's care above, and I exult That God, by God's own ways occult, May-doth, I will believe-bring back All wanderers to a single track! Meantime, I can but testify God's care for me-no more, can I-It is but for myself I know. The world rolls witnessing around me Only to leave me as it found me; Men cry there, but my ear is slow. Their races flourish or decay -What boots it, while you lucid way Loaded with stars, divides the vault? How soon my soul repairs its fault When, sharpening senses' hebetude, She turns on my own life! So viewed, No mere moat's-breadth but teems immense With witnessings of providence: And woe to me if when I look Upon that record, the sole book Unscaled to me, I take no heed Of any warning that I read! Have I been sure, this Christmas-Eve, God's own hand did the rainbow weave, Whereby the truth from heaven slid Into my soul ?- I cannot bid The world admit He stooped to heal My soul, as if in a thunder-peal

Where one heard noise, and one saw flame, I only knew He named my name. And what is the world to me, for sorrow Or joy in its censures, when to-morrow It drops the remark, with just-turned head Then, on again-That man is dead? Yes,—but for me—my name called,—drawn As a conscript's lot from the lap's black yawn, He has dipt into on a battle-dawn: Bid out of life by a nod, a glance,-Stumbling, mute-mazed, at nature's chance,-With a rapid finger circled round, Fixed to the first poor inch of ground, To fight from, where his foot was found; Whose ear but a minute since lay free To the wide camp's buzz and gossipry-Summoned, a solitary man, To end his life where his life began, From the safe glad rear, to the dreadful van! Soul of mine, hadst thou caught and held By the hem of the vesture . . .

21

And I caught
At the flying robe, and unrepelled
Was lapped again in its folds full-fraught
With warmth and wonder and delight,
God's mercy being infinite.
And scarce had the words escaped my tongue,
When, at a passionate bound, I sprung
Out of the wandering world of rain,
Into the little chapel again.

22

How else was I found there, bolt upright
On my bench, as if I had never left it?
—Never flung out on the common at night
Nor met the storm and wedge-like cleft it,
Seen the raree-show of Peter's successor,
Or the laboratory of the Professor!
For the Vision, that was true, I wist,
True as that heaven and earth exist.
There sate my friend, the yellow and tall,
With his neck and its wen in the selfsame place;
Yet my nearest neighbour's cheek showed gall,
She had slid away a contemptuous space:
And the old fat woman, late so placable,
Eyed me with symptoms, hardly mistakeable,

Of her milk of kindness turning rancid: In short a spectator might have fancied That I had nodded betrayed by a slumber, Yet kept my seat, a warning ghastly, Through the heads of the sermon, nine in number, To wake up now at the tenth and lastly. But again, could such a disgrace have happened? Each friend at my elbow had surely nudged it; And, as for the sermon, where did my nap end? Unless I heard it, could I have judged it? Could I report as I do at the close, First, the preacher speaks through his nose: Second, his gesture is too emphatic; Thirdly, to waive what's pedagogic, The subject-matter itself lacks logic: Fourthly the English is ungrammatic. Great news! the preacher is found no Pascal, Whom, if I pleased, I might to the task call Of making square to a finite eye The circle of infinity, And find so all-but-just-succeeding! Great news! the sermon proves no reading Where bee-like in the flowers I may bury me, Like Taylor's, the immortal Jeremy! And now that I know the very worst of him, What was it I thought to obtain at first of him? Ha! Is God mocked, as He asks? Shall I take on me to change His tasks, And dare, despatched to a river-head For a simple draught of the element, Neglect the thing for which He sent, And return with another thing instead?— Saying . . . "Because the water found "Welling up from underground, "Is mingled with the taints of earth, "While Thou, I know, dost laugh at dearth, "And couldest, at a word, convulse "The world with the leap of its river-pulse,— "Therefore I turned from the oozings muddy, "And bring thee a chalice I found, instead: "See the brave veins in the breccia ruddy! "One would suppose that the marble bled. "What matters the water? A hope I have nursed, "That the waterless cup will quench my thirst." -Better have knelt at the poorest stream That trickles in pain from the straitest rift! For the less or the more is all God's gift, Who blocks up or breaks wide the granite-seam. And here, is there water or not, to drink?

I, then, in ignorance and weakness, Taking God's help, have attained to think My heart does best to receive in meekness This mode of worship, as most to His mind, Where earthly aids being cast behind, His All in All appears serene, With the thinnest human veil between. Letting the mystic Lamps, the Seven, The many motions of His spirit, Pass, as they list, to earth from Heaven. For the preacher's merit or demerit, It were to be wished the flaws were fewer In the earthen vessel, holding treasure, Which lies as safe in a golden ewer; But the main thing is, does it hold good measure? Heaven soon sets right all other matters !-Ask, else, these ruins of humanity, This flesh worn out to rags and tatters, This soul at struggle with insanity, Who thence take comfort, can I doubt, Which an empire gained, were a loss without. May it be mine! And let us hope That no worse blessing befal the Pope, Turn'd sick at last of the day's buffoonery, Of his posturings and his petticoatings, Beside the Bourbon bully's gloatings In the bloody orgies of drunk poltroonery! Nor may the Professor forego its peace At Göttingen, presently, when, in the dusk Of his life, if his cough, as I fear, should increase, Prophesied of by that horrible husk; And when, thicker and thicker, the darkness fills The world through his misty spectacles, And he gropes for something more substantial Than a fable, myth, or personification, May Christ do for him, what no mere man shall, And stand confessed as the God of salvation! Meantime, in the still recurring fear Lest myself, at unawares, be found, While attacking the choice of my neighbours round, Without my own made-I choose here! The giving out of the hymn reclaims me; I have done !-And if any blames me, Thinking that merely to touch in brevity The topics I dwell on, were unlawful,-Or, worse, that I trench, with undue levity, On the bounds of the Holy and the awful, I praise the heart, and pity the head of him, And refer myself to THEE, instead of him;

Who head and heart alike discernest,
Looking below light speech we utter,
When the frothy spume and frequent sputter
Prove that the soul's depths boil in earnest!
May the truth shine out, stand ever before us!
I put up pencil and join chorus
To Hepzibah Tune, without further apology,
The last five verses of the third section
Of the seventeenth hymn in Whitfield's Collection,
To conclude with the doxology.

XLI

EASTER-DAY

1

How very hard it it is to be A Christian! Hard for you and me, —Not the mere task of making real That duty up to its ideal, Effecting thus complete and whole, A purpose or the human soul— For that is always hard to do; But hard, I mean, for me and you To realise it, more or less, With even the moderate success Which commonly repays our strife To carry out the aims of life. "This aim is greater," you may say, "And so more arduous every way." -But the importance of the fruits Still proves to man, in all pursuits, Proportional encouragement. "Then, what if it be God's intent "That labour to this one result "Shall seem unduly difficult?" -Ah, that's a question in the dark-And the sole thing that I remark Upon the difficulty, this; We do not see it where it is. At the beginning of the race: As we proceed, it shifts its place, And where we looked for palms to fall, We find the tug's to come,—that's all.

At first you say, "The whole, or chief

"Of difficulties, is Belief.

"Could I believe once thoroughly,

"The rest were simple. What? Am 1

"An idiot, do you think? A beast?" Prove to me only that the least

- "Command of God is God's indeed, "And what injunction shall I need
- "To pay obedience? Death so nigh
- When time must end, eternity
- "Begin,—and cannot I compute?
- "Weigh loss and gain together? suit
- " My actions to the balance drawn,
- "And give my body to be sawn Asunder, hacked in pieces, tied
- "To horses, stoned, burned, crucified,
- "Like any martyr of the list?
- "How gladly,-if I made acquist,
- "Through the brief minutes' fierce annoy,

"Of God's eternity of joy."

3

—And certainly you name the point
Whereon all turns: for could you joint
This flexile finite life once tight
Into the fixed and infinite,
You, safe inside, would spurn what's out,
With carelessness enough, no doubt—
Would spurn mere life: but where time brings
To their next stage your reasonings,
Your eyes, late wide, begin to wink
Nor see the path so well, I think.

4

You say, "Faith may be, one agrees, "A touchstone for God's purposes,

"Even as ourselves conceive of them.

"Could He acquit us or condemn

- "For holding what no hand can loose,
- "Rejecting when we can't but choose?
- "As well award the victor's wreath
- "To whosoever should take breath
 "Duly each minute while he lived—
- "Grant Heaven, because a man contrived
- "To see the sunlight every day
- "He walked forth on the public way.

"You must mix some uncertainty

"With faith, if you would have faith be.

"Why, what but faith, do we abhor

"And idolize each other for-

"-Faith in our evil, or our good,

"Which is or is not understood

"Aright by those we love or those

"We hate, thence called our friends or foes?

"Your mistress saw your spirit's grace,

"When, turning from the ugly face,

"I found belief in it too hard;

"And both of us have our reward.
"—Yet here a doubt peeps: well for us

"Weak beings, to go using thus

"A touchstone for our little ends,

"And try with faith the foes and friends;

"-But God, bethink you! I would fain

"Conceive of the Creator's reign "As based upon exacter laws

"Than creatures build by with applause.

"In all God's acts—(as Plato cries "He doth)—He should geometrise.

"Whence, I desiderate . . ."

5

I see!

You would grow smoothly as a tree, Soar heavenward, straightly up like fire-God bless you-there's your world entire Needing no faith, if you think fit; Go there, walk up and down in it! The whole creation travails, groans-Contrive your music from its moans, Without or let or hindrance, friend! That's an old story, and its end As old—you come back (be sincere) With every question you put here (Here where there once was, and is still, We think, a living oracle, Whose answers you stood carping at) This time flung back unanswered flat,— Besides, perhaps, as many more As those that drove you out before, Now added, where was little need! Questions impossible, indeed, To us who sate still, all and each Persuaded that our earth had speech Of God's, writ down, no matter if In cursive type or hieroglyph,—

Which one fact frees us from the yoke Of guessing why He never spoke. You come back in no better plight Than when you left us,—am I right?

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So the old process, I conclude, Goes on, the reasoning's pursued Further. You own, "'Tis well averred, "A scientific faith's absurd, "-Frustrates the very end 'twas meant "To serve: so I would rest content "With a mere probability, "But, probable; the chance must lie "Clear on one side,—lie all in rough, "So long as there is just enough "To pin my faith to, though it hap "Only at points: from gap to gap "One hangs up a huge curtain so, "Grandly, nor seeks to have it go "Foldless and flat along the wall: "-What care I that some interval "Of life less plainly might depend "On God? I'd hang there to the end; "And thus I should not find it hard "To be a Christian and debarred "From trailing on the earth, till furled "Away by death!—Renounce the world? "Were that a mighty hardship? "A pleasant life, and straight some man "Beside you, with, if he thought fit, "Abundant means to compass it, "Shall turn deliberate aside "To try and live as, if you tried "You clearly might, yet most despise. "One friend of mine wears out his eyes, "Slighting the stupid joys of sense, "In patient hope that, ten years hence, "Somewhat completer he may see "His list of lepidopteræ: "While just the other who most laughs "At him, above all epitaphs "Aspires to have his tomb describe "Himself as Sole among the tribe "Of snuffbox-fanciers, who possessed "A Grignon with the Regent's crest. "So that, subduing as you want,

"Whatever stands predominant

"Among my earthly appetites

"For tastes, and smells, and sounds, and sights,

"I shall be doing that alone,

"To gain a palm-branch and a throne,

"Which fifty people undertake "To do, and gladly, for the sake

"Of giving a Semitic guess,

"Or playing pawns at blindfold chess."

7

Good! and the next thing is,—look round For evidence enough. 'Tis found, No doubt: as is your sort of mind, So is your sort of search—you'll find What you desire, and that's to be A Christian: what says History? How comforting a point it were To find some mummy-scrap declare There lived a Moses! Better still. Prove Jonah's whale translatable Into some quicksand of the seas. Isle, cavern, rock, or what you please, That Faith might clap her wings and crow From such an eminence! Or, no-The human heart's best; you prefer Making that prove the minister To truth; you probe its wants and needs And hopes and fears, then try what creeds Meet these most aptly,-resolute That Faith plucks such substantial fruit Wherever these two correspond, She little needs to look beyond, To puzzle out what Orpheus was, Or Dionysius Zagrias. You'll find sufficient, as I say, To satisfy you either way. You wanted to believe; your pains Are crowned—you do: and what remains? Renounce the world!—Ah, were it done By merely cutting one by one Your limbs off, with your wise head last, How easy were it !-how soon past, If once in the believing mood! Such is man's usual gratitude. Such thanks to God do we return. For not exacting that we spurn A single gift of life, forego No Service L One real gain,—only taste them so

With gravity and temperance, That those mild virtues may enhance Such pleasures, rather than abstract-Last spice of which, will be the fact Of love discerned in every gift; While, when the scene of life shall shift. And the gay heart be taught to ache. As sorrows and privations take The place of joy,—the thing that seems Mere misery, under human schemes, Becomes, regarded by the light Of Love, as very near, or quite As good a gift as joy before. So plain is it that all the more God's dispensation's merciful, More pettishly we try and cull Briars, thistles, from our private plot, To mar God's ground where thorns are not!

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Do you say this, or I?-Oh, you! Then, what, my friend,—(so I pursue Our parley)-you indeed opine That the Eternal and Divine Did, eighteen centuries ago, In very truth . . . Enough! you know The all-stupendous tale,—that Birth, That Life, that Death! And all, the earth Shuddered at,—all, the heavens grew black Rather than see: all, Nature's rack And throe at dissolution's brink Attested,—it took place, you think, Only to give our joys a zest, And prove our sorrows for the best? We differ, then! Were I, still pale And heartstruck at the dreadful tale, Waiting to hear God's voice declare What horror followed for my share, As implicated in the deed, Apart from other sins,—concede That if He blacked out in a blot My brief life's pleasantness, 'twere not So very disproportionate! Or there might be another fate-I certainly could understand (If fancies were the thing in hand) How God might save, at that day's price, The impure in their impurities,

Leave formal licence and complete To choose the fair, and pick the sweet. But there be certain words, broad, plain, Uttered again and yet again, Hard to mistake, to overgloss-Announcing this world's gain for loss, And bidding us reject the same: The whole world lieth (they proclaim) In wickedness,—come out of it!— Turn a deaf ear, if you think fit, But I who thrill through every nerve At thought of what deaf ears deserve,-How do you counsel in the case?

"I'd take, by all means, in your place, "The safe side, since it so appears: "Deny myself, a few brief years, "The natural pleasure, leave the fruit "Or cut the plant up by the root. "Remember what a martyr said "On the rude tablet overhead— "'I was born sickly, poor and mean, "'A slave: no misery could screen "'The holders of the pearl of price "'From Cæsar's envy; therefore twice "'I fought with beasts, and three times saw "'My children suffer by his law-"'At last my own release was earned: "'I was some time in being burned, "'But at the close a Hand came through "'The fire above my head, and drew "'My soul to Christ, whom now I see. "'Sergius, a brother, writes for me "'This testimony on the wall-"'For me, I have forgot it all.' "You say right; this were not so hard! " And since one nowise is debarred "From this, why not escape some sins "By such a method?"

10

-Then begins

To the old point, revulsion new-(For 'tis just this, I bring you to) If after all we should mistake, And so renounce life for the sake Of death and nothing else? You hear Our friends we jeered at, send the jeer

Back to ourselves with good effect-'There were my beetles to collect!' 'My box—a trifle, I confess, 'But here I hold it, ne'ertheless!' Poor idiots, (let us pluck up heart And answer) we, the better part Have chosen, though 'twere only hope,-Nor envy moles like you that grope Amid vour veritable muck, More than the grasshoppers would truck, For yours, their passionate life away, That spends itself in leaps all day To reach the sun, you want the eyes To see, as they the wings to rise And match the noble hearts of them! So, the contemner we contemn,— And, when doubt strikes us, so, we ward Its stroke off, caught upon our guard, —Not struck enough to overturn Our faith, but shake it-make us learn What I began with, and, I wis, End, having proved,—how hard it is To be a Christian!

.11

"Proved, or not,

"Howe'er you wis, small thanks, I wot,

"You get of mine, for taking pains
"To make it hard to me. Who gains

"By that, I wonder? Here I live" In trusting ease; and do you drive

"At causing me to lose what most

"Yourself would mourn for when 'twas lost?"

12

But, do you see, my friend, that thus You leave St. Paul for Æschylus?—
—Who made his Titan's arch-device The giving men blind hopes to spice The meal of life with, else devoured In bitter haste, while lo! Death loured Before them at the platter's edge! If faith should be, as we allege, Quite other than a condiment To heighten flavors with, or meant (Like that brave curry of his Grace) To take at need the victuals' place?

If having dined you would digest Besides, and turning to your rest Should find instead . . .

13

Now, you shall see

And judge if a mere foppery Pricks on my speaking! I resolve To utter . . . yes, it shall devolve On you to hear as solemn, strange And dread a thing as in the range Of facts,-or fancies, if God will-E'er happened to our kind! I still Stand in the cloud, and while it wraps My face, ought not to speak, perhaps; Seeing that as I carry through My purpose, if my words in you Find veritable listeners, My story, reason's self avers Must needs be false—the happy chance! While, if each human countenance I meet in London streets all day, Be what I fear,—my warnings fray No one, and no one they convert, And no one helps me to assert How hard it is to really be A Christian, and in vacancy I pour this story!

14

I commence

By trying to inform you, whence It comes that every Easter-night As now, I sit up, watch, till light Shall break, those chimney-stacks and roofs Give, through my window-pane, grey proofs That Easter-day is breaking slow. On such a night, three years ago, It chanced that I had cause to cross The common, where the chapel was. Our friend spoke of, the other day— You've not forgotten, I dare say. I fell to musing of the time So close, the blessed matin-prime All hearts leap up at, in some guise— One could not well do otherwise. Insensibly my thoughts were bent Toward the main point: I overwent

Much the same ground of reasoning As you and I just now: one thing Remained, however—one that tasked My soul to answer; and I asked, Fairly and frankly, what might be That History, that Faith, to me--Me there-not me, in some domain Built up and peopled by my brain, Weighing its merits as one weighs Mere theories for blame or praise, -The kingcraft of the Lucumons, Or Fourier's scheme, its pros and cons,-But as my faith, or none at all. 'How were my case, now, should I fall 'Dead here, this minute—do I lie 'Faithful or faithless?'—Note that I Inclined thus ever!—little prone For instance, when I slept alone In childhood, to go calm to sleep And leave a closet where might keep His watch perdue some murderer Waiting till twelve o'clock to stir, As good, authentic legends tell He might—'But how improbable! 'How little likely to deserve 'The pains and trial to the nerve 'Of thrusting head into the dark,'— Urged my old nurse, and bade me mark Besides, that, should the dreadful scout Really lie hid there, to leap out At first turn of the rusty key, It were small gain that she could see In being killed upon the floor And losing one night's sleep the more. I tell you, I would always burst The door ope, know my fate at first.— This time, indeed, the closet penned No such assassin: but a friend Rather, peeped out to guard me, fit For counsel, Common Sense, to-wit, Who said a good deal that might pass,— Heartening, impartial too, it was, Judge else: 'For, soberly now,-who 'Should be a Christian if not you?' (Hear how he smoothed me down). One takes 'A whole life, sees what course it makes 'Mainly, and not by fits and starts— In spite of stoppage which imparts 'Fresh value to the general speed:

324

'A life, with none, would fly indeed: 'Your progressing is slower—right! 'We deal with progressing, not flight. 'Through baffling senses passionate, 'Fancies as restless,—with a freight Of knowledge cumbersome enough 'To sink your ship when waves grow rough, 'Not serve as ballast in the hold, 'I find, 'mid dangers manifold, 'The good bark answers to the helm Where Faith sits, easier to o'erwhelm 'Than some stout peasant's heavenly guide, 'Whose hard head could not, if it tried, · Conceive a doubt, or understand 'How senses hornier than his hand 'Should 'tice the Christian off, his guard-'More happy! But shall we award 'Less honour to the hull, which, dogged 'By storms, a mere wreck, waterlogged, Masts by the board, and bulwarks gone, 'And stanchions going, yet bears on,-Than to mere life-boats, built to save, 'And triumph o'er the breaking wave? 'Make perfect your good ship as these, 'And what were her performances!' I added-'Would the ship reached home! 'I wish indeed "God's kingdom come-" 'The day when I shall see appear 'His bidding, as my duty, clear 'From doubt! And it shall dawn, that day, 'Some future season; Easter may Prove, not impossibly, the time-'Yes, that were striking—fates would chime 'So aptly! Easter-morn, to bring 'The Judgment!—deeper in the Spring 'Than now, however, when there's snow ·Capping the hills; for earth must show All signs of meaning to pursue 'Her tasks as she was wont to do--The lark, as taken by surprise 'As we ourselves, shall recognise 'Sudden the end: for suddenly · It comes—the dreadfulness must be 'In that—all warrants the belief— "At night it cometh like a thief." I fancy why the trumpet blows; -Plainly, to wake one. From repose · We shall start up, at last awake

'From life, that insane dream we take

'For waking now, because it seems. 'And as, when now we wake from dreams, 'We say, while we recall them, "Fool, "To let the chance slip, linger cool "When such adventure offered! "A bridge to cross, a dwarf to thrust "Aside, a wicked mage to stab-"And, lo ye, I had kissed Queen Mab,"-'So shall we marvel why we grudged 'Our labours here, and idly judged 'Of Heaven, we might have gained, but lose! 'Lose? Talk of loss, and I refuse: 'To plead at all! I speak no worse 'Nor better than my ancient nurse 'When she would tell me in my youth 'I well deserved that shapes uncouth 'Should fright and tease me in my sleep-'Why did I not in memory keep 'Her precept for the evil's cure? "Pinch your own arm, boy, and be sure "You'll wake forthwith!"

15

And as I said This nonsense, throwing back my head With light complacent laugh, I found Suddenly all the midnight round One fire. The dome of Heaven had stood As made up of a multitude Of handbreadth cloudlets, one vast rack, Of ripples infinite and black, From sky to sky. Sudden there went, Like horror and astonishment, A fierce vindictive scribble of red Ouick flame across, as if one said (The angry scribe of Judgment) 'There— 'Burn it!' And straight I was aware That the whole ribwork round, minute Cloud touching cloud beyond compute, Was tinted each with its own spot Of burning at the core, till clot Jammed against clot, and spilt its fire Over all heaven, which 'gan suspire As fanned to measure equable,— As when great conflagrations kill Night overhead, and rise and sink, Reflected. Now the fire would shrink And wither off the blasted face Of heaven, and I distinct could trace

The sharp black ridgy outlines left Unburned like network—then, each cleft The fire had been sucked back into, Regorged, and out it surging flew Furiously, and night writhed inflamed, Till, tolerating to be tamed No longer, certain rays world-wide Shot downwardly, on every side, Caught past escape; the earth was lit; As if a dragon's nostril split And all his famished ire o'erflowed; Then, as he winced at his Lord's goad, Back he inhaled: whereat I found The clouds into vast pillars bound, Based on the corners of the earth, Propping the skies at top: a dearth Of fire i' the violet intervals, Leaving exposed the utmost walls Of time, about to tumble in And end the world.

16

I felt begin The Judgment-Day: to retrocede Was too late now.—' In very deed. (I uttered to myself) 'that Day!' The intuition burned away All darkness from my spirit too-There, stood I, found and fixed, I knew. Choosing the world. The choice was made-And naked and disguiseless stayed, An unevadeable, the fact. My brain held ne'ertheless compact Its senses, nor my heart declined Its office-rather, both combined To help me in this juncture—I Lost not a second,—agony Gave boldness: there, my life had end And my choice with it—best defend. Applaud them! I resolved to say, So was I framed by Thee, this way 'I put to use Thy senses here! It was so beautiful, so near, 'Thy world,-what could I do but choose 'My part there? Nor did I refuse 'To look above the transient boon 'In time—but it was hard so soon 'As in a short life, to give up Such beauty: I had put the cup

'Undrained of half its fullness, by;

But, to renounce it utterly,

'—That was too hard! Nor did the cry

'Which bade renounce it, touch my brain

Authentically deep and plain
 Enough, to make my lips let go.

But Thou, who knowest all, dost know

'Whether I was not, life's brief while,

'Endeavouring to reconcile 'Those lips—too tardily, alas!

'To letting the dear remnant pass,

'One day,—some drops of earthly good

'Untasted! Is it for this mood,

'That Thou, whose earth delights so well,

! Has made its complement a Hell?'

17

A final belch of fire like blood,
Overbroke all, next, in one flood
Of doom. Then fire was sky, and sky
Was fire, and both, one extasy,
Then ashes. But I heard no noise
(Whatever was) because a voice
Beside me spoke thus, "All is done,
"Time end's, Eternity's begun,
"And thou art judged for evermore!"

18

I looked up; all was as before; Of that cloud-Tophet overhead, No trace was left: I saw instead The common round me, and the sky Above, stretched drear and emptily Of life: 'twas the last watch of night, Except what brings the morning quite, When the armed angel, conscience-clear His task nigh done, leans o'er his spear And gazes on the earth he guards, Safe one night more through all its wards. Till God relieve him at his post. 'A dream—a waking dream at most!' (I spoke out quick that I might shake The horrid nightmare off, and wake.) 'The world's gone, yet the world is here? 'Are not all things as they appear?

' Is Judgment past for me alone?

-And where had place the Great White Throne?

'The rising of the Quick and Dead?
'Where stood they, small and great? Who read
'The sentence from the Opened Book?'
So, by degrees, the blood forsook
My heart, and let it beat afresh:
I knew I should break through the mesh
Of horror, and breathe presently—
When, lo, again, the voice by me!

10

I saw . . . Oh, brother, 'mid far sands The palm-tree-cinctured city stands,— Bright-white beneath, as Heaven, bright-blue, Above it, while the years pursue Their course, unable to abate Its paradisal laugh at fate: One morn,—the Arab staggers blind O'er a new tract of death, calcined To ashes, silence, nothingness,— Striving, with dizzy wits, to guess Whence fell the blow: what if, 'twixt skies And prostrate earth, he should surprise The imaged Vapour, head to foot, Surveying, motionless and mute. Its work, ere, in a whirlwind rapt, It vanish up again ?—So hapt Like the smoke My chance. HE stood there. Pillared o'er Sodom, when day broke,-I saw Him. One magnific pall Mantled in massive fold and fall His Dread, and coiled in snaky swathes About His feet: night's black, that bathes All else, broke, grizzled with despair, Against the soul of blackness there. A gesture told the mood within-That wrapped right hand which based the chin,-That intense meditation fixed On His procedure,—pity mixed With the fulfilment of decree. Motionless, thus, He spoke to me. Who fell before His feet, a mass, No man now.

20

"Such shows are over for each soul
"They had respect to. In the roll
"Of Judgment which convinced mankind
"Of sin, stood many, bold and blind,

"Terror must burn the truth into:

"Their fate for them !—thou had'st to do

"With absolute omnipotence,

"Able its judgments to dispense

"To the whole race, as every one

"Were its sole object: that is done:

"God is, thou art,—the rest is hurled

"To nothingness for thee. This world,

"This finite life, thou hast preferred,

"In disbelief of God's own word,

"To Heaven and to Infinity.

"Here, the probation was for thee, "To show thy soul the earthly mixed

"With Heavenly, it must choose betwixt.

"The earthly joys lay palpable,-

"A taint, in each, distinct as well;

"The Heavenly flitted, faint and rare,

"Above them, but as truly were

"Taintless, so in their nature, best.

"Thy choice was earth: thou didst attest

"'Twas fitter spirit should subserve "The flesh, than flesh, refine to nerve

"Beneath the spirit's play. Advance

"No claim to their inheritance

"Who chose the spirit's fugitive

"Brief gleams, and thought, 'This were to live

"'Indeed, if rays, completely pure

"'From flesh that dulls them, should endure,-

"'Not shoot in meteor-light athwart

"'Our earth, to show how cold and swart

"'It lies beneath their fire, but stand

"'As stars should, destined to expand, "'Prove veritable worlds, our home!'

"Thou said'st,—'Let Spirit star the dome

"'Of sky, that flesh may miss no peak,

"'No nook of earth,—I shall not seek

"'Its service further!' Thou art shut

"Out of the Heaven of Spirit; glut

"Thy sense upon the world: 'tis thine

"For ever—take it!"

21

'How? Is mine,

'The world?' (I cried, while my soul broke Out in a transport.) 'Hast thou spoke

'Plainly in that? Earth's exquisite

'Treasures of wonder and delight,

'For me?'

The austere voice returned,-"So soon made happy? Hadst thou learned "What God accounteth happiness, "Thou wouldst not find it hard to guess "What Hell may be His punishment "For those who doubt if God invent "Better than they. Let such men rest "Content with what they judged the best. "Let the Unjust usurp at will: "The Filthy shall be filthy still: "Miser, there waits the gold for thee! "Hater, indulge thine enmity! . And thou, whose heaven, self-ordained, "Was to enjoy earth unrestrained, "Do it! Take all the ancient show! "The woods shall wave, the rivers flow, "And men apparently pursue "Their works, as they were wont to do, "While living in probation yet: "I promise not thou shalt forget "The past, now gone to its account, "But leave thee with the old amount "Of faculties, nor less nor more, "Unvisited, as heretofore, "By God's free spirit, that makes an end. "So, once more, take thy world; expend "Eternity upon its shows,-"Flung thee as freely as one rose "Out of a summer's opulence,

23

"Over the Eden-barrier whence "Thou art excluded. Knock in vain!"

I sate up. All was still again.
I breathed free: to my heart, back fled
The warmth. 'But, all the world!' (I said)
I stooped and picked a leaf of fern,
And recollected I might learn
From books, how many myriad sorts
Exist, if one may trust reports,
Each as distinct and beautiful
As this, the very first I cull.
Think, from the first leaf to the last!
Conceive, then, earth's resources! Vast
Exhaustless beauty, endless change
Of wonder! and this foot shall range

Alps, Andes,—and this eye devour The bee-bird and the aloe-flower?

24

And the voice, "Welcome so to rate "The arras-folds that variegate "The earth, God's antechamber, well! "The wise, who waited there, could tell "By these, what royalties in store "Lay one step past the entrance-door. "For whom, was reckoned, not too much, "This life's munificence? For such "As thou,—a race, whereof not one "Was able, in a million, "To feel that any marvel lay "In objects round his feet all day; "Nor one, in many millions more, "Willing, if able, to explore "The secreter, minuter charm! "-Brave souls, a fern-leaf could disarm "Of power to cope with God's intent,-"Or scared if the south firmament "With north-fire did its wings refledge!

"All partial beauty was a pledge "Of beauty in its plenitude:

"But since the pledge sufficed thy mood,

"Retain it—plenitude be theirs "Who looked above!"

25

Though sharp despairs
Shot through me, I held up, bore on.
'What is it though my trust is gone
'From natural things? Henceforth my part
'Be less with Nature than with Art!
'For Art supplants, gives mainly worth
'To Nature; 'tis man stamps the earth—
'And I will seek his impress, seek
'The statuary of the Greek,
'Italy's painting—there my choice
'Shall fix!'

26

"The one form with its single act,
"Which sculptors laboured to abstract,
"The one face, painters tried to draw,
"With its one look, from throngs they saw!
"And that perfection in their soul,

"These only hinted at? The whole,

"They were but parts of? What each laid

"His claim to glory on ?-afraid

"His fellow-men should give him rank

"By the poor tentatives he shrank

"Smitten at heart from, all the more,

"That gazers pressed in to adore! "'Shall I be judged by only these?'

"If such his soul's capacities,

"Even while he trod the earth,-think, now

"What pomp in Buonarotti's brow,

"With its new palace-brain where dwells

"Superb the soul, unvexed by cells

"That crumbled with the transient clay! "What visions will his right hand's sway

"Still turn to form, as still they burst

"Upon him? How will he quench thirst,

"Titanically infantine,

"Laid at the breast of the Divine?

"Does it confound thee,—this first page

"Emblazoning man's heritage?-

"Can this alone absorb thy sight,

"As if they were not infinite,-" Like the omnipotence which tasks

"Itself, to furnish all that asks

"The soul it means to satiate?

"What was the world, the starry state

"Of the broad skies,—what, all displays

" Of power and beauty intermixed, "Which now thy soul is chained betwixt,-

"What, else, than needful furniture

"For life's first stage? God's work, be sure, "No more spreads wasted, than falls scant:

"He filled, did not exceed, man's want

"Of beauty in this life. And pass

"Life's line,—and what has earth to do,

" Its utmost beauty's appanage, "With the requirements of next stage?

"Did God pronounce earth 'very good'?

"Needs must it be, while understood

"For man's preparatory state;

"Nothing to heighten nor abate:

"But transfer the completeness here,

"To serve a new state's use,—and drear

"Deficiency gapes every side!

"The good, tried once, were bad, retried.

"See the enwrapping rocky niche,

"Sufficient for the sleep, in which

"The lizard breathes for ages safe:

"Split the mould—and as this would chafe

"The creature's new world-widened sense,

"One minute after you dispense

"The thousand sounds and sights that broke

"In, on him, at the chisel's stroke,-

"So, in God's eyes, the earth's first stuff "Was, neither more nor less, enough

"To house man's soul, man's need fulfil.

"You reckoned it immeasurable:

"So thinks the lizard of his vault!

- "Could God be taken in default, "Short of contrivances, by you,—
- "Or reached, ere ready to pursue
- "His progress through eternity?
 "That chambered rock, the lizard's world,

"Your easy mallet's blow has hurled

"To nothingness for ever; so,

- "Has God abolished at a blow
 "This world, wherein His saints were pent,—
- "Who, though, found grateful and content, "With the provision there, as thou,
- "Yet knew He would not disallow "Their spirit's hunger, felt as well,—

"Unsated,—not unsatable,

- "As Paradise gives proof. Deride
- "Their choice now, thou who sit'st outside!"

27

I cried in anguish, 'Mind, the mind,

'So miserably cast behind,

- 'To gain what had been wisely lost!
- Oh, let me strive to make the most Of the poor stinted soul, I nipped
- Of budding wings, else well equipt
- 'For voyage from summer isle to isle! 'And though she needs must reconcile
- And though she needs must reconce Ambition to the life on ground,

Still, I can profit by late found

But precious knowledge. Mind is best-

· I will seize mind, forego the rest

- 'And try how far my tethered strength
- 'May crawl in this poor breadth and length.
- Let me, since I can fly no more,
 At least spin dervish-like about
- (Till giddy rapture almost doubt
- 'I fly) through circling sciences,
- 'Philosophies and histories!
- 'Should the whirl slacken there, then Verse,

Fining to music, shall asperse

'Fresh and fresh fire-dew, till I strain 'Intoxicate, half-break my chain!

'Not joyless, though more favoured feet 'Stand calm, where I want wings to beat

'The floor? At least earth's bond is broke!'

Then, (sickening even while I spoke) 'Let me alone! No answer, pray, 'To this! I know what Thou wilt say! 'All still is earth's,—to know, as much 'As feel its truths, which if we touch 'With sense or apprehend in soul, 'What matter? I have reached the goal-"Whereto does Knowledge serve!" will burn 'My eyes, too sure, at every turn! · I cannot look back now, nor stake 'Bliss on the race, for running's sake. 'The goal's a ruin like the rest!'--"And so much worse thy latter quest, (Added the voice) "that even on earth

"Whenever, in man's soul, had birth "Those intuitions, grasps of guess,

"That pull the more into the less, " Making the finite comprehend "Infinity, the bard would spend

"Such praise alone, upon his craft, "As, when wind-lyres obey the waft, "Goes to the craftsman who arranged

"The seven strings, changed them and rechanged-

"Knowing it was the South that harped. "He felt his song, in singing, warped,

"Distinguished his and God's part: whence

"A world of spirit as of sense

"Was plain to him, yet not too plain, "Which he could traverse, not remain

"A guest in :—else were permanent

"Heaven upon earth, its gleams were meant

"To sting with hunger for the light,—

"Made visible in verse, despite

"The veiling weakness,—truth by means "Of fable, showing while it screens,—

"Since highest truth, man e'er supplied,

"Was ever fable on outside.

"Such gleams made bright the earth an age:

"Now, the whole sun's his heritage! "Take up thy world, it is allowed,

"Thou who hast entered in the cloud!

Then I-' Behold my spirit bleeds, 'Catches no more at broken reeds,-But lilies flower those reeds above-

· I let the world go, and take love! 'Love survives in me, albeit those

'I loved are henceforth masks and sliows,

'Not loving men and women: still 'I mind how love repaired all ill,

'Cured wrong, soothed grief, made earth amends

With parents, brothers, children, friends!

Some semblance of a woman yet With eyes to help me to forget,

'Shall live with me; and I will match

Departed love with love, attach

'Its fragments to my whole, nor scorn

'The poorest of the grains of corn 'I save from shipwreck on this isle,

'Trusting its barrenness may smile With happy foodful green one day,

'More precious for the pains. I pray,

'For love, then, only!'

30

At the word, The Form, I looked to have been stirred With pity and approval, rose O'er me, as when the headsman throws Axe over shoulder to make end-I fell prone, letting Him expend His wrath, while, thus, the inflicting voice Smote me. "Is this thy final choice? "Love is the best? 'Tis somewhat late! "And all thou dost enumerate

" Of power and beauty in the world.

"The mightiness of love was curled

"Inextricably round about. "Love lay within it and without,

"To clasp thee,—but in vain! Thy soul

"Still shrunk from Him who made the whole,

"Still set deliberate aside

"His love!-Now take love! Well betide "Thy tardy conscience! Haste to take

"The show of love for the name's sake,

"Remembering every moment Who

"Beside creating thee unto

"These ends, and these for thee, was said

"To undergo death in thy stead

"In flesh like thine: so ran the tale. "What doubt in thee could countervail

"Belief in it? Upon the ground

"'That in the story had been found "'Too much love? How could God love so?"

"He who in all his works below "Adapted to the needs of man,

"Made love the basis of the plan,-

" Did love, as was demonstrated:

"While man, who was so fit instead,

"To hate, as every day gave proof,-"You thought man, for his kind's behoof, "Both could and would invent that scheme

"Of perfect love-'twould well beseem

"Cain's nature thou wast wont to praise,

"Not tally with God's usual ways!"

31

And I cowered deprecatingly-'Thou Love of God! Or let me die,

Or grant what shall seem Heaven almost!

'Let me not know that all is lost,

'Though lost it be-leave me not tied

'To this despair, this corpse-like bride! Let that old life seem mine-no more-

With limitation as before,

'With darkness, hunger, toil, distress:

Be all the earth a wilderness!

'Only let me go on, go on, 'Still hoping ever and anon

'To reach one eve the Better Land!'

32

Then did the Form expand, expand-I knew him through the dread disguise, As the whole God within his eyes Embraced me.

33

When I lived again, The day was breaking,—the grey plain I rose from, silvered thick with dew. Was this a vision? False or true? Since then, three varied years are spent, And commonly my mind is bent To think it was a dream—be sure A mere dream and distemperature— The last day's watching: then the night,— The shock of that strange Northern Light

Set my head swimming, bred in me A dream. And so I live, you see, Go through the world, try, prove, reject, Prefer, still struggling to effect My warfare; happy that I can Be crossed and thwarted as a man. Not left in God's contempt apart, With ghastly smooth life, dead at heart, Tame in earth's paddock as her prize. Thank God she still each method tries To catch me, who may yet escape, She knows, the fiend in angel's shape! Thank God, no paradise stands barred To entry, and I find it hard To be a Christian, as I said! Still every now and then my head Raised glad, sinks mournful-all grows drear Spite of the sunshine, while I fear And think, 'How dreadful to be grudged 'No ease henceforth, as one that's judged, 'Condemned to earth for ever, shut

'From Heaven'..

But Easter-Day breaks! But
Christ rises! Mercy every way
Is infinite,—and who can say?

MEN AND WOMEN

1855



MEN AND WOMEN

XLII

LOVE AMONG THE RUINS

1

Where the quiet-coloured end of evening smiles
Miles and miles
On the solitary pastures where our sheep
Half-asleep
Tinkle homeward thro' the twilight, stray or stop
As they crop—

2

Was the site once of a city great and gay,
(So they say)
Of our country's very capital, its prince
Ages since,
Held his court in, gathered councils, wielding far
Peace or war.

3

Now—the country does not even boast a tree,
As you see,
To distinguish slopes of verdure, certain rills
From the hills
Intersect and give a name to, (else they run
Into one)

4

Where the domed and daring palace shot its spires
Up like fires
O'er the hundred-gated circuit of a wall
Bounding all,
Made of marble, men might march on nor be prest,
Twelve abreast.

And such plenty and perfection, see, of grass
Never was!
Such a carpet as, this summer-time, o'erspreads
And embeds
Every vestige of the city, guessed alone,
Stock or stone—

6

Where a multitude of men breathed joy and woe
Long ago;
Lust of glory pricked their hearts up, dread of shame
Struck them tame;
And that glory and that shame alike, the gold
Bought and sold.

7

Now,—the single little turret that remains
On the plains,
By the caper overrooted, by the gourd
Overscored,
While the patching houseleek's head of blossom winks

Through the chinks—

8

Marks the basement whence a tower in ancient time
Sprang sublime,
And a burning ring all round, the chariots traced
As they raced,

And the monarch and his minions and his dames
Viewed the games.

9

And I know, while thus the quiet-coloured eve
Smiles to leave
To their folding, all our many-tinkling fleece
In such peace,
And the slopes and rills in undistinguished grey
Melt away—

10

That a girl with eager eyes and yellow hair
Waits me there
In the turret, whence the charioteers caught soul
For the goal,
When the king looked, where she looks now, breathless.

dumb
Till I come.

But he looked upon the city, every side, Far and wide.

All the mountains topped with temples, all the glades Colonnades,

All the causeys, bridges, aqueducts,—and then,
All the men!

12

When I do come, she will speak not, she will stand,
Either hand
On my shoulder, give her eyes the first embrace

Of my face,

Ere we rush, ere we extinguish sight and speech Each on each.

13

In one year they sent a million fighters forth South and north,

And they built their gods a brazen pillar high As the sky,

Yet reserved a thousand chariots in full force—Gold, of course.

14

Oh, heart! oh, blood that freezes, blood that burns! Earth's returns

For whole centuries of folly, noise and sin! Shut them in,

With their triumphs and their glories and the rest.

Love is best!

XLIII

A LOVER'S QUARREL

1

On, what a dawn of day!

How the March sun feels like May!

All is blue again

After last night's rain,

And the south dries the hawthorn-spray.

Only, my Love's away!

I'd as lief that the blue were grey.

Runnels, which rillets swell,

Must be dancing down the dell

With a foamy head

On the beryl bed

Paven smooth as a hermit's cell;

Each with a tale to tell,

Could my Love but attend as well.

3

Dearest, three months ago!
When we lived blocked-up with snow,
When the wind would edge
In and in his wedge,
In, as far as the point could go—
Not to our ingle, though,
Where we loved each the other so!

4

Laughs with so little cause!
We devised games out of straws.
We would try and trace
One another's face
In the ash, as an artist draws;
Free on each other's flaws,
How we chattered like two church daws!

5

What's in the "Times"?—a scold
At the emperor deep and cold;
He has taken a bride
To his gruesome side,
That's as fair as himself is bold:
There they sit ermine-stoled,
And she powders her hair with gold.

6

Fancy the Pampas' sheen!
Miles and miles of gold and green
Where the sun-flowers blow
In a solid glow,
And to break now and then the screen—
Black neck and eyeballs keen,
Up a wild horse leaps between!

Try, will our table turn?

Lay your hands there light, and yearn

Till the yearning slips

Thro' the finger tips

In a fire which a few discern,

And a very few feel burn,

And a very few feel burn, And the rest, they may live and learn!

8

Then we would up and pace,
For a change, about the place,
Each with arm o'er neck.
'Tis our quarter-deck,
We are seamen in woeful case.
Help in the ocean-space!
Or, if no help, we'll embrace.

9

See, how she looks now, drest
In a sledging-cap and vest.
'Tis a huge fur cloak—
Like a reindeer's yoke
Falls the lappet along the breast:
Sleeves for her arms to rest,
Or to hang, as my Love likes best.

10

Teach me to flirt a fan
As the Spanish ladies can,
Or I tint your lip
With a burnt stick's tip
And you turn into such a man!
Just the two spots that span
Half the bill of the young male swan.

11

Dearest, three months ago
When the mesmeriser Snow
With his hand's first sweep
Put the earth to sleep,
'Twas a time when the heart could show
All—how was earth to know,
'Neath the mute hand's to-and-fro!

Dearest, three months ago
When we loved each other so,
Lived and loved the same
Till an evening came
When a shaft from the Devil's bow
Pierced to our ingle-glow,
And the friends were friend and foe!

13

Not from the heart beneath—
'Twas a bubble born of breath,
 Neither sneer nor vaunt,
 Nor reproach nor taunt.
See a word, how it severeth!
 Oh, power of life and death
In the tongue, as the Preacher saith!

14

Woman, and will you cast
For a word, quite off at last,
Me, your own, your you,—
Since, as Truth is true,
I was you all the happy past—
Me do you leave aghast
With the memories we amassed?

15

Love, if you knew the light
That your soul casts in my sight,
How I look to you
For the pure and true,
And the beauteous and the right,—
Bear with a moment's spite
When a mere mote threats the white!

16

What of a hasty word?
Is the fleshly heart not stirred
By a worm's pin-prick
Where its roots are quick?
See the eye, by a fly's foot blurred—
Ear, when a straw is heard
Scratch the brain's coat of curd!

Foul be the world or fair,

More or less, how can I care?

'Tis the world the same
For my praise or blame,
And endurance is easy there.

Wrong in the one thing rare—
Oh, it is hard to bear!

18

Here's the spring back or close,
When the almond-blossom blows;
We shall have the word
In that minor third
There is none but the cuckoo knows—
Heaps of the guelder-rose!
I must bear with it, I suppose.

19

Could but November come,
Were the noisy birds struck dumb
At the warning slash
Of his driver's-lash—
I would laugh like the valiant Thumb
Facing the castle glum
And the giant's fee-faw-fum!

20

Then, were the world well stript
Of the gear wherein equipped
We can stand apart,
Heart dispense with heart
In the sun, with the flowers unnipped,
Oh, the world's hangings ripped,
We were both in a bare-walled crypt!

Each in the crypt would cry
"But one freezes here! and why?
When a heart as chill
At my own would thrill
Back to life, and its fires out-fly?
Heart, shall we live or die?
The rest, . . . settle it by and by!

So, she'd efface the score,
And forgive me as before.
Just at twelve o'clock
I shall hear her knock
In the worst of a storm's uproar—
I shall pull her through the door—
I shall have her for evermore!

XLIV

EVELYN HOPE

1

BEAUTIFUL Evelyn Hope is dead!
Sit and watch by her side an hour.
That is her book-shelf, this her bed;
She plucked that piece of geranium-flower,
Beginning to die too, in the glass.
Little has yet been changed, I think—
The shutters are shut, no light may pass
Save two long rays thro' the hinge's chink.

2

Sixteen years old when she died!
Perhaps she had scarcely heard my name—
It was not her time to love: beside,
Her life had many a hope and aim,
Duties enough and little cares,
And now was quiet, now astir—
Till God's hand beckoned unawares,
And the sweet white brow is all of her.

3

Is it too late then, Evelyn Hope?
What, your soul was pure and true,
The good stars met in your horoscope,
Made you of spirit, fire and dew—
And just because I was thrice as old,
And our paths in the world diverged so wide,
Each was nought to each, must I be told?
We were fellow mortals, nought beside?

No, indeed! for God above
Is great to grant, as mighty to make,
And creates the love to reward the love,—
I claim you still, for my own love's sake!
Delayed it may be for more lives yet,
Through worlds I shall traverse, not a few—
Much is to learn and much to forget
Ere the time be come for taking you.

5

But the time will come,—at last it will,
When, Evelyn Hope, what meant, I shall say,
In the lower earth, in the years long still,
That body and soul so pure and gay?
Why your hair was amber, I shall divine,
And your mouth of your own geranium's red—
And what you would do with me, in fine,
In the new life come in the old one's stead.

հ

I have lived, I shall say, so much since then, Given up myself so many times, Gained me the gains of various men, Ransacked the ages, spoiled the climes; Yet one thing, one, in my soul's full scope, Either I missed or itself missed me—And I want and find you, Evelyn Hope! What is the issue? let us see!

7

I loved you, Evelyn, all the while;
My heart seemed full as it could hold—
There was place and to spare for the frank young smile
And the red young mouth and the hair's young gold.
So, hush,—I will give you this leaf to keep—
See, I shut it inside the sweet cold hand.
There, that is our secret! go to sleep;
You will wake, and remember, and understand.

XLV

UP AT A VILLA-DOWN IN THE CITY

(AS DISTINGUISHED BY AN ITALIAN PERSON OF QUALIT

1

HAD I but plenty of money, money enough and to spar The house for me, no doubt, were a house in the cit square.

Ah, such a life, such a life, as one leads at the windo there!

2

Something to see, by Bacchus, something to hear, least!

There, the whole day long, one's life is a perfect feast; While up at a villa one lives, I maintain it, no more that a beast.

3

Well now, look at our villa! stuck like the horn of bull

Just on a mountain's edge as bare as the creature's skull, Save a mere shag of a bush with hardly a leaf to pull!

—I scratch my own, sometimes, to see if the hair's turne wool.

4

But the city, oh the city—the square with the houses Why?

They are stone-faced, white as a curd, there's somethin to take the eye!

Houses in four straight lines, not a single front awry! You watch who crosses and gossips, who saunters, who hurries by:

Green blinds, as a matter of course, to draw when the sun gets high:

And the shops with fanciful signs which are painted properly.

ວ

What of a villa? Though winter be over in March by rights,

'Tis May perhaps ere the snow shall have withered wel off the heights:

You've the brown ploughed land before, where the oxen steam and wheeze,

And the hills over-smoked behind by the faint grey olive trees

6

Is it better in May, I ask you? you've summer all at once;

In a day he leaps complete with a few strong April suns! 'Mid the sharp short emerald wheat, scarce risen three fingers well,

The wild tulip, at end of its tube, blows out its great red bell,

Like a thin clear bubble of blood, for the children to pick and sell.

7

Is it ever hot in the square? There's a fountain to spout and splash!

In the shade it sings and springs; in the shine such foambows flash

On the horses with curling fish-tails, that prance and paddle and pash

Round the lady atop in the conch—fifty gazers do not abash,

Though all that she wears is some weeds round her waist in a sort of sash!

8

All the year long at the villa, nothing's to see though you linger,

Except you cypress that points like Death's lean lifted forefinger.

Some think fireflies pretty, when they mix in the corn and mingle,

Or thrid the stinking hemp till the stalks of it seem a-tingle. Late August or early September, the stunning cicala is shrill.

And the bees keep their tiresome whine round the resinous firs on the hill.

Enough of the seasons,—I spare you the months of the fever and chill.

9

Ere opening your eyes in the city, the blessed church-bells begin:

No sooner the bells leave off, than the diligence rattles in: You get the pick of the news, and it costs you never a pin.

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By and by there's the travelling doctor gives pills, lets blood, draws teeth;

Or the Pulcinello-trumpet breaks up the market beneath At the post-office such a scene-picture—the new play,

piping hot!

And a notice how, only this morning, three liberal thieves were shot.

Above it, behold the archbishop's most fatherly of rebukes. And beneath, with his crown and his lion, some little new law of the Duke's!

Or a sonnet with flowery marge, to the Reverend Don So-and-So

Who is Dante, Boccaccio, Petrarca, Saint Jerome, and Cicero,

"And moreover," (the sonnet goes rhyming,) "the skirts of St. Paul has reached,

Having preached us those six Lent-lectures more unctuous than ever he preached."

Noon strikes,-here sweeps the procession! our Lady

borne smiling and smart With a pink gauze gown all spangles, and seven swords stuck in her heart!

Bang-whang-whang, goes the drum, tootle-te-tootle the fife; No keeping one's haunches still: it's the greatest pleasure in life.

10

But bless you, it's dear-it's dear! fowls, wine, at double the rate.

They have clapped a new tax upon salt, and what oil pays passing the gate

It's a horror to think of. And so, the villa for me, not the city !

Beggars can scarcely be choosers—but still—ah, the pitv. the pity!

Look, two and two go the priests, then the monks with cowls and sandals,

And the penitents dressed in white shirts, a-holding the vellow candles.

One, he carries a flag up straight, and another a cross with handles,

And the Duke's guard brings up the rear, for the better prevention of scandals.

whang, goes the drum, tootle-te-tootle the fife. the city-square, there is no such pleasure in

XLVI

A WOMAN'S LAST WORD

1

Ler's contend no more, Love, Strive nor weep— All be as before, Love, —Only sleep!

2

What so wild as words are?

—I and thou
In debate, as birds are

Hawk on bough!

3

See the creature stalking
While we speak—
Hush and hide the talking,
Cheek on cheek!

4

What so false as truth is, False to thee? Where the serpent's tooth is, Shun the tree—

5

Where the apple reddens
Never pry—
Lest we lose our Edens,
Eve and I!

6

Be a god and hold me
With a charm—
Be a man and fold me
With thine arm!

7

Teach me, only teach, Love!
As I ought
I will speak thy speech, Love,
Think thy thought—

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Meet, if thou require it, Both demands, Laying flesh and spirit In thy hands!

Q

That shall be to-morrow Not to-night: I must bury sorrow Out of sight.

10

 Must a little weep, Love, (Foolish me!)
 And so fall asleep, Love, Loved by thee.

XLVII

FRA LIPPO LIPPI

I AM poor brother Lippo, by your leave ! You need not clap your torches to my face. Zooks, what's to blame? you think you see a monk! What, its past midnight, and you go the rounds, And here you catch me at an alley's end Where sportive ladies leave their doors ajar. The Carmine's my cloister: hunt it up, Do,-harry out, if you must show your zeal, Whatever rat, there, haps on his wrong hole, And nip each softling of a wee white mouse, Weke, weke, that's crept to keep him company ! Aha, you know your betters? Then, you'll take Your hand away that's fiddling on my throat, And please to know me likewise. Who am I? Why, one, sir, who is lodging with a friend Three streets off-he's a certain . . . how d'ye call ? Master—a . . . Cosimo of the Medici, In the house that caps the corner. Boh! you were bes Remember and tell me, the day you're hanged, How you affected such a gullet's-gripe! But you, sir, it concerns you that your knaves Pick up a manner nor discredit you. Zooks, are we pilchards, that they sweep the streets And count fair prize what comes into their net?

He's Judas to a tittle, that man is! Just such a face! why, sir, you make amends. Lord, I'm not angry! Bid your hangdogs go Drink out this quarter-florin to the health Of the munificent House that harbours me (And many more beside, lads! more beside!) And all's come square again. I'd like his face-His, elbowing on his comrade in the door With the pike and lantern,—for the slave that holds John Baptist's head a-dangle by the hair With one hand ("Look you, now," as who should say) And his weapon in the other, yet unwiped ! It's not your chance to have a bit of chalk, A wood-coal or the like? or you should see! Yes, I'm the painter, since you style me so. What, brother Lippo's doings, up and down, You know them and they take you? like enough! I saw the proper twinkle in your eye-'Tell you I liked your looks at very first. Let's sit and set things straight now, hip to haunch. Here's spring come, and the nights one makes up bands To roam the town and sing out carnival. And I've been three weeks shut within my mew, A-painting for the great man, saints and saints And saints again. I could not paint all night-Ouf! I leaned out of window for fresh air, There came a hurry of feet and little feet. A sweep of lute-strings, laughs, and whifts of song,— Flower o' the broom. Take away love, and our earth is a tomb Flower o' the quince, I let Lisa go, and what good's in life since? Flower o' the thyme—and so on. Round they went. Scarce had they turned the corner when a titter. Like the skipping of rabbits by moonlight,—three slim shapes-

And a face that looked up . . . zooks, sir, flesh and blood, That's all I'm made of! Into shreds it went, Curtain and counterpane and coverlet, All the bed furniture—a dozen knots, There was a ladder! down I let myself, Hands and feet, scrambling somehow, and so dropped, And after them. I came up with the fun Hard by St. Laurence, hail fellow, well met,—Flower o' the rose

If I've been merry, what matter who knows?
And so as I was stealing back again
To get to bed and have a bit of sleep
Ere I rise up to-morrow and go work

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On Jerome knocking at his poor old breast With his great round stone to subdue the flesh. You snap me of the sudden. Ah, I see! Though your eye twinkles still, you shake your head-Mine's shaved,—a monk, you say—the sting's in that! If Master Cosimo announced himself. Mum's the word naturally: but a monk! Come, what am I a beast for? tell us, now! I was a baby when my mother died And father died and left me in the street. I starved there, God knows how, a year or two On fig-skins, melon-parings, rinds and shucks. Refuse and rubbish. One fine frosty day My stomach being empty as your hat, The wind doubled me up and down I went. Old Aunt Lapaccia trussed me with one hand, (Its fellow was a stinger as I knew) And so along the wall, over the bridge, Six words, there, By the straight cut to the convent. While I stood munching my first bread that month: "So, boy, you're minded," quoth the good fat father Wiping his own mouth, 'twas refection-time,-"To guit this very miserable world? Will you renounce" . . . The mouthful of bread? thoug

By no means! Brief, they made a monk of me, I did renounce the world, its pride and greed, Palace, farm, villa, shop and banking-house, Trash, such as these poor devils of Medici Have given their hearts to-all at eight years old Well, sir, I found in time, you may be sure, 'Twas not for nothing-the good bellyful, The warm serge and the rope that goes all round, And day-long blessed idleness beside! "Let's see what the urchin's fit for "-that came next. Not overmuch their way, I must confess. Such a to-do! they tried me with their books. Lord, they'd have taught me Latin in pure waste! Flower o' the clove. All the Latin I construe is, " amo" I love! But, mind you, when a boy starves in the streets Eight years together, as my fortune was, Watching folk's faces to know who will fling The bit of half-stripped grape-bunch he desires, And who will curse or kick him for his pains-Which gentleman processional and fine, Holding a candle to the Sacrament Will wink and let him lift a plate and catch The droppings of the wax to sell again,

Or holla for the Eight and have him whipped,-How say I?—nay, which dog bites, which lets drop His bone from the heap of offal in the street! -The soul and sense of him grow sharp alike, •He learns the look of things, and none the less For admonitions from the hunger-pinch. I had a store o' such remarks, be sure, Which, after I found leisure, turned to use: I drew men's faces on my copy-books, Scrawled them within the antiphonary's marge. Joined legs and arms to the long music-notes. Found nose and eyes and chin for A.s and B.s, And made a string of pictures of the world Betwixt the ins and outs of verb and noun, On the wall, the bench, the door. The monks looked black.

"Nay," quoth the Prior, "turn him out, d'ye say? In no wise. Lose a crow and catch a lark. What if at last we get our man of parts. We Carmelites, like those Camaldolese And Preaching Friars, to do our church up fine And put the front on it that ought to be!" And hereupon they bade me daub away. Thank you! my head being crammed, their walls a blank. Never was such prompt disemburdening. First, every sort of monk, the black and white. I drew them, fat and lean: then, folks at church, From good old gossips waiting to confess Their cribs of barrel-droppings, candle-ends,-To the breathless fellow at the altar-foot. Fresh from his murder, safe and sitting there With the little children round him in a row Of admiration, half for his beard and half For that white anger of his victim's son Shaking a fist at him with one fierce arm, Signing himself with the other because of Christ (Whose sad face on the cross sees only this After the passion of a thousand years) Till some poor girl, her apron o'er her head Which the intense eyes looked through, came at eve On tip-toe, said a word, dropped in a loaf, Her pair of ear-rings and a bunch of flowers The brute took growling, prayed, and then was gone. I painted all, then cried "tis ask and have-Choose, for more's ready!"—laid the ladder flat. And showed my covered bit of cloister-wall. The monks closed in a circle and praised loud Till checked, (taught what to see and not to see, Being simple bodies) "that's the very man!

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Look at the boy who stoops to pat the dog! That woman's like the Prior's niece who comes To care about his asthma: it's the life!" But there my triumph's straw-fire flared and funked— Their betters took their turn to see and say: The Prior and the learned pulled a face And stopped all that in no time. "How? what's here? Quite from the mark of painting, bless us all ! Faces, arms, legs and bodies like the true As much as pea and pea! it's devil's game! Your business is not to catch men with show, With homage to the perishable clay, But lift them over it, ignore it all, Make them forget there's such a thing as flesh. Your business is to paint the souls of men— Man's soul, and it's a fire, smoke . . . no it's not . . . It's vapour done up like a new-born babe-(In that shape when you die it leaves your mouth) It's . . . well, what matters talking, it's the soul i Give us no more of body than shows soul. Here's Giotto, with his Saint a-praising God! That sets you praising, -why not stop with him? Why put all thoughts of praise out of our heads With wonder at lines, colours, and what not? Paint the soul, never mind the legs and arms! Rub all out, try at it a second time. Oh, that white smallish female with the breasts, She's just my niece . . . Herodias, I would say,-Who went and danced and got men's heads cut off-Have it all out!" Now, is this sense, I ask? A fine way to paint soul, by painting body So ill, the eye can't stop there, must go further And can't fare worse! Thus, yellow does for white When what you put for yellow's simply black, And any sort of meaning looks intense When all beside itself means and looks nought. Why can't a painter lift each foot in turn, Left foot and right foot, go a double step, Make his flesh liker and his soul more like, Both in their order? Take the prettiest face, The Prior's niece . . . patron-saint—is it so pretty You can't discover if it means hope, fear, Sorrow or joy? won't beauty go with these? Suppose I've made her eyes all right and blue, Can't I take breath and try to add life's flash, And then add soul and heighten them threefold? Or say there's beauty with no soul at all-(I never saw it—put the case the same—) If you get simple beauty and nought else,

I always see the Garden and God there A-making man's wife—and, my lesson learned, The value and significance of flesh, I can't unlearn ten minutes afterward.

You understand me: I'm a beast, I know. But see, now-why, I see as certainly As that the morning-star's about to shine, What will hap some day. We've a youngster here Come to our convent, studies what I do, Slouches and stares and lets no atom drop-His name is Guidi-he'll not mind the monks-They call him Hulking Tom, he lets them talk-He picks my practice up—he'll paint apace, I hope so-though I never live so long. I know what's sure to follow. You be judge! You speak no Latin more than I, belike-However, you're my man, you've seen the world -The beauty and the wonder and the power, The shapes of things, their colours, lights and shades, Changes, surprises,—and God made it all! -For what? do you feel thankful, ay or no, For this fair town's face, yonder river's line, The mountain round it and the sky above, Much more the figures of man, woman, child, These are the frame to? What's it all about? To be passed o'er, despised? or dwelt upon, Wondered at? oh, this last of course, you say. But why not do as well as say,—paint these Just as they are, careless what comes of it? God's works-paint any one, and count it crime To let a truth slip. Don't object, "His works Are here already—nature is complete: Suppose you reproduce her—(which you can't) There's no advantage! you must beat her, then." For, don't you mark, we're made so that we love First when we see them painted, things we have passed Perhaps a hundred times nor cared to see; And so they are better, painted-better to us, Which is the same thing. Art was given for that-God uses us to help each other so, Lending our minds out. Have you noticed, now, Your cullion's hanging face? A bit of chalk, And trust me but you should, though! How much more, If I drew higher things with the same truth ! That were to take the Prior's pulpit-place, Interpret God to all of you! oh, oh, It makes me mad to see what men shall do And we in our graves! This world's no blot for us, Nor blank-it means intensely, and means good:

To find its meaning is my meat and drink. "Ay, but you don't so instigate to prayer," Strikes in the Prior! "when your meaning's plain It does not say to folks—remember matins— Or, mind you fast next Friday." Why, for this What need of art at all? A skull and bones. Two bits of stick nailed cross-wise, or, what's best, A bell to chime the hour with, does as well. I painted a St. Laurence six months since At Prato, splashed the fresco in fine style. "How looks my painting, now the scaffold's down?" I ask a brother: "Hugely," he returns-"Already not one phiz of your three slaves That turn the Deacon off his toasted side. But's scratched and prodded to our heart's content, The pious people have so eased their own When coming to say prayers there in a rage. We get on fast to see the bricks beneath. Expect another job this time next year, For pity and religion grow i' the crowd-

—That is—you'll not mistake an idle word
Spoke in a huff by a poor monk, God wot,
Tasting the air this spicy night which turns
The unaccustomed head like Chianti wine!
Oh, the church knows! don't misreport me, now!
It's natural a poor monk out of bounds
Should have his apt word to excuse himself:
And hearken how I plot to make amends.
I have bethought me: I shall paint a piece
... There's for you! Give me six months, then
see

Your painting serves its purpose!" Hang the fools.

Something in Sant' Ambrogio's . . . (bless the nuns! They want a cast of my office) I shall paint God in the midst, Madonna and her babe. Ringed by a bowery, flowery angel-brood, Lilies and vestments and white faces, sweet As puff on puff of grated orris-root When ladies crowd to church at midsummer. And then in the front, of course a saint or two-Saint John, because he saves the Florentines. Saint Ambrose, who puts down in black and white The convent's friends and gives them a long day, And Job, I must have him there past mistake. The man of Uz, (and Us without the z. Painters who need his patience). Well, all these Secured at their devotions, up shall come Out of a corner when you least expect,

As one by a dark stair into a great light,

Music and talking, who but Lippo! I!—

Mazed, motionless and moon-struck—I'm the man!

Back I shrink—what is this I see and hear?

I, caught up with my monk's things by mistake,

My old serge gown and rope that goes all round,

I, in this presence, this pure company!

Where's a hole, where's a corner for escape?

Then steps a sweet angelic slip of a thing

Forward, puts out a soft palm—"Not so fast!"

—Addresses the celestial presence, "nay—

He made you and devised you, after all,

Though he's none of you! Could Saint John there,

draw—

draw-His camel-hair make up a painting-brush? We come to brother Lippo for all that, Iste perfecit opus!" So. all smile-I shuffle sideways with my blushing face Under the cover of a hundred wings Thrown like a spread of kirtles when you're gay And play hot cockles, all the doors being shut, Till, wholly unexpected, in there pops The hothead husband! Thus, I scuttle off To some safe bench behind, not letting go The palm of her, the little lily thing That spoke the good word for me in the nick. Like the Prior's niece . . . Saint Lucy, I would say. And so all's saved for me, and for the church A pretty picture gained. Go, six months hence! Your hand, sir, and good-bye: no lights, no lights! The street's hushed, and I know my own way back-Don't fear me! There's the grey beginning. Zooks!

XLVIII

A TOCCATA OF GALUPPI'S

1

On, Galuppi, Baldassaro, this is very sad to find!

I can hardly misconceive you; it would prove me deal and blind;

But although I give you credit, 'tis with such a heavy mind!

Here you come with your old music, and here's all the good it brings.

• What, they lived once thus at Venice, where the merchants

were the kings,
Where St. Mark's is, where the Doges used to wed the
sea with rings?

3

Ay, because the sea's the street there; and 'tis arched by . . . what you call

. . Shylock's bridge with houses on it, where they kept

the carnival!

I was never out of England—it's as if I saw it all!

4

Did young people take their pleasure when the sea was warm in May?

Balls and masks begun at midnight, burning ever to mid-

When they made up fresh adventures for the morrow, do you say?

5

Was a lady such a lady, cheeks so round and lips so red.—

On her neck the small face buoyant, like a bell-flower on its bed,

O'er the breast's superb abundance where a man might base his head?

6

Well (and it was graceful of them) they'd break talk off and afford

-She, to bite her mask's black velvet, he to finger on his sword,

While you sat and played Toccatas, stately at the clavichord?

7

What? Those lesser thirds so plaintive, sixths diminished, sigh on sigh,

Told them something? Those suspensions, those solutions—"Must we die?"

Those commiserating sevenths—" Life might last! we can but try!"

"Were you happy?"—"Yes."—"And are you still as happy?"—"Yes—And you?"

—"Then more kisses"—"Did I stop them, when a million seemed so few?"

Hark—the dominant's persistence, till it must be answered to!

9

So an octave struck the answer. Oh, they praised you, I dare say!
"Brave Galuppi! that was music! good alike at grave.

and gay!

I can always leave off talking, when I hear a master play."

10

Then they left you for their pleasure: till in due time, one by one,

Some with lives that came to nothing, some with deeds as well undone,

Death came tacitly and took them where they never see the sun.

11

But when I sit down to reason,—think to take my stand nor swerve

Till I triumph o'er a secret wrung from nature's close reserve,

In you come with your cold music, till I creep thro' every nerve.

12

Yes, you, like a ghostly cricket, creaking where a house was burned—

"Dust and ashes, dead and done with, Venice spent what Venice earned!

The soul, doubtless, is immortal—where a soul can be discerned.

13

"Yours for instance, you know physics, something of geology,

Mathematics are your pastime; souls shall rise in their degree:

Butterflies may dread extinction,—you'll not die, it cannot be!

"As for Venice and its people, merely born to bloom and drop.

Here on earth they bore their fruitage, mirth and folly were the crop.

What of soul was left, I wonder, when the kissing had to stop?

15

"Dust and ashes!" So you creak it, and I want the heart to scold.

Dear dead women, with such hair, too—what's become of all the gold

Used to hang and brush their bosoms? I feel chilly and grown old.

XLIX

BY THE FIRE-SIDE

1

How well I know what I mean to do
When the long dark Autumn evenings come,
And where, my soul, is thy pleasant hue?
With the music of all thy voices, dumb
In life's November too!

2

I shall be found by the fire, suppose,
O'er a great wise book as beseemeth age,
While the shutters flap as the cross-wind blows,
And I turn the page, and I turn the page,
Not verse now, only prose!

3

Till the young ones whisper, finger on lip,
"There he is at it, deep in Greek—
Now or never, then, out we slip
To cut from the hazels by the creek
A mainmast for our ship."

4

I shall be at it indeed, my friends!
Greek puts already on either side
Such a branch-work forth, as soon extends
To a vista opening far and wide,
And I pass out where it ends.

5

The outside-frame like your hazel-trees— But the inside-archway narrows fast, And a rarer sort succeeds to these, And we slope to Italy at last And youth, by green degrees.

6

I follow wherever I am led,
Knowing so well the leader's hand—
Oh, woman-country, wooed, not wed,
Loved all the more by earth's male-lands,
Laid to their hearts instead!

7

Look at the ruined chapel again
Half way up in the Alpine gorge.
Is that a tower, I point you plain,
Or is it a mill or an iron forge
Breaks solitude in vain?

8

A turn, and we stand in the heart of things;
The woods are round us, heaped and dim;
From slab to slab how it slips and springs,
The thread of water single and slim,
Thro' the ravage some torrent brings!

9

Does it feed the little lake below?
That speck of white just on its marge
Is Pella; see, in the evening glow
How sharp the silver spear-heads charge
When Alp meets Heaven in snow.

10

On our other side is the straight-up rock;
And a path is kept 'twixt the gorge and it
By boulder-stones where lichens mock
The marks on a moth, and small ferns fit
Their teeth to the polished block.

11

Oh, the sense of the yellow mountain flowers, And the thorny balls, each three in one, The chestnuts throw on our path in showers, For the drop of the woodland fruit's begun These early November hours—

That crimson the creeper's leaf across
Like a splash of blood, intense, abrupt,
O'er a shield, else gold from rim to boss,
And lay it for show on the fairy-cupped
Elf-needled mat of moss.

13

By the rose-flesh mushrooms, undivulged
Last evening—nay, in to-day's first dew
Yon sudden coral nipple bulged
Where a freaked, fawn-coloured, flaky crew
Of toad-stools peep indulged.

14

And yonder, at foot of the fronting ridge
That takes the turn to a range beyond,
Is the chapel reached by the one-arched bridge
Where the water is stopped in a stagnant pond
Danced over by the midge.

15

The chapel and bridge are of stone alike, Blackish grey and mostly wet; Cut hemp-stalks steep in the narrow dyke. See here again, how the lichens fret And the roots of the ivy strike!

16

Poor little place, where its one priest comes
On a festa-day, if he comes at all,
To the dozen folk from their scattered homes,
Gathered within that precinct small
By the dozen ways one roams

17

To drop from the charcoal-burners' huts,
Or climb from the hemp-dressers' low shed,
Leave the grange where the woodman stores his nuts,
Or the wattled cote where the fowlers spread
Their gear on the rock's bare juts.

18

It has some pretension too, this front,
With its bit of fresco half-moon-wise
Set over the porch, art's early wont—
'Tis John in the Desert, I surmise,
But has borne the weather's brunt—

19

Not from the fault of the builder, though,
For a pent-house properly projects
Where three carved beams make a certain show,
Dating—good thought of our architect's—
'Five, six, nine, he lets you know.

20

And all day long a bird sings there,
And a stray sheep drinks at the pond at times a
The place is silent and aware;
It has had its scenes, its joys and crimes,
But that is its own affair.

21

My perfect wife, my Leonor,
Oh, heart my own, oh, eyes, mine too,
Whom else could I dare look backward for,
With whom beside should I dare pursue
The path grey heads abhor?

22

For it leads to a crag's sheer edge with them;
Youth, flowery all the way, there stops—
Not they; age threatens and they contemn,
Till they reach the gulf wherein youth drops,
One inch from our life's safe hem!

23

With me, youth led—I will speak now,
No longer watch you as you sit
Reading by fire-light, that great brow
And the spirit-small hand propping it
Mutely—my heart knows how—

24

When, if I think but deep enough,
You are wont to answer, prompt as rhyme;
And you, too, find without a rebuff
The response your soul seeks many a time
Piercing its fine flesh-stuff—

25

My own, confirm me! If I tread
This path back, is it not in pride
To think how little I dreamed it led
To an age so blest that by its side
Youth seems the waste instead!

My own, see where the years conduct!
At first, 'twas something our two souls
Should mix as mists do: each is sucked
Into each now; on, the new stream rolls,
Whatever rocks obstruct.

27

Think, when our one soul understands
The great Word which makes all things new
When earth breaks up and Heaven expands—
How will the change strike me and you
In the House not made with hands?

28

Oh, I must feel your brain prompt mine, Your heart anticipate my heart, You must be just before, in fine, See and make me see, for your part, New depths of the Divine!

29

But who could have expected this,
When we two drew together first
Just for the obvious human bliss,
To satisfy life's daily thirst
With a thing men seldom miss?

30

Come back with me to the first of all, Let us lean and love it over again— Let us now forget and then recall, Break the rosary in a pearly rain, And gather what we let fall!

31

What did I say?—that a small bird sings
All day long, save when a brown pair
Of hawks from the wood float with wide wings
Strained to a bell: 'gainst the noon-day glare
You count the streaks and rings.

32

But at afternoon or almost eve 'Tis better; then the silence grows To that degree, you half believe It must get rid of what it knows, Its bosom does so heave. The same of the sa

30 - Alle

33

Hither we walked, then, side by side,
Arm in arm and cheek to cheek,
And still I questioned or replied,
While my heart, convulsed to really speak,
Lay choking in its pride.

34

Silent the crumbling bridge we cross,
And pity and praise the chapel sweet,
And care about the fresco's loss,
And wish for our souls a like retreat,
And wonder at the moss.

35

Stoop and kneel on the settle under—
Look through the window's grated square;
Nothing to see! for fear of plunder,
The cross is down and the altar bare,
As if thieves don't fear thunder.

36

We stoop and look in through the grate, See the little porch and rustic door, Read duly the dead builder's date, Then cross the bridge we crossed before, Take the path again—but wait!

37

Oh moment, one and infinite!

The water slips o'er stock and stone;

The west is tender, hardly bright.

How grey at once is the evening grown—
One star, the chrysolite!

38

We two stood there with never a third,
But each by each, as each knew well.
The sights we saw and the sounds we heard,
The lights and the shades made up a spell
Till the trouble grew and stirred.

39

Oh, the little more, and how much it is!

And the little less, and what worlds away!

How a sound shall quicken content to bliss,

Or a breath suspend the blood's best play,

And life be a proof of this!

Had she willed it, still had stood the screen So slight, so sure, 'twixt my love and her. I could fix her face with a guard between, And find her soul as when friends confer, Friends—lovers that might have been.

41

For my heart had a touch of the woodland time, Wanting to sleep now over its best.

Shake the whole tree in the summer-prime, But bring to the last leaf no such test.

"Hold the last fast!" says the rhyme.

42

For a chance to make your little much,

To gain a lover and lose a friend,

Venture the tree and a myriad such,

When nothing you mar but the year can mend?

But a last leaf—fear to touch.

43

Yet should it unfasten itself and fall
Eddying down till it find your face
At some slight wind—(best chance of all!)
Be your heart henceforth its dwelling-place
You trembled to forestal!

44

Worth how well, those dark grey eyes,

—That hair so dark and dear, how worth
That a man should strive and agonise,
And taste a very hell on earth
For the hope of such a prize!

45

Oh, you might have turned and tried a man, Set him a space to weary and wear, And prove which suited more your plan, His best of hope or his worst despair, Yet end as he began.

46

But you spared me this, like the heart you are,
And filled my empty heart at a word.

If you join two lives, there is oft a scar,
They are one and one, with a shadowy third;
One near one is too far.

A moment after, and hands unseen
Were hanging the night around us fast.
But we knew that a bar was broken between
Life and life; we were mixed at last
In spite of the mortal screen.

48

The forests had done it; there they stood—
We caught for a second the powers at play:
They had mingled us so, for once and for good,
Their work was done—we might go or stay,
They relasped to their ancient mood.

49

How the world is made for each of us!

How all we perceive and know in it

Tends to some moment's product thus,

When a soul declares itself—to wit,

By its fruit—the thing it does!

50

Be Hate that fruit or Love that fruit, It forwards the General Deed of Man, And each of the Many helps to recruit The life of the race by a general plan, Each living his own, to boot.

51

I am named and known by that hour's feat,
There took my station and degree.
So grew my own small life complete
As nature obtained her best of me—
One born to love you, sweet!

52

And to watch you sink by the fire-side now Back again, as you mutely sit Musing by fire-light, that great brow And the spirit-small hand propping it Yonder, my heart knows how!

53

So the earth has gained by one man more,
And the gain of earth must be Heaven's gain too,
And the whole is well worth thinking o'er
When the autumn comes: which I mean to do
One day, as I said before.

L

ANY WIFE TO ANY HUSBAND

1

My love, this is the bitterest, that thou
Who art all truth and who dost love me now
As thine eyes say, as thy voice breaks to say—
Should'st love so truly and could'st love me still
A whole long life through, had but love its will,
Would death that leads me from thee brook delay!

2

I have but to be by thee, and thy hand
Would never let mine go, thy heart withstand
The beating of my heart to reach its place.
When should I look for thee and feel thee gone?
When cry for the old comfort and find none?
Never, I know! Thy soul is in thy face.

3

Oh, I should fade—'tis willed so! might I save, Gladly I would, whatever beauty gave
Joy to thy sense, for that was precious too.
It is not to be granted. But the soul
Whence the love comes, all ravage leaves that whole;
Vainly the flesh fades—soul makes all things new.

1

And 'twould not be because my eye grew dim
Thou could'st not find the love there, thanks to Him
Who never is dishonoured in the spark
He gave us from his fire of fires, and bade
Remember whence it sprang nor be afraid
While that burns on, though all the rest grow dark.

5

So, how thou would'st be perfect, white and clean Outside as inside, soul and soul's demesne Alike, this body given to show it by! Oh, three-parts through the worst of life's abyss, What plaudits from the next world after this, Could'st thou repeat a stroke and gain the sky!

ß

And is it not the bitterer to think
That, disengage our hands and thou wilt sink
Although thy love was love in very deed?
I know that nature! Pass a festive day
Thou dost not throw its relic-flower away
Nor bid its music's loitering echo speed.

7

Thou let'st the stranger's glove lie where it fell;
If old things remain old things all is well,
For thou art grateful as becomes man best:
And hadst thou only heard me play one tune,
Or viewed me from a window, not so soon
With thee would such things fade as with the rest.

R

I seem to see! we meet and part: 'tis brief:
The book I opened keeps a folded leaf,
The very chair I sat on, breaks the rank;
That is a portrait of me on the wall—
Three lines, my face comes at so slight a call;
And for all this, one little hour's to thank.

9

But now, because the hour through years was fixed,
Because our inmost beings met and mixed,
Because thou once hast loved me—wilt thou dare.
Say to thy soul and Who may list beside,
"Therefore she is immortally my bride,
Chance cannot change that love, nor time impair.

10

"So, what if in the dusk of life that's left,
I, a tired traveller, of my sun bereft,
Look from my path when, mimicking the same,
The fire-fly glimpses past me, come and gone?
—Where was it till the sunset? where anon
It will be at the sunrise! what's to blame?"

11

Is it so helpful to thee? canst thou take
The mimic up, nor, for the true thing's sake,
Put gently by such efforts at a beam?
Is the remainder of the way so long
Thou need'st the little solace, thou the strong?
Watch out thy watch, let weak ones doze and dream!

"—Ah, but the fresher faces! Is it true,"
Thou'lt ask, "some eyes are beautiful and new?
Some hair,—how can one choose but grasp such wealth?
And if a man would press his lips to lips
Fresh as the wilding hedge-rose-cup there slips
The dew-drop out of, must it be by stealth?

13

"It cannot change the love kept still for Her,
Much more than, such a picture to prefer
Passing a day with, to a room's bare side.
The painted form takes nothing she possessed,
Yet while the Titian's Venus lies at rest
A man looks. Once more, what is there to chide?"

14

So must I see, from where I sit and watch,
My own self sell myself, my hand attach
Its warrant to the very thefts from me—
Thy singleness of soul that made me proud,
Thy purity of heart I loved aloud,
Thy man's truth I was bold to bid God see!

15

Love so, then, if thou wilt! Give all thou canst Away to the new faces—disentranced—
(Say it and think it) obdurate no more,
Re-issue looks and words from the old mint—
Pass them afresh, no matter whose the print
Image and superscription once they bore!

16

Re-coin thyself and give it them to spend,—
It all comes to the same thing at the end,
Since mine thou wast, mine art, and mine shalt be,
Faithful or faithless, sealing up the sum
Or lavish of my treasure, thou must come
Back to the heart's place here I keep for thee!

17

Only, why should it be with stain at all?
Why must I, 'twixt the leaves of coronal,
Put any kiss of pardon on thy brow?
Why need the other women know so much
And talk together, "Such the look and such
The smile he used to love with, then as now!"

Might I die last and shew thee! Should I find Such hardship in the few years left behind, If free to take and light my lamp, and go Into thy tomb, and shut the door and sit Seeing thy face on those four sides of it The better that they are so blank, I know?

19

Why, time was what I wanted, to turn o'er
Within my mind each look, get more and more
My heart each word, too much to learn at first,
And join thee all the fitter for the pause
'Neath the low door-way's lintel. That were cause
For lingering, though thou calledst, if I durst!

20

And yet thou art the nobler of us two.

What dare I dream of, that thou canst not do,

Outstripping my ten small steps with one stride?

I'll say then, here's a trial and a task—

Is it to bear?—if easy, I'll not ask—

Though love fail, I can trust on in thy pride.

21

Pride?—when those eyes forestal the life behind
The death I have to go through!—when I find,
Now that I want thy help most, all of thee!
What did I fear? Thy love shall hold me fast
Until the little minute's sleep is past
And I wake saved.—And yet, it will not be!

LI

AN EPISTLE

CONTAINING THE STRANGE MEDICAL EXPERIENCE OF KARSHISH, THE ARAB PHYSICIAN

Karshish, the picker-up of learning's crumbs, The not-incurious in God's handiwork (This man's-flesh He hath admirably made, Blown like a bubble, kneaded like a paste, To coop up and keep down on earth a space That puff of vapour from his mouth, man's sould —To Abib, all-sagacious in our art,
Breeder in me of what poor skill I boast,
Like me inquisitive how pricks and cracks
Befall the flesh through too much stress and strain,
Whereby the wily vapour fain would slip
Back and rejoin its source before the term,—
And aptest in contrivance, under God,
To baffle it by deftly stopping such:—
The vagrant Scholar to his Sage at home
Sends greeting (health and knowledge, fame with peace),
Three samples of true snake-stone—rarer still,
One of the other sort, the melon-shaped,
(But fitter, pounded fine, for charms than drugs)
And writeth now the twenty-second time.

My journeyings were brought to Jericho. Thus I resume. Who studious in our art Shall count a little labour unrepaid? I have shed sweat enough, left flesh and bone On many a flinty furlong of this land. Also the country-side is all on fire With rumours of a marching hitherward— Some say Vespasian cometh, some, his son. A black lynx snarled and pricked a tufted ear; Lust of my blood inflamed his yellow balls: I cried and threw my staff and he was gone. Twice have the robbers stripped and beaten me, And once a town declared me for a spy, But at the end, I reach Jerusalem, Since this poor covert where I pass the night, This Bethany, lies scarce the distance thence A man with plague-sores at the third degree Runs till he drops down dead. Thou laughest here! 'Sooth, it elates me, thus reposed and safe, To void the stuffing of my travel-scrip And share with thee whatever Jewry yields. A viscid choler is observable In tertians, I was nearly bold to say, And falling-sickness hath a happier cure Than our school wots of: there's a spider here Weaves no web, watches on the ledge of tombs, Sprinkled with mottles on an ash-grey back; Take five and drop them . . . but who knows his mind, The Syrian run-a-gate I trust this to? His service payeth me a sublimate Blown up his nose to help the ailing eye. Best wait: I reach Jerusalem at morn, There set in order my experiences, Gather what most deserves and give thee allOr I might add, Judea's gum-tragacanth Scales off in purer flakes, shines clearer-grained, Cracks 'twixt the pestle and the porphyry, In fine exceeds our produce. Scalp-disease Confounds me, crossing so with leprosy—Thou hadst admired one sort I gained at Zoar—But zeal outruns discretion. Here I end.

Yet stay: my Syrian blinketh gratefully, Protesteth his devotion is my price— Suppose I write what harms not, though he steal? I half resolve to tell thee, yet I blush, What set me off a-writing first of all. An itch I had, a sting to write, a tang! For, be it this town's barrenness—or else The Man had something in the look of him-His case has struck me far more than 'tis worth. So, pardon if—(lest presently I lose In the great press of novelty at hand The care and pains this somehow stole from me) I bid thee take the thing while fresh in mind, Almost in sight—for, wilt thou have the truth? The very man is gone from me but now, Whose ailment is the subject of discourse. Thus then, and let thy better wit help all.

'Tis but a case of mania—subinduced By epilepsy, at the turning-point Of trance prolonged unduly some three days. When by the exhibition of some drug Or spell, exorcisation, stroke of art Unknown to me and which 'twere well to know, The evil thing out-breaking all at once Left the man whole and sound of body indeed,— But, flinging, so to speak, life's gates too wide, Making a clear house of it too suddenly, The first conceit that entered pleased to write Whatever it was minded on the wall So plainly at that vantage, as it were, (First come, first served) that nothing subsequent Attaineth to erase the fancy-scrawls Which the returned and new-established soul Hath gotten now so thoroughly by heart That henceforth she will read or these or none. And first—the man's own firm conviction rests That he was dead (in fact they buried him) That he was dead and then restored to life By a Nazarene physician of his tribe: -'Sayeth, the same bade "Rise," and he did rise.

"Such cases are diurnal," thou wilt cry. Not so this figment !-not, that such a fume, Instead of giving way to time and health, Should eat itself into the life of life, As saffron tingeth flesh, blood, bones and all! For see, how he takes up the after-life. The man—it is one Lazarus a Jew, Sanguine, proportioned, fifty years of age, The body's habit wholly laudable, As much, indeed, beyond the common health As he were made and put aside to show. Think, could we penetrate by any drug And bathe the wearied soul and worried flesh, And bring it clear and fair, by three days sleep ! Whence has the man the balm that brightens all? This grown man eyes the world now like a child. Some elders of his tribe, I should premise. Led in their friend, obedient as a sheep, To bear my inquisition. While they spoke. Now sharply, now with sorrow,—told the case,— He listened not except I spoke to him, But folded his two hands and let them talk, Watching the flies that buzzed: and yet no fool. And that's a sample how his years must go. Look if a beggar, in fixed middle-life, Should find a treasure, can he use the same With straightened habits and with tastes starved small. And take at once to his impoverished brain The sudden element that changes things, -That sets the undreamed-of rapture at his hand, And puts the cheap old joy in the scorned dust? Is he not such an one as moves to mirth-Warily parsimonious, when's no need, Wasteful as drunkenness at undue times? All prudent counsel as to what befits The golden mean, is lost on such an one. The man's fantastic will is the man's law. So here—we'll call the treasure knowledge, say-Increased beyond the fleshy faculty-Heaven opened to a soul while yet on earth, Earth forced on a soul's use while seeing Heaven. The man is witless of the size, the sum, The value in proportion of all things. Or whether it be little or be much. Discourse to him of prodigious armaments Assembled to besiege his city now, And of the passing of a mule with gourds— 'Tis one! Then take it on the other side, Speak of some trifling fact—he will gaze rapt

With stupor at its very littleness— (Far as I see) as if in that indeed He caught prodigious import, whole results: And so will turn to us the bystanders In ever the same stupor (note this point) That we too see not with his opened eyes! Wonder and doubt come wrongly into play, Preposterously, at cross purposes. Should his child sicken unto death,—why, look For scarce abatement of his cheerfulness, Or pretermission of his daily craft— While a word, gesture, glance, from that same child At play or in the school or laid asleep. Will start him to an agony of fear, Exasperation, just as like! demand The reason why—"'tis but a word," object— "A gesture"—he regards thee as our lord Who lived there in the pyramid alone, Looked at us, dost thou mind, when being young We both would unadvisedly recite Some charm's beginning, from that book of his. Able to bid the sun throb wide and burst All into stars, as suns grown old are wont. Thou and the child have each a veil alike Thrown o'er your heads from under which ye both Stretch your blind hands and trifle with a match Over a mine of Greek fire, did ye know! He holds on firmly to some thread of life-(It is the life to lead perforcedly) Which runs across some vast distracting orb Of glory on either side that meagre thread, Which, conscious of, he must not enter yet-The spiritual life around the earthly life! The law of that is known to him as this-His heart and brain move there, his feet stay here. So is the man perplext with impulses Sudden to start off crosswise, not straight on. Proclaiming what is right and wrong across-And not along-this black thread through the blaze-" It should be" balked by "here it cannot be." And oft the man's soul springs into his face As if he saw again and heard again His sage that bade him "Rise" and he did rise. Something—a word, a tick of the blood within Admonishes—then back he sinks at once To ashes, that was very fire before, In sedulous recurrence to his trade Whereby he earneth him the daily bread— And studiously the humbler for that pride,

Professedly the faultier that he knows God's secret, while he holds the thread of life. Indeed the especial marking of the man Is prone submission to the Heavenly will-Seeing it, what it is, and why it is. 'Sayeth, he will wait patient to the last For that same death which will restore his being To equilibrium, body loosening soul Divorced even now by premature full growth; He will live, nay, it pleaseth him to live So long as God please, and just how God please. He even seeketh not to please God more (Which meaneth, otherwise) than as God please. Hence I perceive not he affects to preach The doctrine of his sect whate'er it be-Make proselytes as madmen thirst to do. How can he give his neighbour the real ground, His own conviction? ardent as he is-Call his great truth a lie, why still the old "Be it as God please" reassureth him. I probed the sore as thy disciple should—
"How, beast," said I, "this stolid carelessness Sufficeth thee, when Rome is on her march To stamp out like a little spark thy town, Thy tribe, thy crazy tale and thee at once?" He merely looked with his large eyes on me. The man is apathetic, you deduce? Contrariwise he loves both old and young. Able and weak-affects the very brutes And birds-how say I? flowers of the field-As a wise workman recognises tools In a master's workshop, loving what they make. Thus is the man as harmless as a lamb: Only impatient, let him do his best, At ignorance and carelessness and sin-An indignation which is promptly curbed. As when in certain travels I have feigned To be an ignoramus in our art According to some preconceived design, And happed to hear the land's practitioners Steeped in conceit sublimed by ignorance, Prattle fantastically on disease. Its cause and cure—and I must hold my peace !

Thou wilt object—why have I not ere this Sought out the sage himself, the Nazarene Who wrought this cure, enquiring at the source, Conferring with the frankness that befits? Alas! it grieveth me, the learned leech

Perished in a tumult many years ago, Accused,—our learning's fate,—of wizardry, Rebellion, to the setting up a rule And creed prodigious as described to me. His death which happened when the earthquake fell (Prefiguring, as soon appeared, the loss To occult learning in our lord the sage That lived there in the pyramid alone) Was wrought by the mad people—that's their wont— On vain recourse, as I conjecture it, To his tried virtue, for miraculous help-How could he stop the earthquake? That's their way ! The other imputations must be lies: But take one—though I loathe to give it thee, In mere respect to any good man's fame! (And after all our patient Lazarus Is stark mad—should we count on what he says? Perhaps not—though in writing to a leech 'Tis well to keep back nothing of a case.) This man so cured regards the curer then, As-God forgive me-who but God himself, Creator and Sustainer of the world, That came and dwelt in flesh on it awhile! —'Sayeth that such an One was born and lived. Taught, healed the sick, broke bread at his own house, Then died, with Lazarus by, for ought I know, And yet was . . . what I said nor choose repeat, And must have so avouched himself, in fact, In hearing of this very Lazarus Who saith—but why all this of what he saith? •Why write of trivial matters, things of price Calling at every moment for remark? I noticed on the margin of a pool Blue-flowering borage, the Aleppo sort, Aboundeth, very nitrous. It is strange!

Thy pardon for this long and tedious case, Which, now that I review it, needs must seem Unduly dwelt on, prolixly set forth.

Nor I myself discern in what is writ Good cause for the peculiar interest And awe indeed this man has touched me with. Perhaps the journey's end, the weariness Had wrought upon me first. I met him thus—I crossed a ridge of short sharp broken hills Like an old lion's cheek-teeth. Out there came A moon made like a face with certain spots Multiform, manifold, and menacing:

Then a wind rose behind me. So we met

In this old sleepy town at unaware,
The man and I. I send thee what is writ.
Regard it as a chance, a matter risked
To this ambiguous Syrian—he may lose,
Or steal, or give it thee with equal good.
Jerusalem's repose shall make amends
For time this letter wastes, thy time and mine,
Till when, once more thy pardon and farewell!

The very God! think, Abib; dost thou think? So, the All-Great, were the All-Loving too—So, through the thunder comes a human voice Saying, "O heart I made, a heart beats here! Face, my hands fashioned, see it in myself. Thou hast no power nor may'st conceive of mine, But love I gave thee, with Myself to love, And thou must love me who have died for thee!" The madman saith He said so: it is strange.

LII

MESMERISM

1

ALL I believed is true!
I am able yet
All I want to get
By a method as strange as new:
Dare I trust the same to you?

2

If at night, when the doors are shut,
And the wood-worm picks,
And the death-watch ticks,
And the bar has a flag of smut,
And a cat's in the water-butt—

2

And the socket floats and flares,
And the house-beams groan,
And a foot unknown
Is surmised on the garret-stairs,
And the locks slip unawares—

And the spider, to serve his ends,
By a sudden thread,
Arms and legs outspread,
On the table's midst descends,
Comes to find, God knows what friends!—

5

If since eve drew in, I say,
I have sate and brought
(So to speak) my thought
To bear on the woman away,
Till I felt my hair turn grey—

R

Till I seemed to have and hold
In the vacancy
'Twixt the wall and me,
From the hair-plait's chestnut gold
To the foot in its muslin fold—

7

Have and hold, then and there,
Her, from head to foot,
Breathing and mute,
Passive and yet aware,
In the grasp of my steady stare—

8

Hold and have, there and then,
All her body and soul
That completes my Whole,
All that women add to men,
In the clutch of my steady ken—

9

Having and holding, till
I imprint her fast
On the void at last
As the sun does whom he will
By the calotypist's skill—

10

Then,—if my heart's strength serve,
And through all and each
Of the veils I reach
To her soul and never swerve,
Knitting an iron nerve—

Commanding that to advance
And inform the shape
Which has made escape
And before my countenance
Answers me glance for glance—

12

I, still with a gesture fit
Of my hands that best
Do my soul's behest,
Pointing the power from it,
While myself do steadfast sit—

13

Steadfast and still the same
On my object bent
While the hands give vent
To my ardour and my aim
And break into very flame—

14

Then, I reach, I must believe,
Not her soul in vain,
For to me again
It reaches, and past retrieve
Is wound in the toils I weave—

15

And must follow as I require
As befits a thrall,
Bringing flesh and all,
Essence and earth-attire,
To the source of the tractile fire—

16

Till the house called hers, not mine,
With a growing weight
Seems to suffocate
If she break not its leaden line
And escape from its close confine—

17

Out of doors into the night!
On to the maze
Of the wild wood-ways,
Not turning to left or right
From the pathway, blind with sight—

Making thro' rain and wind
O'er the broken shrubs,
'Twixt the stems and stubs,
With a still composed strong mind,
Not a care for the world behind—

. 19

Swifter and still more swift,
As the crowding peace
Doth to joy increase
In the wide blind eyes uplift,
Thro' the darkness and the drift!

20

While I—to the shape, I too
Feel my soul dilate
Nor a whit abate
And relax not a gesture due
As I see my belief come true—

21

For there! have I drawn or no
Life to that lip?
Do my fingers dip
In a flame which again they throw
On the cheek that breaks a-glow?

22

Ha! was the hair so first?
What, unfilleted,
Made alive, and spread
Through the void with a rich outburst,
Chestnut gold-interspersed!

23

Like the doors of a casket-shrine, See, on either side, Her two arms divide Till the heart betwixt makes sign, Take me, for I am thine!

24

"Now—now"—the door is heard Hark! the stairs and near— Nearer—and here— "Now!" and at call the third She enters without a word.

On doth she march and on
To the fancied shape—
It is past escape
Herself, now—the dream is done
And the shadow and she are one.

26

First I will pray. Do Thou
That ownest the soul,
Yet wilt grant control
To another nor disallow
For a time, restrain me now!

27

I admonish me while I may,
Not to squander guilt,
Since require Thou wilt
At my hand its price one day!
What the price is, who can say?

LIII

A SERENADE AT THE VILLA

1

That was I, you heard last night
When there rose no moon at all,
Nor, to pierce the strained and tight
Tent of heaven, a planet small:
Life was dead, and so was light.

2

Not a twinkle from the fly,
Not a glimmer from the worm.
When the crickets stopped their cry,
When the owls forbore a term,
You heard music; that was I.

3

Earth turned in her sleep with pain,
Sultrily suspired for proof:
In at heaven and out again,
Lightning!—where it broke the roof,
Bloodlike, some few drops of rain.

What they could my words expressed,
O my love, my all, my one!
Singing helped the verses best,
And when singing's best was done,
To my lute I left the rest.

5

So wore night; the east was grey,
White the broad-faced hemlock flowers;
Soon would come another day;
Ere its first of heavy hours
Found me, I had past away.

ß

What became of all the hopes,
Words and song and lute as well?
Say, this struck you—"When life gropes
Feebly for the path where fell
Light last on the evening slopes,

7

"One friend in that path shall be
To secure my steps from wrong;
One to count night day for me,
Patient through the watches long,
Serving most with none to see."

R

Never say—as something bodes—
"So the worst has yet a worse!
When life halts 'neath double loads,
Better the task-master's curse
Than such music on the roads!

a

When no moon succeeds the sun,
Nor can pierce the midnight's tent
Any star, the smallest one,
While some drops, where lightning went,
Show the final storm begun—

10

When the fire-fly hides its spot,
When the garden-voices fail
In the darkness thick and hot,—
Shall another voice avail,
That shape be where those are not?

"Has some plague a longer lease Proffering its help uncouth? Can't one even die in peace? As one shuts one's eyes on youth, Is that face the last one sees?"

12

Oh, how dark your villa was,
Windows fast and obdurate!
How the garden grudged me grass.
Where I stood—the iron gate
Ground its teeth to let me pass!

LIV

MY STAR

ALL that I know

Of a certain star,
Is, it can throw
(Like the angled spar)
Now a dart of red,
Now a dart of blue,
Till my friends have said
They would fain see, too,
My star that dartles the red and the blue!
Then it stops like a bird,—like a flower, hangs furled;
They must solace themselves with the Saturn above it.
What matter to me if their star is a world?

LV

Mine has opened its soul to me; therefore I love it.

INSTANS TYRANNUS

1

OF the million or two, more or less, I rule and possess,
One man, for some cause undefined,
Was least to my mind.

I struck him, he grovelled of course—
For, what was his force?
I pinned him to earth with my weight
And persistence of hate—
And he lay, would not moan, would not curse,
As if lots might be worse.

3

"Were the object less mean, would he stand At the swing of my hand! For obscurity helps him and blots The hole where he squats." So I set my five wits on the stretch To inveigle the wretch. All in vain! gold and jewels I threw, Still he couched there perdue. I tempted his blood and his flesh, Hid in roses my mesh, Choicest cates and the flagon's best spilth—Still he kept to his filth!

4

Had he kith now or kin, were access
To his heart, if I press—
Just a son or a mother to seize—
No such booty as these!
Were it simply a friend to pursue
'Mid my million or two,
Who could pay me in person or pelf
What he owes me himself.
No! I could not but smile through my chafe—
For the fellow lay safe
As his mates do, the midge and the nit,
—Through minuteness, to wit.

5

Then a humour more great took its place At the thought of his face,
The droop, the low cares of the mouth,
The trouble uncouth
'Twixt the brows, all that air one is fain
To put out of its pain—
And, "No!" I admonished myself,
"Is one mocked by an elf,
Is one baffled by toad or by rat?
The gravamen's in that!

How the lion, who crouches to suit
His back to my foot,
Would admire that I stand in debate!
But the small is the great
If it vexes you,—that is the thing!
Toad or rat vex the king?
Though I waste half my realm to unearth
Toad or rat, 'tis well worth!"

6

So I soberly laid my last plan
To extinguish the man.
Round his creep-hole,—with never a break
Ran my fires for his sake;
Over-head, did my thunders combine
With my under-ground mine:
Till I looked from my labour content
To enjoy the event.

7

When sudden . . . how think ye, the end?
Did I say "without friend?"
Say rather, from marge to blue marge
The whole sky grew his targe
With the sun's self for visible boss,
While an Arm ran across
Which the earth heaved beneath like a breast
Where the wretch was safe prest!
Do you see? just my vengeance complete,
The man sprang to his feet,
Stood erect, caught at God's skirts and prayed!
—So, I was afraid!

LVI

A PRETTY WOMAN

1

THAT fawn-skin-dappled hair of hers,
And the blue eye
Dear and dewy,
And that infantine fresh air of hers!

2

To think men cannot take you, Sweet,
And enfold you,
Ay, and hold you,
And so keep you what they make you, Sweet!

You like us for a glance, you know—
For a word's sake,
Or a sword's sake,
All's the same, whate'er the chance, you know.

4

And in turn we make you ours, we say—You and youth too,
Eyes and mouth too,
All the face composed of flowers, we say.

5

All's our own, to make the most of, Sweet— Sing and say for, Watch and pray for, Keep a secret or go boast of, Sweet.

6

But for loving, why, you would not, Sweet,
Though we prayed you,
Paid you, brayed you
In a mortar—for you could not, Sweet.

7

So, we leave the sweet face fondly there—
Be its beauty
Its sole duty!
Let all hope of grace beyond, lie there!

R

And while the face lies quiet there,
Who shall wonder
That I ponder
A conclusion? I will try it there.

9

As,—why must one, for the love forgone,
Scout mere liking?
Thunder-striking
Earth,—the heaven, we looked above for, gone!

10

Why with beauty, needs there money be—
Love with liking?
Crush the fly-king
In his gauze, because no honey bee?

May not liking be so simple-sweet,

If love grew there
'Twould undo there
All that breaks the cheek to dimples sweet?

12

Is the creature too imperfect, say?
Would you mend it
And so end it?
Since not all addition perfects aye!

13

Or is it of its kind, perhaps,
Just perfection—
Whence, rejection
Of a grace not to its mind, perhaps?

14

Shall we burn up, tread that face at once Into tinder, And so hinder Sparks from kindling all the place at once?

15

Or else kiss away one's soul on her?
Your love-fancies!—
A sick man sees
Truer, when his hot eyes roll on her!

16

Thus the craftsman thinks to grace the rose,—
Plucks a mould-flower
For his gold flower,
Uses fine things that efface the rose.

17

Rosy rubies make its cup more rose,
Precious metals
Ape the petals,—
Last, some old king locks it up, morose!

18

Then, how grace a rose? I know a way!
Leave it rather.
Must you gather?
Smell, kiss, wear it—at last, throw away!

LVII

"CHILDE ROLAND TO THE DARK TOWER CAME"

(See Edgar's Song in "LEAR")

1

My first thought was, he lied in every word,
That hoary cripple, with malicious eye
Askance to watch the working of his lie
On mine, and mouth scarce able to afford
Suppression of the glee that pursed and scored
Its edge at one more victim gained thereby.

2

What else should he be set for, with his staff?
What, save to waylay with his lies, ensnare
All travellers that might find him posted there,
And ask the road? I guessed what skull-like laugh
Would break, what crutch 'gin write my epitaph
For pastime in the dusty thoroughfare,

3

If at his counsel I should turn aside
Into that ominous tract which, all agree,
Hides the Dark Tower. Yet acquiescingly
I did turn as he pointed; neither pride
Nor hope rekindling at the end descried,
So much as gladness that some end should be.

4

For, what with my whole world-wide wandering,
What with my search drawn out thro' years, my hope
Dwindled into a ghost not fit to cope
With that obstreperous joy success would bring,—
I hardly tried now to rebuke the spring
My heart made, finding failure in its scope.

5

As when a sick man very near to death
Seems dead indeed, and feels begin and end
The tears and takes the farewell of each friend,
And hears one bid the other go, draw breath
Freelier outside, ("since all is o'er," he saith,
"And the blow fall'n no grieving can amend")

ß

While some discuss if near the other graves
Be room enough for this, and when a day
Suits best for carrying the corpse away,
With care about the banners, scarves and staves,—
And still the man hears all, and only craves
He may not shame such tender love and stay.

7

Thus, I had so long suffered in this quest,
Heard failure prophesied so oft, been writ
So many times among "The Band"—to wit,
The knights who to the Dark Tower's search addressed
Their steps—that just to fail as they, seemed best,
And all the doubt was now—should I be fit?

R

So, quiet as despair, I turned from him,
That hateful cripple, out of his highway
Into the path he pointed. All the day
Had been a dreary one at best, and dim
Was settling to its close, yet shot one grim
Red leer to see the plain catch its estray.

9

For mark! no sooner was I fairly found
Pledged to the plain, after a pace or two,
Than pausing to throw backward a last view
To the safe road, 'twas gone! grey plain all round!
Nothing but plain to the horizon's bound.
I might go on; nought else remained to do.

10

So on I went. I think I never saw
Such starved ignoble nature; nothing throve:
For flowers—as well expect a cedar grove!
But cockle, spurge, according to their law
Might propagate their kind, with none to awe,
You'd think: a burr had been a treasure-trove.

11

No! penury, inertness, and grimace,
In some strange sort, were the land's portion.
Or shut your eyes "—said Nature peevishly—
"It nothing skills: I cannot help my case:
The Judgment's fire alone can cure this place,
Calcine its clods and set my prisoners free."

If there pushed any ragged thistle-stalk
Above its mates, the head was chopped—the bents
Were jealous else. What made those holes and rents
In the dock's harsh swarth leaves—bruised as to baulk
All hope of greenness? 'tis a brute must walk
Pushing their life out, with a brute's intents.

13

As for the grass, it grew as scant as hair
In leprosy—thin dry blades pricked the mud
Which underneath looked kneaded up with blood.
One stiff blind horse, his every bone a-stare,
Stood stupefied, however he came there—
Thrust out past service from the devil's stud!

14

Alive? he might be dead for all I know,
With that red gaunt and colloped neck a-strain,
And shut eyes underneath the rusty mane.
Seldom went such grotesqueness with such woe!
I never saw a brute I hated so—
He must be wicked to deserve such pain.

15

I shut my eyes and turned them on my heart.

As a man calls for wine before he fights,

I asked one draught of earlier, happier sights

Ere fitly I could hope to play my part.

Think first, fight afterwards—the soldier's art:

One taste of the old times sets all to rights!

16

Not it! I fancied Cuthbert's reddening face
Beneath its garniture of curly gold,
Dear fellow, till I almost felt him fold
An arm in mine to fix me to the place,
That way he used. Alas! one night's disgrace!
Out went my heart's new fire and left it cold.

17

Giles, then, the soul of honour—there he stands
Frank as ten years ago when knighted first.
What honest men should dare (he said) he durst.
Good—but the scene shifts—faugh! what hangman's hands
Pin to his breast a parchment? his own bands
Read it. Poor traitor, spit upon and curst!

Better this present than a past like that—
Back therefore to my darkening path again.
No sound, no sight as far as eye could strain.
Will the night send a howlet or a bat?
I asked: when something on the dismal flat
Came to arrest my thoughts and change their train.

19

A sudden little river crossed my path
As unexpected as a serpent comes.
No sluggish tide congenial to the glooms—
This, as it frothed by, might have been a bath
For the flend's glowing hoof—to see the wrath
Of its black eddy bespate with flakes and spumes.

20

So petty yet so spiteful! all along,
Low scrubby alders kneeled down over it;
Drenched willows flung them headlong in a fit
Of mute despair, a suicidal throng:
The river which had done them all the wrong,
Whate'er that was, rolled by, deterred no whit.

21

Which, while I forded,—good saints, how I feared To set my foot upon a dead man's cheek, Each step, or feel the spear I thrust to seek For hollows, tangled in his hair or beard!
—It may have been a water-rat I speared, But, ugh! it sounded like a baby's shriek.

22

Glad was I when I reached the other bank.

Now for a better country. Vain presage!

Who were the strugglers, what war did they wage
Whose savage trample thus could pad the dank
Soil to a plash? toads in a poisoned tank,

Or wild cats in a red-hot iron cage—

23

The fight must so have seemed in that fell cirque.

What kept them there, with all the plain to choose?

No foot-print leading to that horrid mews,

None out of it: mad brewage set to work

Their brains, no doubt, like galley-slaves the Turk

Pits for his pastime, Christians against Jews.

And more than that—a furlong on—why, there !
What bad use was that engine for, that wheel,
Or brake, not wheel—that harrow fit to reel
Men's bodies out like silk? with all the air
Of Tophet's tool, on earth left unaware,
Or brought to sharpen its rusty teeth of steel.

25

Then came a bit of stubbed ground, once a wood,
Next a marsh, it would seem, and now mere earth
Desperate and done with; (so a fool finds mirth,
Makes a thing and then mars it, till his mood
Changes and off he goes!) within a rood
Bog, clay and rubble, sand and stark black dearth.

26

Now blotches rankling, coloured gay and grim,
Now patches where some leanness of the soil's
Broke into moss or substances like boils;
Then came some palsied oak, a cleft in him
Like a distorted mouth that splits its rim
Gaping at death, and dies while it recoils.

27

And just as far as ever from the end!

Nought in the distance but the evening, nought
To point my footstep further! At the thought,
A great black bird, Apollyon's bosom-friend,
Sailed past, nor beat his wide wing dragon-penned
That brushed my cap—perchance the guide I sought.

28

For looking up, aware I somehow grew,
'Spite of the dusk, the plain had given place
All round to mountains—with such name to grace
Mere ugly heights and heaps now stol'n in view.
How thus they had surprised me,—solve it, you!
How to get from them was no plainer case.

29

Yet half I seemed to recognise some trick
Of mischief happened to me, God knows when—
In a bad dream perhaps. Here ended, then,
Progress this way. When, in the very nick
Of giving up, one time more, came a click
As when a trap shuts—you're inside the den!

Burningly it came on me all at once,
This was the place! those two hills on the right
Crouched like two bulls locked horn in horn in fight—
While to the left, a tall scalped mountain . . . Dunce,
Fool, to be dozing at the very nonce,
After a life spent training for the sight!

31

What in the midst lay but the Tower itself?
The round squat turret, blind as the fool's heart,
Built of brown stone, without a counterpart
In the whole world. The tempest's mocking elf
Points to the shipman thus the unseen shelf
He strikes on, only when the timbers start.

32

Not see? because of night perhaps?—Why, day
Came back again for that! before it left,
The dying sunset kindled through a cleft:
The hills, like giants at a hunting, lay—
Chin upon hand, to see the game at bay,—
"Now stab and end the creature—to the heft!"

33

Not hear? when noise was everywhere? it tolled Increasing like a bell. Names in my ears, Of all the lost adventurers my peers,—How such a one was strong, and such was bold, And such was fortunate, yet each of old Lost, lost! one moment knelled the woe of years.

34

There they stood, ranged along the hill-sides—met
To view the last of me, a living frame
For one more picture! in a sheet of flame
I saw them and I knew them all. And yet
Dauntless the slug-horn to my lips I set
And blew. "Childe Roland to the Dark Tower came."

LVIII

RESPECTABILITY

1

DEAR, had the world in its caprice
Deigned to proclaim "I know you both,
Have recognised your plighted troth,
Am sponsor for you—live in peace!"—
How many precious months and years
Of youth had passed, that speed so fast,
Before we found it out at last,
The world, and what it fears?

2

How much of priceless life were spent
With men that every virtue decks,
And women models of their sex,
Society's true ornament,—
Ere we dared wander, nights like this,
Thro' wind and rain, and watch the Seine,
And feel the Boulevart break again
To warmth and light and bliss?

2

I know! the world proscribes not love;
Allows my finger to caress
Your lip's contour and downiness,
Provided it supply a glove.
The world's good word!—the Institute!
Guizot receives Montalembert!
Eh? down the court three lampions flare—
Put forward your best foot!

LIX

A LIGHT WOMAN

1

So far as our story approaches the end,
Which do you pity the most of us three?

My friend, or the mistress of my friend
With her wanton eyes, or me?

My friend was already too good to lose, And seemed in the way of improvement yet, When she crossed his path with her hunting-noose And over him drew her net.

3

When I saw him tangled in her toils,
A shame, said I, if she adds just him
To her nine-and-ninety other spoils,
The hundredth, for a whim I

4

And before my friend be wholly hers,
How easy to prove to him, I said,
An eagle's the game her pride prefers,
Though she snaps at the wren instead!

5

So I gave her eyes my own eyes to take, My hand sought her as in earnest need, And round she turned for my noble sake, And gave me herself indeed.

6

The eagle am I, with my fame in the world,
The wren is he, with his maiden face.

You look away and your lip is curled?
Patience, a moment's space!

7

For see—my friend goes shaking and white; He eyes me as the basilisk: I have turned, it appears, his day to night, Eclipsing his sun's disc.

8

And I did it, he thinks, as a very thief:

"Though I love her—that he comprehends—
One should master one's passions, (love, in chief)
And be loyal to one's friends!"

ç

And she,—she lies in my hand as tame
As a pear hung basking over a wall;
Just a touch to try and off it came;
'Tis mine,—can I let it fall?

With no mind to eat it, that's the worst!

Were it thrown in the road, would the case assist?

Twas quenching a dozen blue-flies' thirst

When I gave its stalk a twist.

11

And I,—what I seem to my friend, you see— What I soon shall seem to his love, you guess. What I seem to myself, do you ask of me? No hero, I confess.

12

'Tis an awkward thing to play with souls,
And matter enough to save one's own.
Yet think of my friend, and the burning coals
He played with for bits of stone!

13

One likes to show the truth for the truth;
That the woman was light is very true:
But suppose she says,—never mind that youth—
What wrong have I done to you?

14

Well, any how, here the story stays, So far at least as I understand; And, Robert Browning, you writer of plays, Here's a subject made to your hand!

Y.Y

THE STATUE AND THE BUST

THERE'S a palace in Florence, the world knows well, And a statue watches it from the square, And this story of both do the townsmen tell.

Ages ago, a lady there, At the farthest window facing the east Asked, "Who rides by with the royal air?"

The brides-maids' prattle around her ceased; She leaned forth, one on either hand; They saw how the blush of the bride increasedThey felt by its beats her heart expand—As one at each ear and both in a breath Whispered, "The Great-Duke Ferdinand."

That selfsame instant, underneath, The Duke rode past in his idle way, Empty and fine like a swordless sheath.

Gay he rode, with a friend as gay,
Till he threw his head back—" Who is she?"
—"A bride the Riccardi brings home to-day."

Hair in heaps laid heavily
Over a pale brow spirit-pure—
Carved like the heart of the coal-black tree,

Crisped like a war-steed's encolure— Which vainly sought to dissemble her eyes Of the blackest black our eyes endure.

And lo, a blade for a knight's emprise Filled the fine empty sheath of a man,— The Duke grew straightway brave and wise.

He looked at her, as a lover can; She looked at him, as one who awakes,— The past was a sleep, and her life began.

As love so ordered for both their sakes, A feast was held that selfsame night In the pile which the mighty shadow makes.

(For Via Larga is three-parts light, But the palace overshadows one, Because of a crime which may God requite!

To Florence and God the wrong was done, Through the first republic's murder there By Cosimo and his cursed son.)

The Duke (with the statue's face in the square)
Turned in the midst of his multitude
At the bright approach of the bridal pair.

Face to face the lovers stood

A single minute and no more,

While the bridegroom bent as a man subdued—

Bowed till his bonnet brushed the floor— For the Duke on the lady a kiss conferred, As the courtly custom was of yore.

In a minute can lovers exchange a word? If a word did pass, which I do not think, Only one out of the thousand heard.

That was the bridegroom. At day's brink He and his bride were alone at last In a bed-chamber by a taper's blink.

Calmly he said that her lot was cast, That the door she had passed was shut on her Till the final catafalk repassed.

The world meanwhile, its noise and stir, Through a certain window facing the east She might watch like a convent's chronicler.

Since passing the door might lead to a feast, And a feast might lead to so much beside, He, of many evils, chose the least.

- "Freely I choose too," said the bride—
 "Your window and its world suffice."
 So replied the tongue, while the heart replied—
- "If I spend the night with that devil twice, May his window serve as my loop of hell Whence a damned soul looks on Paradise!
- "I fly to the Duke who loves me well, Sit by his side and laugh at sorrow Ere I count another ave-bell.
- "'Tis only the coat of a page to borrow, And tie my hair in a horse-boy's trim, And I save my soul—but not to-morrow"—

(She checked herself and her eye grew dim)— "My father tarries to bless my state: I must keep it one day more for him.

"Is one day more so long to wait? Moreover the Duke rides past, I know— We shall see each other, sure as fate." She turned on her side and slept. Just so! So we resolve on a thing and sleep. So did the lady, ages ago.

That night the Duke said, "Dear or cheap As the cost of this cup of bliss may prove To body or soul, I will drain it deep."

And on the morrow, bold with love, He beckened the bridegroom (close on call, As his duty bade, by the Duke's alcove)

And smiled "'Twas a very funeral Your lady will think, this feast of ours,— A shame to efface, whate'er befall!

"What if we break from the Arno bowers, And let Petraja, cool and green, Cure last night's fault with this morning's flowers?"

The bridegroom, not a thought to be seen On his steady brow and quiet mouth, Said, "Too much favour for me so mean!

"Alas! my lady leaves the south.
Each wind that comes from the Apennine
Is a menace to her tender youth.

"No way exists, the wise opine, If she quits her palace twice this year, To avert the flower of life's decline."

Quoth the Duke, "A sage and a kindly fear. Moreover Petraja is cold this spring— Be our feast to-night as usual here!"

And then to himself—" Which night shall bring Thy bride to her lover's embraces, fool— Or I am the fool, and thou art his king!

"Yet my passion must wait a night, nor cool— For to-night the Envoy arrives from France, Whose heart I unlock with thyself, my tool.

"I need thee still and might miss perchance. To-day is not wholly lost, beside, With its hope of my lady's countenance—

"For I ride—what should I do but ride? And passing her palace, if I list, May glance at its window—well betide!"

So said, so done: nor the lady missed One ray that broke from the ardent brow, Nor a curl of the lips where the spirit kissed.

Be sure that each renewed the vow, No morrow's sun should arise and set And leave them then as it left them now.

But next day passed, and next day yet, With still fresh cause to wait one more Ere each leaped over the parapet.

And still, as love's brief morning wore, With a gentle start, half smile, half sigh, They found love not as it seemed before.

They thought it would work infallibly, But not in despite of heaven and earth— The rose would blow when the storm passed by.

Meantime they could profit in winter's dearth By winter's fruits that supplant the rose: The world and its ways have a certain worth!

And to press a point while these oppose Were a simple policy—best wait, And lose no friends and gain no foes.

Meanwhile, worse fates than a lover's fate, Who daily may ride and lean and look Where his lady watches behind the grate!

And she—she watched the square like a book Holding one picture and only one, Which daily to find she undertook.

When the picture was reached the book was done, And she turned from it all night to scheme Of tearing it out for herself next sun.

Weeks grew months, years—gleam by gleam The glory dropped from youth and love, And both perceived they had dreamed a dream, Which hovered as dreams do, still above,— But who can take a dream for truth? Oh, hide our eyes from the next remove!

One day as the lady saw her youth Depart, and the silver thread that streaked Her hair, and, worn by the serpent's tooth,

The brow so puckered, the chin so peaked,—And wondered who the woman was, So hollow-eyed and haggard-cheeked,

Fronting her silent in the glass—
"Summon here," she suddenly said,
"Before the rest of my old self pass,

- "Him, the Carver, a hand to aid, Who moulds the clay no love will change, And fixes a beauty never to fade.
- "Let Robbia's craft so apt and strange Arrest the remains of young and fair, And rivet them while the seasons range.
- "Make me a face on the window there Waiting as ever, mute the while, My love to pass below in the square!
- "And let me think that it may beguile Dreary days which the dead must spend Down in their darkness under the aisle—
- "To say,—'What matters at the end? I did no more while my heart was warm, Than does that image, my pale-faced friend.'
- "Where is the use of the lip's red charm, The heaven of hair, the pride of the brow, And the blood that blues the inside arm—
- "Unless we turn, as the soul knows how, The earthly gift to an end divine? A lady of clay is as good, I trow."

But long ere Robbia's cornice, fine With flowers and fruits which leaves enlace, Was set where now is the empty shrine(With, leaning out of a bright blue space, As a ghost might from a chink of sky, The passionate pale lady's face—

Eyeing ever with earnest eye And quick-turned neck at its breathless stretch, Some one who ever passes by—)

The Duke sighed like the simplest wretch In Florence, "So, my dream escapes! Will its record stay?" And he bade them fetch

Some subtle fashioner of shapes—
"Can the soul, the will, die out of a man
Ere his body find the grave that gapes?

"John of Douay shall work my plan, Mould me on horseback here aloft, Alive—(the subtle artisan!)

"In the very square I cross so oft! That men may admire, when future suns Shall touch the eyes to a purpose soft,

"While the mouth and the brow are brave in bronze—Admire and say, 'When he was alive, How he would take his pleasure once!'

"And it shall go hard but I contrive To listen meanwhile and laugh in my tomb At indolence which aspires to strive."

So! while these wait the trump of doom, How do their spirits pass, I wonder, Nights and days in the narrow room?

Still, I suppose, they sit and ponder What a gift life was, ages ago, Six steps out of the chapel yonder.

Surely they see not God, I know, Nor all that chivalry of His, The soldier-saints who, row on row,

Burn upward each to his point of bliss— Since, the end of life being manifest, He had cut his way thro' the world to this. I hear your reproach—"But delay was best, For their end was a crime!"—Oh, a crime will do As well, I reply, to serve for a test,

As a virtue golden through and through, Sufficient to vindicate itself And prove its worth at a moment's view.

Must a game be played for the sake of pelf? Where a button goes, 'twere an epigram To offer the stamp of the very Guelph.

The true has no value beyond the sham. As well the counter as coin, I submit, When your table's a hat, and your prize, a dram.

Stake your counter as boldly every whit, Venture as truly, use the same skill, Do your best, whether winning or losing it,

If you choose to play—is my principle! Let a man contend to the uttermost. For his life's set prize, be what it will!

The counter our lovers staked was lost As surely as if it were lawful coin: And the sin I impute to each frustrate ghost

Was, the unlit lamp and the ungirt loin, Though the end in sight was a crime, I say. You of the virtue, (we issue join) How strive you? De te, fabula!

LXI

LOVE IN A LIFE

1

Room after room,
I hunt the house through
We inhabit together.
Heart, fear nothing, for, heart, thou shalt find her,
Next time, herself!—not the trouble behind her
Left in the curtain, the couch's perfume!
As she brushed it, the cornice-wreath blossomed anew,—
Yon looking-glass gleamed at the wave of her feather.

Yet the day wears,
And door succeeds door;
I try the fresh fortune—
Range the wide house from the wing to the centre.
Still the same chance! she goes out as I enter.
Spend my whole day in the quest,—who cares?
But 'tis twilight, you see,—with such suites to explore,
Such closets to search, such alcoves to importune!

LXII

LIFE IN A LOVE

ESCAPE me? Never-Beloved ! While I am I, and you are you, So long as the world contains us both, Me the loving and you the loth, While the one eludes, must the other pursue. My life is a fault at last. I fear— It seems too much like a fate, indeed! Though I do my best I shall scarce succeed— But what if I fail of my purpose here? It is but to keep the nerves at strain. To dry one's eyes and laugh at a fall. And baffled, get up to begin again,-So the chace takes up one's life, that's all. While, look but once from your farthest bound, At me so deep in the dust and dark. No sooner the old hope drops to ground Than a new one, straight to the self-same mark, I shape me— Ever Removed!

LXIII

HOW IT STRIKES A CONTEMPORARY

I only knew one poet in my life: And this, or something like it, was his way.

You saw go up and down Valladolid, A man of mark, to know next time you saw.

His very serviceable suit of black Was courtly once and conscientious still, And many might have worn it, though none did: The cloak that somewhat shone and shewed the threads . Had purpose, and the ruff, significance. He walked and tapped the pavement with his cane. Scenting the world, looking it full in face, An old dog, bald and blindish, at his heels. They turned up, now, the alley by the church, That leads no whither; now, they breathed themselves On the main promenade just at the wrong time. You'd come upon his scrutinising hat, Making a peaked shade blacker than itself Against the single window spared some house Intact yet with its mouldered Moorish work,-Or else surprise the ferrel of his stick Trying the mortar's temper 'tween the chinks Of some new shop a-building, French and fine. He stood and watched the cobbler at his trade, The man who slices lemons into drink, The coffee-roaster's brazier, and the boys That volunteer to help him turn its winch. He glanced o'er books on stalls with half an eye, And fly-leaf ballads on the vendor's string, And broad-edge bold-print posters by the wall. He took such cognisance of men and things, If any beat a horse, you felt he saw; If any cursed a woman, he took note; Yet stared at nobody,—they stared at him, And found, less to their pleasure than surprise, He seemed to know them and expect as much. So, next time that a neighbour's tongue was loosed, It marked the shameful and notorious fact, We had among us, not so much a spy, As a recording chief-inquisitor, The town's true master if the town but knew! We merely kept a governor for form, While this man walked about and took account Of all thought, said, and acted, then went home, And wrote it fully to our Lord the King Who has an itch to know things, he knows why, And reads them in his bed-room of a night. Oh, you might smile! there wanted not a touch. A tang of . . . well, it was not wholly ease As back into your mind the man's look came-Stricken in years a little,—such a brow His eyes had to live under l-clear as flint On either side the formidable nose Curved, cut, and coloured, like an eagle's claw.

Had he to do with A.'s surprising fate? When altogether old B. disappeared And young C. got his mistress,—was't our friend. His letter to the King, that did it all? What paid the bloodless man for so much pains? Our Lord the King has favourites manifold. And shifts his ministry some once a month; Our city gets new governors at whiles,-But never word or sign, that I could hear, Notified to this man about the streets The King's approval of those letters conned The last thing duly at the dead of night. Did the man love his office? frowned our Lord, Exhorting when none heard—" Beseech me not! Too far above my people,—beneath me! I set the watch,—how should the people know? Forget them, keep me all the more in mind!" Was some such understanding 'twixt the Two?

I found no truth in one report at least— That if you tracked him to his home, down lanes Beyond the Jewry, and as clean to pace, You found he ate his supper in a room Blazing with lights, four Titians on the wall, And twenty naked girls to change his plate! Poor man, he lived another kind of life In that new, stuccoed, third house by the bridge, Fresh-painted, rather smart than otherwise! The whole street might o'erlook him as he sat, Leg crossing leg, one foot on the dog's back, Playing a decent cribbage with his maid (Jacynth, you're sure her name was) o'er the cheese And fruit, three red halves of starved winter-pears. Or treat of radishes in April! nine-Ten, struck the church clock, straight to bed went he.

My father, like the man of sense he was,
Would point him out to me a dozen times;
"'St—'St," he'd whisper, "the Corregidor!"
I had been used to think that personage
Was one with lacquered breeches, lustrous belt,
And feathers like a forest in his hat,
Who blew a trumpet and proclaimed the news,
Announced the bull-fights, gave each church its turn,
And memorized the miracle in vogue!
He had a great observance from us boys—
I was in error; that was not the man.

I'd like now, yet had haply been afraid, To have just looked, when this man came to die, And seen who lined the clean gay garret's sides And stood about the neat low truckle-bed, With the heavenly manner of relieving guard. Here had been, mark, the general-in-chief, Thro' a whole campaign of the world's life and death, Doing the King's work all the dim day long, In his old coat, and up to his knees in mud, Smoked like a herring, dining on a crust,-And now the day was won, relieved at once! No further show or need for that old coat. You are sure, for one thing! Bless u, all the while How sprucely we are dressed out, you and I! A second, and the angels alter that. Well, I could never write a verse,-could you? Let's to the Prado and make the most of time.

LXIV

THE LAST RIDE TOGETHER

1

I said—Then, dearest, since 'tis so, Since now at length my fate I know, Since nothing all my love avails, Since all my life seemed meant for, fails, Since this was written and needs must be—My whole heart rises up to bless Your name in pride and thankfulness! Take back the hope you gave,—I claim Only a memory of the same,
—And this beside, if you will not blame,
Your leave for one more last ride with me.

9

My mistress bent that brow of hers,
Those deep dark eyes where pride demurs
When pity would be softening through,
Fixed me a breathing-while or two
With life or death in the balance—Right!
The blood replenished me again:
My last thought was at least not vain.
I and my mistress, side by side
Shall be together, breathe and ride,
So one day more am I deified.
Who knows but the world may end to-night?

Hush! if you saw some western cloud
All billowy-bosomed, over-bowed
By many benedictions—sun's
And moon's and evening star's at once—
And so, you, looking and loving best,
Conscious grew, your passion drew
Cloud, sunset, moonrise, star-shine too
Down on you, near and yet more near,
Till flesh must fade for heaven was here!—
Thus leant she and lingered—joy and fear!
Thus lay she a moment on my breast.

4

Then we began to ride. My soul Smoothed itself out, a long-cramped scroll Freshening and fluttering in the wind. Past hopes already lay behind.

What need to strive with a life awry?

What need to strive with a life awry?
Had I said that, had I done this,
So might I gain, so might I miss.
Might she have loved me? just as well
She might have hated,—who can tell?
Where had I been now if the worst befell?
And here we are riding, she and I.

5

Fail I alone, in words and deeds?
Why, all men strive and who succeeds?
We rode; it seemed my spirit flew,
Saw other regions, cities new,

As the world rushed by on either side.

I thought,—All labour, yet no less
Bear up beneath their unsuccess.
Look at the end of work, contrast
The petty done the undone vast,
This present of theirs with the hopeful past!

I hoped she would love me. Here we ride.

6

What hand and brain went ever paired?
What heart alike conceived and dared?
What act proved all its thought had been?
What will but felt the fleshly screen?
We ride and I see her bosom heave.
There's many a crown for who can reach.
Ten lines, a statesman's life in each!

The flag stuck on a heap of bones, A soldier's doing! what atones? They scratch his name on the Abbey-stones. My riding is better, by their leave.

7

What does it all mean, poet? well, Your brain's beat into rhythm—you tell What we felt only; you expressed You hold things beautiful the best,

And pace them in rhyme so, side by side. 'Tis something, nay 'tis much—but then, Have you yourself what's best for men? Are you—poor, sick, old ere your time—Nearer one whit your own sublime Than we who never have turned a rhyme? Sing, riding's a joy! For me, I ride.

8

And you, great sculptor—so you gave
A score of years to art, her slave,
And that's your Venus—whence we turn
To yonder girl that fords the burn!
You acquiesce and shall I repine?
What, man of music, you, grown grey
With notes and nothing else to say,
Is this your sole praise from a friend,
"Greatly his opera's strains intend,
But in music we know how fashions end!"
I gave my youth—but we ride, in fine.

Q

Who knows what's fit for us? Had fate Proposed bliss here should sublimate My being; had I signed the bond—Still one must lead some life beyond,—Have a bliss to die with, dim-descried. This foot once planted on the goal, This glory-garland round my soul, Could I descry such? Try and test! I sink back shuddering from the quest—Earth being so good, would Heaven seem best? Now, Heaven and she are beyond this ride.

10

And yet—she has not spoke so long! What if Heaven be, that, fair and strong At life's best, with our eyes upturned Whither life's flower is first discerned, We, fixed so, ever should so abide? What if we still ride on, we two, With life for ever old yet new, Changed not in kind but in degree, The instant made eternity,—
And Heaven just prove that I and she Ride, ride together, for ever ride?

LXV

THE PATRIOT

AN OLD STORY

1

It was roses, roses, all the way,
With myrtle mixed in my path like mad.
The house-roofs seemed to heave and sway,
The church-spires flamed, such flags they had,
A year ago on this very day!

2

The air broke into a mist with bells,

The old walls rocked with the crowds and cries.

Had I said, "Good folks, mere noise repels—

But give me your sun from yonder skies!"

They had answered, "And afterward, what else?"

3

Alack, it was I who leaped at the sun,
To give it my loving friends to keep.
Nought man could do, have I left undone
And you see my harvest, what I reap
This very day, now a year is run.

1

There's nobody on the house-tops now—
Just a palsied few at the windows set—
For the best of the sight is, all allow,
At the Shambles' Gate—or, better yet,
By the very scaffold's foot, I trow.

I go in the rain, and, more than needs,
A rope cuts both my wrists behind,
And I think, by the feel, my forehead bleeds,
For they fling, whoever has a mind,
Stones at me for my year's misdeeds.

6

Thus I entered Brescia, and thus I go!
In such triumphs, people have dropped down dead.
"Thou, paid by the World,—what dost thou owe
Me?" God might have questioned: but now instead
"Tis God shall requite! I am safer so.

LXVI

MASTER HUGUES OF SAXE-GOTHA

1

Hist, but a word, fair and soft!
Forth and be judged, Master Hugues!
Answer the question I've put you so oft—
What do you mean by your mountainous fugues?
See. we're alone in the loft,

2

I, the poor organist here,
Hugues, the composer of note—
Dead, though, and done with, this many a year—
Let's have a colloquy, something to quote,
Make the world prick up its ear!

3

See, the church empties a-pace.
Fast they extinguish the lights—
Hallo, there, sacristan! five minutes' grace!
Here's a crank pedal wants setting to rights,
Baulks one of holding the base.

A

See, our huge house of the sounds
Hushing its hundreds at once,
Bids the last loiterer back to his bounds
—Oh, you may challenge them, not a response
Get the church saints on their rounds!
15—N

(Saints go their rounds, who shall doubt?

—March, with the moon to admire,
Up nave, down chancel, turn transept about,
Supervise all betwixt pavement and spire,
Put rats and mice to the rout—

6

Aloys and Jurien and Just—
Order things back to their place,
Have a sharp eye lest the candlesticks rust,
Rub the church plate, darn the sacrament lace,
Clear the desk yelvet of dust.)

7

Here's your book, younger folks shelve!
Played I not off-hand and runningly,
Just now, your masterpiece, hard number twelve?
Here's what should strike,—could one handle it cunningly.
Help the axe, give it a helve!

8

Page after page as I played,
Every bar's rest where one wipes
Sweat from one's brow, I looked up and surveyed
O'er my three claviers, yon forest of pipes
Whence you still peeped in the shade.

9

Sure you were wishful to speak,
You, with brow ruled like a score,
Yes, and eyes buried in pits on each cheek,
Like two great breves as they wrote them of yore
Each side that bar, your straight beak!

10

Sure you said—"Good, the mere notes!
Still, couldst thou take my intent,
Know what procured me our Company's votes—
Masters being lauded and sciolists shent,
Parted the sheep from the goats!"

Well then, speak up, never flinch!
Quick, ere my candle's a snuff
—Burnt, do you see? to its uttermost inch
I believe in you, but that's not enough.

Give my conviction a clinch!

12

First you deliver your phrase

—Nothing propound, that I see,
Fit in itself for much blame or much praise—

Answered no less, where no answer needs be:
Off start the Two on their ways!

13

Straight must a Third interpose,
Volunteer needlessly help—
In strikes a Fourth, a Fifth thrusts in his nose,
So the cry's open, the kennel's a-yelp,
Argument's hot to the close!

14

One dissertates, he is candid—
Two must discept,—has distinguished!
Three helps the couple, if ever yet man did:
Four protests, Five makes a dart at the thing wished—
Back to One, goes the case bandied!

15

One says his say with a difference—
More of expounding, explaining!
All now is wrangle, abuse, and vociferance—
Now there's a truce, all's subdued, self-restraining—
Five, though, stands out all the stiffer hence.

16

One is incisive, corrosive—
Two retorts, nettled, curt, crepitant—
Three makes rejoinder, expansive, explosive—
Four overbears them all, strident and strepitant—
Five . . . O Danaides, O Sieve!

Now, they ply axes and crowbars— Now, they prick pins at a tissue Fine as a skein of the casuist Escobar's Worked on the bone of a lie. To what issue? Where is our gain at the Two-bars?

18

Est fuga, volvitur rota!
On we drift. Where looms the dim port?
One, Two, Three, Four, Five, contribute their quota—
Something is gained, if one caught but the import—
Show it us, Hugues of Saxe-Gotha!

19

What with affirming, denying,
Holding, risposting, subjoining,
All's like . . . it's like . . . for an instance I'm trying . . .
There! See our roof, its gilt moulding and groining
Under those spider-webs lying!

20

So your fugue broadens and thickens,
Greatens and deepens and lengthens,
Till one exclaims—" But where's music, the dickens?
Blot ye the gold, while your spider-web strengthens,
Blacked to the stoutest of tickens?"

21

I for man's effort am zealous.

Prove me such censure's unfounded!

Seems it surprising a lover grows jealous—

Hopes 'twas for something his organ-pipes sounded,

Tiring three boys at the bellows?

22

Is it your moral of Life?
Such a web, simple and subtle,
Weave we on earth herein impotent strife,
Backward and forward each throwing his shuttle,
Death ending all with a knife?

Over our heads Truth and Nature—
Still our life's zigzags and dodges,
Ins and outs weaving a new legislature—
God's gold just shining its last where that lodges,
Palled beneath Man's usurpature!

24

So we o'ershroud stars and roses,
Cherub and trophy and garland.
Nothings grow something which quietly closes
Heaven's earnest eye,—not a glimpse of the far land
Gets through our comments and glozes.

25

Ah, but traditions, inventions,
(Say we and make up a visage)
So many men with such various intentions
Down the past ages must know more than this age
Leave the web all its dimensions!

26

Who thinks Hugues wrote for the deaf?
Proved a mere mountain in labour?
Better submit—try again—what's the clef?
'Faith, it's no trifle for pipe and for tabor—
Four flats—the minor in F.

27

Friend, your fugue taxes the finger.

Learning it once, who would lose it?

Yet all the while a misgiving will linger—

Truth's golden o'er us although we refuse it—

Nature, thro' dust-clouds we fling her!

28

Hugues! I advise med pænd
(Counterpoint glares like a Gorgon)
Bid One, Two, Three, Four, Five, clear the arena t
Say the word, straight I unstop the Full-Organ,
Blare out the mode Palestrina.

29

While in the roof, if I'm right there—
... Lo, you, the wick in the socket!
Hallo, you sacristan, show us a light there!
Down it dips, gone like a rocket!

What, you want, do you, to come unawares, Sweeping the church up for first morning-prayers, And find a poor devil at end of his cares At the foot of your rotten-planked rat-riddled stairs? Do I carry the moon in my pocket?

LXVII

BISHOP BLOUGRAM'S APOLOGY

No more wine? Then we'll push back chairs and talk. A final glass for me, tho'; cool, i'faith! We ought to have our Abbey back, you see. It's different, preaching in basilicas, And doing duty in some masterpiece Like this of brother Pugin's, bless his heart! I doubt if they're half baked, those chalk rosettes, Ciphers and stucco-twiddlings everywhere; It's just like breathing in a lime-kiln: eh? These hot long ceremonies of our church Cost us a little—oh, they pay the price, You take me—amply pay it! Now, we'll talk.

So, you despise me, Mr. Gigadibs. No deprecation,-nay, I beg you, sir! Beside 'tis our engagement: don't you know, I promised, if you'd watch a dinner out, We'd see truth dawn together ?-truth that peeps Over the glass's edge when dinner's done, And body gets its sop and holds its noise And leaves soul free a little. Now's the time-'Tis break of day! You do despise me then. And if I say, "despise me,"—never fear— I know you do not in a certain sense-Not in my arm-chair for example: here, I well imagine you respect my place (Status, entourage, worldly circumstance) Quite to its value—very much indeed -Are up to the protesting eyes of you In pride at being seated here for once-You'll turn it to such capital account! When somebody, through years and years to come, Hints of the bishop,—names me—that's enough— "Blougram? I knew him"—(into it you slide) "Dined with him once, a Corpus Christi Day, All alone, we two-he's a clever man-And after dinner,—why, the wine you know,—

Oh, there was wine, and good!—what with the wine ... 'Faith, we began upon all sorts of talk!
He's no bad fellow, Blougram—he had seen
Something of mine he relished—some review—
He's quite above their humbug in his heart,
Half-said as much, indeed—the thing's his trade—
I warrant, Blougram's sceptical at times—
How otherwise? I liked him, I confess!

Che ché, my dear sir, as we say at Rome,
Don't you protest now! It's fair give and take;
You have had your turn and spoken your home-truths—
The hand's mine now, and here you follow suit.

Thus much conceded, still the first fact stays-You do despise me; your ideal of life Is not the bishop's—you would not be I— You would like better to be Goethe, now, Or Buonaparte-or, bless me, lower still, Count D'Orsay,-so you did what you preferred, Spoke as you thought, and, as you cannot help, Believed or disbelieved, no matter what, So long as on that point, whate'er it was, You loosed your mind, were whole and sole yourself. -That, my ideal never can include, Upon that element of truth and worth Never be based! for say they make me Pope (They can't-suppose it for our argument) Why, there I'm at my tether's end-I've reached My height, and not a height which pleases you. An unbelieving Pope won't do, you say. It's like those eerie stories nurses tell, Of how some actor played Death on a stage With pasteboard crown, sham orb, and tinselled dart. And called himself the monarch of the world, Then going in the tire-room afterward Because the play was done, to shift himself, Got touched upon the sleeve familiarly The moment he had shut the closet door By Death himself. Thus God might touch a Pope At unawares, ask what his baubles mean, And whose part he presumed to play just now? Best be yourself, imperial, plain and true!

So, drawing comfortable breath again, You weigh and find whatever more or less I boast of my ideal realised Is nothing in the balance when opposed To your ideal, your grand simple life, Of which you will not realise one jot. I am much, you are nothing; you would be all, I would be merely much—you beat me there.

No, friend, you do not beat me,—hearken why. The common problem, yours, mine, every one's, Is not to fancy what were fair in life Provided it could be,—but, finding first What may be, then find how to make it fair Up to our means—a very different thing! No abstract intellectual plan of life Quite irrespective of life's plainest laws, But one, a man, who is man and nothing more, May lead within a world which (by your leave) Is Rome or London—not Fool's-paradise. Embellish Rome, idealise away, Make paradise of London if you can, You're welcome, nay, you're wise.

A simile

We mortals cross the ocean of this world Each in his average cabin of a life-The best's not big, the worst yields elbow-room. Now for our six months' voyage—how prepare? You come on shipboard with a landsman's list Of things he calls convenient—so they are! An India screen is pretty furniture, A piano-forte is a fine resource, All Balzac's novels occupy one shelf, The new edition fifty volumes long; And little Greek books with the funny type They get up well at Leipsic fill the next-Go on! slabbed marble, what a bath it makes! And Parma's pride, the Jerome, let us add! 'Twere pleasant could Correggio's fleeting glow Hang full in face of one where'er one roams, Since he more than the others brings with him Italy's self,-the marvellous Modenese! Yet 'twas not on your list before, perhaps. -Alas! friend, here's the agent . . . is't the name? The captain, or whoever's master here-You see him screw his face up; what's his cry Ere you set foot on shipboard? "Six feet square!" If you won't understand what six feet mean, Compute and purchase stores accordingly-And if in pique because he overhauls Your Jerome, piano and bath, you come on board Bare—why you cut a figure at the first While sympathetic landsmen see you off; Not afterwards, when, long ere half seas o'er,

You peep up from your utterly naked boards
Into some snug and well-appointed berth
Like mine, for instance (try the cooler jug—
Put back the other, but don't jog the ice)
And mortified you mutter "Well and good—
He sits enjoying his sea-furniture—
'Tis stout and proper, and there's store of it,
Though I've the better notion, all agree,
Of fitting rooms up! hang the carpenter,
Neat ship-shape fixings and contrivances—
I would have brought my Jerome, frame and all!"
And meantime you bring nothing: never mind—
You've proved your artist-nature: what you don't,
You might bring, so despise me, as I say.

Now come, let's backward to the starting place. See my way: we're two college friends, suppose—Prepare together for our voyage, then, Each note and check the other in his work,—Here's mine, a bishop's outfit; criticise! What's wrong? why won't you be a bishop too?

Why, first, you don't believe, you don't and can't, (Not statedly, that is, and fixedly And absolutely and exclusively)
In any revelation called divine.
No dogmas nail your faith—and what remains
But say so, like the honest man you are?
First, therefore, overhaul theology!
Nay, I too, not a fool, you please to think,
Must find believing every whit as hard,
And if I do not frankly say as much,
The ugly consequence is clear enough.

Now, wait, my friend: well, I do not believe—
If you'll accept no faith that is not fixed,
Absolute and exclusive, as you say.
(You're wrong—I mean to prove it in due time)
Meanwhile, I know where difficulties lie
I could not, cannot solve, nor ever shall,
So give up hope accordingly to solve—
(To you, and over the wine). Our dogmas then
With both of us, tho' in unlike degree,
Missing full credence—overboard with them!
I mean to meet you on your own premise—
Good, there go mine in company with yours!

And now what are we? unbelievers both, Calm and complete, determinately fixed

To-day, to-morrow, and for ever, pray? You'll guarantee me that? Not so, I think. In no-wise! all we've gained is, that belief. As unbelief before, shakes us by fits, Confounds us like its predecessor. The gain? how can we guard our unbelief. Make it bear fruit to us ?-- the problem here. Just when we are safest, there's a sunset-touch, A fancy from a flower-bell, some one's death, A chorus-ending from Euripides,-And that's enough for fifty hopes and fears As old and new at once as Nature's self. To rap and knock and enter in our soul, Take hands and dance there, a fantastic ring, Round the ancient idol, on his base again. The grand Perhaps! we look on helplessly,-There the old misgivings, crooked questions are-This good God,-what he could do, if he would, Would, if he could—then must have done long since: If so, when, where, and how? some way must be,-Once feel about, and soon or late you hit Some sense, in which it might be, after all. Why not, "The Way, the Truth, the Life?"

—That way

Over the mountain, which who stands upon
Is apt to doubt if it's indeed a road;
While if he views it from the waste itself,
Up goes the line there, plain from base to brow,
Not vague, mistakeable! what's a break or two
Seen from the unbroken desert either side?
And then (to bring in fresh philosophy)
What if the breaks themselves should prove at last
The most consummate of contrivances
To train a man's eye, teach him what is faith,—
And so we stumble at truth's very test?
What have we gained then by our unbelief
But a life of doubt diversified by faith,
For one of faith diversified by doubt?
We called the chess-board white,—we call it black.

"Well," you rejoin, "the end's no worse, at least, We've reason for both colours on the board. Why not confess, then, where I drop the faith And you the doubt, that I'm as right as you?"

Because, friend, in the next place, this being so, And both things even,—faith and unbelief Left to a man's choice,—we'll proceed a step, Returning to our image, which I like.

A man's choice, yes-but a cabin-passenger's-The man made for the special life of the world-Do you forget him? I remember though! Consult our ship's conditions and you find One and but one choice suitable to all. The choice that you unluckily prefer Turning things topsy-turvy-they or it Going to the ground. Belief or unbelief Bears upon life, determines its whole course, Begins at its beginning. See the world Such as it is, - you made it not, nor I: I mean to take it as it is,—and you Not so you'll take it,—though you get nought else. I know the special kind of life I like, What suits the most my idiosyncrasy, Brings out the best of me and bears me fruit In power, peace, pleasantness, and length of days. I find that positive belief does this For me, and unbelief, no whit of this. -For you, it does, however-that we'll try ! 'Tis clear, I cannot lead my life, at least Induce the world to let me peaceably, Without declaring at the outset, "Friends, I absolutely and peremptorily Believe!"-I say faith is my waking life. One sleeps, indeed, and dreams at intervals, We know, but waking's the main point with us, And my provision's for life's waking part. Accordingly, I use heart, head and hands All day, I build, scheme, study and make friends; And when night overtakes me, down I lie, Sleep, dream a little, and get done with it, The sooner the better, to begin afresh. What's midnight's doubt before the dayspring's faith? You, the philosopher, that disbelieve, That recognise the night, give dreams their weight-To be consistent you should keep your bed, Abstain from healthy acts that prove you a man, For fear you drowse perhaps at unawares ! And certainly at night you'll sleep and dream, Live through the day and bustle as you please. And so you live to sleep as I to wake. To unbelieve as I to still believe? Well, and the common sense of the world calls you Bed-ridden,—and its good things come to me. Its estimation, which is half the fight,

That's the first cabin-comfort I secure—
The next . . . but you perceive with half an eye!
Come, come, it's best believing, if we can—
You can't but own that.

Next, concede again-If once we choose belief, on all accounts We can't be too decisive in our faith. Conclusive and exclusive in its terms. To suit the world which gives us the good things. In every man's career are certain points Whereon he dares not be indifferent; The world detects him clearly, if he is, As baffled at the game, and losing life. He may care little or he may care much For riches, honour, pleasure, work, repose, Since various theories of life and life's Success are extant which might easily Comport with either estimate of these, And whose chooses wealth or poverty, Labour or quiet, is not judged a fool Because his fellows would choose otherwise. We let him choose upon his own account So long as he's consistent with his choice. But certain points, left wholly to himself, When once a man has arbitrated on, We say he must succeed there or go hang. Thus, he should wed the woman he loves most Or needs most, whatsoe'er the love or need-For he can't wed twice. Then, he must avouch Or follow, at the least, sufficiently, The form of faith his conscience holds the best, Whate'er the process of conviction was. For nothing can compensate his mistake On such a point, the man himself being judge— He cannot wed twice, nor twice lose his soul.

Well now—there's one great form of Christian faith I happened to be born in—which to teach Was given me as I grew up, on all hands, As best and readiest means of living by; The same on examination being proved The most pronounced moreover, fixed, precise And absolute form of faith in the whole world—Accordingly, most potent of all forms For working on the world. Observe, my friend, Such as you know me, I am free to say, In these hard latter days which hamper one, Myself, by no immoderate exercise

Of intellect and learning, and the tact To let external forces work for me, Bid the street's stones be bread and they are bread, Bid Peter's creed, or, rather Hildebrand's, Exalt me o'er my fellows in the world And make my life an ease and joy and pride, It does so,—which for me's a great point gained, Who have a soul and body that exact A comfortable care in many ways. There's power in me and will to dominate Which I must exercise, they hurt me else: In many ways I need mankind's respect, Obedience, and the love that's born of fear: While at the same time, there's a taste I have, A toy of soul, a titiliating thing, Refuses to digest these dainties crude. The naked life is gross till clothed upon: I must take what men offer, with a grace As though I would not, could I help it, take ! A uniform to wear though over-rich— Something imposed on me, no choice of mine: No fancy-dress worn for pure fashion's sake And despicable therefore! now men kneel And kiss my hand—of course the Church's hand. Thus I am made, thus life is best for me, And thus that it should be I have procured; And thus it could not be another way, I venture to imagine.

You'll reply—
So far my choice, no doubt, is a success;
But were I made of better elements,
With nobler instincts, purer tastes, like you,
I hardly would account the thing success
Though it do all for me I say.

But, friend,
We speak of what is—not of what might be,
And how 'twere better if 'twere otherwise.
I am the man you see here plain enough—
Grant I'm a beast, why beasts must lead beasts' lives!
Suppose I own at once to tail and claws—
The tailless man exceeds me; but being tailed
I'll lash out lion-fashion, and leave apes
To dock their stump and dress their haunches up.
My business is not to remake myself,
But make the absolute best of what God made.
Or—our first simile—though you proved me doomed
To a viler berth still, to the steerage-hole,

The sheep-pen or the pig-stye, I should strive To make what use of each were possible; And as this cabin gets upholstery, That hutch should rustle with sufficient straw.

But, friend, I don't acknowledge quite so fast I fail of all your manhood's lofty tastes Enumerated so complacently. On the mere ground that you forsooth can find In this particular life I choose to lead No fit provision for them. Can you not? Say you, my fault is I address myself To grosser estimators than I need. And that's no way of holding up the soul-Which, nobler, needs men's praise perhaps, yet knows One wise man's verdict outweighs all the fools',-Would like the two, but, forced to choose, takes that? I pine among my million imbeciles (You think) aware some dozen men of sense Eye me and know me, whether I believe In the last winking Virgin, as I yow, And am a fool, or disbelieve in her And am a knave,—approve in neither case, Withhold their voices though I look their way: Like Verdi when, at his worst opera's end (The thing they gave at Florence,—what's its name?) While the mad houseful's plaudits near out-bang His orchestra of salt-box, tongs and bones, He looks through all the roaring and the wreaths Where sits Rossini patient in his stall.

Nay, friend, I meet you with an answer here-For even your prime men who appraise their kind Are men still, catch a thing within a thing, See more in a truth than the truth's simple self, Confuse themselves. You see lads walk the street Sixty the minute; what's to note in that? You see one lad o'erstride a chimney-stack; Him you must watch—he's sure to fall, yet stands ! Our interest's on the dangerous edge of things. The honest thief, the tender murderer. The superstitious atheist, demireps That love and save their souls in new French books-We watch while these in equilibrium keep The giddy line midway: one step aside, They're classed and done with. I, then, keep the line Before your sages,—just the men to shrink From the gross weights, coarse scales, and labels broad You offer their refinement. Fool or knave?

Why needs a bishop be a fool or knave
When there's a thousand diamond weights between?
So I enlist them. Your picked twelve, you'll find,
Profess themselves indignant, scandalised
At thus being held unable to explain
Now a superior man who disbelieves
May not believe as well: that's Schelling's way!
It's through my coming in the tail of time,
Nicking the minute with a happy tact.
Had I been born three hundred years ago
They'd say, "What's strange? Blougram of course
believes;"

And, seventy years since, "disbelieves of course." But now, "He may believe; and yet, and yet How can he?"—All eyes turn with interest. Whereas, step off the line on either side-You, for example, clever to a fault, The rough and ready man that write apace, Read somewhat seldomer, think perhaps even less-You disbelieve! Who wonders and who cares? Lord So-and-So-his coat bedropt with wax. All Peter's chains about his waist, his back Brave with the needlework of Noodledom. Believes! Again, who wonders and who cares? But I, the man of sense and learning too, The able to think yet act, the this. the that. I, to believe at this late time of day! Enough: you see. I need not fear contempt.

-Except it's yours! admire me as these may. You don't. But what at least do you admire? Present your own perfections, your ideal, Your pattern man for a minute—oh, make haste! Is it Napoleon you would have us grow? Concede the means; allow his head and hand, (A large concession, clever as you are) Good !-In our common primal element Of unbelief (we can't believe, you know-We're still at that admission, recollect) Where do you find-apart from, towering-o'er The secondary temporary aims Which satisfy the gross tastes you despise-Where do you find his star ?—his crazy trust God knows through what or in what? it's alive And shines and leads him and that's all we want. Have we ought in our sober night shall point Such ends as his were, and direct the means Of working out our purpose straight as his, Nor bring a moment's trouble on success

With after-care to justify the same? —Be a Napoleon and yet disbelieve! Why, the man's mad, friend, take his light away. What's the vague good of the world for which you'd dare With comfort to yourself blow millions up? We neither of us see it! we do see The blown-up millions—spatter of their brains And writhing of their bowels and so forth, In that bewildering entanglement Of horrible eventualities Past calculation to the end of time! Can I mistake for some clear word of God (Which were my ample warrant for it all) His puff of hazy instincts, idle talk, "The state, that's I," quack-nonsense about kings, And (when one beats the man to his last hold) The vague idea of setting things to rights, Policing people efficaciously, More to their profit, most of all to his own; The whole to end that dismallest of ends By an Austrian marriage, cant to us the church. And resurrection of the old régime. Would I, who hope to live a dozen years, Fight Austerlitz for reasons such and such? No: for, concede me but the merest chance Doubt may be wrong—there's judgment, life to come! With just that chance, I dare not. Doubt proves right? This present life is all? you offer me Its dozen noisy years with not a chance That wedding an archduchess, wearing lace, And getting called by divers new-coined names, Will drive off ugly thoughts and let me dine, Sleep, read and chat in quiet as I like! Therefore, I will not.

Take another case;
Fit up the cabin yet another way.
What say you to the poet's? shall we write
Hamlets, Othellos—make the world our own,
Without a risk to run of either sort?
I can't!—to put the strongest reason first.
"But try," you urge, "the trying shall suffice:
The aim, if reached or not, makes great the life.
Try to be Shakspeare, leave the rest to fate!"
Spare my self-knowledge—there's no fooling me!
If I prefer remaining my poor self,
I say so not in self-dispraise but praise.
If I'm a Shakspeare, let the well alone—
Why should I try to be what now I am?
If I'm no Shakspeare, as too probable,—

His power and consciousness and self-delight And all we want in common, shall I find-Trying for ever? while on points of taste Wherewith, to speak it humbly, he and I Are dowered alike-I'll ask you, I or he, Which in our two lives realises most? Much, he imagined—somewhat, I possess. He had the imagination; stick to that! Let him say " In the face of my soul's works Your world is worthless and I touch it not Lest I should wrong them "-I withdraw my plea. But does he say so ? look upon his life! Himself, who only can, gives judgment there. He leaves his towers and gorgeous palaces To build the trimmest house in Stratford town: Saves money, spends it, owns the worth of things, Giulio Romano's pictures, Dowland's lute; Enjoys a show, respects the puppets, too, And none more, had he seen its entry once, Than "Pandulph, of fair Milan cardinal." Why then should I who play that personage, The very Pandulph Shakspeare's fancy made, Be told that had the poet chanced to start From where I stand now (some degree like mine Being just the goal he ran his race to reach) He would have run the whole race back, forsooth And left being Pandulph, to begin write plays? Ah, the earth's best can be but the earth's best ! Did Shakspeare live, he could but sit at home And get himself in dreams the Vatican, Greek busts, Venetian paintings, Roman walls, And English books, none equal to his own, Which I read, bound in gold, (he never did). —Terni and Naples' bay and Gothard's top— Eh, friend? I could not fancy one of these-But, as I pour this claret, there they are-I've gained them—crossed St. Gothard last July With ten mules to the carriage and a bed Slung inside; is my hap the worse for that? We want the same things, Shakspeare and myself. And what I want, I have: he, gifted more, Could fancy he too had it when he liked, But not so thoroughly that if fate allowed He would not have it also in my sense. We play one game. I send the ball aloft No less adroitly that of fifty strokes Scarce five go o'er the wall so wide and high Which sends them back to me: I wish and get. He struck balls higher and with better skill,

But at a poor fence level with his head, And hit—his Stratford house, a coat of arms, Successful dealings in his grain and wool,— While I receive heaven's incense in my nose And style myself the cousin of Queen Bess. Ask him, if this life's all, who wins the game?

Believe—and our whole argument breaks up. Enthusiasm's the best thing, I repeat; Only, we can't command it; fire and life Are all, dead matter's nothing, we agree: And be it a mad dream or God's very breath. The fact's the same,—belief's fire once in us, Makes of all else mere stuff to show itself. We penetrate our life with such a glow As fire lends wood and iron—this turns steel, That burns to ash—all's one, fire proves its power For good or ill, since men call flare success. But paint a fire, it will not therefore burn. Light one in me, I'll find it food enough! Why, to be Luther—that's a life to lead, Incomparably better than my own. He comes, reclaims God's earth for God, he says, Sets up God's rule again by simple means. Re-opens a shut book, and all is done. He flared out in the flaring of mankind: Such Luther's luck was—how shall such be mine? If he succeeded, nothing's left to do: And if he did not altogether-well, Strauss is the next advance. All Strauss should be I might be also. But to what result? He looks upon no future: Luther did. What can I gain on the denying side? Ice makes no conflagration. State the facts, Read the text right, emancipate the world— The emancipated world enjoys itself With scarce a thank-you—Blougram told it first It could not owe a farthing,—not to him More than St. Paul! 'twould press its pay, you think? Then add there's still that plaguey hundredth chance Strauss may be wrong. And so a risk is run— For what gain? not for Luther's, who secured A real heaven in his heart throughout his life. Supposing death a little altered things!

"Ay, but since really I lack faith," you cry,
"I run the same risk really on all sides,
In cool indifference as bold unbelief.
As well be Strauss as swing 'twixt Paul and him.

It's not worth having, such imperfect faith, Nor more available to do faith's work Than unbelief like yours. Whole faith, or none!"

Softly, my friend! I must dispute that point. Once own the use of faith, I'll find you faith. We're back on Christian ground. You call for faith; I show you doubt, to prove that faith exists. The more of doubt, the stronger faith, I say, If faith o'ercomes doubt. How I know it does? By life and man's free will, God gave for that! To mould life as we choose it, shows our choice: That's our one act, the previous work's His own. You criticise the soil? it reared this tree— This broad life and whatever fruit it bears! What matter though I doubt at every pore, Head-doubts, heart-doubts, doubts at my fingers' ends, Doubts in the trivial work of every day, Doubts at the very bases of my soul In the grand moments when she probes herself-If finally I have a life to show, The thing I did, brought out in evidence Against the thing done to me underground By Hell and all its brood, for ought I know? I say, whence sprang this? shows it faith or doubt? All's doubt in me; where's break of faith in this? It is the idea, the feeling and the love God means mankind should strive for and show forth, Whatever be the process to that end,— And not historic knowledge, logic sound, And metaphysical acumen, sure! "What think ye of Christ," friend? when all's done and said. You like this Christianity or not? It may be false, but will you wish it true? Has it your vote to be so if it can? Trust you an instinct silenced long ago That will break silence and enjoin you love What mortified philosophy is hoarse, And all in vain, with bidding you despise? If you desire faith—then you've faith enough. What else seeks God-nay, what else seek ourselves? You form a notion of me, we'll suppose, On hearsay; it's a favourable one: "But still" (you add), "there was no such good man, Because of contradictions in the facts. One proves, for instance, he was born in Rome, This Blougram—yet throughout the tales of him I see he figures as an Englishman."

Well, the two things are reconcileable. But would I rather you discovered that Subjoining—"Still, what matter though they be? Blougram—concerns me nought, born here or there."

Pure faith indeed—you know not what you ask! Naked belief in God the Omnipotent, Omniscient, Omnipresent, sears too much The sense of conscious creatures to be borne. It were the seeing him, no flesh shall dare. Some think, Creation's meant to show him forth: I say, it's meant to hide him all it can, And that's what all the blessed evil's for. Its use in time is to environ us. Our breath, our drop of dew, with shield enough Against that sight till we can bear its stress. Under a vertical sun, the exposed brain And lidless eye and disemprisoned heart Less certainly would wither up at once Than mind, confronted with the truth of Him. But time and earth case-harden us to live: The feeblest sense is trusted most; the child Feels God a moment, ichors o'er the place, Plays on and grows to be a man like us. With me, faith means perpetual unbelief Kept quiet like the snake 'neath Michael's foot Who stands calm just because he feels it writhe. Or, if that's too ambitious,—here's my box— I need the excitation of a pinch Threatening the torpor of the inside-nose Nigh on the imminent sneeze that never comes. "Leave it in peace" advise the simple folk-Make it aware of peace by itching-fits, Say I-let doubt occasion still more faith!

You'll say, once all believed, man, woman, child, In that dear middle-age these noodles praise. How you'd exult if I could put you back Six hundred years, blot out cosmogony, Geology, ethnology, what not, (Greek endings with the little passing-bell That signifies some faith's about to die) And set you square with Genesis again,—When such a traveller told you his last news, He saw the ark a-top of Ararat But did not climb there since 'twas getting dusk And robber-bands infest the mountain's foot! How should you feel, I ask, in such an age, How act? As other people felt and did;

With soul more blank than this decanter's knob, Believe—and yet lie, kill, rob, fornicate Full in belief's face, like the beast you'd be!

No, when the fight begins within himself. A man's worth something. God stoops o'er his head, Satan looks up between his feet-both tug-He's left, himself, in the middle: the soul wakes And grows. Prolong that battle through his life! Never leave growing till the life to come! Here, we've got callous to the Virgin's winks That used to puzzle people wholesomely-Men have outgrown the shame of being fools. What are the laws of Nature, not to bend If the Church bid them, brother Newman asks. Up with the Immaculate Conception, then-On to the rack with faith—is my advice! Will not that hurry us upon our knees Knocking our breasts, "It can't be-yet it shall Who am I, the worm, to argue with my Pope? Low things confound the high things!" and so forth. That's better than acquitting God with grace As some folks do. He's tried-no case is proved, Philosophy is lenient—He may go!

You'll say—the old system's not so obsolete But men believe still: ay, but who and where? King Bomba's lazzaroni foster yet The sacred flame, so Antonelli writes; But even of these, what ragamuffin-saint Believes God watches him continually, As he believes in fire that it will burn, Or rain that it will drench him? Break fire's law, Sin against rain, although the penalty Be just singe or soaking? No, he smiles; Those laws are laws that can enforce themselves.

The sum of all is—yes, my doubt is great,
My faith's the greater—then my faith's enough.
I have read much, thought much, experienced much,
Yet would die rather than avow my fear
The Naples' liquefaction may be false,
When set to happen by the palace-clock
According to the clouds or dinner-time.
I hear you recommend, I might at least
Eliminate, decrassify my faith
Since I adopt it; keeping what I must
And leaving what I can—such points as this I
I won't—that is, I can't throw one away.

Supposing there's no truth in what I said About the need of trials to man's faith, Still, when you bid me purify the same, To such a process I discern no end, Clearing off one excrescence to see two; There's ever a next in size, now grown as big, That meets the knife—I cut and cut again! First cut the Liquefaction, what comes last But Fichte's clever cut at God himself? Experimentalize on sacred things? I trust nor hand nor eye nor heart nor brain To stop betimes: they all get drunk alike. The first step, I am master not to take.

You'd find the cutting-process to your taste As much as leaving growths of lies unpruned, Nor see more danger in it, you retort.
Your taste's worth mine; but my taste proves more wise When we consider that the steadfast hold On the extreme end of the chain of faith. Gives all the advantage, makes the difference, With the rough purblind mass we seek to rule. We are their lords, or they are free of us Just as we tighten or relax that hold. So, other matters equal, we'll revert To the first problem—which if solved my way And thrown into the balance turns the scale—How we may lead a comfortable life, How suit our luggage to the cabin's size.

Of course you are remarking all this time How narrowly and grossly I view life. Respect the creature-comforts, care to rule The masses, and regard complacently "The cabin," in our old phrase! Well, I do. I act for, talk for, live for this world now, As this world calls for action, life and talk-No prejudice to what next world may prove Whose new laws and requirements my best pledge To observe then, is that I observe these now. Doing hereafter what I do meanwhile. Let us concede (gratuitously though) Next life relieves the soul of body, yields Pure spiritual enjoyments: well, my friend. Why lose this life in the meantime, since its use May be to make the next life more intense?

Do you know, I have often had a dream (Work it up in your next month's article) Of man's poor spirit in its progress still Losing true life for ever and a day Through ever trying to be and ever being In the evolution of successive spheres, Before its actual sphere and place of life, Halfway into the next, which having reached. It shoots with corresponding foolerv Halfway into the next still, on and off! As when a traveller, bound from north to south. Scouts fur in Russia—what's its use in France? In France spurns flannel—where's it's need in Spain? In Spain drops cloth—too cumbrous for Algiers? Linen goes next, and last the skin itself, A superfluity at Timbuctoo. When, through his journey, was the fool at ease? I'm at ease now, friend-worldly in this world I take and like its way of life; I think My brothers who administer the means Live better for my comfort—that's good too: And God, if he pronounce upon it all, Approves my service, which is better still. If He keeps silence,—why for you or me Or that brute-beast pulled-up in to-day's "Times," What odds is't, save to ourselves, what life we lead?

You meet me at this issue—you declare, All special pleading done with, truth is truth, And justifies itself by undreamed ways. You don't fear but it's better, if we doubt, To say so, acting up to our truth perceived However feebly. Do then, -act away! 'Tis there I'm on the watch for you! How one acts Is, both of us agree, our chief concern: And how you'll act is what I fain would see If, like the candid person you appear, You dare to make the most of your life's scheme As I of mine, live up to its full law Since there's no higher law that counterchecks. Put natural religion to the test You've just demolished the revealed with-quick, Down to the root of all that checks your will, All prohibition to lie, kill, and thieve Or even to be an atheistic priest! Suppose a pricking to incontinence— Philosophers deduce you chastity Or shame, from just the fact that at the first Whose embraced a woman in the plain, Threw club down, and forewent his brains beside, So stood a ready victim in the reach

Of any brother-savage club in hand—
Hence saw the use of going out of sight
In wood or cave to prosecute his loves—
I read this in a French book t'other day.
Does law so analyzed coerce you much?
Oh, men spin clouds of fuzz where matters end,
But you who reach where the first thread begins,
You'll soon cut that!—which means you can, but
won't

Through certain instincts, blind, unreasoned-out, You dare not set aside, you can't tell why, But there they are, and so you let them rule. Then, friend, you seem as much a slave as I, A liar, conscious coward and hypocrite, Without the good the slave expects to get, Suppose he has a master after all! You own your instincts—why what else do I, Who want, am made for, and must have a God Ere I can be ought, do ought?—no mere name Want, but the true thing with what proves its truth, To wit, a relation from that thing to me, Touching from head to foot—which touch I feel, And with it take the rest, this life of ours! I live my life here; yours you dare not live.

Not as I state it, who (you please subjoin) Disfigure such a life and call it names, While, in your mind, remains another way For simple men: knowledge and power have rights. But ignorance and weakness have rights too. There needs no crucial effort to find truth If here or there or anywhere about-We ought to turn each side, try hard and see, And if we can't, be glad we've earned at least The right, by one laborious proof the more, To graze in peace earth's pleasant pasturage. Men are not gods, but, properly, are brutes. Something we may see, all we cannot see-What need of lying? I say, I see all, And swear to each detail the most minute In what I think a man's face—you, mere cloud: I swear I hear him speak and see him wink, For fear, if once I drop the emphasis, Mankind may doubt if there's a cloud at all. You take the simpler life—ready to see, Willing to see—for no cloud's worth a face— And leaving quiet what no strength can move, And which, who bids you move? who has the right?

"I bid you; but you are God's sheep, not mine-" Pastor est tui Dominus." You find In these the pleasant pastures of this life Much you may eat without the least offence. Much you don't eat because your maw objects, . Much you would eat but that your fellow-flock Open great eyes at you and even butt, And thereupon you like your friends so much You cannot please yourself, offending them-Though when they seem exorbitantly sheep, You weigh your pleasure with their butts and kicks And strike the balance. Sometimes certain fears Restrain you—real checks since you find them so— Sometimes you please yourself and nothing checks: And thus you graze through life with not one lie, And like it best.

But do you, in truth's name? If so, you beat—which means—you are not I— Who needs must make earth mine and feed my fill Not simply unbutted at, unbickered with, But motioned to the velvet of the sward By those obsequious wethers' very selves. Look at me, sir; my age is double yours. At yours, I knew beforehand, so enjoyed, What now I should be—as, permit the word, I pretty well imagine your whole range And stretch of tether twenty years to come. We both have minds and bodies much alike. In truth's name, don't you want my bishopric, My daily bread, my influence and my state? You're young, I'm old, you must be old one day s Will you find then, as I do hour by hour, Women their lovers kneel to, that cut curls From your fat lap-dog's ears to grace a brooch— Dukes, that petition just to kiss your ring-With much beside you know or may conceive? Suppose we die to-night: well, here am I, Such were my gains, life bore this fruit to me, While writing all the same my articles On music, poetry, the fictile vase Found at Albano, or Anacreon's Greek, But you—the highest honour in your life, The thing you'll crown yourself with, all your days. Is—dining here and drinking this last glass I pour you out in sign of amity Before we part for ever. Of your power And social influence, worldly worth in short. Judge what's my estimation by the fact-

I do not condescend to enjoin, beseech, Hint secresy on one of all these words! You're shrewd and know that should you pub The world would brand the lie-my enemies "Who'd sneer-the bishop's an arch-hypocri And knave perhaps, but not so frank a fool." Whereas I should not dare for both my ears Breathe one such syllable, smile one such smile Before my chaplain who reflects myself-My shade's so much more potent than your fi What's your reward, self-abnegating friend? Stood you confessed of those exceptional And privileged great natures that dwarf mine A zealot with a mad ideal in reach, A poet just about to print his ode, A statesman with a scheme to stop this war, An artist whose religion in his art, I should have nothing to object! such men Carry the fire, all things grow warm to them, Their drugget's worth my purple, they beat n But you, -you're just as little those as I-You, Gigadibs, who, thirty years of age, Write statedly for Blackwood's Magazine. Believe you see two points in Hamlet's soul Unseized by the Germans yet-which vie print-Meantime the best you have to show being st That lively lightsome article we took Almost for the true Dickens,—what's the nam "The Slum and Cellar-or Whitechapel life Limned after dark!" it made me laugh, I kn And pleased a month and brought you in ten -Success I recognise and compliment, And therefore give you, if you please, three w (The card and pencil-scratch is quite enough) Which whether here, in Dublin, or New York, Will get you, prompt as at my eyebrow's wind Such terms as never you aspired to get In all our own reviews and some not ours. Go write your lively sketches—be the first "Blougram, or The Eccentric Confidence"-Or better simply say, "The Outward-bound." Why, men as soon would throw it in my teeth As copy and quote the infamy chalked broad About me on the church-door opposite. You will not wait for that experience though, I fancy, howsoever you decide, To discontinue—not detesting, not

Defaming, but at least—despising me!

Over his wine so smiled and talked his hour Sylvester Blougram, styled in partibus Episcopus, nec non—(the deuce knows what It's changed to by our novel hierarchy) With Gigadibs the literary man, Who played with spoons, explored his plate's design, And ranged the olive stones about its edge, While the great bishop rolled him out his mind.

For Blougram, he believed, say, half he spoke. The other portion, as he shaped it thus For argumentatory purposes, He felt his foe was foolish to dispute. Some arbitrary accidental thoughts That crossed his mind, amusing because new. He chose to represent as fixtures there, Invariable convictions (such they seemed Beside his interlocutor's loose cares Flung daily down, and not the same way twice) While certain hell-deep instincts, man's weak tongue Is never bold to utter in their truth Because styled hell-deep ('tis an old mistake To place hell at the bottom of the earth) He ignored these,—not having in readiness Their nomenclature and philosophy: He said true things, but called them by wrong names. "On the whole," he thought, "I justify myself On every point where cavillers like this Oppugn my life: he tries one kind of fence-I close—he's worsted, that's enough for him; He's on the ground! if the ground should break away I take my stand on, there's a firmer yet Beneath it, both of us may sink and reach. His ground was over mine and broke the first. So let him sit with me this many a year!"

He did not sit five minutes. Just a week Sufficed his sudden healthy vehemence. (Something had struck him in the "Outward-bound" Another way than Blougram's purpose was) And having bought, not cabin-furniture But settler's-implements (enough for three) And started for Australia—there, I hope, By this time he has tested his first plough, And studied his last chapter of St. John.

LXVIII

MEMORABILIA

1

An, did you once see Shelley plain, And did he stop and speak to you? And did you speak to him again? How strange it seems, and new!

2

But you were living before that,
And you are living after,
And the memory I started at—
My starting moves your laughter!

3

I crossed a moor with a name of its own And a use in the world no doubt, Yet a hand's-breadth of it shines alone 'Mid the blank miles round about—

4

For there I picked up on the heather And there I put inside my breast A moulted feather, an eagle-feather— Well, I forget the rest.

LXIX

ANDREA DEL SARTO

(CALLED THE "FAULTLESS PAINTER")

But do not let us quarrel any more, No, my Lucrezia; bear with me for once: Sit down and all shall happen as you wish. You turn your face, but does it bring your heart? I'll work then for your friend's friend, never fear, Treat his own subject after his own way, Fix his own time, accept too his own price, And shut the money into this small hand When next it takes mine. Will it? tenderly? Oh, I'll content him,-but to-morrow. Love! I often am much wearier than you think, This evening more than usual, and it seems As if-forgive now-should you let me sit Here by the window with your hand in mine And look a half hour forth on Fiesole. Both of one mind, as married people use. Ouietly, quietly, the evening through. I might get up to-morrow to my work Cheerful and fresh as ever. Let us try. To-morrow how you shall be glad for this! Your soft hand is a woman of itself. And mine the man's bared breast she curls inside. Don't count the time lost, either; you must serve For each of the five pictures we require-It saves a model. So! keep looking so-My serpentining beauty, rounds on rounds! -How could you ever prick those perfect ears, Even to put the pearl there! oh, so sweet-My face, my moon, my everybody's moon, Which everybody looks on and calls his, And, I suppose, is looked on by in turn, While she looks-no one's: very dear, no less! You smile? why, there's my picture ready made. There's what we painters call our harmony! A common greyness silvers everything,-All in a twilight, you and I alike -You, at the point of your first pride in me (That's gone you know), -but I, at every point: My youth, my hope, my art, being all toned down To yonder sober pleasant Fiesole. There's the bell clinking from the chapel-top; That length of convent-wall across the way Holds the trees safer, huddled more inside; The last monk leaves the garden; days decrease And autumn grows, autumn in everything. Eh? the whole seems to fall into a shape As if I saw alike my work and self And all that I was born to be and do. A twilight-piece. Love, we are in God's hand. How strange now, looks the life He makes us lead ! So free we seem, so fettered fast we are: I feel he laid the fetter: let it lie! This chamber for example—turn your head— All that's behind us! you don't understand Nor care to understand about my art, But you can hear at least when people speak: And that cartoon, the second from the door -It is the thing, Love! so such things should be-

Behold Madonna, I am bold to say. I can do with my pencil what I know, What I see, what at bottom of my heart I wish for, if I ever wish so deep-Do easily, too-when I say perfectly I do not boast, perhaps: yourself are judge Who listened to the Legate's talk last week. And just as much they used to say in France. At any rate 'tis easy, all of it, No sketches first, no studies, that's long past-I do what many dream of all their lives -Dream? strive to do, and agonise to do. And fail in doing. I could count twenty such On twice your fingers, and not leave this town, Who strive—you don't know how the others strive To paint a little thing like that you smeared Carelessly passing with your robes afloat, Yet do much less, so much less, some one says. (I know his name, no matter) so much less! Well, less is more, Lucrezia! I am judged. There burns a truer light of God in them, In their vexed, beating, stuffed and stopped-up brain, Heart, or whate'er else, than goes on to prompt This low-pulsed forthright craftsman's hand of mine. Their works drop groundward, but themselves, I know. Reach many a time a heaven that's shut to me, Enter and take their place there sure enough, Though they come back and cannot tell the world. My works are nearer heaven, but I sit here. The sudden blood of these men! at a word-Praise them, it boils, or blame them, it boils too. I, painting from myself and to myself, Know what I do, am unmoved by men's blame Or their praise either. Somebody remarks Morello's outline there is wrongly traced, His hue mistaken—what of that? or else, Rightly traced and well ordered—what of that? Ah, but a man's reach should exceed his grasp, Or what's a Heaven for? all is silver-grey Placid and perfect with my art—the worse! I know both what I want and what might gain-And yet how profitless to know, to sigh "Had I been two, another and myself, Our head would have o'erlooked the world!" No doubt. Yonder's a work, now, of that famous youth The Urbinate who died five years ago. ('Tis copied, George Vasari sent it me.) Well, I can fancy how he did it all, Pouring his soul, with kings and popes to see,

Reaching, that Heaven might so replenish him. Above and through his art—for it gives way; That arm is wrongly put—and there again— A fault to pardon in the drawing's lines, Its body, so to speak! its soul is right, . He means right—that, a child may understand. Still, what an arm! and I could alter it. But all the play, the insight and the stretch-Out of me! out of me! And wherefore out? Had you enjoined them on me, given me soul, We might have risen to Rafael. I and you. Nay, Love, you did give all I asked, I think-More than I merit, yes, by many times. But had you-oh, with the same perfect brow, And perfect eyes, and more than perfect mouth, And the low voice my soul hears, as a bird The fowler's pipe, and follows to the snare-Had you, with these the same, but brought a mind ? Some women do so. Had the mouth there urged "God and the glory! never care for gain. The present by the future, what is that? Live for fame, side by side with Angelo-Rafael is waiting. Up to God all three!" I might have done it for you. So it seems-Perhaps not. All is as God over-rules. Beside, incentives come from the soul's self; The rest avail not. Why do I need you? What wife had Rafael, or has Angelo? In this world, who can do a thing, will not-And who would do it, cannot, I perceive: Yet the will's somewhat—somewhat, too, the power— And thus we half-men struggle. At the end, God, I conclude, compensates, punishes. 'Tis safer for me, if the award be strict, That I am something underrated here, Poor this long while, despised, to speak the truth. I dared not, do you know, leave home all day, For fear of chancing on the Paris lords. The best is when they pass and look aside; But they speak sometimes; I must bear it all. Well may they speak! That Francis, that first time, And that long festal year at Fontainebleau! I surely then could sometimes leave the ground, Put on the glory, Rafael's daily wear, In that humane great monarch's golden look,-One finger in his beard or twisted curl Over his mouth's good mark that made the smile, One arm about my shoulder, round my neck, The jingle of his gold chain in my ear,

[I] painting proudly with his breath on me. All his court round him, seeing with his eyes, Such frank French eyes, and such a fire of souls Profuse, my hand kept plying by those hearts.— And, best of all, this, this, this face beyond, This in the back-ground, waiting on my work, To crown the issue with a last reward! A good time, was it not, my kingly days? And had you not grown restless—but I know— 'Tis done and past; 'twas right, my instinct said: Too live the life grew, golden and not grey-And I'm the weak-eved bat no sun should tempt Out of the grange whose four walls make his world. How could it end in any other way? You called me, and I came home to your heart. The triumph was to have ended there—then if I reached it ere the triumph, what is lost? Let my hands frame your face in your hair's gold, You beautiful Lucrezia that are mine! " Rafael did this, Andrea painted that— The Roman's is the better when you pray, But still the other's Virgin was his wife—" Men will excuse me. I am glad to judge Both pictures in your presence; clearer grows My better fortune, I resolve to think. For, do you know, Lucrezia, as God lives. Said one day Angelo, his very self, To Rafael . . . I have known it all these years . . . (When the young man was flaming out his thoughts Upon a palace-wall for Rome to see. Too lifted up in heart because of it) "Friend, there's a certain sorry little scrub Goes up and down our Florence, none cares how, Who, were he set to plan and execute As you are pricked on by your popes and kings, Would bring the sweat into that brow of yours!" To Rafael's !-- And indeed the arm is wrong. I hardly dare—yet, only you to see, Give the chalk here—quick, thus the line should go! Ay, but the soul! he's Rafael! rub it out! Still, all I care for, if he spoke the truth, (What he? why, who but Michael Angelo? Do you forget already words like those ?) If really there was such a chance, so lost, Is, whether you're—not grateful—but more pleased. Well, let me think so. And you smile indeed! This hour has been an hour! Another smile? If you would sit thus by me every night I should work better, do you comprehend?

I mean that I should earn more, give you more. See, it is settled dusk now: there's a star: Morello's gone, the watch-lights shew the wall, The cue-owls speak the name we call them by. Come from the window, Love,—come in, at last, Inside the melancholy little house We built to be so gay with. God is just. King Francis may forgive me. Oft at nights When I look up from painting, eyes tired out. The walls become illumined, brick from brick Distinct, instead of mortar fierce bright gold. That gold of his I did cement them with! Let us but love each other. Must you go? That Cousin here again? he waits outside? Must see you—you, and not with me? Those loans ! More gaming debts to pay? you smiled for that? Well, let smiles buy me! have you more to spend? While hand and eye and something of a heart Are left me, work's my ware, and what's it worth? I'll pay my fancy. Only let me sit The grey remainder of the evening out. Idle, you call it, and muse perfectly How I could paint were I but back in France. One picture, just one more—the Virgin's face. Not yours this time! I want you at my side To hear them—that is, Michael Angelo— Judge all I do and tell you of its worth. Will you? To-morrow, satisfy your friend. I take the subjects for his corridor. Finish the portrait out of hand—there, there, And throw him in another thing or two If he demurs; the whole should prove enough To pay for this same Cousin's freak. Beside, What's better and what's all I care about. Get you the thirteen scudi for the ruff. Love, does that please you? Ah, but what does he. The Cousin! what does he to please you more?

I am grown peaceful as old age to-night.
I regret little, I would change still less.
Since there my past life lies, why alter it?
The very wrong to Francis! it is true
I took his coin, was tempted and complied,
And built this house and sinned, and all is said.
My father and my mother died of want.
Well, had I riches of my own? you see
How one gets rich! Let each one bear his lot.
They were born poor, lived poor, and poor they died:
And I have laboured somewhat in my time

And not been paid profusely. Some good son Paint my two hundred pictures—let him try! No doubt, there's something strikes a balance. Yes, You loved me quite enough, it seems to-night. This must suffice me here. What would one have? In heaven, perhaps, new chances, one more chance—Four great walls in the New Jerusalem Meted on each side by the angel's reed, For Leonard, Rafael, Angelo and me To cover—the three first without a wife, While I have mine! So—still they overcome Because there's still Lucrezia,—as I choose.

Again the Cousin's whistle! Go, my Love.

LXX

BEFORE

1

Let them fight it out, friend! things have gone too far. God must judge the couple! leave them as they are —Whichever one's the guiltless, to his glory, And whichever one the guilt's with, to my story.

2

Why, you would not bid men, sunk in such a slough, Strike no arm out further, stick and stink as now, Leaving right and wrong to settle the embroilment, Heaven with snaky Hell, in torture and entoilment?

3

Which of them's the culprit, how must be conceive God's the queen he caps to, laughing in his sleeve! 'Tis but decent to profess oneself beneath her. Still, one must not be too much in earnest either.

4

Better sin the whole sin, sure that God observes, Then go live his life out! life will try his nerves, When the sky which noticed all, makes no disclosure, And the earth keeps up her terrible composure. 5

Let him pace at pleasure, past the walls of rose, Pluck their fruits when grape-trees graze him as he goes. For he 'gins to guess the purpose of the garden, With the sly mute thing beside there for a warden.

6

What's the leopard-dog-thing, constant to his side, A leer and lie in every eye on its obsequious hide? When will come an end of all the mock obeisance, And the price appear that pays for the misfeasance?

7

So much for the culprit. Who's the martyred man? Let him bear one stroke more, for be sure he can. He that strove thus evil's lump with good to leaven, Let him give his blood at last and get his heaven.

8

All or nothing, stake it! trusts he God or no? Thus far and no farther? farther? be it so. Now, enough of your chicane of prudent pauses, Sage provisos, sub-intents, and saving-clauses.

9

Ah, "forgive" you bid him? While God's champion lives, Wrong shall be resisted: dead, why he forgives. But you must not end my friend ere you begin him; Evil stands not crowned on earth, while breath is in him.

10

Once more—Will the wronger, at this last of all, Dare to say "I did wrong," rising in his fall?
No?—Let go, then—both the fighters to their places—While I count three, step you back as many paces.

e folgest lægelige **(blikk k**elt folgest lægeligelige) Deterlieting i skolik folgest falle folgest falle folgest

AFTER

Take the cloak from his face, and at first Let the corpse do its worst. How he lies in his rights of a man! Death has done all death can. And absorbed in the new life he leads,
He recks not, he heeds
Nor his wrong nor my vengeance—both strike
On his senses alike,
And are lost in the solemn and strange
Surprise of the change.
Ha, what avails death to erase
His offence, my disgrace?
I would we were boys as of old
In the field, by the fold—
His outrage, God's patience, man's scorn
Were so easily borne.

I stand here now, he lies in his place— Cover the face.

LXXII

IN THREE DAYS

1

So, I shall see her in three days
And just one night, but nights are short,
Then two long hours, and that is morn.
See how I come, unchanged, unworn—
Feel, where my life broke off from thine,
How fresh the splinters keep and fine,—
Only a touch and we combine!

2

Too long, this time of year, the days!
But nights—at least the nights are short.
As night shows where her one moon is,
A hand's-breadth of pure light and bliss,
So, life's night gives my lady birth
And my eyes hold her! what is worth
The rest of heaven, the rest of earth?

3

O loaded curls, release your store
Of warmth and scent as once before
The tingling hair did, lights and darks
Out-breaking into fairy sparks
When under curl and curl I pried
After the warmth and scent inside
Thro' lights and darks how manifold—
The dark inspired, the light controlled:
As early Art embrowned the gold.

4

What great fear—should one say, "Three days That change the world, might change as well. Your fortune; and if joy delays, Be happy that no worse befell." What small fear—if another says, "Three days and one short night beside May throw no shadow on your ways; But years must teem with change untried, With chance not easily defied, With an end somewhere undescried." No fear!—or if a fear be born This minute, it dies out in scorn. Fear? I shall see her in three days And one night, now the nights are short. Then just two hours, and that is morn.

LXXIII

IN A YEAR

1

Never any more
While I live,
Need I hope to see his face
As before.
Once his love grown chill,
Mine may strive—
Bitterly we re-embrace,
Single still.

2

Was it something said,
Something done,
Vexed him? was it touch of hand,
Turn of head?
Strange! that very way
Love begun.
I as little understand
Love's decay.

3

When I sewed or drew,
I recall
How he looked as if I sang,
—Sweetly too.

If I spoke a word,
First of all
Up his cheek the colour sprang,
Then he heard.

4

Sitting by my side,
At my feet,
So he breathed the air I breathed,
Satisfied!
I, too, at love's brim
Touched the sweet:
I would die if death bequeathed
Sweet to him.

5

"Speak, I love thee best!"
He exclaimed,
"Let my love thy own foretell,—"
I confessed:
"Clasp my heart on thine
Now unblamed,
Since upon thy soul as well
Hangeth mine!"

6

Was it wrong to own,
Being truth?
Why should all the giving prove
His alone?
I had wealth and ease,
Beauty, youth—
Since my lover gave me love,
I gave these.

7

That was all I meant,

—To be just,
And the passion I had raised
To content.
Since he chose to change
Gold for dust,
If I gave him what he praised
Was it strange?

Q

Would he loved me yet,
On and on,
While I found some way undreamed
—Paid my debt!
Gave more life and more,
Till, all gone,
He should smile "She never seemed
Mine before.

a

"What—she felt the while,
Must I think?
Love's so different with us men,"
He should smile.
"Dying for my sake—
White and pink!
Can't we touch these bubbles then
But they break?"

10

Dear, the pang is brief.
Do thy part,
Have thy pleasure. How perplext
Grows belief!
Well, this cold clay clod
Was man's heart.
Crumble it—and what comes next?
Is it God?

LXXIV

OLD PICTURES IN FLORENCE

1

The morn when first it thunders in March,
The eel in the pond gives a leap, they say.
As I leaned and looked over the aloed arch
Of the villa-gate, this warm March day,
No flash snapt, no dumb thunder rolled
In the valley beneath, where, white and wide,
Washed by the morning's water-gold,
Florence lay out on the mountain-side.

9

River and bridge and street and square
Lay mine, as much at my beck and call,
Through the live translucent bath of air,
As the sights in a magic crystal ball.
And of all I saw and of all I praised,
The most to praise and the best to see,
Was the startling bell-tower Giotto raised:
But why did it more than startle me?

3

Giotto, how, with that soul of yours,
Could you play me false who loved you so?
Some slights if a certain heart endures
It feels, I would have your fellows know!
Faith—I perceive not why I should care
To break a silence that suits them best,
But the thing grows somewhat hard to bear
When I find a Giotto join the rest.

4

On the arch where olives overhead
Print the blue sky with twig and leaf,
(That sharp-curled leaf they never shed)
'Twixt the aloes I used to lean in chief,
And mark through the winter afternoons,
By a gift God grants me now and then,
In the mild decline of those suns like moons,
Who walked in Florence, besides her men.

5

They might chirp and chaffer, come and go
For pleasure or profit, her men alive—
My business was hardly with them, I trow,
But with empty cells of the human hive;
—With the chapter-room, the cloister-porch,
The church's apsis, aisle or nave,
Its crypt, one fingers along with a torch—
Its face, set full for the sun to shave.

6

Wherever a fresco peels and drops,
Wherever an outline weakens and wanes
Till the latest life in the painting stops,
Stands One whom each fainter pulse-tick pains!

One, wishful each scrap should clutch its brick,
Each tinge not wholly escape the plaster,
A lion who dies of an ass's kick,
The wronged great soul of an ancient Master.

7

For oh, this world and the wrong it does!
They are safe in heaven with their backs to it,
The Michaels and Rafaels, you hum and buzz
Round the works of, you of the little wit!
Do their eyes contract to the earth's old scope,
Now that they see God face to face,
And have all attained to be poets, I hope?
"Tis their holiday now, in any case.

8

Much they reck of your praise and you!

But the wronged great souls—can they be quit.
Of a world where all their work is to do,

Where you style them, you of the little wit,
Old Master this and Early the other,

Not dreaming that Old and New are fellows,
That a younger succeeds to an elder brother,
Da Vincis derive in good time from Dellos.

9

And here where your praise would yield returns
And a handsome word or two give help,
Here, after your kind, the mastiff girns
And the puppy pack of poodles yelp.
What, not a word for Stefano there
—Of brow once prominent and starry,
Called Nature's ape and the world's despair
For his peerless painting? (See Vasari)

10

There he stands now. Study, my friends,
What a man's work comes to! so he plans it,
Performs it, perfects it, makes amends
For the toiling and moiling, and there's its transit!
Happier the thrifty blind-folk labour,
With upturned eye while the hand is busy,
Not sidling a glance at the coin of their neighbour!
'Tis looking downward makes one dizzy.

11

If you knew their work you would deal your dole.

May I take upon me to instruct you?

When Greek Art ran and reached the goal,

Thus much had the world to boast in fructu—

The truth of Man, as by God first spoken,

Which the actual generations garble,

Was re-uttered,—and Soul (which Limbs betoken)

And Limbs (Soul informs) were made new in marble.

12

So you saw yourself as you wished you were,
As you might have been, as you cannot be;
And bringing your own shortcomings there,
You grew content in your poor degree
With your little power, by those statues' godhead,
And your little scope, by their eyes' full sway,
And your little grace, by their grace embodied,
And your little date, by their forms that stay.

13

You would fain be kinglier, say than I am?
Even so, you would not sit like Theseus.
You'd fain be a model? the Son of Priam
Has yet the advantage in arms' and knees' use.
You're wroth—can you slay your snake like Apollo
You're grieved—still Niobe's the grander!
You live—there's the Racers' frieze to follow—
You die—there's the dying Alexander.

14

So, testing your weakness by their strength,
Your meagre charms by their rounded beauty,
Measured by Art in your breadth and length,
You learn—to submit is the worsted's duty.
—When I say "you" 'tis the common soul,
The collective, I mean—the race of Man
That receives life in parts to live in a whole,
And grow here according to God's own plan.

15

Growth came when, looking your last on them all,
You turned your eyes inwardly one fine day
And cried with a start—What if we so small
Are greater, ay, greater the while than they!

Are they perfect of lineament, perfect of stature? In both, of such lower types are we Precisely because of our wider nature; For time, theirs—ours, for eternity.

16

To-day's brief passion limits their range,
It seethes with the morrow for us and more.
They are perfect—how else? they shall never change:
We are faulty—why not? we have time in store.
The Artificer's hand is not arrested
With us—we are rough-hewn, no-wise polished:
They stand for our copy, and, once invested
With all they can teach, we shall see them abolished.

17

'Tis a life-long toil till our lump be leaven—
The better! what's come to perfection perishes.
Things learned on earth, we shall practise in heaven.
Works done least rapidly, Art most cherishes.
Thyself shall afford the example, Giotto!
Thy one work, not to decrease or diminish,
Done at a stroke, was just (was it not?) "O!"
Thy great Campanile is still to finish.

18

Is it true, we are now, and shall be hereafter,
And what—is depending on life's one minute?
Hails heavenly cheer or infernal laughter
Our first step out of the gulf or in it?
And Man, this step within his endeavour,
His face, have no more play and action
Than joy which is crystallized for ever,
Or grief, an eternal petrifaction!

19

On which I conclude, that the early painters,
To cries of "Greek Art and what more wish you?"—
Replied, "Become now self-acquainters,
And paint man, man,—whatever the issue!
Make the hopes shine through the flesh they fray,
New fears aggrandise the rags and tatters.
So bring the invisible full into play,
Let the visible go to the dogs—what matters?"

20

Give these, I say, full honour and glory
For daring so much, before they well did it.
The first of the new, in our race's story,
Beats the last of the old, 'tis no idle quiddit.
The wor hies began a revolution
Which if on the earth we intend to acknowledge
Honour them now—(ends my allocution)
Nor confer our degree when the folks leave college.

21

There's a fancy some lean to and others hate—
That, when this life is ended, begins
New work for the soul in another state,
Where it strives and gets weary, loses and wins—
Where the strong and the weak, this world's congeries,
Repeat in large what they practised in small,
Through life after life in unlimited series;
Only the scale's to be changed, that's all.

22

Yet I hardly know. When a soul has seen
By the means of Evil that Good is best,
And through earth and its noise, what is heaven's serene,—
When its faith in the same has stood the test—
Why, the child grown man, you burn the rod,
The uses of labour are surely done.
There remaineth a rest for the people of God,
And I have had troubles enough for one.

23

But at any rate I have loved the season
Of Art's spring-birth so dim and dewy,
My sculptor is Nicolo the Pisan;
My painter—who but Cimabue?
Nor ever was man of them all indeed,
From these to Ghiberti and Ghirlandajo,
Could say that he missed my critic-meed.
So now to my special grievance—heigh ho!

24

Their ghosts now stand, as I said before,
Watching each fresco flaked and rasped,
Blocked up, knocked out, or whitewashed o'er
—No getting again what the church has grasped!

The works on the wall must take their chance, "Works never conceded to England's thick clime!" (I hope they prefer their inheritance Of a bucketful of Italian quick-lime.)

25

When they go at length, with such a shaking
Of heads o'er the old delusions, sadly
Each master his way through the black streets taking,
Where many a lost work breathes though badly—
Why don't they bethink them of who has merited?
Why not reveal, while their pictures dree
Such doom, that a captive's to be out-ferreted?
Why do they never remember me?

26

Not that I expect the great Bigordi
Nor Sandro to hear me, chivalric, bellicose;
Nor wronged Lippino—and not a word I
Say of a scrap of Fra Angelico's.
But are you too fine, Taddeo Gaddi,
To grant me a taste of your intonaco—
Some Jerome that seeks the heaven with a sad eye?
No churlish saint, Lorenzo Monaco?

27

Could not the ghost with the close red cap,
My Pollajolo, the twice a craftsman,
Save me a sample, give me the hap
Of a muscular Christ that shows the draughtsman?
No Virgin by him, the somewhat petty,
Of finical touch and tempera crumbly—
Could not Alesso Baldovinetti
Contribute so much, I ask humbly?

28

Margheritone of Arezzo,
With the grave-clothes garb and swaddling barret,
(Why purse up mouth and beak in a pet so,
You bald, saturnine, poll-clawed parrot?)
No poor glimmering Crucifixion,
Where in the foreground kneels the donor?
If such remain, as is my conviction,
The hoarding does you but little honour.

29

They pass: for them the panels may thrill,
The tempera grow alive and tinglish—
Rot or are left to the mercies still
Of dealers and stealers, Jews and the English!
Seeing mere money's worth in their prize,
Who sell it to some one calm as Zeno
At naked Art, and in ecstacies
Before some clay-cold, vile Carlino!

30

No matter for these! But Giotto, you,
Have you allowed, as the town-tongues babble it,
Never! it shall not be counted true—
That a certain precious little tablet
Which Buonarroti eyed like a lover,—
Buried so long in oblivion's womb,
Was left for another than I to discover,—
Turns up at last, and to whom?—to whom?

31

I, that have haunted the dim San Spirito,
(Or was it rather the Ognissanti?)
Stood on the altar-steps, patient and weary too!
Nay, I shall have it yet, detur amanti!
My Koh-i-noor—or (if that's a platitude)
Jewel of Giamschid, the Persian Sofi's eye!
So, in anticipative gratitude,
What if I take up my hope and prophesy?

32

When the hour is ripe, and a certain dotard Pitched, no parcel that needs invoicing, To the worse side of the Mont St. Gothard, Have, to begin by way of rejoicing, None of that shooting the sky (blank cartridge), No civic guards, all plumes and lacquer, Hunting Radetsky's soul like a partridge Over Morello with squib and cracker.

33

We'll shoot this time better game and bag 'em hot— No display at the stone of Dante, But a kind of [sober] Witanagemot ("Casa Guidi," quod videas ante) To ponder Freedom restored to Florence, How Art may return that departed with her. Go, hated house, go each trace of the Lorraine's! And bring us the days of Orgagna hither.

34

How we shall prologuise, how we shall perorate,
Say fit things upon art and history—
Set truth at blood-heat and the false at a zero rate,
Make of the want of the age no mystery!
Contrast the fructuous and sterile eras,
Show, monarchy its uncouth cub licks
Out of the bear's shape to the chimæra's—
Pure Art's birth being still the republic's!

35

Then one shall propose (in a speech, curt Tuscan, Sober, expurgate, spare of an "issimo,") Ending our half-told tale of Cambuscan, Turning the Bell-tower's alt altissimo.

And fine as the beak of a young beccaccia The Campanile, the Duomo's fit ally, Soars up in gold its full fifty braccia, Completing Florence, as Florence, Italy.

36

Shall I be alive that morning the scaffold
Is broken away, and the long-pent fire
Like the golden hope of the world unbaffled
Springs from its sleep, and up goes the spire—
As, "God and the People" plain for its motto,
Thence the new tricolor flaps at the sky?
Foreseeing the day that vindicates Giotto
And Florence together, the first am I!

LXXV

IN A BALCONY

CONSTANCE and NORBERT

Norbert. Now.

Constance. Not now.
Norbert. Give me them again, those hands—
Put them upon my forehead, how it throbs!
Press them before my eyes, the fire comes through.
You cruellest, you dearest in the world,
Let me! The Queen must grant whate'er I ask—
How can I gain you and not ask the Queen?
There she stays waiting for me, here stand you.
Some time or other this was to be asked,
Now is the one time—what I ask, I gain—
Let me ask now, Love!

Constance. Do, and ruin us.
Norbert. Let it be now, Love! All my soul breaks forth.
How I do love you! give my love its way!
A man can have but one life and one death,
One heaven, one hell. Let me fulfil my fate—
Grant me my heaven now. Let me know you mine,
Prove you mine, write my name upon your brow,
Hold you and have you, and then die away
If God please, with completion in my soul.

Constance. I am not yours then? How content this man?

I am not his, who change into himself, Have passed into his heart and beat its beats. Who give my hands to him, my eyes, my hair, Give all that was of me away to him So well, that now, my spirit turned his own. Takes part with him against the woman here. Bids him not stumble at so mere a straw As caring that the world be cognisant How he loves her and how she worships him. You have this woman, not as yet that world. Go on, I bid, nor stop to care for me By saving what I cease to care about. The courtly name and pride of circumstance— The name you'll pick up and be cumbered with Just for the poor parade's sake, nothing more; Just that the world may slip from under you— Just that the world may cry "So much for himThe man predestined to the heap of crowns! There goes his chance of winning one, at least."

Norbert. The world!

You love it. Love me quite as well, Constance.

And see if I shall pray for this in vain!

Why must you ponder what it knows or thinks?

Norbert. You pray for-what, in vain?

Oh my heart's heart, Constance.

How I do love you, Norbert !- That is right!

But listen, or I take my hands away.

You say, "let it be now"-you would go now

And tell the Queen, perhaps six steps from us,

You love me-so you do, thank God!

Thank God! Norbert.

Constance. Yes, Norbert,-but you fain would tell your love.

And, what succeeds the telling, ask of her

My hand. Now take this rose and look at it, Listening to me. You are the minister,

The Queen's first favourite, nor without a cause.

To-night completes your wonderful year's-work

(This palace-feast is held to celebrate)

Made memorable by her life's success,

That junction of two crowns on her sole head Her house had only dreamed of anciently.

That this mere dream is grown a stable truth

To-night's feast makes authentic. Whose the praise?

Whose genius, patience, energy, achieved

What turned the many heads and broke the hearts?

You are the fate—your minute's in the heaven.

Next comes the Queen's turn. Name your own reward ! With leave to clench the past, chain the to-come,

Put out an arm and touch and take the sun

And fix it ever full-faced on your earth,

Possess yourself supremely of her life,

You choose the single thing she will not grant-

The very declaration of which choice

Will turn the scale and neutralise your work.

At best she will forgive you, if she can.

You think I'll let you choose—her cousin's hand? Wait. First, do you retain your old belief

Norbert. The Queen is generous,—nay, is just?

There, there! Constance.

So men make women love them, while they know No more of women's hearts than . . . look you here,

You that are just and generous beside,

Make it your own case. For example now, I'll say—I let you kiss me and hold my hands—

Why? do you know why? I'll instruct you, then-

The kiss, because you have a name at court, This hand and this, that you may shut in each A jewel, if you please to pick up such. That's horrible! Apply it to the Queen—Suppose, I am the Queen to whom you speak. "I was a nameless man: you needed me: Why did I proffer you my aid? there stood A certain pretty Cousin by your side. Why did I make such common cause with you? Access to her had not been easy else. You give my labours here abundant praise: 'Faith, labour, while she overlooked, grew play. How shall your gratitude discharge itself? Give me her hand!"

Norbert. And still I urge the same.

Is the Queen just? just—generous or no!

Constance. Yes, just. You love a rose—no harm in that—

But was it for the rose's sake or mine You put it in your bosom? mine, you said-Then mine you still must say or else be false. You told the Queen you served her for herself: If so, to serve her was to serve yourself She thinks, for all your unbelieving face! I know her. In the hall, six steps from us, One sees the twenty pictures—there's a life Better than life—and yet no life at all; Conceive her born in such a magic dome. Pictures all round her! why, she sees the world Can recognise its given things and facts, The fight of giants or the feast of gods, Sages in senate, beauties at the bath, Chaces and battles, the whole earth's display, Landscape and sea-piece, down to flowers and fruit-And who shall question that she knows them all In better semblance than the things outside? Yet bring into the silent gallery Some live thing to contrast in breath and blood, Some lion, with the painted lion there-You think she'll understand composedly? -Say, "that's his fellow in the hunting-piece Yonder, I've turned to praise a hundred times?" Not so. Her knowledge of our actual earth, Its hopes and fears, concerns and sympathies, Must be too far, too mediate, too unreal. The real exists for us outside, not her— How should it, with that life in these four walls, That father and that mother, first to last No father and no mother—friends, a heap.

Lovers, no lack—a husband in due time, And everyone of them alike a lie! Things painted by a Rubens out of nought Into what kindness, friendship, love should be: All better, all more grandiose than life. · Only no life; mere cloth and surface-paint You feel while you admire. How should she feel? And now that she has stood thus fifty years The sole spectator in that gallery, You think to bring this warm real struggling love In to her of a sudden, and suppose She'll keep her state untroubled? Here's the truth-She'll apprehend its value at a glance, Prefer it to the pictured loyalty! You only have to say " so men are made, For this they act, the thing has many names But this the right one—and now, Queen, be just! " And life slips back—you lose her at the word— You do not even for amends gain me. He will not understand! oh, Norbert, Norbert, Do you not understand? The Queen's the Queen. Norbert. I am myself-no picture, but alive In every nerve and every muscle, here At the palace-window or in the people's street, As she in the gallery where the pictures glow. The good of life is precious to us both. She cannot love—what do I want with rule? When first I saw your face a year ago I knew my life's good-my soul heard one voice "The woman yonder, there's no use of life But just to obtain her! heap earth's woes in one And bear them-make a pile of all earth's joys And spurn them, as they help or help not here; Only, obtain her!"-How was it to be?

No other way. Suppose there had been one,
And I by saying prayers to some white star
With promise of my body and my soul
Might gain you,—should I pray the star or no?
Instead, there was the Queen to serve! I served,
And did what other servants failed to do.
Neither she sought nor I declared my end.
Her good is hers, my recompense be mine,
And let me name you as that recompense.
She dreamed that such a thing could never be?
Let her wake now. She thinks there was some

I found she was the cousin of the Queen; I must then serve the Queen to get to her—

Norbert. Y

The love of power, of fame, pure loyalty? -Perhaps she fancies men wear out their lives Chasing such shades. Then I've a fancy too. I worked because I want you with my soul-I therefore ask your hand. Let it be now. Constance. Had I not loved you from the very first, Were I not yours, could we not steal out thus So wickedly, so wildly, and so well. You might be thus impatient. What's conceived Of us without here, by the folks within? Where are you now? immersed in cares of state— Where am I now?—intent on festal robes— We two, embracing under death's spread hand! What was this thought for, what this scruple of yours Which broke the council up, to bring about One minute's meeting in the corridor? And then the sudden sleights, long secresies, The plots inscrutable, deep telegraphs, Long-planned chance-meetings, hazards of a look, "Does she know? does she not know? saved or lost?" A year of this compression's ecstasy All goes for nothing? you would give this up For the old way, the open way, the world's, His way who beats, and his who sells his wife? What tempts you? their notorious happiness, That you're ashamed of ours? The best you'll get Will be, the Queen grants all that you require, Concedes the cousin, and gets rid of you And her at once, and gives us ample leave To live as our five hundred happy friends. The world will show us with officious hand Our chamber-entry and stand sentinel, When we so oft have stolen across her traps! Get the world's warrant, ring the falcon's foot, And make it duty to be bold and swift, When long ago 'twas nature. Have it so! He never hawked by rights till flung from fist? Oh, the man's thought !—no woman's such a fool.

One made to love you, let the world take note. Have I done worthy work? be love's the praise, Though hampered by restrictions, barred against By set forms, blinded by forced secresies. Set free my love, and see what love will do Shown in my life—what work will spring from that! The world is used to have its business done

Yes, the man's thought and my thought, which

On other grounds, find great effects produced For power's sake, fame's sake, motives you have named.

So good. But let my low ground shame their high. Truth is the strong thing. Let man's life be true! And love's the truth of mine. Time prove the rest! I choose to have you stamped all over me, Your name upon my forehead and my breast, You, from the sword's blade to the ribbon's edge, That men may see, all over, you in me-That pale loves may die out of their pretence In face of mine, shames thrown on love fall off-Permit this, Constance! Love has been so long Subdued in me, eating me through and through, That now it's all of me and must have way. Think of my work, that chaos of intrigues, Those hopes and fears, surprises and delays, That long endeavour, earnest, patient, slow, Trembling at last to its assured result-Then think of this revulsion. I resume Life, after death, (it is no less than life After such long unlovely labouring days) And liberate to beauty life's great need Of the beautiful, which, while it prompted work, Supprest itself erewhile. This eve's the time-This eve intense with yon first trembling star We seem to pant and reach; scarce ought between The earth that rises and the heaven that bends-All nature self-abandoned—every tree Flung as it will, pursuing its own thoughts And fixed so, every flower and every weed, No pride, no shame, no victory, no defeat: All under God, each measured by itself! These statues round us, each abrupt, distinct, The strong in strength, the weak in weakness fixed, The Muse for ever wedded to her lyre, The Nymph to her fawn, the Silence to her rose, And God's approval on His universe! Let us do so—aspire to live as these In harmony with truth, ourselves being true. Take the first way, and let the second come, My first is to possess myself of you; The music sets the march-step—forward then ! And there's the Queen, I go to claim you of, The world to witness, wonder and applaud. Our flower of life breaks open. No delay! Constance. And so shall we be ruined, both of us. Norbert, I know her to the skin and bone-You do not know her, were not born to it, To feel what she can see or cannot see. Love, she is generous,—ay, despite your smile, Generous as you are. For, in that thin frame

Pain-twisted, punctured through and through with cares. There lived a lavish soul until it starved Debarred all healthy food. Look to the soul-Pity that, stoop to that, ere you begin (The true man's way) on justice and your rights, Exactions and acquittance of the past. Begin so—see what justice she will deal ! We women hate a debt as men a gift. Suppose her some poor keeper of a school Whose business is to sit thro' summer-months And dole out children's leave to go and play, Herself superior to such lightness-she In the arm-chair's state and pædagogic pomp, To the life, the laughter, sun and youth outside-We wonder such an one looks black on us? I do not bid you wake her tenderness. -That were vain truly-none is left to wake-But, let her think her justice is engaged To take the shape of tenderness, and mark If she'll not coldly do its warmest deed! Does she love me, I ask you? not a whit. Yet, thinking that her justice was engaged To help a kinswoman, she took me up-Did more on that bare ground than other loves Would do on greater argument. For me, I have no equivalent of that cold kind To pay her with; my love alone to give If I give anything. I give her love. I feel I ough to help her, and I will. So for her sake, as yours, I tell you twice That women hate a debt as men a gift. If I were you, I could obtain this grace— Would lay the whole I did to love's account, Nor yet be very false as courtiers go— Declare that my success was recompense: It would be so, in fact: what were it else? And then, once loosed her generosity As you will mark it—then,—were I but you To turn it, let it seem to move itself, And make it give the thing I really take, Accepting so, in the poor cousin's hand, All value as the next thing to the queen— Since none loves her directly, none dares that ! A shadow of a thing, a name's mere echo Suffices those who miss the name and thing; You pick up just a ribbon she has worn To keep in proof how near her breath you came. Say I'm so near I seem a piece of herAsk for me that way—(oh, you understand)
And find the same gift yielded with a grace,
Which if you make the least show to extort
—You'll see! and when you have ruined both of us,
Dissertate on the Queen's ingratitude!

• Norbert. Then, if I turn it that way, you consent?
'Tis not my way; I have more hope in truth.
Still if you won't have truth—why, this indeed,
Is scarcely false, I'll so express the sense.
Will you remain here?

Constance.

O best heart of mine,
How I have loved you! then, you take my way?
Are mine as you have been her minister,
Work out my thought, give it effect for me,
Paint plain my poor conceit and make it serve?
I owe that withered woman everything—
Life, fortune, you, remember! Take my part—
Help me to pay her! Stand upon your rights?
You, with my rose, my hands, my heart on you?
Your rights are mine—you have no rights but mine.
Norbert. Remain here. How you know me!
Constance.

Ah, but still—

[He breaks from her: she remains. [Dance-music from within.

Enter the QUEEN

Queen. Constance!—She is here as he said. Speak? quick! Is it so? is it true—or false? One word! Constance. True. Mercifullest Mother, thanks to thee! Queen. Constance. Madam! I love you, Constance, from my soul, Oueen. Now say once more, with any words you will, 'Tis true—all true—as true as that I speak. Constance. Why should you doubt it? Ah, why doubt? why doubt? Dear, make me see it. Do you see it so? None see themselves—another sees them best. You say "why doubt it?"-you see him and me. It is because the Mother has such grace That if we had but faith—wherein we fail— Whate'er we yearn for would be granted us: Howbeit we let our whims prescribe despair, Our very fancies thwart and cramp our will.

And so accepting life, abjure ourselves! Constance, I had abjured the hope of love And of being loved, as truly as yon palm The hope of seeing Egypt from that turf.

Constance. Heaven!
Queen. But it was so, Constance, it was so.
Men say—or do men say it? fancies say—
"Stop here, your life is set, you are grown old.
Too late—no love for you, too late for love—
Leave love to girls. Be queen—let Constance love!"
One takes the hint—half meets it like a child,
Ashamed at any feelings that oppose.
"Oh, love, true, never think of love again!
I am a queen—I rule, not love, indeed."
So it goes on; so a face grows like this,
Hair like this hair, poor arms as lean as these,
Till,—nay, it does not end so, I thank God!

Constance. I cannot understand—Queen.

Constance, I know not how it is with men.
For women, (I am a woman now like you)
There is no good of life but love—but love!
What else looks good, is some shade flung from love—Love gilds it, gives it worth. Be warned by me,
Never you cheat yourself one instant. Love,
Give love, ask only love, and leave the rest!

O Constance, how I love you!

Constance.

Queen. I do believe that all is come through you.

I took you to my heart to keep it warm

When the last chance of love seemed dead in me;

I thought your fresh youth warmed my withered heart.

Oh, I am very old now, am I not?

Not so! it is true, and it shall be true!

Constance. Tell it me! let me judge if true or false. Queen. Ah, but I fear you—you will look at me And say "she's old, she's grown unlovely quite Who ne'er was beauteous! men want beauty still." Well, so I feared—the curse! so I felt sure.

Constance. Be calm. And now you feel not sure, you say?

Queen. Constance, he came, the coming was not strange—

Do not I stand and see men come and go?
I turned a half look from my pedestal
Where I grow marble—" one young man the more!
He will love some one,—that is nought to me—
What would he with my marble stateliness?"
Yet this seemed somewhat worse than heretofore:

The man more gracious, youthful, like a god, And I still older, with less flesh to change— We two those dear extremes that long to touch. It seemed still harder when he first began Absorbed to labour at the state-affairs The old way for the old end, interest. Oh, to live with a thousand beating hearts Around you, swift eyes, serviceable hands, Professing they've no care but for your cause. Thought but to help you, love but for yourself. And you the marble statue all the time They praise and point at as preferred to life, Yet leave for the first breathing woman's cheek, First dancer's, gypsy's, or street baladine's ! Why, how I have ground my teeth to hear men's speech Stifled for fear it should alarm my ear, Their gait subdued lest step should startle me, Their eyes declined, such queendom to respect, Their hands alert, such treasure to preserve, While not a man of these broke rank and spoke, Or wrote me a vulgar letter all of love, Or caught my hand and pressed it like a hand. There have been moments, if the sentinel Lowering his halbert to salute the queen, Had flung it brutally and clasped my knees, I would have stooped and kissed him with my soul. Constance. Who could have comprehended! Ay, who-who? Oueen.

Why, no one, Constance, but this one who did.

Not they, not you, not I. Even now perhaps It comes too late-would you but tell the truth.

Constance. I wait to tell it. Well, you see, he came, Oueen.

Outfaced the others, did a work this year Exceeds in value all was ever done You know—it is not I who say it—all Say it. And so (a second pang and worse) I grew aware not only of what he did, But why so wondrously. Oh, never work Like his was done for work's ignoble sake-It must have finer aims to spur it on ! I felt, I saw he loved—loved somebody. And Constance, my dear Constance, do you know, I did believe this while 'twas you he loved.

Me, madam? Constance. It did seem to me your face Queen. Met him where'er he looked: and whom but you Was such a man to love? it seemed to me You saw he loved you, and approved the love,

And that you both were in intelligence. You could not loiter in the garden, step Into this balcony, but I straight was stung And forced to understand. It seemed so true. So right, so beautiful, so like you both That all this work should have been done by him Not for the vulgar hope of recompense. But that at last-suppose some night like this-Borne on to claim his due reward of me He might say, "Give her hand and pay me so." And I (O Constance, you shall love me now) I thought, surmounting all the bitterness. -" And he shall have it. I will make her blest. My flower of youth, my woman's self that was. My happiest woman's self that might have been! These two shall have their joy and leave me here." Yes-yes-

Constance. Thanks !

Queen. And the word was on my lips When he burst in upon me. I looked to hear A mere calm statement of his just desire In payment of his labour. When, O Heaven, How can I tell you? cloud was on my eyes And thunder in my ears at that first word Which told 'twas love of me, of me, did all—He loved me—from the first step to the last, Loved me!

Constance. You did not hear . . . you thought he

spoke
Of Love? what if you should mistake?

No, no-No mistake! Ha, there shall be no mistake He had not dared to hint the love he felt-You were my reflex-how I understood! He said you were the ribbon I had worn, He kissed my hand, he looked into my eyes, And love, love was the end of every phrase. Love is begun—this much is come to pass. The rest is easy. Constance, I am yours— I will learn, I will place my life on you, But teach me how to keep what I have won. Am I so old? this hair was early grey; But joy ere now has brought hair brown again, And joy will bring the cheek's red back, I feel. I could sing once too; that was in my youth. Still, when men paint me, they declare me . . . yes, Beautiful—for the last French painter did! I know they flatter somewhat; you are frank-I trust you. How I loved you from the first!

Some queens would hardly seek a cousin out And set her by their side to take the eye:

I must have felt that good would come from you.

I am not generous—like him—like you!

But he is not your lover after all—

It was not you he looked at. Saw you him?

You have not been mistaking words or looks?

He said you were the reflex of myself—

And yet he is not such a paragon

To you, to younger women who may choose

Among a thousand Norberts. Speak the truth!

You know you never named his name to me—

You know, I cannot give him up—ah God,

Not up now, even to you!

Then calm yourself. Constance. Queen. See, I am old-look here, you happy girl, I will not play the fool, deceive myself; 'Tis all gone—put your cheek beside my cheek— Ah, what a contrast does the moon behold! But then I set my life upon one chance, The last chance and the best-am I not left, My soul, myself? All women love great men If young or old—it is in all the tales— Young beauties love old poets who can love-Why should not he the poems in my soul, The love, the passionate faith, the sacrifice, The constancy? I throw them at his feet. Who cares to see the fountain's very shape And whether it be a Triton's or a Nymph's That pours the foam, makes rainbows all around You could not praise indeed the empty conch: But I'll pour floods of love and hide myself. How I will love him! cannot men love love? Who was a queen and loved a poet once Humpbacked, a dwarf? ah, women can do that! Well, but men too! at least, they tell you so. They love so many women in their youth, And even in age they all love whom they please; And yet the best of them confide to friends That 'tis not beauty makes the lasting love-They spend a day with such and tire the next; They like soul,—well then, they like phantasy, Novelty even. Let us confess the truth Horrible though it be—that prejudice, Prescription . . . Curses! they will love a queen. They will—they do. And will not, does not—he? Constance. How can he? You are wedded—'tis a name We know, but still a bond. Your rank remains, His rank remains. How can he, nobly souled

As you believe and I incline to think, Aspire to be your favourite, shame and all?

Queen. Hear her! there, there now—could she love like me?

What did I say of smooth-cheeked youth and grace ? See all it does or could do! so, youth loves! Oh, tell him, Constance, you could never do What I will—you, it was not born in! I Will drive these difficulties far and fast As yonder mists curdling before the moon. I'll use my light too, gloriously retrieve

As yonder mists curding before the moon. I'll use my light too, gloriously retrieve My youth from its enforced calamity, Dissolve that hateful marriage, and be his, His own in the eyes alike of God and man.

Constance. You will do—dare do—Pause on what you say!

Hear her! I thank you, Sweet, for that surprise. Queen. You have the fair face: for the soul, see mine! I have the strong soul: let me teach you, here. I think I have borne enough and long enough. And patiently enough, the world remarks. To have my own way now, unblamed by all. It does so happen, I rejoice for it, This most unhoped-for issue cuts the knot. There's not a better way of settling claims Than this: God sends the accident express: And were it for my subjects' good, no more. 'Twere best thus ordered. I am thankful now. Mute, passive, acquiescent. I receive. And bless God simply, or should almost fear To walk so smoothly to my ends at last. Why, how I baffle obstacles, spurn fate! How strong I am! could Norbert see me now! Constance. Let me consider. It is all too strange.

Queen. You, Constance, learn of me; do you, like me. You are young, beautiful: my own, best girl, You will have many lovers, and love one—Light hair, not hair like Norbert's, to suit yours, And taller than he is, for you are tall.

Love him like me! give all away to him; Think never of yourself; throw by your pride, Hope, fear,—your own good as you saw it once, And love him simply for his very self. Remember, I (and what am I to you?)

Would give up all for one, leave throne, lose life, Do all but just unlove him! he loves me.

Constance. He shall.

Queen. You, step inside my inmost heart. Give me your own heart—let us have one heart—

I'll come to you for counsel: "This he says. This he does, what should this amount to, pray? Beseech you, change it into current coin. Is that worth kisses? shall I please him there?" And then we'll speak in turn of you-what else? Your love (according to your beauty's worth) For you shall have some noble love, all gold-Whom choose you? we will get him at your choice. -Constance, I leave you. Just a minute since I felt as I must die or be alone Breathing my soul into an ear like yours. Now, I would face the world with my new life, With my new crown. I'll walk around the rooms. And then come back and tell you how it feels. How soon a smile of God can change the world! How we are all made for happiness—how work Grows play, adversity a winning fight! True, I have lost so many years. What then? Many remain-God has been very good. You, stay here. 'Tis as different from dreams.-From the mind's cold calm estimate of bliss, As these stone statues from the flesh and blood. The comfort thou hast caused mankind, God's moon !

[She goes out. Dance-music from within.

Norbert enters

Norbert. Well! we have but one minute and one word-Constance. I am yours, Norbert! Yes, mine. Norbert. Not till now! Constance. You were mine. Now I give myself to you. Norbert. Constance! Your own! I know the thriftier way Constance. Of giving-haply, 'tis the wiser way. Meaning to give a treasure, I might dole Coin after coin out (each, as that were all, With a new largess still at each despair) And force you keep in sight the deed, reserve Exhaustless till the end my part and yours, My giving and your taking, both our joys Dying together. Is it the wiser way? I choose the simpler; I give all at once. Know what you have to trust to, trade upon. Use it, abuse it,—anything but say Hereafter, "Had I known she loved me so,

And what my means, I might have thriven with it." This is your means. I give you all myself.

Norbert. I take you and thank God.

Constance. Look on through years! We cannot kiss a second day like this,

Else were this earth, no earth.

Norbert. With this day's heat

We shall go on through years of cold. Constance.

So best.

I try to see those years—I think I see.

You walk quick and new warmth comes; you look

And lay all to the first glow-not sit down For ever brooding on a day like this While seeing the embers whiten and love die. Yes, love lives best in its effect; and mine, Full in its own life, yearns to live in yours.

Norbert. Just so. I take and know you all at once.

Your soul is disengaged so easily,

Your face is there, I know you; give me time, Let me be proud and think you shall know me.

My soul is slower: in a life I roll

The minute out in which you condense yours-The whole slow circle round you I must move.

To be just you. I look to a long life To decompose this minute, prove its worth. 'Tis the sparks' long succession one by one

Shall show you in the end what fire was crammed In that mere stone you struck: you could not know, If it lay ever unproved in your sight,

As now my heart lies? your own warmth would hide Its coldness, were it cold.

Constance. But how prove, how? Norbert. Prove in my life, you ask?

Constance. Ouick, Norbert-how? That's easy told. I count life just a stuff "Norbert.

To try the soul's strength on, educe the man.

Who keeps one end in view makes all things serve.

As with the body—he who hurls a lance

Or heaps up stone on stone, shows strength alike, So I will seize and use all means to prove

And show this soul of mine you crown as yours, And justify us both.

Constance. Could you write books, Paint pictures! one sits down in poverty And writes or paints, with pity for the rich.

Norbert. And loves one's painting and one's writing too.

And not one's mistress! All is best, believe,

And we best as no other than we are. We live, and they experiment on life Those poets, painters, all who stand aloof To overlook the farther. Let us be The thing they look at! I might take that face And write of it and paint it—to what end? For whom? what pale dictatress in the air Feeds, smiling sadly, her fine ghost-like form With earth's real blood and breath, the beauteous life She makes despised for ever? You are mine. Made for me, not for others in the world. Nor yet for that which I should call my art, That cold calm power to see how fair you look. I come to you—I leave you not, to write Or paint. You are, I am. Let Rubens there Paint us.

Constance. So best!

I understand your soul. Norbert. You live, and rightly sympathise with life, With action, power, success: this way is straight. And days were short beside, to let me change The craft my childhood learnt; my craft shall serve. Men set me here to subjugate, enclose, Manure their barren lives and force the fruit First for themselves, and afterward for me In the due tithe; the task of some one man, By ways of work appointed by themselves. I am not bid create, they see no star Transfiguring my brow to warrant that-But bind in one and carry out their wills. So I began: to-night sees how I end. What if it see, too, my first outbr ak here Amid the warmth, surprise and sympathy, The instincts of the heart that teach the head? What if the people have discerned in me The dawn of the next nature, the new man Whose will they venture in the place of theirs. And whom they trust to find them out new ways To the new heights which yet he only sees? I felt it when you kissed me. See this Queen. This people—in our phrase, this mass of men— See how the mass lies passive to my hand And how my hand is plastic, and you by To make the muscles iron! Oh, an end Shall crown this issue as this crowns the first. My will be on this people! then, the strain, The grappling of the potter with his clay, The long uncertain struggle,—the success In that uprising of the spirit-work,

The vase shaped to the curl of the god's lip, While rounded fair for lower men to see The Graces in a dance they recognise With turbulent applause and laughs of heart! So triumph ever shall renew itself; Ever to end in efforts higher yet, Ever begun—

Constance.
Norbert

I ever helping?

Thus!

[As he embraces her, enter the QUEEN.

Constance. Hist, madam—so I have performed my part. You see your gratitude's true decency, Norbert? a little slow in seeing it! Begun to end the sooner. What's a kiss?

Norbert. Constance! Constance. Why, must I teach it you again? You want a witness to your dullness, sir? What was I saying these ten minutes long? Then I repeat—when some young handsome man Like you has acted out a part like yours, Is pleased to fall in love with one beyond, So very far beyond him, as he says-So hopelessly in love, that but to speak Would prove him mad, he thinks judiciously, And makes some insignificant good soul Like me, his friend, adviser, confidant And very stalking-horse to cover him In following after what he dares not face-When his end's gained—(sir, do you understand?) When she, he dares not face, has loved him first, -May I not say so, madam ?-tops his hope. And overpasses so his wildest dream. With glad consent of all, and most of her The confidant who brought the same about-Why, in the moment when such joy explodes, I do say that the merest gentleman Will not start rudely from the stalking-horse, Dismiss it with a "There, enough of you!" Forget it, show his back unmannerly; But like a liberal heart will rather turn And say, "A tingling time of hope was ours— Betwixt the fears and falterings—we two lived A chanceful time in waiting for the prize. The confidant, the Constance, served not ill; And though shall forget her in due time, Her use being answered now, as reason bids, Nay as herself bids from her heart of hearts, Still, she has rights, the first thanks go to her,

The first good praise goes to the prosperous tool, And the first—which is the last—thankful kiss."

Norbert. —Constance? it is a dream—ah see you smile! Constance. So, now his part being properly performed, Madam, I turn to you and finish mine As duly—I do justice in my turn. Yes, madam, he has loved you—long and well— He could not hope to tell you so-'twas I Who served to prove your soul accessible. I led his thoughts on, drew them to their place, When oft they had wandered out into despair, And kept love constant toward its natural aim. Enough-my part is played; you stoop half-way And meet us royally and spare our fears— 'Tis like yourself-he thanks you, so do I. Take him-with my full heart! my work is praised By what comes of it. Be you happy, both! Yourself—the only one on earth who can— Do all for him, much more than a mere heart Which though warm is not useful in its warmth As the silk vesture of a queen! fold that Around him gently, tenderly. For him-

Norbert. Have you done? I take the jest at last. Should I speak now? Was yours the wager, Constance, foolish child, Or did you but accept it? Well—at least,

For him,—he knows his own part.

You lose by it.

Constance. Now madam, 'tis your turn.
Restrain him still from speech a little more
And make him happier and more confident!
Pity him, madam, he is timid yet.
Mark, Norbert! do yot shrink now! Here I yield
My whole right in you to the Queen, observe!
With her go put in practice the great schemes
You teem with, follow the career else closed—
Be all you cannot be except by her!
Behold her.—Madam, say for pity's sake
Anything—frankly say you love him. Else
He'll not believe it: there's more earnest in
His fear than you conceive—I know the man.

Norbert. I know the woman somewhat, and confess I thought she had jested better—she begins
To overchange her part. I gravely wait
Your pleasure, madam: where is my reward?

Queen. Norbert, this wild girl (whom I recognise Scarce more than you do, in her fancy-fit, Eccentric speech and variable mirth, Not very wise perhaps and somewhat bold

Yet suitable, the whole night's work being strange) -May still be right: I may do well to speak And make authentic what appears a dream To even myself. For, what she says, is true-Yes, Norbert-what you spoke but now of love, Devotion, stirred no novel sense in me. But justified a warmth felt long before. Yes, from the first-I loved you, I shall say,-Strange! but I do grow stronger, now 'tis said, Your courage helps mine: you did well to speak To-night, the night that crowns your twelvemonths' toil-But still I had not waited to discern Your heart so long, believe me! From the first The source of so much zeal was almost plain. In absence even of your own words just now Which opened out the truth. 'Tis very strange, But takes a happy ending-in your love Which mine meets: be it so-as you choose me,

So I choose you. And worthily you choose! Norbert. I will not be unworthy your esteem, No, madam. I do love you; I will meet Your nature, now I know it; this was well, I see,-you dare and you are justified: But none had ventured such experiment, Less versed than you in nobleness of heart, Less confident of finding it in me. I like that thus you test me ere you grant The dearest, richest, beauteousest and best Of women to my arms! 'tis like yourself! So-back again into my part's set words-Devotion to the uttermost is yours, But no, you cannot, madam, even you, Create in me the love our Constance does. Or-something truer to the tragic phrase-Not you magnolia-bell superb with scent Invites a certain insect—that's myself— But the small eye-flower nearer to the ground: I take this lady!

Constance. Stay—not hers, the trap—Stay, Norbert—that mistake were worst of all. (He is too cunning, madam!) it was I, I. Norbert, who . . .

Norbert. You, was it, Constance? But for the grace of this divinest hour Which gives me you, I should not pardon here. I am the Queen's: she only knows my brain—She may experiment therefore on my heart And I instruct her too by the result;

But you, sweet, you who know me, who so long
Have told my heart-beats over, held my life
In those white hands of yours,—it is not well!

Constance. Tush! I have said it, did I not say it all?
The life, for her—the heart-beats, for her sake!

 Norbert. Enough! my cheek grows red, I think. Your test!

There's not the meanest woman in the world. Not she I least could love in all the world. Whom, did she love me, did love prove itself. I dared insult as you insult me now. Constance, I could say, if it must be said, "Take back the soul you offer-I keep mine" But-" Take the soul still quivering on your hand, The soul so offered, which I cannot use, And, please you, give it to some friend of mine. For-what's the trifle he requites me with?" I, tempt a woman, to amuse a man, That two may mock her heart if it succumb? No! fearing God and standing 'neath his heaven. I would not dare insult a woman so. Were she the meanest woman in the world. And he. I cared to please, ten emperors!

Constance. Norbert!

Norbert. I love once as I live but once.

What case is this to think or talk about?

I love you. Would it mend the case at all
Should such a step as this kill love in me?
Your part were done: account to God for it.
But mine—could murdered love get up again,
And kneel to whom you pleased to designate
And make you mirth? It is too horrible.
You did not know this, Constance? now you know
That body and soul have each one life, but one:
And here's my love, here, living, at your feet.

Constance. See the Queen! Norbert—this one more last word—

If thus you have taken jest for earnest—thus Loved me in earnest . . .

Norbert. Ah, no jest holds here! Where is the laughter in which jests break up? And what this horror that grows palpable? Madam—why grasp you thus the balcony? Have I done ill? Have I not spoken the truth? How could I other? Was it not your test, To try me, and what my love for Constance meant? Madam, your royal soul itself approves, The first, that I should choose thus! so one takes A beggar—asks him what would buy his child,

And then approves the expected laugh of scorn Returned as something noble from the rags. Speak, Constance, I'm the beggar! Ha, what's this? You two glare each at each like panthers now. Constance—the world fades; only you stand there! You did not in to-night's wild whirl of things Sell me—your soul of souls for any price? No—no—'tis easy to believe in you. Was it your love's mad trial to o'ertop Mine by this vain self-sacrifice? well, still-Though I should curse, I love you. I am love And cannot change! love's self is at your feet. [Queen goes out.

Constance. Feel my heart; let it die against your own. Norbert. Against my own! explain not; let this be.

This is life's height.

Yours! Yours! Yours! Constance. You and I-Norbert.

Why care by what meanders we are here

In the centre of the labyrinth? men have died Trying to find this place out, which we have found.

Constance. Found, found!

Sweet, never fear what she can do-Norbert.

We are past harm now.

On the breast of God. Constance.

I thought of men—as if you were a man.

Tempting him with a crown! Norbert.

This must end here-

It is too perfect!

There's the music stopped. Constance. What measured heavy tread? it is one blaze

About me and within me.

Oh, some death Norbert. Will run its sudden finger round this spark,

And sever us from the rest-

And so do well. Constance.

Now the doors open-'Tis the guard comes. Norbert. Constance.

Kiss I

LXXVI

SAUL

1

SAID Abner, "At last thou art come! Ere I tell, ere thou speak,

Kiss my cheek, wish me well!" Then I wished it, and did kiss his cheek.

And he, "Since the King, O my friend, for thy countenance sent,

Neither drunken nor eaten have we; nor until from his tent

Thou return with the joyful assurance the King liveth yet,

Shall our lip with the honey be bright, with the water be wet.

For out of the black mid-tent's silence, a space of three days,

Not a sound hath escaped to thy servants, of prayer or of praise,

To betoken that Saul and the Spirit have ended their strife, And that, faint in his triumph, the monarch sinks back upon life.

2

Yet now my heart leaps, O beloved! God's child, with his dew

On thy gracious gold hair, and those lilies still living and blue

Just broken to twine round thy harp-strings, as if no wild heat

Were now raging to torture the desert!"

3

Then I, as was meet, Knelt down to the God of my fathers, and rose on my feet.

And ran o'er the sand burnt to powder. The tent was unlooped;

I pulled up the spear that obstructed, and under I stooped; Hands and knees on the slippery grass-patch, all withered and gone.

That extends to the second enclosure, I groped my way on Till I felt where the foldskirts fly open. Then once more I prayed,

And opened the foldskirts and entered, and was not afraid,

But spoke, "Here is David, thy servant!" And no voice replied.

At the first I saw nought but the blackness; but soon I

descried

A something more black than the blackness—the vast the upright

Main prop which sustains the pavilion: and slow into sight Grew a figure against it, gigantic and blackest of all ;-Then a sunbeam, that burst thro' the tent-roof,-

showed Saul.

He stood as erect as that tent-prop; both arms stretched out wide

On the great cross-support in the centre, that goes to each

He relaxed not a muscle, but hung there,—as, caught in

his pangs

And waiting his change the king-serpent all heavily hangs, Far away from his kind, in the pine, till deliverance come With the spring-time,—so agonized Saul, drear and stark, blind and dumb.

Then I tuned my harp,—took off the lilies we twine round its cherds

Lest they snap 'neath the stress of the noontide—those sunbeams like swords!

And I first played the tune all our sheep know, as, one after

So docile they come to the pen-door, till folding be done. They are white and untorn by the bushes, for lo, they have

Where the long grasses stifle the water within the stream's

And now one after one seeks its lodging, as star follows star Into eve and the blue far above us,—so blue and so far !

-Then the tune, for which quails on the cornland will each leave his mate

To fly after the player; then, what makes the crickets elate.

Till for boldness they fight one another: and then, what has weight

To set the quick jerboa a-musing outside his sand house-There are none such as he for a wonder, half bird and half mouse lGod made all the creatures and gave them our love and our fear,

To give sign, we and they are his children, one family here.

7

Then I played the help-tune of our reapers, their wine-song, when hand

Grasps at hand, eye lights eye in good friendship, and great hearts expand

And grow one in the sense of this world's life.—And then, the last song

When the dead man is praised on his journey—"Bear, bear him along

With his few faults shut up like dead flowerets! are balmseeds not here

To console us? The land has none left, such as he on the bier.

Oh, would we might keep thee, my brother! "-And then, the glad chaunt

Of the marriage,—first go the young maidens, next, she whom we vaunt

As the beauty, the pride of our dwelling.—And then, the great march

Wherein man runs to man to assist him and buttress an arch

Nought can break; who shall harm them, our friends?

—Then the chorus intoned

As the Levites go up to the altar in glory enthroned . . . But I stopped here—for here in the darkness, Saul groaned.

8

And I paused, held my breath in such silence, and listened apart;

And the tent shook, for mighty Saul shuddered,—and sparkles 'gan dart

From the jewels that woke in his turban at once with a start—

All its lordly male-sapphires, and rubies courageous at heart.

So the head—but the body still moved not, still hung there erect.

And I bent once again to my playing, pursued it unchecked, As I sang,—

9

"Oh, our manhood's prime vigour! no spirit feels waste,
Not a muscle is stopped in its playing, nor sinew unbraced.

Oh, the wild joys of living! the leaping from rock up to rock—

The strong rending of boughs from the fir-tree,—the cool silver shock

Of the plunge in a pool's living water,—the hunt of the bear,

And the sultriness showing the lion is couched in his lair.

And the meal—the rich dates—yellowed over with gold dust divine,

And the locust's-flesh steeped in the pitcher; the full draught of wine,

And the sleep in the dried river-channel where bulrushes tell

That the water was wont to go warbling so softly and well.

How good is man's life, the mere living! how fit to employ All the heart and the soul and the senses, for ever in joy! Hast thou loved the white locks of thy father, whose sword

thou didst guard

When he trusted thee forth with the armies, for glorious reward?

Didst thou see the thin hands of thy mother, held up as men sung

The low song of the nearly-departed, and heard her faint tongue

Joining in while it could to the witness, 'Let one more attest,

I have lived, seen God's hand thro' a lifetime, and all was for best . . .'

Then they sung thro' their tears in strong triumph, not much,—but the rest.

And thy brothers, the help and the contest, the working whence grew

Such result as from seething grape-bundles, the spirit strained true!

And the friends of thy boyhood—that boyhood of wonder and hope.

Present promise, and wealth of the future beyond the eye's scope,—

Till lo, thou art grown to a monarch; a people is thine; And all gifts which the world offers singly, on one head combine!

On one head, all the beauty and strength, love and rage, like the throe

That, a-work in the rock, helps its labour, and lets the gold go:

High ambition and deeds which surpass it, fame crowning it,—all
Brought to blaze on the head of one creature—King Saul!"

And lo, with that leap of my spirit, heart, band, harp and voice,

Each lifting Saul's name out of sorrow, each bidding rejoice Saul's fame in the light it was made for—as when, dare I say,

The Lord's army in rapture of service, strains through its array,

And upsoareth the cherubim-chariot—"Saul!" cried I, and stopped,
And waited the thing that should follow. Then Saul. who

hung propt

By the tent's cross-support in the centre, was struck by his name.

Have ye seen when Spring's arrowy summons goes right to the aim,

And some mountain, the last to withstand her, that held, (he alone,

While the vale laughed in freedom and flowers) on a broad bust of stone

A year's snow bound about for a breastplate,—leaves grasp of the sheet?

Fold on fold all at once it crowds thunderously down to his feet,

And there fronts you, stark, black but alive yet, your mountain of old,

With his rents, the successive bequeathings of ages untold—

Yea, each harm got in fighting your battles, each furrow and scar

Of his head thrust 'twixt you and the tempest—all hail, there they are!

Now again to be softened with verdure, again hold the nest

Of the dove, tempt the goat and its young to the green on its crest

For their food in the ardours of summer! One long shudder thrilled

All the tent till the very air tingled, then sank and was stilled,

At the King's self left standing before me, released and aware.

What was gone, what remained? all to traverse 'twixt hope and despair—

Death was past, life not come—so he waited. Awhile his right hand

Held the brow, helped the eyes left too vacant forthwith to remand

To their place what new object should enter: 'twas Saul as before.

I looked up and dared gaze at those eyes, nor was hurt any more

Than by slow pallid sunsets in autumn, ye watch from the shore

At their sad level gaze o'er the ocean—a sun's slow decline Over hills which, resolved in stern silence, o'erlap and entwine

Base with base to knit strength more intense: so, arm folded in arm

O'er the chest whose slow heavings subsided.

11

What spell or what charm, (For, awhile there was trouble within me) what next should I urge

To sustain him where song had restored him ?—Song filled to the verge

His cup with the wine of this life, pressing all that it yields Of mere fruitage, the strength and the beauty! Beyond, on what fields.

Glean a vintage more potent and perfect to brighten

the eye

And bring blood to the lip, and commend them the cup they put by?

He saith, "It is good;" still he drinks not—he lets me

praise life,

Gives assent, yet would die for his own part.

12

Then fancies grew rife Which had come long ago on the pastures, when round me the sheep

Fed in silence—above, the one eagle wheeled slow as in sleep.

And I lay in my hollow, and mused on the world that might lie

'Neath his ken, though I saw but the strip 'twixt the hill and the sky:

And I laughed—"Since my days are ordained to be passed with my flocks,

Let me people at least with my fancies, the plains and the rocks,

Dream the life I am never to mix with, and image the show

Of mankind as they live in those fashions I hardly shall know!

SAUL

Schemes of life, its best rules and right uses, the courage that gains,

And the prudence that keeps what men strive for." And now these old trains

Of vague thought came again; I grew surer: so once more

the string Of my harp made response to my spirit, as thus-

13

"Yea, my king,"

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I began-" thou dost well in rejecting mere comforts that spring

From the mere mortal life held in common by man and by brute: In our flesh grows the branch of this life, in our soul it

bears fruit. Thou hast marked the slow rise of the tree,-how its stem

trembled first Till it passed the kid's lip, the stag's antler; then safely

outburst The fan-branches all round; and thou mindest when these

too, in turn Broke a-bloom and the palm-tree seemed perfect; yet more was to learn,

Ev'n the good that comes in with the palm-fruit. Our dates shall we slight,

When their juice brings a cure for all sorrow? or care for the plight

Of the palm's self whose slow growth produced them? Not so! stem and branch

Shall decay, nor be known in their place, while the palmwine shall staunch

Every wound of man's spirit in winter. I pour thee such wine.

Leave the flesh to the fate it was fit for: the spirit be thine!

By the spirit, when age shall o'ercome thee, thou still shalt enjoy

More indeed, than at first when inconscious, the life of a bov.

Crush that life, and behold its wine running! each deed thou hast done

Dies, revives, goes to work in the world; until e'en as the

Looking down on the earth, though clouds spoil him, though tempests efface,

Can find nothing his own deed produced not, must every where trace

The results of his past summer-prime,—so, each ray of thy will,

Every flash of thy passion and prowess, long over, shall thrill

Thy whole people the countless, with ardour, till they too give forth

A like cheer to their sons, who in turn, fill the south and the north

With the radiance thy deed was the germ of. Carouse in the past.

But the license of age has its limit; thou diest at last.

As the lion when age dims his eye-ball, the rose at her height,

So with man—so his power and his beauty for ever take flight.

No! again a long draught of my soul-wine! look forth o'er the years—

Thou hast done now with eyes for the actual; begin with the seer's !

Is Saul dead? in the depth of the vale make his tomb—bid arise

A grey mountain of marble heaped four-square, till built to the skies.

Let it mark where the great First King slumbers—whose fame would ye know?

Up above see the rock's naked face, where the record shall

In great characters cut by the scribe,—Such was Saul, so he did,

With the sages directing the work, by the populace chid,—

For not half, they'll affirm, is comprised there! Which fault to amend,

In the grove with his kind grows the cedar, whereon they shall spend

(See, in tablets 'tis level before them) their praise, and record

With the gold of the graver, Saul's story,—the statesman's great word

Side by side with the poet's sweet comment. The river's a-wave

With smooth paper-reeds grazing each other when prophet winds rave:

So the pen gives unborn generations their due and their part

In thy being! Then, first of the mighty, thank God that thou art."

14

And behold while I sang . . . But O Thou who didst grant me that day,

And before it not seldom hast granted, thy help to essay Carry on and complete an adventure,—my Shield and my Sword

In that act where my soul was thy servant, thy word was my word,—

Still be with me, who then at the summit of human endeavour

And scaling the highest man's thought could, gazed hopeless as ever

On the new stretch of Heaven above me—till Mighty to save,

Just one lift of thy hand cleared that distance—God's throne from man's grave!

Let me tell out my tale to its ending—my voice to my heart.

Which can scarce dare believe in what marvels that night I took part,

As this morning I gather the fragments, alone with my sheep,

And still fear lest the terrible glory evanish like sleep!
For I wake in the grey dewy covert, while Hebron upheaves

The dawn struggling with night on his shoulder, and Kidron retrieves

Slow the damage of yesterday's sunshine.

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15

I say then,—my song While I sang thus, assuring the monarch, and ever more

strong,
Made a proffer of good to console him—he slowly resumed
His old motions and habitudes kingly. The right hand

replumed

His black locks to their wonted composure, adjusted the swathes

Of his turban, and see—the huge sweat that his countenance bathes.

He wipes off with the robe; and he girds now his loins as of yore.

And feels slow for the armlets of price, with the clasp set

He is Saul, ye remember in glory,—ere error had bent The broad brow from the daily communion; and still, though much spent Be the life and the bearing that front you, the same, God did choose,

To receive what a man may waste, desecrate, never quite

lose.

So sank he along by the tent-prop, till, stayed by the pile Of his armour and war-cloak and garments, he leaned there awhile.

And so sat out my singing,—one arm round the tent-prop, to raise

His bent head, and the other hung slack—till I touched on the praise I foresaw from all men in all times, to the man patient

And thus ended, the harp falling forward. Then first I was 'ware

That he sat, as I say, with my head just above his vast

i ait i

Which were thrust out on each side around me, like oak roots which please

To encircle a lamb when it slumbers. I looked up to know If the best I could do had brought solace: he spoke not, but slow

Lifted up the hand slack at his side, till he laid it with care Soft and grave, but in mild settled will, on my brow: thro' my hair

The large fingers were pushed, and he bent back my head, with kind power-

All my face back, intent to peruse it, as men do a flower. Thus held he me there with his great eyes that scrutinised

mine-And oh, all my heart how it loved him! but where was

the sign? I yearned—"Could I help thee, my father, inventing a

I would add to that life of the past, both the future and this.

I would give thee new life altogether, as good, ages hence, As this moment,—had love but the warrant, love's heart to dispense !!"

16

Then the truth came upon me. No harp more—no song more! out-broke-

17

"I have gone the whole round of Creation: I saw and I spoke!

I, a work of God's hand for that purpose, received in my brain

SAUL 495

And pronounced on the rest of his handwork—returned him again

His creation's approval or censure: I spoke as I saw.

I report, as a man may of God's work—all's love, yet all's law!

Now I lay down the judgeship he lent me. Each faculty tasked

To perceive him, has gained an abyss, where a dew-drop was asked.

Have I knowledge? confounded it shrivels at wisdom laid bare.

Have I forethought? how purblind, how blank, to the Infinite care!

Do I task any faculty highest, to image success?

I but open my eyes,—and perfection, no more and no less, In the kind I imagined, full-fronts me, and God is seen God

In the star, in the stone, in the flesh, in the soul and the clod.

And thus looking within and around me, I ever renew (With that stoop of the soul which in bending upraises it too)

The submission of Man's nothing-perfect to God's All-Complete,

As by each new obeisance in spirit, I climb to his feet! Yet with all this abounding experience, this Deity known,

Yet with all this abounding experience, this Deity known, I shall dare to discover some province, some gift of my own.

There's one faculty pleasant to exercise, hard to hoodwink, I am fain to keep still in abeyance, (I laugh as I think)
Lest, insisting to claim and parade in it, wot ye, I worst
E'en the Giver in one gift. Behold! I could love if I

durst !

6

But I sink the pretension as fearing a man may o'er-take God's own speed in the one way of love: I abstain, for love's sake!

—What, my soul? see thus far and no farther? when door great and small,

Nine-and-ninety flew ope at our touch, should the hundredth appal?

In the least things, have faith, yet distrust in the greatest of all?

Do I find love so full in my nature, God's ultimate gift, That I doubt his own love can compete with it? here, the parts shift?

Here, the creature surpass the Creator, the end, what Began?—

Would I fain in my impotent yearning do all for this man,

And dare doubt He alone shall not help him, who yet alone can?

Would it ever have entered my mind, the bare will, much

less power,

To bestow on this Saul what I sang of, the marvellous dower Of the life he was gifted and filled with? to make such a

Such a body, and then such an earth for insphering the

whole? And doth it not enter my mind (as my warm tears attest) These good things being given, to go on, and give one more,

the best?

Ay, to save and redeem and restore him, maintain at the height

This perfection,—succeed with life's dayspring, death's

minute of night?

Interpose at the difficult minute, snatch Saul, the mistake, Saul, the failure, the ruin he seems now,—and bid him

From the dream, the probation, the prelude, to find himself

Clear and safe in new light and new life,-a new harmony

To be run, and continued, and ended-who knows? or

endure! The man taught enough by life's dream, of the rest to make sure.

By the pain-throb, triumphantly winning intensified bliss, And the next world's reward and repose, by the struggle in this.

"I believe it! 'tis Thou, God, that givest, 'tis I who receive:

In the first is the last, in thy will is my power to believe. All's one gift: thou canst grant it moreover, as prompt to my prayer

As I breathe out this breath, as I open these arms to the air. From thy will, stream the worlds, life and nature, thy dread

Sabaoth: I will ?—the mere atoms despise me! and why am I loth To look that, even that in the face too? why is it I dare Think but lightly of such impuissance? what stops my

despair? This:—'tis not what man Does which exalts him, but what

man Would do! See the King—I would help him but cannot, the wishes fall through.

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Could I wrestle to raise him from sorrow, grow poor to

To fill up his life, starve my own out, I would—knowing which,

I know that my service is perfect.—Oh, speak through me

Would I suffer for him that I love? So wilt Thou—so wilt Thou!

So shall crown thee the topmost, ineffablest, uttermost crown—

And thy love fill infinitude wholly, nor leave up nor down One spot for the creature to stand in! It is by no breath, Turn of eye, wave of hand, that salvation joins issue with death!

As thy Love is discovered almighty, almighty be proved Thy power, that exists with and for it, of being beloved! He who did most, shall bear most; the strongest shall stand the most weak.

'Tis the weakness in strength that I cry for! my flesh,

that I seek

In the Godhead! I seek and I find it. O Saul, it shall be A Face like my face that receives thee: a Man like to me, Thou shalt love and be loved by, for ever! a Hand like this hand

Shall throw open the gates of new life to thee! See the Christ stand!"

19

I know not too well how I found my way home in the night.

There were witnesses, cohorts about me, to left and to right,

Angels, powers, the unuttered, unseen, the alive—the aware—

I repressed, I got through them as hardly, as strugglingly there,

As a runner beset by the populace famished for news— Life or death. The whole earth was awakened, hell loosed with her crews;

And the stars of night beat with emotion, and tingled and

Out in fire the strong pain of pent knowledge: but I fainted not.

For the Hand still impelled me at once and supported—suppressed

All the tumult, and quenched it with quiet, and holy behest,

Till the rapture was shut in itself, and the earth sank to rest.

Anon at the dawn, all that trouble had withered from earth-

Not so much, but I saw it die out in the day's tender birth; In the gathered intensity brought to the grey of the hills; In the shuddering forests' new awe; in the sudden wind-

thrills: In the startled wild beasts that bore off, each with eye

sidling still Tho' averted, in wonder and dread; and the birds stiff and chill

That rose heavily, as I approached them, made stupid

with awe! E'en the serpent that slid away silent,—he felt the new law. The same stared in the white humid faces upturned by the

flowers: The same worked in the heart of the cedar, and moved the vine-bowers.

And the little brooks witnessing murmured, persistent and

With their obstinate, all but hushed voices—E'en so! it is so.

LXXVII

"DE GUSTIBUS-"

Your ghost will walk, you lover of trees, (If loves remain) In an English lane, By a cornfield-side a-flutter with poppies. Hark, those two in the hazel coppice-A boy and a girl, if the good fates please,

Making love, say,-The happier they!

Draw yourself up from the light of the moon, And let them pass, as they will too soon,

With the beanflowers' boon, And the blackbird's tune, And May, and June!

What I love best in all the world, Is, a castle, precipice-encurled, In a gash of the wind-grieved Apennine. Or look for me, old fellow of mine,

(If I get my head from out the mouth O' the grave, and loose my spirit's bands, And come again to the land of lands)-In a sea-side house to the farther south. Where the baked cicalas die of drouth. And one sharp tree ('tis a cypress) stands, By the many hundred years red-rusted, Rough iron-spiked, ripe fruit-o'ercrusted, My sentinel to guard the sands To the water's edge. For, what expands Without the house, but the great opaque Blue breadth of sea, and not a break? While, in the house, for ever crumbles Some fragment of the frescoed walls, From blisters where a scorpion sprawls. A girl bare-footed brings and tumbles Down on the pavement, green-flesh melons, And says there's news to-day-the king Was shot at, touched in the liver-wing, Goes with his Bourbon arm in a sling. -She hopes they have not caught the felons.

Italy, my Italy!
Queen Mary's saying serves for me—
(When fortune's malice

Lost her, Calais.)
Open my heart and you will see
Graved inside of it, "Italy."
Such lovers old are I and she;
So it always was, so it still shall be !

LXXVIII

WOMEN AND ROSES

I DREAM of a red-rose tree. And which of its roses three Is the dearest rose to me?

ŋ

Round and round, like a dance of snow In a dazzling drift, as its guardians, go Floating the women faded for ages, Sculptured in stone, on the poet's pages. Then follow the women fresh and gay, Living and loving and loved to-day.

Last, in the rear, flee the multitude of maidens, Beauties unborn. And all, to one cadence They circle their rose on my rose tree.

3

Dear rose, thy term is reached, Thy leaf hangs loose and bleached: Bees pass it unimpeached.

4

Stay then, stoop, since I cannot climb, You, great shapes of the antique time! How shall I fix you, fire you, freeze you, Break my heart at your feet to please you? Oh! to possess, and be possessed! Hearts that beat 'neath each pallid breast! But once of love, the poesy, the passion, Drink once and die!—In vain, the same fashion, They circle their rose on my rose tree.

5

Dear rose, thy joy's undimmed; Thy cup is ruby-rimmed, Thy cup's heart nectar-brimmed.

6

Deep as drops from a statue's plinth
The bee sucked in by the hyacinth,
So will I bury me while burning,
Quench like him at a plunge my yearning,
Eyes in your eyes, lips on your lips!
Fold me fast where the cincture slips,
Prison all my soul in eternities of pleasure!
Girdle me once! But no—in their old measure
They circle their rose on my rose tree.

7

Dear rose without a thorn, Thy bud's the babe unborn: First streak of a new morn.

8

Wings, lend wings for the cold, the clear What's far conquers what is near. Roses will bloom nor want beholders, forung from the dust where our own flesh moulders.

What shall arrive with the cycle's change? A novel grace and a beauty strange. I will make an Eve, be the artist that began her, Shaped her to his mind!—Alas! in like manner They circle their rose on my rose tree.

LXXIX

PROTUS

Among these latter busts we count by scores, Half-emperors and quarter-emperors, Each with his bay-leaf fillet, loosed-thonged vest, Loric and low-browed Gorgon on the breast One loves a baby face, with violets there, Violets instead of laurel in the hair, As those were all the little locks could bear.

Now read here. "Protus ends a period Of empery beginning with a god: Born in the porphyry chamber at Byzant; Queens by his cradle, proud and ministrant. And if he quickened breath there, 'twould like fire Pantingly through the dim vast realm transpire. A fame that he was missing, spread afar-The world, from its four corners, rose in war, Till he was borne out on a balcony To pacify the world when it should see. The captains ranged before him, one, his hand Made baby points at, gained the chief command. And day by day more beautiful he grew In shape, all said, in feature and in hue, While young Greek sculptors gazing on the child Were, so, with old Greek sculpture, reconciled. Already sages laboured to condense In easy tomes a life's experience: And artists took grave counsel to impart In one breath and one hand-sweep, all their art-To make his graces prompt as blossoming Of plentifully-watered palms in spring: Since well beseems it, whose mounts the throne, For beauty, knowledge, strength, should stand alone, And mortals love the letters of his name."

—Stop! have you turned two pages? Still the same. New reign, same date. The scribe goes on to say How that same year, on such a month and day,

"John the Pannonian, groundedly believed A blacksmith's bastard, whose hard hand reprieved The Empire from its fate the year before,— Came, had a mind to take the crown, and wore The same for six years, (during which the Huns Kept off their fingers from us) till his sons Put something in his liquor "-and so forth. Then a new reign. Stay-"Take at its just worth" (Subjoins an annotator) "what I give As hearsay. Some think John let Protus live And slip away. 'Tis said, he reached man's age At some blind northern court; made first a page Then, tutor to the children—last, of use About the hunting-stables. I deduce He wrote the little tract 'On worming dogs,' Whereof the name in sundry catalogues Is extant yet. A Protus of the race Is rumoured to have died a monk in Thrace.— And if the same, he reached senility."

Here's John the Smith's rough-hammered head. Great eye,
Gross jaw and griped lips do what granite can
To give you the crown-grasper. What a man!

LXXX

HOLY-CROSS DAY

ON WHICH THE JEWS WERE FORCED TO ATTEND AN ANNUAL.
CHRISTIAN SERMON IN ROME

What the Jews really said, on thus being driven to church, was rather to this effect:

1

FEE, faw, fum! bubble and squeak!
Blessedest Thursday's the fat of the week.
Rumble and tumble, sleek and rough,
Stinking and savoury, smug and gruff,
Take the church-road, for the bell's due chime
Gives us the summons—'tis sermon-time.

2

Boh, here's Barnabas! Job, that's you? Up stumps Solomon—bustling too?

Shame, man! greedy beyond your years To handsel the bishop's shaving-shears? Fair play's a jewel! leave friends in the lurch? Stand on a line ere you start for the church.

9

Higgledy piggledy, packed we lie,
Rats in a hamper, swine in a sty,
Wasps in a bottle, frogs in a sieve,
Worms in a carcase, fleas in a sleeve.
Hist! square shoulders, settle your thumbs
And buzz for the bishop—here he comes.

4

Bow, wow, wow—a bone for the dog!
I liken his Grace to an acorned hog.
What, a boy at his side, with the bloom of a lass,
To help and handle my lord's hour-glass!
Didst ever behold so lithe a chine?
His cheek hath laps like a fresh-singed swine.

5

Aaron's asleep—shove hip to haunch, Or somebody deal him a dig in the paunch! Look at the purse with the tassel and knob, And the gown with the angel and thingumbob. What's he at, quotha? reading his text! Now you've his curtsey—and what comes next?

6

See to our converts—you doomed black dozen— No stealing away—nor cog nor cozen! You five that were thieves, deserve it fairly; You seven that were beggars, will live less sparely You took your turn and dipped in the hat, Got fortune—and fortune gets you; mind that!

7

Give your first groan—compunction's at work; And soft! from a Jew you mount to a Turk. Lo, Micah,—the self-same beard on chin He was four times already converted in! Here's a knife, clip quick—it's a sign of grace—Or he ruins us all with his hanging-face.

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8

Whom now is the bishop a-leering at?
I know a point where his text falls pat.
I'll tell him to-morrow, a word just now
Went to my heart and made me vow
I meddle no more with the worst of trades—
Let somebody else pay his serenades.

9

Groan all together now, whee—hee !
It's a-work, it's a-work, ah, woe is me!
It began, when a herd of us, picked and placed,
Were spurred through the Corso, stripped to the waist;
Jew-brutes, with sweat and blood well spent
To usher in worthily Christian Lent.

10

It grew, when the hangman entered our bounds, Yelled, pricked us out to this church like hounds. It got to a pitch, when the hand indeed Which gutted my purse, would throttle my creed. And it overflows, when, to even the odd, Men I helped to their sins, help me to their God.

11

But now, while the scapegoats leave our flock, And the rest sit silent and count the clock, Since forced to muse the appointed time On these precious facts and truths sublime,—Let us fitly employ it, under our breath, In saying Ben Ezra's Song of Death.

19

For Rabbi Ben Ezra, the night he died, Called sons and sons' sons to his side, And spoke, "This world has been harsh and strange, Something is wrong, there needeth a change. But what, or where? at the last, or first? In one point only we sinned, at worst.

13

"The Lord will have mercy on Jacob yet, And again in his border see Israel set. When Judah beholds Jerusalem, The stranger-seed shall be joined to them: To Jacob's House shall the Gentiles cleave. So the prophet saith and his sons believe. 14

"Ay, the children of the chosen race Shall carry and bring them to their place: In the land of the Lord shall lead the same, Bondsmen and handmaids. Who shall blame, When the slaves enslave, the oppressed ones o'er The oppressor triumph for evermore?

15

"God spoke, and gave us the word to keep a Bade never fold the hands nor sleep 'Mid a faithless world,—at watch and ward, Till the Christ at the end relieve our guard. By his servant Moses the watch was set: Though near upon cock-crow—we keep it yet.

16

"Thou! if thou wast He, who at mid-watch came, By the starlight naming a dubious Name! And if we were too heavy with sleep—too rash With fear—O thou, if that martyr-gash Fell on thee coming to take thine own, And we gave the Cross, when we owed the Throne—

17

"Thou art the Judge. We are bruised thus. But, the judgment over, join sides with us! Thine too is the cause! and not more thine Than ours, is the work of these dogs and swine, Whose life laughs through and spits at their creed, Who maintain thee in word, and defy thee in deed!

18

"We withstood Christ then? be mindful how At least we withstand Barabbas now! Was our outrage sore? but the worst we spared, To have called these—Christians,—had we dared! Let defiance to them, pay mistrust of thee, And Rome make amends for Calvary!

19

"By the torture, prolonged from age to age, By the infamy, Israel's heritage, By the Ghetto's plague, by the garb's disgrace, By the badge of shame, by the felon's place, By the branding-tool, the bloody whip, And the summons to Christian fellowship,

20

"We boast our proofs, that at least the Jew Would wrest Christ's name from the Devil's crew. Thy face took never so deep a shade But we fought them in it, God our aid! A trophy to bear, as we march, a band South, East, and on to the Pleasant Land!"

LXXXI

THE GUARDIAN-ANGEL:

A PICTURE AT FANO

1

DEAR and great Angel, wouldst thou only leave
That child, when thou hast done with him, for me!
Let me sit all the day here, that when eve
Shall find performed thy special ministry
And time come for departure, thou, suspending
Thy flight, mayst see another child for tending,
Another still, to quiet and retrieve.

2

Then I shall feel thee step one step, no more,
From where thou standest now, to where I gaze,
And suddenly my head be covered o'er
With those wings, white above the child who prays
Now on that tomb—and I shall feel thee guarding
Me, out of all the world; for me, discarding
You heaven thy home, that waits and opes its door!

3

I would not look up thither past thy head
Because the door opes, like that child, I know,
For I should have thy gracious face instead,
Thou bird of God! And wilt thou bend me low
Like him, and lay, like his, my hands together,
And lift them up to pray, and gently tether
Me, as thy lamb there, with thy garment's spread?

1

If this was ever granted, I would rest
My head beneath thine, while thy healing hands
Close-covered both my eyes beside thy breast,
Pressing the brain, which too much thought expands.

Back to its proper size again, and smoothing Distortion down till every nerve had soothing, And all lay quiet, happy and supprest.

5

How soon all worldly wrong would be repaired!

I think how I should view the earth and skies
And sea, when once again my brow was bared
After thy healing, with such different eyes.
O, world, as God has made it! all is beauty:
And knowing this, is love, and love is duty.
What further may be sought for or declared?

6

Guercino drew this angel I saw teach
(Alfred, dear friend)—that little child to pray,
Holding the little hands up, each to each
Pressed gently,—with his own head turned away
Over the earth where so much lay before him
Of work to do, though heaven was opening o'er him,
And he was left at Fano by the beack

7

We were at Fano, and three times we went
To sit and see him in his chapel there,
And drink his beauty to our soul's content
—My angel with me too: and since I care
For dear Guercino's fame, (to which in power
And glory comes this picture for a dower,
Fraught with a pathos so magnificent)

0

And since he did not work so earnestly
At all times, and has else endured some wrong,
I took one thought his picture struck from me,
And spread it out, translating it to song.
My love is here. Where are you, dear old friend?
How rolls the Wairoa at your world's far end?
This is Ancona, yonder is the sea.

LXXXII

CLEON

"As certain also of your own poets have said."-

CLEON the poet, (from the sprinkled isles, Lily on lily, that o'erlace the sea, And laugh their pride when the light wave lisps "Greece")— To Protos in his Tyranny: much health!

They give thy letter to me, even now: I read and seem as if I heard thee speak. The master of thy galley still unlades Gift after gift; they block my court at last And pile themselves along its portico Royal with sunset, like a thought of thee: And one white she-slave from the group dispersed Of black and white slaves, (like the chequer-work Pavement, at once my nation's work and gift, Now covered with this settle-down of doves) One lyric woman, in her crocus vest Woven of sea-wools, with her two white hands Commends to me the strainer and the cup Thy lip hath bettered ere it blesses mine.

Well-counselled, king, in thy munficence ! For so shall men remark, in such an act Of love for him whose song gives life its joy. Thy recognition of the use of life: Nor call thy spirit barely adequate To help on life in straight ways, broad enough For vulgar souls, by ruling and the rest. Thou, in the daily building of thy tower, Whether in fierce and sudden spasms of toil. Or through dim lulls of unapparent growth, Or when the general work 'mid good acclaim Climbed with the eye to cheer the architect. Didst ne'er engage in work for mere work's sake-Hadst ever in thy heart the luring hope Of some eventual rest a-top of it, Whence, all the tumult of the building hushed, Thou first of men mightst look out to the east. awest the sun.

> ea, es, speak

Thy great words, and describe thy royal face—Wishing thee wholly where Zeus lives the most Within the eventual element of calm.

Thy letter's first requirement meets me here. It is as thou hast heard: in one short life I, Cleon, have affected all those things Thou wonderingly dost enumerate. That epos on thy hundred plates of gold Is mine, -and also mine the little chant, So sure to rise from every fishing-bark When, lights at prow, the seamen haul their nets. The image of the sun-god on the phare Men turn from the sun's self to see, is mine; The Pœcile, o'er-storied its whole length, As thou didst hear, with painting, is mine too. I know the true proportions of a man And woman also, not observed before: And I have written three books on the soul, Proving absurd all written hitherto, And putting us to ignorance again. For music, why, I have combined the moods, Inventing one. In brief, all arts are mine; Thus much the people know and recognise, Throughout our seventeen islands. Marvel not. We of these latter days, with greater mind Than our forerunners, since more composite, Look not so great (beside their simple way) To a judge who only sees one way at once, One mind-point, and no other at a time,-Compares the small part of a man of us With some whole man of the heroic age, Great in his way,-not ours, nor meant for ours, And ours is greater, had we still to know. Yet, what we call this life of men on earth, This sequence of the soul's achievements here, Being, as I find much reason to conceive, Intended to be viewed eventually As a great whole, not analysed to parts, But each part having reference to all,-How shall a certain part, pronounced complete, Endure effacement by another part? Was the thing done ?—Then what's to do again? See, in the chequered pavement opposite, Suppose the artist made a perfect rhomb, And next a lozenge, then a trapezoid-He did not overlay them, superimpose The new upon the old and blot it out. But laid them on a level in his work.

Making at last a picture; there it lies. So, first the perfect separate forms were made. The portions of mankind-and after, so. Occurred the combination of the same. Or where had been a progress, or otherwise? Mankind, made up of all the single men,-In such a synthesis the labour ends. Now, mark me-those divine men of old time Have reached, thou savest well, each at one point The outside verge that rounds our faculty; And where they reached, who can do more than reach? It takes but little water just to touch At some one point the inside of a sphere, And, as we turn the sphere, touch all the rest In duc succession: but the finer air Which not so palpably nor obviously, Though no less universally, can touch The whole circumference of that emptied sphere, Fills it more fully than the water did; Holds thrice the weight of water in itself Resolved into a subtler element. And yet the vulgar call the sphere first full Up to the visible height—and after, void; Not knowing air's more hidden properties. And thus our soul, misknown, cries out to Zeus To vindicate his purpose in its life-Why stay we on the earth unless to grow? Long since, I imaged, wrote the fiction out, That he or other God, descended here And, once for all, showed simultaneously What, in its nature, never can be shown Piecemeal or in succession; -showed, I say. The worth both absolute and relative Of all his children from the birth of time, His instruments for all appointed work. I now go on to image,—might we hear The judgment which should give the due to each Show where the labour lay and where the ease, And prove Zeus' self, the latent, everywhere! This is a dream. But no dream, let us hope, That years and days, the summers and the springs Follow each other with unwaning powers— The grapes which dye thy wine, are richer far Through culture, than the wild wealth of the rock; The suave plum than the savage-tasted drupe; The pastured honey-bee drops choicer sweet; The flowers turn double, and the leaves turn flowers: That young and tender crescent-moon, thy slave, Sleeping upon her robe as if on clouds,

Refines upon the women of my youth. What, and the soul alone deteriorates? I have not chanted verse like Homer's, no-Nor swept string like Terpander, no—nor carved · And painted men like Phidias and his friend: I am not great as they are, point by point: But I have entered into sympathy With these four, running these into one soul, Who, separate, ignored each others' arts. Say, is it nothing that I know them all? The wild flower was the larger—I have dashed Rose-blood upon its petals, pricked its cup's Honey with wine, and driven its seed to fruit, And show a better flower if not so large. I stand, myself. Refer this to the gods Whose gift alone it is! which, shall I dare (All pride apart) upon the absurd pretext That such a gift by chance lay in my hand, Discourse of lightly or depreciate? It might have fallen to another's hand—what then? I pass too surely—let at least truth stay!

And next, of what thou followest on to ask. This being with me as I declare, O king, My works, in all these varicoloured kinds. So done by me, accepted so by men— Thou askest if (my soul thus in men's hearts) I must not be accounted to attain The very crown and proper end of life. Inquiring thence how, now life closeth up, I face death with success in my right hand: Whether I fear death less than dost thyself The fortunate of men. "For" (writest thou) "Thou leavest much behind, while I leave nought: Thy life stays in the poems men shall sing, The pictures men shall study; while my life, Complete and whole now in its power and joy. Dies altogether with my brain and arm, Is lost indeed; since,—what survives myself? The brazen statute that o'erlooks my grave, Set on the promontory which I named. And that—some supple courtier of my heir Shall use its robed and sceptred arm, perhaps, To fix the rope to, which best drags it down. I go, then: triumph thou, who dost not go!"

Nay, thou art worthy of hearing my whole mind. Is this apparent, when thou turn'st to muse Upon the scheme of earth and man in chief,

That admiration grows as knowledge grows? That imperfection means perfection hid, Reserved in part, to grace the after-time? If, in the morning of philosophy. Ere ought had been recorded, ought perceived, Thou, with the light now in thee, could'st have looked On all earth's tenantry, from worm to bird, Ere man had yet appeared upon the stage-Thou wouldst have seen them perfect, and deduced The perfectness of others yet unseen. Conceding which,—had Zeus then questioned thee " Wilt thou go on a step, improve on this, Do more for visible creatures than is done?" Thou wouldst have answered, "Ay, by making each Grow conscious in himself-by that alone. All's perfect else: the shell sucks fast the rock, The fish strikes through the sea, the snake both swims And slides; the birds take flight, forth range the beasts, Till life's mechanics can no further go-And all this joy in natural life, is put, Like fire from off Thy finger into each, So exquisitely perfect is the same. But 'tis pure fire—and they mere matter are; It has them, not they it: and so I choose, For man, Thy last premeditated work (If I might add a glory to this scheme) That a third thing should stand apart from both, A quality arise within the soul, Which, intro-active, made to supervise And feel the force it has, may view itself, And so be happy." Man might live at first The animal life: but is there nothing more? In due time, let him critically learn How he lives; and, the more he gets to know Of his own life's adaptabilities, The more joy-giving will his life become. The man who hath this quality, is best.

But thou, king, hadst more reasonably said:
"Let progress end at once,—man make no step
Beyond the natural man, the better beast,
Using his senses, not the sense of sense."
In man there's failure, only since he left
The lower and inconscious forms of life.
We called it an advance, the rendering plain
A spirit might grow conscious of that life,
And, by new lore so added to the old,
Take each step higher over the brute's head.
This grew the only life, the pleasure-house,

Watch-tower and treasure-fortress of the soul, Which whole surrounding flats of natural life Seemed only fit to yield subsistence to; A tower that crowns a country. But alas! The soul now climbs it just to perish there, For thence we have discovered ('tis no dream-We know this, which we had not else perceived) That there's a world of capability For joy, spread round about us, meant for us, Inviting us; and still the soul craves all, And still the flesh replies, "Take no jot more Than ere you climbed the tower to look abroad! Nay, so much less, as that fatigue has brought Deduction to it." We struggle—fain to enlarge Our bounded physical recipiency, Increase our power, supply fresh oil to life, Repair the waste of age and sickness. No. It skills not: life's inadequate to joy, As the soul sees joy, tempting life to take. They praise a fountain in my garden here Wherein a Naiad sends the water-spurt Thin from her tube; she smiles to see it rise. What if I told her, it is just a thread From that great river which the hills shut up, And mock her with my leave to take the same? The artificer has given her one small tube Past power to widen or exchange—what boots To know she might spout oceans if she could? She cannot lift beyond her first straight thread. And so a man can use but a man's joy While he sees God's. Is it, for Zeus to boast "See, man, how happy I live, and despair— That I may be still happier—for thy use!" If this were so, we could not thank our Lord. As hearts beat on to doing: 'tis not so-Malice it is not. Is it carelessness? Still, no. If care—where is the sign. I ask— And get no answer: and agree in sum, O king, with thy profound discouragement, Who seest the wider but to sigh the more. Most progress is most failure! thou sayest well.

The last point now:—thou dost except a case—Holding joy not impossible to one
With artist-gifts—to such a man as I—
Who leave behind me living works indeed;
For, such a poem, such a painting lives.
What? dost thou verily trip upon a word,
Confound the accurate view of what joy is

(Caught somewhat clearer by my eyes than thine) With feeling joy? confound the knowing how And showing how to live (my faculty) With actually living?—Otherwise Where is the artist's vantage o'er the king? Because in my great epos I display How divers men young, strong, fair, wise, can act-Is this as though I acted? if I paint, Carve the young Phœbus, am I therefore young? Methinks I'm older that I bowed myself The many years of pain that taught me art! Indeed, to know is something, and to prove How all this beauty might be enjoyed, is more: But, knowing nought, to enjoy is something too. You rower with the moulded muscles there Lowering the sail, is nearer it than I. I can write love-odes—thy fair slave's an ode. I get to sing of love, when grown too grey For being beloved: she turns to that young man The muscles all a-ripple on his back. I know the joy of kingship: well—thou art king!

"But," sayest thou—(and I marvel, I repeat, To find thee tripping on a mere word) " what Thou writest, paintest, stays: that does not die: Sappho survives, because we sing her songs, And Æschylus, because we read his plays!" Why, if they live still, let them come and take Thy slave in my despite—drink from thy cup— Speak in my place. Thou diest while I survive? Say rather that my fate is deadlier still,— In this, that every day my sense of joy Grows more acute, my soul (intensified In power and insight) more enlarged, more keen a While every day my hairs fall more and more, My hand shakes, and the heavy years increase— The horror quickening still from year to year, The consummation coming past escape When I shall know most, and yet least enjoy-When all my works wherein I prove my worth. Being present still to mock me in men's mouths. Alive still, in the phrase of such as thou, I, I, the feeling, thinking, acting man, The man who loved his life so over much Shall sleep in my urn. It is so horrible, I dare at times imagine to my need Some future state revealed to us by Zeus, Unlimited in capability For joy, as this is in desire for joy,

To seek which, the joy-hunger forces us. That, stung by straitness of our life, made strait On purpose to make sweet the life at large—Freed by the throbbing impulse we call death We burst there as the worm into the fly, Who, while a worm still, wants his wings. But, no! Zeus has not yet revealed it; and, alas! He must have done so—were it possible!

Live long and happy, and in that thought die, Glad for what was. Farewell. And for the rest, I cannot tell thy messenger aright Where to deliver what he bears of thine To one called Paulus—we have heard his fam Indeed, if Christus be not one with him-I know not, nor am troubled much to know. Thou canst not think a mere barbarian Jew, As Paulus proves to be, one circumcised, Hath access to a secret shut from us? Thou wrongest our philosophy, O king, In stooping to inquire of such an one, As if his answer could impose at all. He writeth, doth he? Well, and he may write. Oh, the Jew findeth scholars! certain slaves Who touched on this same isle, preached him and Christ: And (as I gathered from a bystander) Their doctrines could be held by no sane man.

LXXXIII

THE TWINS

"Give" and "It-shall-be-given-unto-you."

1

GRAND rough old Martin Luther
Bloomed fables—flowers on furze,
The better the uncouther:
Do roses stick like burrs?

2

A beggar asked an alms
One day at an abbey-door,
Said Luther; but, seized with qualms,
The Abbot replied, "We're poor!"

"Poor, who had plenty once,
"When gifts fell thick as rain:
"But they give us nought, for the nonce,

"And how should we give again?"

4

Then the beggar, "See your sins! "Of old, unless I err,

"Ye had brothers for inmates, twins,
"Date and Dabitur."

5

"While Date was in good case "Dabitur flourished too:

"For Dabitur's lenten face,
"No wonder if Date rue."

6

"Would ye retrieve the one?
"Try and make plump the other!

"When Date's penance is done, "Dabitur helps his brother."

7

"Only, beware relapse!"
The Abbot hung his head.
This beggar might be, perhaps,
An angel, Luther said.

LXXXIV

POPULARITY

1

Stand still, true poet that you are,
I know you; let me try and draw you.
Some night you'll fail us. When afar
You rise, remember one man saw you,
Knew you, and named a star.

2

My star, God's glow-worm! Why extend
That loving hand of His which leads you,
Yet locks you safe from end to end
Of this dark world, unless He needs you—
Just saves your light to spend?

His clenched Hand shall unclose at last I know, and let out all the beauty. My poet holds the future fast, Accepts the coming ages' duty, Their present for this past.

4

That day, the earth's feast-master's brow Shall clear, to God the chalice raising; "Others give best at first, but Thou For ever set'st our table praising,—Keep'st the good wine till now."

5

Meantime, I'll draw you as you stand,
With few or none to watch and wonder.
I'll say—a fisher (on the sand
By Tyre the Old) his ocean-plunder,
A netful, brought to land.

R

Who has not heard how Tyrian shells Enclosed the blue, that dye of dyes Whereof one drop worked miracles, And coloured like Astarte's eyes Raw silk the merchant sells?

7

And each bystander of them all Could criticise, and quote tradition How depths of blue sublimed some pall, To get which, pricked a king's ambition; Worth sceptre, crown and ball.

ደ

Yet there's the dye,—in that rough mesh,
The sea has only just o'er-whispered!
Live whelks, the lip's-beard dripping fresh,
As if they still the water's lisp heard
Through foam the rock-weeds thresh.

9

Enough to furnish Solomon
Such hangings for his cedar-house,
That when gold-robed he took the throne
In that abyss of blue, the Spouse
Might swear his presence shone

Most like the centre-spike of gold
Which burns deep in the blue-bell's womb,
What time, with ardours manifold,
The bee goes singing to her groom,
Drunken and overbold.

11

Mere conchs! not fit for warp or woof!
Till art comes,—comes to pound and squeeze
And clarify,—refines to proof
The liquor filtered by degrees,
While the world stands aloof.

12

And there's the extract, flasked and fine,
And priced, and saleable at last!
And Hobbs, Nobbs, Stokes and Nokes combine
To paint the future from the past,
Put blue into their line.

13

Hobbs hints blue,—straight he turtle eats.
Nobbs prints blue,—claret crowns his cup.
Nokes outdares Stokes in azure feats,—
Both gorge. Who fished the murex up?
What porridge had John Keats?

LXXXV

THE HERETIC'S TRAGEDY

A MIDDLE-AGE INTERLUDE

1

PREADMONISHETH THE ABBOT DEODAET

THE Lord, we look to once for all,
Is the Lord we should look at, all at once;
He knows not to vary, saith St. Paul,
Nor the shadow of turning, for the nonce.
See him no other than as he is;
Give both the Infinites their due—
Infinite mercy, but, I wis,
As infinite a justice too.

[Organ: plagal-cadence.]

As infinite a justice too.

ONE SINGETH

JOHN, Master of the Temple of God,
Falling to sin the Unknown Sin,
What he bought of Emperor Aldabrod,
He sold it to Sultan Saladin—
Till, caught by Pope Clement, a-buzzing there,
Hornet-prince of the mad wasps' hive,
And clipt of his wings in Paris square,
They bring him now to be burned alive.

[And wanteth there grace of lute or clavicithern, ye shall say to confirm him who singeth—

We bring John now to be burned alive.

3

In the midst is a goodly gallows built;

'Twixt fork and fork, a stake is stuck;
But first they set divers tumbrils a-tilt,

Make a trench all round with the city muck,
Inside they pile log upon log, good store;
Faggots not few, blocks great and small,
Reach a man's mid-thigh, no less, no more,—
For they mean he should roast in the sight of all.

CHORUS

We mean he should roast in the sight of all.

4

Good sappy bavins that kindle forthwith;
Billets that blaze substantial and slow;
Pine-stump split deftly, dry as pith;
Larch-heart that chars to a chalk-white glow;
Then up they hoist me John in a chafe,
Sling him fast like a hog to scorch,
Spit in his face, then leap back safe,
Sing "Laudes" and bid clap-to the torch.

CHORUS

Laus Deo-who bids clap-to the torch.

人名英格特姓氏阿拉特斯 過二八分次

5

John of the Temple, whose fame so bragged,
Is burning alive in Paris square!
How can he curse, if his mouth is gagged?
Or wriggle his neck, with a collar there?
Or heave his chest, while a band goes round?
Or threat with his fist, since his arms are spliced?
Or kick with his feet, now his legs are bound?
—Thinks John—I will call upon Jesus Christ.

[Here one crosseth himself.

3

Jesus Christ—John had bought and sold,
Jesus Christ—John had eaten and drunk;
To him, the Flesh meant silver and gold.
(Salvā reverentiā.)
Now it was, "Saviour, bountiful lamb,
I have roasted thee Turks, though men roast me.
See thy servant, the plight wherein I am!
Art thou a Saviour? Save thou me!"

CHORUS

'Tis John the mocker cries, Save thou me!

7

Who maketh God's menace an idle word?
—Saith, it no more means what it proclaims,
Than a damsel's threat to her wanton bird?—
For she too prattles of ugly names.
—Saith, he knoweth but one thing,—what he knows?
That God is good and the rest is breath;
Why else is the same styled, Sharon's rose?
Once a rose, ever a rose, he saith.

CHORUS

O, John shall yet find a rose, he saith !

ጸ

Alack, there be roses and roses, John!
Some, honied of taste like your leman's tongue.
Some, bitter—for why? (roast gaily on!)
Their tree struck root in devil's dung!

When Paul once reasoned of righteousness
And of temperance and of judgment to come,
Good Felix trembled, he could no less—
John, snickering, crook'd his wicked thumb.

CHORUS

What cometh to John of the wicked thumb?

q

Ha, ha, John plucks now at his rose
To rid himself of a sorrow at heart!
Lo,—petal on petal, fierce rays unclose;
Anther on anther, sharp spikes outstart;
And with blood for dew, the bosom boils;
And a gust of sulphur is all its smell;
And lo, he is horribly in the toils
Of a coal-black giant flower of Hell!

CHORUS

What maketh Heaven, that maketh Hell.

10

So, as John called now, through the fire amain,
On the Name, he had cursed with, all his life—
To the Person, he bought and sold again—
For the Face, with his daily buffets rife—
Feature by feature It took its place!
And his voice like a mad dog's choking bark
At the steady whole of the Judge's Face—
Died. Forth John's soul flared into the dark.

SUBJOINETH THE ABBOT DEODAET

God help all poor souls lost in the dark!

LXXXVI

TWO IN THE CAMPAGNA

1

I wonder do you feel to-day
As I have felt, since, hand in hand,
We sat down on the grass, to stray
In spirit better through the land,
This morn of Rome and May?

For me, I touched a thought, I know, Has tantalised me many times, (Like turns of thread the spiders throw Mocking across our path) for rhymes To catch at and let go.

3

Help me to hold it: first it left
The yellowing fennel, run to seed
There, branching from the brickwork's cleft,
Some old tomb's ruin: yonder weed
Took up the floating weft,

4

Where one small orange cup amassed
Five beetles,—blind and green they grope
Among the honey-meal,—and last
Everywhere on the grassy slope
I traced it. Hold it fast!

5

The champaign with its endless fleece
Of feathery grasses everywhere!
Silence and passion, joy and peace,
An everlasting wash of air—
Rome's ghost since her decease.

6

Such life there, through such lengths of hours, Such miracles performed in play, Such primal naked forms of flowers, Such letting Nature have her way While Heaven looks from its towers.

7

How say you? Let us, O my dove, Let us be unashamed of soul, As earth lies bare to heaven above. How is it under our control To love or not to love?

8

I would that you were all to me,
You that are just so much, no more—
Nor yours, nor mine,—nor slave nor free!
Where does the fault lie? what the core
Of the wound, since wound must be?

a

I would I could adopt your will, See with your eyes, and set my heart Beating by yours, and drink my fill At your soul's springs,—your part, my part In life, for good and ill.

10

No. I yearn upward—touch you close,
Then stand away. I kiss your cheek,
Catch your soul's warmth,—I pluck the rose
And love it more than tongue can speak—
Then the good minute goes.

11

Already how am I so far
Out of that minute? Must I go
Still like the thistle-ball, no bar,
Onward, whenever light winds blow,
Fixed by no friendly star

12

Just when I seemed about to learn!
Where is the thread now? Off again!
The old trick! Only I discern—
Infinite passion and the pain
Of finite hearts that yearn.

LXXXVII

A GRAMMARIAN'S FUNERAL

Let us begin and carry up this corpse, Singing together.

Leave we the common crofts, the vulgar thorpes, Each in its tether

Sleeping safe on the bosom of the plain, Cared-for till cock-crow.

Look out if yonder's not the day again Rimming the rock-row!

That's the appropriate country—there, man's thought, Rarer, intenser,

Self-gathered for an outbreak, as it ought, Chafes in the censer! Leave we the unlettered plain its herd and crop; Seek we sepulture

On a tall mountain, citied to the top, Crowded with culture!

All the peaks soar, but one the rest excels; Clouds overcome it;

No, yonder sparkle is the citadel's

Circling its summit!
Thither our path lies—wind we up the heights—

Wait ye the warning?

Our low life was the level's and the night's;
He's for the morning!

Step to a tune, square chests, erect the head,

'Ware the beholders!
This is our master, famous, calm, and dead,

This is our master, famous, calm, and dead, Borne on our shoulders.

Sleep, crop and herd! sleep, darkling thorpe and croft,

Safe from the weather!

He, whom we convey to his grave aloft, Singing together,

He was a man born with thy face and throat, Lyric Apollo!

Long he lived nameless: how should spring take note Winter would follow?

Till lo, the little touch, and youth was gone t Cramped and diminished,

Mounced he, " New measures, other feet anon!
My dance is finished?"

No. that's the world's way! (keep the mountain-side,

Make for the city.)

He knew the signal, and stepped on with pride Over men's pity;

Left play for work, and grappled with the world Bent on escaping:

"What's in the scroll," quoth he, "thou keepest furled?

Shew me their shaping,

Theirs, who most studied man, the bard and sage,—Give!"—So he gowned him,

Straight got by heart that hook to its last page: Learned, we found him!

Yea, but we found him bald too—eyes like lead, Accents uncertain:

"Time to taste life," another would have said,
"Up with the curtain!"

This man said rather, "Actual life comes next?
Patience a moment!

Grant I have mastered learning's crabbed text, Still, there's the comment. Let me know all. Prate not of most or least, Painful or easy:

Even to the crumbs I'd fain eat up the feast, Ay, nor feel queasy!"

Oh, such a life as he resolved to live,

When he had learned it,

When he had gathered all books had to give; Sooner, he spurned it!

Image the whole, then execute the parts— Fancy the fabric

Quite, ere you build, ere steel strike fire from quartz, Ere mortar dab brick!

(Here's the town-gate reached: there's the market-place Gaping before us.)

Yea, this in him was the peculiar grace

(Hearten our chorus)

Still before living he'd learn how to live— No end to learning.

Earn the means first—God surely will contrive Use for our earning.

Others mistrust and say—" But time escapes,— Live now or never!"

He said, "What's Time? leave Now for dogs and apes!
Man has For ever."

Back to his book then: deeper drooped his head; Calculus racked him:

Leaden before, his eyes grew dross of lead;

Tussis attacked him.

"Now, Master, take a little rest!"—not he!
(Caution redoubled!

Step two a-breast, the way winds narrowly.)
Not a whit troubled,

Back to his studies, fresher than at first, Fierce as a dragon

He, (soul-hydroptic with a sacred thirs* Sucked at the flagon.

Oh, if we draw a circle premature, Heedless of far gain,

Greedy for quick returns of profit, sure, Bad is our bargain!

Was it not great? did not he throw on God, (He loves the burthen)—

God's task to make the heavenly period Perfect the earthen?

Did not he magnify the mind, shew clear Just what it all meant?

He would not discount life, as fools do here, Paid by instalment! He ventured neck or nothing-heaven's success

Found, or earth's failure:

"Wilt thou trust death or not?" he answered "Yes. Hence with life's pale lure!"

That low man seeks a little thing to do. Sees it and does it:

This high man, with a great thing to pursue. Dies ere he knows it.

That low man goes on adding one to one, His hundred's soon hit:

This high man, aiming at a million,

Misses an unit.

That, has the world here—should he need the next. Let the world mind him!

This, throws himself on God, and unperplext Seeking shall find Him.

So, with the throttling hands of Death at strife, Ground he at grammar;

Still, thro' the rattle, parts of speech were rife. While he could stammer

He settled Hoti's business-let it be !-Properly based Oun-

Gave us the doctrine of the enclitic De. Dead from the waist down.

Well, here's the platform, here's the proper place. Hail to your purlieus

All ve highfliers of the feathered race, Swallows and curlews!

Here's the top-beak! the multitude below Live, for they can there.

This man decided not to Live but Know-Bury this man there?

Here—here's his place, where meteors shoot, clouds form, Lightnings are loosened,

Stars come and go! let joy break with the storm-Peace let the dew send!

Lofty designs must close in like effects: Loftily lying,

Leave him-still loftier than the world suspects, Living and dying.

LXXXVIII

ONE WAY OF LOVE

1

ALL June I bound the rose in sheaves. Now, rose by rose, I strip the leaves, And strew them where Pauline may pass. She will not turn aside? Alas! Let them lie. Suppose they die? The chance was they might take her eye.

2

How many a month I strove to suit These stubborn fingers to the lute! To-day I venture all I know. She will not hear my music? So! Break the string—fold music's wing. Suppose Pauline had bade me sing!

3

My whole life long I learned to love. This hour my utmost art I prove And speak my passion.—Heaven or hell? She will not give me heaven? 'Tis well! Lose who may—I still can say, Those who win heaven, blest are they.

LXXXIX

ANOTHER WAY OF LOVE

1

June was not over,
Though past the full,
And the best of her roses
Had yet to blow,
When a man I know
(But shall not discover,
Since ears are dull,
And time discloses)
med him and said with a m

Turned him and said with a man's true air, Half sighing a smile in a yawn, as 'twere,—"
"If I tire of your June, will she greatly care?"

Well, dear, in-doors with you!
True, serene deadness
Tries a man's temper.
What's in the blossom
June wears on her bosom?
Can it clear scores with you?
Sweetness and redness,
Eadem semper!

Go, let me care for it greatly or slightly!

If June mends her bowers now, your hand left unsightly
By plucking their roses,—my June will do rightly.

3

And after, for pastime,
 If June be refulgent
 With flowers in completeness,
 All petals, no prickles,
 Delicious as trickles
 Of wine poured at mass-time,—
 And choose One indulgent
 To redness and sweetness:
Or if, with experience of man and of spider,
She use my June-lightning, the strong insect-ridder,
To stop the fresh spinning,—why, June will consider.

XC

"TRANSCENDENTALISM: A POEM IN TWELVE BOOKS"

Stor playing, poet! may a brother speak?
'Tis you speak, that's your error. Song's our art:
Whereas you please to speak these naked thoughts
Instead of draping them in sights and sounds.
—True thoughts, good thoughts, thoughts fit to treasure

up!
But why such long prolusion and display,
Such turning and adjustment of the harp,
And taking it upon your breast at length,
Only to speak dry words across its strings?
Stark-naked thought is in request enough—
Speak prose and holloa it till Europe hears!
The six-foot Swiss tube, braced about with bark,
Which helps the hunter's voice from Alp to Alp—
Exchange our harp for that,—who hinders you?

But here's your fault; grown men want thought, you think: Thought's what they mean by verse, and seek in verse; Boys seek for images and melody, Men must have reason—so you aim at men. Ouite otherwise! Objects throng our youth, 'tis true, We see and hear and do not wonder much. If you could tell us what they mean, indeed! As Swedish Bæhme never cared for plants Until it happed, a-walking in the fields, He noticed all at once that plants could speak, Nav. turned with loosened tongue to talk with him. That day the daisy had an eye indeed— Colloquised with the cowslip on such themes! We find them extant yet in Jacob's prose. But by the time youth slips a stage or two While reading prose in that tough book he wrote. (Collating, and emendating the same And settling on the sense most to our mind) We shut the clasps and find life's summer past. Then, who helps more, pray, to repair our loss— Another Bohme with a tougher book And subtler meanings of what roses say,-Or some stout Mage like him of Halberstadt, John, who made things Bohme wrote thoughts about? He with a "look you!" vents a brace of rhymes. And in there breaks the sudden rose herself, Over us, under, round us every side, Nav. in and out the tables and the chairs And musty volumes, Bohme's book and all,-Buries us with a glory, young once more,

So come, the harp back to your heart again! You are a poem, though your poem's naught. The best of all you did before, believe, Was your own boy's-face o'er the finer chords Bent, following the cherub at the top That points to God with his paired half-moon wings.

Called Congression of the analysis of the first of

turne de la companya de la companya

Pouring heaven into this shut house of life.

XCI

MISCONCEPTIONS

1

This is a spray the Bird clung to,
Making it blossom with pleasure,
Ere the high tree-top she sprung to,
Fit for her nest and her treasure.
Oh, what a hope beyond measure
Was the poor spray's, which the flying feet hung to,—
So to be singled out, built in, and sung to!

2

This is a heart the Queen leant on,
Thrilled in a minute erratic,
Ere the true bosom she bent on,
Meet for love's regal dalmatic.
Oh, what a fancy, ecstatic
Was the poor heart's, ere the wanderer went on—
Love to be saved for it, proffered to, spent on!

XCII

ONE WORD MORE

TO E. B. B.

1

THERE they are, my fifty men and women Naming me the fifty poems finished! Take them, Love, the book and me together, Where the heart lies, let the brain lie also.

9

Rafael made a century of sonnets,
Made and wrote them in a certain volume
Dinted with the silver-pointed pencil
Else he only used to draw Madonnas:
These, the world might view—but one, the volume.
Who that one, you ask? Your heart instructs you.
Did she live and love it all her life-time?
Did she drop, his lady of the sonnets,

Die, and let it drop beside her pillow Where it lay in place of Rafael's glory, Rafael's cheek so duteous and so loving— Cheek, the world was wont to hail a painter's, Rafael's cheek, her love had turned a poet's?

3

You and I would rather read that volume, (Take to his beating bosom by it)
Lean and list the bosom-beats of Rafael,
Would we not? than wonder at Madonnas—
Her, San Sisto names, and Her, Foligno,
Her, that visits Florence in a vision,
Her, that's left with lilies in the Louvre—
Seen by us and all the world in circle.

4

You and I will never read that volume. Guido Reni, like his own eye's apple Guarded long the treasure-book and loved it. Guido Reni dying, all Bologna Cried, and the world with it, "Ours—the treasure! "Suddenly, as rare things will, it vanished.

5

Dante once prepared to paint an angel: Whom to please? You whisper "Beatrice." While he mused and traced it and retraced it. (Peradventure with a pen corroded Still by drops of that hot ink he dipped for, When, his left-hand i' the hair o' the wicked, Back he held the brow and pricked its stigma, Bit into the live man's flesh for parchment, Loosed him, laughed to see the writing rankle, Let the wretch go festering thro' Florence)-Dante, who loved well because he hated, Hated wickedness that hinders loving, Dante standing, studying his angel,— In there broke the folk of his Inferno. Says he-" Certain people of importance" (Such he gave his daily, dreadful line to) Entered and would seize, forsooth, the poet. Says the poet-" Then I stopped my painting."

6

You and I would rather see that angel, Painted by the tenderness of Dante, Would we not?—than read a fresh Inferno.

You and I will never see that picture. While he mused on love and Beatrice, While he softened o'er his outlined angel, In they broke, those "people of importance:" We and Bice bear the loss forever.

8

What of Rafael's sonnets, Dante's picture?

9

This: no artist lives and loves that longs not Once, and only once, and for one only, (Ah, the prize!) to find his love a language Fit and fair and simple and sufficient—Using nature that's an art to others, Not, this one time, art that's turned his nature. Ay, of all the artists living, loving, None but would forego his proper dowry,—Does he paint? he fain would write a poem,—Does he write? he fain would paint a picture, Put to proof art alien to the artist's, Once, and only once, and for one only, So to be the man and leave the artist, Save the man's joy, miss the artist's sorrow.

10

Wherefore? Heaven's gift takes earth's abatement! He who smites the rock and spreads the water. Bidding drink and live a crowd beneath him. Even he, the minute makes immortal. Proves, perchance, his mortal in the minute, Desecrates, belike, the deed in doing. While he smites, how can he but remember, So he smote before, in such a peril, When they stood and mocked—" Shall smiting help us?" When they drank and sneered—" A stroke is easy!" When they wiped their mouths and went their journey, Throwing him for thanks-" But drought was pleasant." Thus old memories mar the actual triumph; Thus the doing savours of disrelish; Thus achievement lacks a gracious somewhat; O'er-importuned brows becloud the mandate, Carelessness or consciousness, the gesture. For he bears an ancient wrong about him. Sees and knows again those phalanxed faces, Hears, yet one time more, the 'customed prelude"How should'st thou, of all men, smite, and save us?" Guesses what is like to prove the sequel—"Egypt's flesh-pots—nay, the drought was better."

11

Oh, the crowd must have emphatic warrant? Theirs, the Sinai-forehead's cloven brilliance, Right-arm's rod-sweep, tongue's imperial flat. Never dares the man put off the prophet.

12

Did he love one face from out the thousands, (Were she Jethro's daughter, white and wifely, Were she but the Æthiopian bondslave,) He would envy yon dumb patient camel, Keeping a reserve of scanty water Meant to save his own life in the desert; Ready in the desert to deliver (Kneeling down to let his breast be opened) Hoard and life together for his mistress.

13

I shall never, in the years remaining,
Paint you pictures, no, nor carve you statues,
Make you music that should all-express me;
So it seems: I stand on my attainment.
This of verse alone, one life allows me;
Verse and nothing else have I to give you.
Other heights in other lives, God willing—
All the gifts from all the heights, your own, Love!

14

Yet a semblance of resource avails us—Shade so finely touched, love's sense must seize it. Take these lines, look lovingly and nearly, Lines I write the first time and the last time. He who works in fresco, steals a hair-brush. Curbs the liberal hand, subservient proudly, Cramps his spirit, crowds its all in little, Makes a strange art of an art familiar, Fills his lady's missal-marge with flowerets. He who blows thro' bronze, may breathe thro' si Fitly serenade a slumbrous princess. He who writes, may write for once, as I do.

Love, you saw me gather men and women,
Live or dead or fashioned by my fancy,
Enter each and all, and use their service,
Speak from every mouth,—the speech, a poem.
Hardly shall I tell my joys and sorrows,
Hopes and fears, belief and disbelieving:
I am mine and yours—the rest be all men's,
Karshook, Cleon, Norbert and the fifty.
Let me speak this once in my true person,
Not as Lippo, Roland or Andrea,
Though the fruit of speech be just this sentence—
Pray you, look on these my men and women,
Take and keep my fifty poems finished;
Where my heart lies, let my brain lie also!
Poor the speech; be how I speak, for all things.

16

Not but that you know me! Lo, the moon's self! Here in London, yonder late in Florence, Still we find her face, the thrice-transfigured, Curving on a sky imbrued with colour, Drifted over Fiesole by twilight, Came she, our new crescent of a hair's-breadth. Full she flared it, lamping Samminiato, Rounder 'twixt the cypresses and rounder, Perfect till the nightingales applauded. Now, a piece of her old self, improverished, Hard to greet, she traverses the houseroofs, Hurries with unhandsome thrift of silver, Goes dispiritedly,—glad to finish.

17

What, there's nothing in the moon note-worthy? Nay—for if that moon could love a mortal, Use, to charm him (so to fit a fancy) All her magic ('tis the old sweet mythos) She would turn a new side to her mortal, Side unseen or herdsman, huntsman, steersman—Blank to Zoroaster on his terrace, Blind to Galileo on his turret, Dumb to Homer, dumb to Keats—him, even. Think, the wonder of the moonstruck mortal—When she turns round, comes again in heaven, Opens out anew for worse or better? Proves she like some portent of an ice-berg Swimming full upon the ship it founders, Hungry with huge teeth of splintered chrystals?

Proves she as the paved-work of a sapphire Seen by Moses when he climbed the mountain? Moses, Aaron, Nadab and Abihu Climbed and saw the very God, the Highest, Stand upon the paved-work of a sapphire.

Like the bodied heaven in his clearness Shone the stone, the sapphire of that paved-work, When they are and drank and saw God also!

18

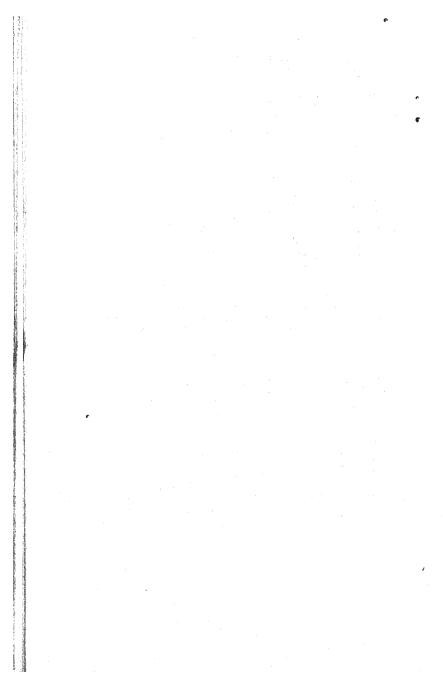
What were seen? None knows, none ever shall know. Only this is sure—the sight were other, Not the moon's same side, born late in Florence, Dying now impoverished here in London. God be thanked, the meanest of his creatures Boasts two soul-sides, one to face the world with, One to show a woman when he loves her.

19

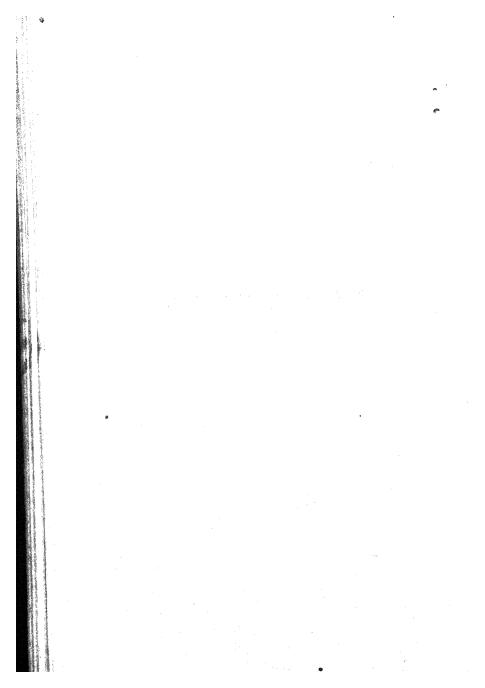
This I say of me, but think of you, Love! This to you—yourself my moon of poets! Ah, but that's the world's side—there's the wonder—Thus they see you, praise you, think they know you. There, in turn I stand with them and praise you, Out of my own self, I dare to phrase it. But the best is when I glide from out them, Cross a step or two of dubious twilight, Come out on the other side, the novel Silent silver lights and darks undreamed of, Where I hush and bless myself with silence.

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Oh, their Rafael of the dear Madonnas, Oh, their Dante of the dread Inferno, Wrote one song—and in my brain I sing it, Drew one angel—borne, see, on my bosom!



DRAMATIS PERSONÆ 1864



DRAMATIS PERSONÆ

XCIII

JAMES LEE

I .-- AT THE WINDOW

1

AH, Love, but a day
And the world has changed!
The sun's away,
And the bird estranged;
The wind has dropped,
And the sky's deranged:
Summer has stopped.

2

Look in my eyes!
Wilt thou change too?
Should I fear surprise?
Shall I find aught new
In the old and dear,
In the good and true,
With the changing year?

3

Thou art a man,
But I am thy love!
For the lake, its swan;
For the dell, its dove;
And for thee—(oh, haste!)
Me, to bend above,
Me, to hold embraced!

II.-BY THE FIRESIDE

1

Is all our fire of shipwreck wood,
Oak and pine?
Oh, for the ills half-understood,
The dim dead woe
Long ago
Befallen this bitter coast of France!
Well, poor sailors took their chance;
I take mine.

2

A ruddy shaft our fire must shoot
O'er the sea:
Do sailors eye the casement—mute,
Drenched and stark,
From their bark—
And envy, gnash their teeth for hate
O' the warm safe house and happy freight
—Thee and me?

3

God help you, sailors, at your need?
Spare the curse!
For some ships, safe in port indeed,
Rot and rust,
Run to dust,
All through worms i' the wood, which crept,
Gnawed our hearts out while we slept:
That is worse,

4

Who lived here before us two?

Old-world pairs!

Did a woman ever—would I knew!—

Watch the man

With whom began

Love's voyage full-sail,—(now, gnash your teeth!)

When planks start, open hell beneath

Unawares?

III .-- IN THE DOORWAY

1

The swallow has set her six young on the rail,
And looks sea-ward:
The water's in stripes like a snake, olive-pale
To the leeward,—
On the weather-side, black, spotted white with the
wind.
"Good fortune departs, and disaster's behind,"—
Hark, the wind with its wants and its infinite wail!

2

Our fig-tree, that leaned for the saltness, has furled
Her five fingers,
Each leaf like a hand opened wide to the world
Where there lingers
No glint of the gold, Summer sent for her sake:
How the vines writhe in rows, each impaled on its
stake!
My heart shrivels up and my spirit shrinks curled.

9

Yet here are we two; we have love, house enough,
With the field there,
This house of four rooms, that field red and rough,
Though it yield there,
For the rabbit that robs, scarce a blade or a bent;
If a magpie alight now, it seems an event;
And they both will be gone at November's rebuff.

4

But why must cold spread? but wherefore bring change
To the spirit,
God meant should mate His with an infinite range
And inherit
His power to put life in the darkness and cold?
Oh, live and love worthily, bear and be bold!
Whom Summer made friends of, let Winter estrange!

DRAMATIS PERSONÆ

IV .-- ALONG THE BEACH

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I

1

I WILL be quiet and talk with you,
And reason why you are wrong,
You wanted my love—is that much true?
And so I did love, so I do;
What has come of it all along?

2

I took you—how could I otherwise?
For a world to me, and more;
For all, love greatens and glorifies
Till God's a-glow, to the loving eyes,
In what was mere earth before.

3

Yes, earth—yes, mere ignoble earth!
Now do I mis-state, mistake?
Do I wrong your weakness and call it worth?
Expect all harvest, dread no dearth,
Seal my sense up for your sake?

4

Oh, Love, Love, no, Love! not so, indeed!
You were just weak earth I knew:
With much in you waste, with many a weed,
And plenty of passions run to seed,
But a little good grain too.

5

And such as you were, I took you for mine:
Did not you find me yours,
To watch the olive and wait the vine,
And wonder when rivers of oil and wine
Would flow, as the Book assures?

6

Well, and if none of these good things came,
What did the failure prove?
The man was my whole world, all the same,
With his flowers to praise or his weeds to blame,
And, either or both, to love.

Yet this turns now to a fault—there! there! That I do love, watch too long, And wait too well, and weary and wear; And 't is all an old story, and my despair Fit subject for some new song:

8

How the light, light love, he has wings to fly At suspicion of a bond:
My wisdom has bidden your pleasure good-bye, Which will turn up next in a laughing eye,
And why should you look beyond?

V .- ON THE CLIFF

1

I LEANED on the turf,
I looked at a rock
Left dry by the surf;
For the turf, to call it grass were to mock:
Dead to the roots, so deep was done
The work of the summer sun.

2

And the rock lay flat
As an anvil's face:
No iron like that!
Baked dry; of a weed, of a shell, no trace;
Sunshine outside, but ice at the core,
Death's altar by the lone shore.

3

On the turf, sprang gay
With his films of blue,
No cricket, I'll say,
But a warhorse, barded and chanfroned too,
The gift of a quixote-mage to his knight,
Real fairy, with wings all right.

A

On the rock, they scorch Like a drop of fire From a brandished torch, 1860 5 年代は、各次のなどは人物のはなどから、人の可能を改成したいは多いのは、大きののないないのでは、他の可能の表情を表情を表情を表情を表情を表情を表情になっている。

Fell two red fans of a butterfly: No turf, no rock, in their ugly stead, See, wonderful blue and red!

5

It is not so
With the minds of men?
The level and low,
The burnt and bare, in themselves; but then
With such a blue and red grace, not theirs,
Love settling unawares!

VI .- UNDER THE CLIFF

1

- "Still ailing, Wind? Wilt be appeased or no? "Which needs the other's office, thou or I?
- "Dost want to be disburthened of a woe,
 "And can, in truth, my voice untie

"Its links, and let it go?

2

- "Art thou a dumb wronged thing that would be righted, "Entrusting thus thy cause to me? Forbear!
- "No tongue can mend such pleadings; faith, requitted "With falsehood,—love, at last aware
- "Of scorn,-hopes, early blighted,-

3

- "We have them; but I know not any tone "So fit as thine to falter forth a sorrow:
- "Dost think men would go mad without a moan,
 "If they knew any way to borrow

"A pathos like thy own?

4

"Which sigh wouldst mock, of all the sighs? The one "So long escaping from lips starved and blue,

"That lasts while on her pallet-bed the nun

"Stretches her length; her foot comes through

"The straw she shivers on:

"You had not thought she was so tall: and spent,
"Her shrunk lids open, her lean fingers shut
"Close, close, their sharp and livid nails indent
"The clammy palm; then all is mute:
"That way, the spirit went.

6

"Or wouldst thou rather that I understand
"Thy will to help me?—like the dog I found
"Once, pacing sad this solitary strand,
"Who would not take my food, poor hound,
"But whined and licked my hand."

7

All this, and more, comes from some young man's pride
Of power to see,—in failure and mistake,
Relinquishment, disgrace, on every side,—
Merely examples for his sake,
Helps to his path untried:

R

Instances he must—simply recognize?

Oh, more than so!—must, with a learner's zeal,
Make doubly prominent, twice emphasize,
By added touches that reveal
The god in babe's disguise.

q

Oh, he knows what defeat means, and the rest. Himself the undefeated that shall be: Failure, disgrace, he flings them you to test,—His triumph, in eternity

Too plainly manifest!

10

Whence, judge if he learn forthwith what the wind Means in its moaning—by the happy prompt, Instinctive way of youth, I mean; for kind Calm years, exacting their accompt Of pain, mature the mind:

15-R

And some midsummer morning, at the lull
Just about daybreak, as he looks across
A sparkling foreign country, wonderful
To the sea's edge for gloom and gloss,
Next minute must annul.—

12

Then, when the wind begins among the vines, So low, so low, what shall it say but this? "Here is the change beginning, here the lines "Circumscribe beauty, set to bliss "The limit time assigns."

13

Nothing can be as it has been before;
Better, so call it, only not the same,
To draw one beauty into our hearts' core,
And keep it changeless! such our claim;
So answered,—Never more!

14

Simple? Why this is the old woe o' the world;
Tune, to whose rise and fall we live and die.
Rise with it, then! Rejoice that man is hurled
From change to change unceasingly,
His soul's wings never furled!

15

That's a new question; still replies the fact,
Nothing endures: the wind moans, saying so;
We moan in acquiescence: there's life's pact.
Perhaps probation—do I know?
God does: endure His act!

16

Only, for man, how bitter not to grave
On his soul's hands' palms one fair, good, wise thing
Just as he grasped it! For himself, death's wave;
While time first washes—ah, the sting!—
O'er all he'd sink to save.

VII.-AMONG THE ROCKS

1

Oh, good gigantic smile o' the brown old earth,
This autumn morning! How he sets his bones
To bask i' the sun, and thrusts out knees and feet
For the ripple to run over in its mirth;
Listening the while, where on the heap of stones

The white breast of the sea-lark twitters sweet.

2

That is the doctrine, simple, ancient, true;
Such is life's trial, as old earth smiles and knows.
If you loved only what were worth your love,
Love were clear gain, and wholly well for you:
Make the low nature better by your throes!
Give earth yourself, go up for gain above.

VIII.-BESIDE THE DRAWING BOARD

1

"As like as a Hand to another Hand!" Whoever said that foolish thing, Could not have studied to understand The counsels of God in fashioning, Out of the infinite love of His heart, This Hand, whose beauty I praise, apart From the world of wonder left to praise, If I tried to learn the other ways Of love in its skill, or love in its power. "As like as a Hand to another Hand:" Who said that, never took his stand, Found and followed, like me, an hour, The beauty in this,—how free, how fine To fear, almost,—of the limit-line! As I looked at this, and learned and drew. Drew and learned, and looked again, While fast the happy minutes flew, Its beauty mounted into my brain, And a fancy seized me; I was fain To efface my work, begin anew, Kiss what before I only drew:

Ay, laying the red chalk 'twixt my lips,
With soul to help if the mere lips failed,
I kissed all right where the drawing ailed,
Kissed fast the grace that somehow slips
Still from one's soulless finger-tips.

2

Go, little girl with the poor coarse hand! I have my lesson, shall understand.

IX.-ON DECK

1

THERE is nothing to remember in me,
Nothing I ever said with a grace,
Nothing I did that you cared to see,
Nothing I was that deserves a place
In your mind, now I leave you, set you free.

2

Conceded! In turn, concede to me,
Such things have been as a mutual flame.
Your soul's locked fast; but, love for a key,
You might let it loose, till I grew the same
In your eyes, as in mine you stand: strange plea!

3

For then, then, what would it matter to me
That I was the harsh ill-favoured one?
We both should be like as pea and pea;
It was ever so since the world began:
So, let me proceed with my reverie.

4

How strange it were if you had all me,
As I have all you in my heart and brain,
You, whose least word brought gloom or glee,
Who never lifted the hand in vain
Will hold mine yet, from over the sea!

5

Strange, if a face, when you thought of me,
Rose like your own face present now,
With eyes as dear in their due degree,
Much such a mouth, and as bright a brow,
Till you saw yourself, while you cried "'Tis She!"

Well, you may, you must, set down to me Love that was life, life that was love; A tenure of breath at your lips' decree, A passion to stand as your thoughts approve, A rapture to fall where your foot might be.

7

But did one touch of such love for me
Come in a word or a look of yours,
Whose words and looks will, circling, flee
Round me and round while life endures,—
Could I fancy "As I feel, thus feels he;"

8

Why, fade you might to a thing like me,
And your hair grow these coarse hanks of hair,
Your skin, this bark of a gnarled tree,—
You might turn myself!—should I know or care
When I should be dead of joy, James Lee?

XCIV

GOLD HAIR:

A LEGEND OF PORNIC

1

On, the beautiful girl, too white,

Who lived at Pornic, down by the sea,
Just where the sea and the Loire unite!
And a boasted name in Brittany
She bore, which I will not write.

2

Too white, for the flower of life is red; Her flesh was the soft seraphic screen Of a soul that is meant (her parents said) To just see earth, and hardly be seen, And blossom in Heaven instead.

Yet earth saw one thing, one how fair! One grace that grew to its full on earth: Smiles might be sparse on her cheek so spare. And her waist want half a girdle's girth. But she had her great gold hair.

Hair, such a wonder of flix and floss, Freshness and fragrance—floods of it, too! Gold, did I say? Nay, gold's mere dross: Here, Life smiled, "Think what I meant to do!" And Love sighed. "Fancy my loss!"

So, when she died, it was scarce more strange Than that, when delicate evening dies, And you follow its spent sun's pallid range, There's a shoot of colour startles the skies With sudden, violent change,-

That, while the breath was nearly to seck. As they put the little cross to her lips, · She changed; a spot came out on her cheek, A spark from her eye in mid-eclipse, And she broke forth, "I must speak!"

"Not my hair!" made the girl her moan-"All the rest is gone or to go; "But the last, last grace, my all, my own, "Let it stay in the grave, that the ghosts may know!

"Leave my poor gold hair alone!"

The passion thus vented, dead lay she; Her parents sobbed their worst on that; All friends joined in, nor observed degree: For indeed the hair was to wonder at, As it spread—not flowing free,

a

But curled around her brow, like a crown, And coiled beside her cheeks, like a cap, And calmed about her neck—ay, down To her breast, pressed flat, without a gap, I' the gold, it reached her gown.

10

All kissed that face, like a silver wedge
Mid the yellow wealth, nor disturbed its hair:
E'en the priest allowed death's privilege,
As he planted the crucifix with care
On her breast, 'twixt edge and edge.

11

And thus was she buried, inviolate
Of body and soul, in the very space
By the altar; keeping saintly state
In Pornic church, for her pride of race,
Pure life and piteous fate.

12

And in after-time would your fresh tear fall,

Though your mouth might twitch with a dubious smile,
As they told you of gold, both robe and pall,

How she prayed them leave it alone awhile,
So it never was touched at all.

13

Years flew; this legend grew at last
The life of the lady; all she had done,
Allebeen, in the memories fading fast
Of lover and friend, was summed in one
Sentence survivors passed:

14

To wit, she was meant for Heaven, not earth; Had turned an angel before the time: Yet, since she was mortal, in such dearth Of frailty, all you could count a crime Was—she knew her gold hair's worth.

At little pleasant Pornic church,
It chanced, the pavement wanted repair,
Was taken to pieces: left in the lurch,
A certain sacred space lay bare,
And the boys began research.

16

'T was the space where our sires would lay a saint,
A benefactor,—a bishop, suppose,
A baron with armour-adornments quaint,
Dame with chased ring and jewelled rose,
Things sanctity saves from taint;

17

So we come to find them in after-days

When the corpse is presumed to have done with gauds

Of use to the living, in many ways:

For the boys get pelf, and the town applauds

And the church deserves the praise.

18

They grubbed with a will: and at length—O cor

Humanum, pectora cœca, and the rest!—

They found—no gaud they were prying for,

No ring, no rose, but—who would have guessed?—

A double Louis-d'or!

19

Here was a case for the priest: he heard,
Marked, inwardly digested, laid
Finger on nose, smiled, "There's a bird
"Chirps in my ear:" then, "Bring a spade,
Dig deeper!"—he gave the word.

20

And lo, when they came to the coffin-lid,
Or rotten planks which composed it once,
Why, there lay the girl's skull wedged amid
A mint of money, it served for the nonce
To hold in its hair-heaps hid!

Louis-d'or, some six times five, And duly double, every piece.

Now do you see? With the priest to shrive, With parents preventing her soul's release

By kisses that kept alive,—

22

With heaven's gold gates about to ope,
With friends' praise, gold-like, lingering still,
An instinct had bidden the girl's hand grope
For gold, the true sort—"Gold in heaven, I hope;
"But I keep earth's if God will!"

23

Enough! The priest took the grave's grim yield:
The parents, they eyed that price of sin
As if thirty pieces lay revealed
On the place to bury strangers in,
The hideous Potter's Field.

24

But the priest bethought him: "'Milk that's spilt'
"—You know the adage! Watch and pray!
"Saints tumble to earth with so slight a tilt!
"It would build a new altar; that, we may!"
And the altar therewith was built.

25

Why I deliver this horrible verse?

As the text of a sermon, which now I preach:
Evil or good may be better or worse

In the human heart, but the mixture of each
Is a marvel and a curse.

26

The candid incline to surmise of late
That the Christian faith may be false, I find:
For our Essays-and-Reviews' debate
Begins to tell on the public mind,
And Colenso's words have weight:

I still, to suppose it true, for my part,
See reasons and reasons; this, to begin:
'T is the faith that launched point-blank her dart
At the head of a lie—taught Original Sin.
The Corruption of Man's Heart.

XCV

THE WORST OF IT

1

Would it were I had been false, not you!
I that am nothing, not you that are all:
I, never the worse for a touch or two
On my speckled hide; not you, the pride
Of the day, my swan, that a first fleck's fall
On her wonder of white must unswan, undo!

2

I had dipped in life's struggle and, out again,
Bore specks of it here, there, easy to see,
When I found my swan and the cure was plain;
The dull turned bright as I caught your white
On my bosom: you saved me—saved in vain
If you ruined yourself, and all through me!

3

Yes, all through the speckled beast that I am,
Who taught you to stoop; you gave me yourself,
And bound your soul by the vows that damn:
Since on better thought you break, as you ought,
Vows—words, no angel set down, some elf
Mistook,—for an oath, an epigram!

4

Yes, might I judge you, here were my heart,
And a hundred its like, to treat as you pleased!
I choose to be yours, for my proper part,
Yours, leave or take, or mar me or make;
If I acquiesce, why should you be teased
With the conscience-prick and the memory-smart?

But what will God say? Oh, my sweet,
Think, and be sorry you did this thing!
Though earth were unworthy to feel your feet,
There's a Heaven above may deserve your love:
Should you forfeit Heaven for a snapt gold ring
And a promise broke, were it just or meet?

6

And I to have tempted you! I, who tried
Your soul, no doubt, till it sank! Unwise,
I loved and was lowly, loved and aspired,
Loved, grieving or glad, till I made you mad,
And you meant to have hated and despised—
Whereas, you deceived me nor inquired!

7

She, ruined? How? No Heaven for her?
Crowns to give, and none for the brow
That looked like marble and smelt like myrrh?
Shall the robe be worn, and the palm-branch borne,
And she go graceless, she graced now
Beyond all saints, as themselves aver?

ጸ

Hardly! That must be understood!
The earth is your place of penance, then;
And what will it prove? I desire your good,
But, plot as I may, I can find no way
How a blow should fall, such as falls on men,
Nor prove too much for your womanhood.

a

It will come, I suspect, at the end of life,
When you walk alone, and review the past;
And I, who so long shall have done with strife,
And journeyed my stage and earned my wage
And retired as was right,—I am called at last,
When the devil stabs you, to lend the knife.

10

He stabs for the minute of trivial wrong,
Nor the other hours are able to save,
The happy, that lasted my whole life long:
For a promise broke, not for first words spoke,
The true, the only, that turn my grave
To a blaze of joy and a crash of song.

Witness beforehand! Off I trip
On a safe path gay through the flowers you flung:
My very name made great by your lip,
And my heart a-glow with the good I know
Of a perfect year when we both were young,
And I tasted the angels' fellowship.

12

And witness, moreover . . . Ah, but wait!
I spy the loop whence an arrow shoots!
It may be for yourself, when you meditate,
That you grieve—for slain ruth, murdered truth.
"Though falsehood escape in the end, what boots?
"How truth would have triumphed!"—you sigh too late.

13

Ay, who would have triumphed like you, I say!
Well, it is lost now; well, you must bear,
Abide and grow fit for a better day:
You should hardly grudge, could I be your judge!
But hush! For you, can be no despair:
There's amends: 't is a secret: hope and pray!

14

For I was true at least—oh, true enough!
And, Dear, truth is not as good as it seems!
Commend me to conscience! Idle stuff!
Much help is in mine, as I mope and pine,
And skulk through day, and scowl in my dreams
At my swan's obtaining the crow's rebuff.

15

Men tell me of truth now—"False!" I cry:
Of beauty—"A mask, friend! Look beneath!"
We take our own method, the devil and I,
With pleasant and fair and wise and rare:
And the best we wish to what lives, is—death;
Which even in wishing, perhaps we lie!

16

Far better commit a fault and have done—
As you, Dear!—for ever; and choose the pure,
And look where the healing waters run,
And strive and strain to be good again,
And a place in the other world ensure,
All glass and gold, with God for its sun.

Misery! What shall I say or do? I cannot advise, or, at least, persuade: . Most like, you are glad you deceived me-rue No whit of the wrong: you endured too long,

· Have done no evil and want no aid.

Will live the old life out and chance the new.

18

And your sentence is written all the same, And I can do nothing,—pray, perhaps: But somehow the world pursues its game,-If I pray, if I curse,—for better or worse: And my faith is torn to a thousand scraps, And my heart feels ice while my words breathe flame.

19

Dear, I look from my hiding-place. Are you still so fair? Have you still the eyes? Be happy! Add but the other grace, Be good! Why want what the angels vaunt? I knew you once: but in Paradise, If we meet, I will pass nor turn my face.

XCVI

DÎS ALITER VISUM; OR, LE BYRON DE NOS JOURS

1

Stop, let me have the truth of that! Is that all true? I say, the day Ten years ago when both of us Met on a morning, friends—as thus We meet this evening, friends or what?-

Did you-because I took your arm And sillily smiled, "A mass of brass "That sea looks, blazing underneath!" While up the cliff-road edged with heath, We took the turns nor came to harm-

Did you consider "Now makes twice "That I have seen her, walked and talked "With this poor pretty thoughtful thing, "Whose worth I weigh: she tries to sing; "Draws, hopes in time the eye grows nice;

4

"Reads verse and thinks she understands; "Loves all, at any rate, that's great, "Good, beautiful; but much as we "Down at the bath-house love the sea, "Who breathe its salt and bruise its sands:

5

While . . . do but follow the fishing-gull
"That flaps and floats from wave to cave!
"There's the sea-lover, fair my friend!
"What then? Be patient, mark and mend!
"Had you the making of your scull?"

6

And did you, when we faced the church With spire and sad slate roof, aloof From human fellowship so far, Where a few graveyard crosses are, And garlands for the swallows' perch,—

7

Did you determine, as we stepped
O'er the lone stone fence, "Let me get
"Her for myself, and what's the earth
"With all its art, verse, music, worth—
"Compared with love, found, gained, and kept?

Q

"Schumann's our music-maker now;
"Has his march-movement youth and mouth?
"Ingres's the modern man that paints;
"Which will lean on me, of his saints?
"Heine for songs; for kisses, how?"

a

And did you, when we entered, reached The votive frigate, soft aloft Riding on air this hundred years, Safe-smiling at old hopes and fears,—Did you draw profit while she preached?

10

Resolving, "Fools we wise men grow!
"Yes, I could easily blurt out curt
"Some question that might find reply
"As prompt in her stopped lips, dropped eye,
"And rush of red to cheek and brow:

11

"Thus were a match made, sure and fast,
"'Mid the blue weed-flowers round the mound
"Where, issuing, we shall stand and stay
"For one more look at baths and bay,
"Sands, sea-gulls, and the old church last—

12

"A match 'twixt me, bent, wigged and lame,
"Famous, however, for verse and worse,
"Sure of the Fortieth spare Arm-chair
"When gout and glory seat me there,
"So, one whose love-freaks pass unblamed,—

13

"And this young beauty, round and sound
"As a mountain-apple, youth and truth
"With loves and doves, at all events
"With money in the Three per Cents;
"Whose choice of me would seem profound:—

14

"She might take me as I take her.
"Perfect the hour would pass, alas.
"Climb high, love high, what matter? Still,
"Feet, feelings, must descend the hill:
"An hour's perfection can't recur.

"Then follows Paris and full time "For both to reason: 'Thus with us!'

"She 'll sigh, 'Thus girls give body and soul "'At first word, think they gain the goal,

"'When 't is the starting-place they climb!

16

"'My friend makes verse and gets renown;

"'Have they all fifty years, his peers?
"'He knows the world, firm, quiet and gay; "Boys will become as much one day:

"'They 're fools; he cheats, with beard less brown.

17

"'For boys say, Love me or I die!

"He did not say, The truth is, youth "'I want, who am old and know too much;

"'I'd catch youth: lend me sight and touch! "'Drop heart's blood where life's wheels grate dry!"

18

"While I should make rejoinder"-(then It was, no doubt, you ceased that least Light pressure of my arm in yours) "'I can conceive of cheaper cures "For a vawning-fit o'er books and men.

19

"'What? All I am, was, and might be, "'All, books taught, art brought, life's whole strife. "'Painful results since precious, just

""Were fitly exchanged, in wise disgust, "'For two cheeks freshened by youth and sea?

20

"'All for a nosegay !--what came first; "" With fields on flower, untried each side:

"'I rally, need my books and men,

"'And find a nosegay:' drop it, then, "No match yet made for best or worst!"

That ended me. You judged the porch We left by, Norman; took our look At sea and sky; wondered so few Find out the place for air and view; Remarked the sun began to scorch;

22

Descended, soon regained the baths,
And then, good-bye! Years ten since then:
Ten years! We meet: you tell me, now,
By a window-seat for that cliff-brow,
On carpet-stripes for those sand-paths.

23

Now I may speak: you fool, for all
Your lore! Who made things plain in vain?
What was the sea for? What, the grey
Sad church, that solitary day,
Crosses and graves and swallows' call?

ť

24

Was there nought better than to enjoy.

No feat which, done, would make time break
And let us pent-up creatures through
Into eternity, our due?
No forcing earth teach Heaven's employ?

25

No wise beginning, here and now,
What cannot grow complete (earth's feat)
And Heaven must finish, there and then?
No tasting earth's true food for men,
Its sweet in sad, its sad in sweet?

26

No grasping at love, gaining a share
O' the sole spark from God's life at strife
With death, so, sure of range above
The limits here? For us and love,
Failure; but, when God fails, despair.

This you call wisdom? Thus you add Good unto good again, in vain?
You loved, with body worn and weak;
I loved, with faculties to seek:
Were both loves worthless since ill-clad?

28

Yet the mere star-fish in his vault Crawl in a wash of weed, indeed, Rose-jacynth to the finger-tips: He, whole in body and soul, outstrips Man, found with either in default.

29

But what's whole, can increase no more,
Is dwarfed and dies, since here's its sphere.
The devil laughed at you in his sleeve!
You knew not? That I well believe;
Or you had saved two souls: nay, four.

30

For Stephanie sprained last night her wrist, Ankle or something. "Pooh," cry you? At any rate she danced, all say, Vilely; her vogue has had its day. Here comes my husband from his whist.

XCVII

TOO LATE

1

Here was I with my arm and heart
And brain, all yours for a word, a want
Put into a look—just a look, your part,—
While mine, to repay it . . . vainest vaunt,
Were the woman, that's dead, alive to hear,
Had her lover, that's lost, love's proof to show!
But I cannot show it; you cannot speak
From the churchyard neither, miles removed,
Though I feel by a pulse within my cheek,
Which stabs and stops, that the woman I loved
Needs help in her grave, and finds none near,
Wants warmth from the heart which sends it—so!

Did I speak once angrily, all the drear days
You lived, you woman I loved so well,
Who married the other? Blame or praise,
Where was the use then? Time would tell,
And the end declare what man for you,
What woman for me, was the choice of God.

But, Edith dead! no doubting more!

I used to sit and look at my life
As it rippled and ran till, right before,

As it rippled and ran till, right before,
A great stone stopped it: oh, the strife
Of waves at the stone some devil threw
In my life's midcurrent, thwarting God!

3

But either I thought, "They may churn and chide "Awhile, my waves which came for their joy

"And found this horrible stone full-tide:

"Yet I see just a thread escape, deploy Through the evening-country, silent and safe, "And it suffers no more till it finds the sea."

Or else I would think, "Perhaps some night
"When new things happen, a meteor-ball

"May slip through the sky in a line of light,
"And earth breathe hard, and landmarks fall,
"And my waves no longer champ nor chafe.

"Since a stone will have rolled from its place: let be!"

4

But, dead! All's done with: wait who may, Watch and wear and wonder who will.

Oh, my whole life that ends to-day!

Oh, my soul's sentence, sounding still,
"The woman is dead that was none of his;

"And the man that was none of hers may go!"
There's only the past left: worry that!

Wreak, like a bull, on the empty coat, Rage, its late wearer is laughing at!

Tear the collar to rags, having missed his throat; Strike stupidly on—"This, this and this,

"Where I would that a bosom received the blow!"

5

I ought to have done more: once my speech, And once your answer, and there, the end, And Edith was henceforth out of reach! Why, men do more to deserve a friend, Be rid of a foe, get rich, grow wise,
Nor, folding their arms, stare fate in the face.
Why, better even have burst like a thief
And borne you away to a rock for us two,
In a moment's horror, bright, bloody and brief:
Then changed to myself again—"I slew
"Myself in that moment; a rufflan lies
"Somewhere: your slave, see, born in his place!"

6

What did the other do? You be judge!
Look at us, Edith! Here are we both!
Give him his six whole years: I grudge
None of the life with you, nay, loathe
Myself that I grudged his start in advance
Of me who could overtake and pass.
But, as if he loved you! No, not he,
Nor anyone else in the world, 't is plain:
Who ever heard that another, free
As I, young, prosperous, sound and sane,
Poured life out, proffered it—"Half a glance
"Of those eyes of yours and I drop the glass!"

7

Handsome, were you? 'T is more than they held, More than they said; I was 'ware and watched: I was the 'scapegrace, this rat belled The cat, this fool got his whiskers scratched: The others? No head that was turned, no heart Broken, my lady, assure yourself! Each soon made his mind up; so and so Married a dancer, such and such Stole his friend's wife, stagnated slow, Or maundered, unable to do as much, And muttered of peace where he had no part: While, hid in the closet, laid on the shelf,—

8

On the whole, you were let alone, I think!
So, you looked to the other, who acquiesced;
My rival, the proud man,—prize your pink
Of poets! A poet he was! I've guessed:
He rhymed you his rubbish nobody read,
Loved you and doved you—did not I laugh!
There was a prize! But we both were tried.
Oh, heart of mine, marked broad with her mark.

Tekel, found wanting, set aside,
Scorned! See, I bleed these tears in the dark
Till comfort come and the last be bled:
He? He is tagging your epitaph.

q

If it would only come over again!

—Time to be patient with me, and probe
This heart till you punctured the proper vein,
Just to learn what blood is: twitch the robe
From that blank lay-figure your fancy draped,
Prick the leathern heart till the—verses spirt!
And late it was easy; late, you walked
Where a friend might meet you; Edith's nam
Arose to one's lip if one laughed or talked;
If I heard good news, you heard the same;
When I woke, I knew that your breath escaped;
I could bide my time, keep alive, alert.

10

And alive I shall keep and long, you will see!

I knew a man, was kicked like a dog
From gutter to cesspool; what cared he
So long as he picked from the filth his prog?
He saw youth, beauty and genius die,
And jollily lived to his hundredth year.
But I will live otherwise: none of such life!
At once I begin as I mean to end.
Go on with the world, get gold in its strife,
Give your spouse the slip and betray your friend!
There are two who decline, a woman and I,
And enjoy our death in the darkness here.

11

I liked that way you had with your curls
Wound to a ball in a net behind:
Your cheek was chaste as a quaker-girl's,
And your mouth—there was never, to my mind,
Such a funny mouth, for it would not shut;
And the dented chin too—what a chin!
There were certain ways when you spoke, some words
That you know you never could pronounce:
You were thin, however; like a bird's
Your hand seemed—some would say, the pounce
Of a scaly-footed hawk—all but!
The world was right when it called you thin.

But I turn my back on the world: I take
Your hand, and kneel, and lay to my lips.
Bid me live, Edith! Let me slake
Thirst at your presence! Fear no slips:
"T is your slave shall pay, while his soul endures,
Full due, love's whole debt, summum jus.
My queen shall have high observance, planned
Courtship made perfect, no least line
Crossed without warrant. There you stand,
Warm too, and white too: would this wine
Had washed all over that body of yours,

XCVIII

Ere I drank it, and you down with it, thus!

ABT VOGLER

(AFTER HE HAS BEEN EXTEMPORIZING UPON THE MUSICAL INSTRUMENT OF HIS INVENTION)

1

Would that the structure brave, the manifold music I build,

Bidding my organ obey, calling its keys to their work, Claiming each slave of the sound, at a touch, as when Solomon willed

Armies of angels that soar, legions of demons that lurk, Man, brute, reptile, fly,—alien of end and of aim,

Adverse, each from the other heaven-high, hell-deep

removed,—
Should rush into sight at once as he named the ineffable
Name.

And pile him a palace straight, to pleasure the princess he loved!

2

Would it might tarry like his, the beautiful building of mine,

This which my keys in a crowd pressed and importuned to raise!

Ah, one and all, how they helped, would dispart now and now combine,

Zealous to hasten the work, heighten their master his praise!

And one would bury his brow with a blind plunge down to

Burrow awhile and build, broad on the roots of things, Then up again swim into sight, having based me my palace

· Founded it, fearless of flame, flat on the nether springs.

And another would mount and march, like the excellent minion he was.

Av, another and vet another, one crowd but with many a crest.

Raising my rampired walls of gold as transparent as glass. Eager to do and die, yield each his place to the rest:

For higher still and higher (as a runner tips with fire.

When a great illumination surprises a festal night-Outlining round and round Rome's dome from space to spire)

Up, the pinnacled glory reached, and the pride of my soul was in sight.

In sight? Not half! for it seemed, it was certain, to match man's birth,

Nature in turn conceived, obeying an impulse as I; And the emulous heaven yearned down, made effort to

reach the earth,

As the earth had done her best, in my passion, to scale Novel splendours burst forth, grew familiar and dwelt with

Not a point nor peak but found and fixed its wandering

Meteor-moons, balls of blaze: and they did not pale nor

For earth had attained to heaven, there was no more near nor far.

Nay more; for there wanted not who walked in the glare and glow.

Presences plain in the place; or, fresh from the Protoplast,

Furnished for ages to come, when a kindlier wind should

Lured now to begin and live, in a house to their liking at last;

Or else the wonderful Dead who have passed through the body and gone,

But were back once more to breathe in an old world

worth their new;

What never had been, was now; what was, as it shall be anon;

And what is,—shall I say, matched both? for I was made perfect too.

6

All through my keys that gave their sounds to a wish of my soul.

All through my soul that praised as its wish flowed

visibly forth,

All through music and me! For think, had I painted the whole,
Why, there it had stood, to see, nor the process so

wonder-worth:

Had I written the same, made verse—still, effect proceeds from cause,

Ye know why the forms are fair, ye hear how the tale is

told;

It is all triumphant art, but art in obedience to laws, Painter and poet are proud in the artist-list enrolled:—

7

But here is the finger of God, a flash of the will that can, Existent behind all laws, that made them and, lo, they are!

And I know not if, save in this, such gift be allowed to

That out of three sounds he frame, not a fourth sound, but a star,

Consider it well: each tone of our scale in itself is nought;

It is everywhere in the world—loud, soft, and all is said:

Give it to me to use! I mix it with two in my thought:

And, there! Ye have heard and seen: consider and bow the head!

Well, it is gone at last, the palace of music I reared;
Gone! and the good tears start, the praises that come
too slow;

For one is assured at first, one scarce can say that he feared.

That he even gave it a thought, the gone thing was to go.

Never to be again! But many more of the kind

As good, nay, better perchance: is this your comfort to me?

To me, who must be saved because I cling with my mind To the same, same self, same love, same God; ay, what was, shall be.

9

Therefore to whom turn I but to Thee, the ineffable Name?

Builder and maker, Thou, of houses not made with hands!

What, have fear of change from Thee who art ever the same?

Doubt that Thy power can fill the heart that Thy power expands?

There shall never be one lost good! What was, shall live as before:

The evil is null, is nought, is silence implying sound:

What was good shall be good, with, for evil, so much good more;

. On the earth the broken arcs; in the heaven, a perfect round.

10

All we have willed or hoped or dreamed of good shall exist:

Not its semblance, but itself; no beauty, nor good, nor power

Whose voice has gone forth, but each survives for the melodist

When eternity affirms the conception of an hour.

The high that proved too high, the heroic for earth too hard,

The passion that left the ground to lose itself in the sky.

Are music sent up to God by the lover and the bard; Enough that He heard it once: we shall hear it by-and-by.

11

And what is our failure here but a triumph's evidence For the fulness of the days? Have we withered or agonized?

Why else was the pause prolonged but that singing might issue thence?

Why rushed the discords in but that harmony should be prized?

Sorrow is hard to bear, and doubt is slow to clear,

Each sufferer says his say, his scheme of the weal and

woe:

But God has a few of us whom He whispers in the ear;
The rest may reason and welcome: 't is we musicians know.

12

Well, it is earth with me; silence resumes her reign:
 I will be patient and proud, and soberly acquiesce.
Give me the keys. I feel for the common chord again,
 Sliding by semitones, till I sink to the minor,—yes,
And I blunt it into a ninth, and I stand on alien ground,
 Surveying awhile the heights I rolled from into the
 deep;
Which, hark, I have dared and done, for my resting-place

is found,

A STATE OF THE PROPERTY OF THE

The C Major of this life: so, now I will try to sleep.

XCIX

RABBI BEN EZRA

1

Grow old along with me!
The best is yet to be,
The last of life, for which the first was made:
Our times are in His hand
Who saith "A whole I planned,
"Youth shows but half; trust God: see all nor be
afraid!"

2

Not that, amassing flowers, Youth sighed "Which rose make ours, "Which lily leave and then as best recall?" Not that, admiring stars, It yearned "Nor Jove, nor Mars;

"Mine be some figured flame which blends, transcends them all!"

3

Not for such hopes and fears
Annulling youth's brief years,
Do I remonstrate: folly wide the mark!
Rather I prize the doubt
Low kinds exist without,
Finished and finite clods, untroubled by a spark.

Poor vaunt of life indeed, Were man but formed to feed On joy, to solely seek and find and feast:

Such feasting ended, then

As sure an end to men;
Irks care the crop-full bird? Frets doubt the mawcrammed beast?

5

Rejoice we are allied
To That which doth provide
And not partake, effect and not receive!
A spark disturbs our clod;
Nearer we hold of God
Who gives, than of His tribes that take. I must believe.

6

Then, welcome each rebuff
That turns earth's smoothness rough,
Each sting that bids nor sit nor stand but go!
Be our joys three-parts pain!
Strive, and hold cheap the strain;
Learn, nor account the pang; dare, never grudge the three!

7

For thence,—a paradox
Which comforts while it mocks,—
Shall life succeed in that it seems to fail:

What I aspired to be, And was not, comforts me:

A brute I might have been, but would not sink i' the scale.

8

What is he but a brute
Whose flesh has soul to suit,
Whose spirit works lest arms and legs want play?
To man, propose this test—
Thy body at its best,
How far can that project thy soul on its lone way?

g

Yet gifts should prove their use: I own the Past profuse Of power each side, perfection every turn: Eyes, ears took in their dole,
Brain treasured up the whole;
Should not the heart beat once "How good to five and learn?"

10

"I see the whole design,
"I, who saw Power, see now Love perfect too:

Not once beat "Praise be Thine!

"I, who saw Power, see now Love perfect too:
"Perfect I call Thy plan:

"Thanks that I was a man!

"Maker, remake, complete —I trust what Thou shalt do!"

11

For pleasant is this flesh;
Our soul, in its rose-mesh
Pulled ever to the earth, still yearns for rest;
Would we some prize might hold
To match those manifold
Possessions of the brute,—gain most, as we did best!

12

Let us not always say
"Spite of this flesh to-day."

"I strove, made head, gained ground upon the whole!"
As the bird wings and sings,
Let us cry "All good things

"Are ours, nor soul helps flesh more, now, than flesh helps soul!"

13

Therefore I summon age
To grant youth's heritage,
Life's struggle having so far reached its term:
Thence shall I pass, approved
A man, for aye removed
From the developed brute; a god though in the germ.

14

And I shall thereupon
Take rest, ere I be gone
Once more on my adventure brave and new:
Fearless and unperplexed,
When I wage battle next,
What weapons to select, what armour to indue.

Youth ended, I shall try
My gain or loss thereby;
Leave the fire ashes, what survives is gold:
And I shall weigh the same,
Give life its praise or blame:
Young, all lay in dispute; I shall know, being old.

16

For note, when evening shuts,
A certain moment cuts
The deed off, calls the glory from the grey:
A whisper from the west
Shoots—"Add this to the rest,
"Take it and try its worth: here dies another day."

17

So, still within this life,
Though lifted o'er its strife,
Let me discern, compare, pronounce at last,
"This rage was right i' the main,
"That acquiescence vain:
"The Future I may face now I have proved the Past."

18

For more is not reserved
To man, with soul just nerved
To act to-morrow what he learns to-day:
Here, work enough to watch
The Master work, and catch
Hints of the proper craft, tricks of the tool's true play.

19

As it was better, youth
Should strive, through acts uncouth,
Toward making, than repose on aught found made:
So, better, age, exempt
From strife, should know, than tempt
Further. Thou waitedest age: wait death nor be afraid!

20

Enough now, if the Right
And Good and Infinite
Be named here, as thou callest thy hand thine own,

With knowledge absolute, Subject to no dispute From fools that crowded youth, nor let thee feel alone.

21

Be there, for once and all,
Severed great minds from small,
Announced to each his station in the Past!
Was I, the world arraigned,
Were they, my soul disdained,
Bight? Let age speak the truth and give us;

Right? Let age speak the truth and give us peace at last!

22

Now, who shall arbitrate?
Ten men love what I hate,
Shun what I follow, slight what I receive;
Ten, who in ears and eyes
Match me: we all surmise,
They this thing, and I that: whom shall my soul believe?

23

Not on the vulgar mass
Called "work," must sentence pass,
Things done, that took the eye and had the price;
O'er which, from level stand,
The low world laid its hand,
Found straightway to its mind, could value in a trice:

 24

But all, the world's coarse thumb And finger failed to plumb, So passed in making up the main account; All instincts immature,

All purposes unsure,

That weighed not as his work, yet swelled the man's amount:

25

Thoughts hardly to be packed
Into a narrow act,
Fancies that broke through language and escaped;
All I could never be,
All, men ignored in me,

This, I was worth to God, whose wheel the pitcher shaped.

Ay, note that Potter's wheel,
That metaphor! and feel
Why time spins fast, why passive lies our clay,—

Thou, to whom fools propound,
When the wine makes its round,

"Since life fleets, all is change; the Past gone, seize to-day!"

27

Fool! All that is, at all, Lasts ever, past recall; Earth changes, but thy soul and God stand sure: What entered into thee,

That was, is, and shall be:

Time's wheel runs back or stops: Potter and clay endure.

28

He fixed thee mid this dance
Of plastic circumstance,
This Present, thou, forsooth, wouldst fain arrest:
Machinery just meant
To give thy soul its bent,
Try thee and turn thee forth, sufficiently impressed.

29

What though the earlier grooves
Which ran the laughing loves
Around thy base, no longer pause and press?
What though, about thy rim,
Scull-things in order grim
Grow out, in graver mood, obey the sterner stress?

30

Look not thou down but up!

To uses of a cup,
The festal board, lamp's flash and trumpet's peal,
The new wine's foaming flow,
The Master's lips a-glow!
Thou, heaven's consummate cup, what need'st the

Thou, heaven's consummate cup, what need'st thou with earth's wheel?

31

But I need, now as then, Thee, God, who mouldest men; And since, not even while the whirl was worst,

Did I,—to the wheel of life With shapes and colours rife. Bound dizzily,—mistake my end, to slake Thy thirst:

32

So, take and use Thy work: Amend what flaws may lurk, What strain o' the stuff, what warpings past the aim! My times be in Thy hand! Perfect the cup as planned! Let age approve of youth, and death complete the

same!

A DEATH IN THE DESERT

Supposed of Pamphylax the Antiochene: It is a parchment, of my rolls the fifth, Hath three skins glued together, is all Greek And goeth from Epsilon down to Mu: Lies second in the surnamed Chosen Chest, Stained and conserved with juice of terebinth, Covered with cloth of hair, and lettered Xi. From Xanthus, my wife's uncle, now at peace: Mu and Epsilon stand for my own name. I may not write it, but I make a cross To show I wait His coming, with the rest, And leave off here: beginneth Pamphylax.1

I said, "If one should wet his lips with wine, "And slip the broadest plantain-leaf we find,

"Or else the lappet of a linen robe, "Into the water-vessel, lay it right,

"And cool his forehead just above the eyes, "The while a brother, kneeling either side,

"Should chafe each hand and try to make it warm.

"He is not so far gone but he might speak."

This did not happen in the outer cave, Nor in the secret chamber of the rock Where, sixty days since the decree was out. We had him, bedded on a camel-skin, And waited for his dying all the while: But in the midmost grotto: since noon's light Reached there a little, and we would not lose The last of what might happen on his face.

I at the head, and Xanthus at the feet, With Valens and the Boy, had lifted him, And brought him from the chamber in the depths. And laid him in the light where we might see: For certain smiles began about his mouth, And his lids moved, presageful of the end.

Beyond, and half way up the mouth o' the cave, The Bactrian convert, having his desire, Kept watch, and made pretence to graze a goat That gave us milk, on rags of various herb, Plantain and quitch, the rocks' shade keeps alive: So that if any thief or soldier passed, (Because the persecution was aware) Yielding the goat up promptly with his life, Such man might pass on, joyful at a prize, Nor care to pry into the cool o' the cave. Outside was all noon and the burning blue.

"Here is wine," answered Xanthus,—dropped a drop; I stooped and placed the lap of cloth aright, Then chafed his right hand, and the Boy his left: But Valens had bethought him, and produced And broke a ball of nard, and made perfume. Only, he did—not so much wake, as—turn And smile a little, as a sleeper does If any dear one call him, touch his face—And smiles and loves, but will not be disturbed.

Then Xanthus said a prayer, but still he slept: It is the Xanthus that escaped to Rome, Was burned, and could not write the chronicle.

Then the Boy sprang up from his knees, and ran, Stung by the splendour of a sudden thought, And fetched the seventh plate of graven lead Out of the secret chamber, found a place, Pressing with finger on the deeper dints, And spoke, as 't were his mouth proclaiming first, "I am the Resurrection and the Life."

Whereat he opened his eyes wide at once, And sat up of himself, and looked at us; And thenceforth nobody pronounced a word; Only, outside, the Bactrian cried his cry Like the lone desert-bird that wears the ruff, As signal we were safe, from time to time. 15—s First he said, "If a friend declared to me,
"This my son Valens, this my other son,
"Were James and Peter,—nay, declared as well
"This lad was very John,—I could believe!
"—Could, for a moment, doubtlessly believe:
"So is myself withdrawn into my depths,
"The soul retreated from the perished brain
"Whence it was wont to feel and use the world
"Through these dull members, done with long ago.
"Yet I myself remain; I feel myself:
"And there is nothing lost. Let be, awhile!"

This is the doctrine he was wont to teach. How divers persons witness in each man, Three souls which make up one soul: first, to wit, A soul of each and all the bodily parts, Seated therein, which works, and is what Does. And has the use of earth, and ends the man Downward: but, tending upward for advice, Grows into, and again is grown into By the next soul, which, seated in the brain, Useth the first with its collected use, And feeleth, thinketh, willeth,—is what Knows: Which, duly tending upward in its turn, Grows into, and again is grown into By the last soul, that uses both the first, Subsisting whether they assist or no, And, constituting man's self, is what Is-And leans upon the former, makes it play, As that played off the first: and, tending up, Holds, is upheld by, God, and ends the man Upward in that dread point of intercourse, Nor needs a place, for it returns to Him. What Does, what Knows, what Is; three souls, one man. I give the glossa of Theotypas.]

And then, "A stick, once fire from end to end:
"Now, ashes save the tip that holds a spark!
"Yet, blow the spark, it runs back, spreads itself
"A little where the fire was: thus I urge
"The soul that served me, till it task once more
"What ashes of my brain have kept their shape,
"And these make effort on the last o' the flesh,
"Trying to taste again the truth of things—"
(He smiled)— "their very superficial truth;
"As that ye are my sons, that it is long
"Since James and Peter had release by death,
"And I am only he, your brother John,
"Who saw and heard, and could remember all.

"Remember all! It is not much to say.

"What if the truth broke on me from above

"As once and oft-times? Such might hap again:

"Doubtlessly He might stand in presence here,

"With head wool-white, eyes flame, and feet like brass,

"The sword and the seven stars, as I have seen—

"I who now shudder only and surmise

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"'How did your brother bear that sight and live?'

"If I live yet, it is for good, more love

"Through me to men: be nought but ashes here "That keep awhile my semblance, who was John,—

"Still, when they scatter, there is left on earth

"No one alive who knew (consider this!)

"—Saw with his eyes and handled with his hands "That which was from the first, the Word of Life.

"How will it be when none more saith ' I saw'?

"Such ever was love's way: to rise, it stoops.

"Since I, whom Christ's mouth taught, was bidden teach,

"I went, for many years, about the world,

"Saying 'It was so; so I heard and saw,'

"Speaking as the case asked: and men believed.

"Afterward came the message to myself "In Patmos isle; I was not bidden teach,

"But simply listen, take a book and write, "Nor set down other than the given word,

"With nothing left to my arbitrament

"To choose or change: I wrote, and men believed. "Then, for my time grew brief, no message more.

"No call to write again, I found a way,

"And, reasoning from my knowledge, merely taught "Men should, for love's sake, in love's strength believe:

"Or I would pen a letter to a friend

"And urge the same as friend, nor less nor more:

"Friends said I reasoned rightly, and believed.
"But at the last, why, I seemed left alive
"Like a sea-jelly weak on Patmos strand,

"To tell dry sea-beach gazers how I fared "When their was mid-sea, and the mighty things:

"Left to repeat, 'I saw, I heard, I knew," And go all over the old ground again,

"With Antichrist already in the world,

"And many Antichrists, who answered prompt

"'Am I not Jasper as thyself art John?

"'Nay, young, whereas through age thou mayest forget:

"'Wherefore, explain, or how shall we believe?'

"I never thought to call down fire on such,

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"Or, as in wonderful and early days,
  " Pick up the scorpion, tread the serpent dumb;
  "But patient stated much of the Lord's life
  "Forgotten or misdelivered, and let it work:
  "Since much that at the first, in deed and word,
 "Lay simply and sufficiently exposed,
 "Had grown (or else my soul was grown to match.
 "Fed through such years, familiar with such light,
 "Guarded and guided still to see and speak)
 "Of new significance and fresh result;
 "What first were guessed as points, I now knew stars,
 "And named them in the Gospel I have writ.
 "For men said, 'It is getting long ago:
 "'Where is the promise of His coming?'-asked
 "These young ones in their strength, as loth to wait,
 "Of me who, when their sires were born, was old.
 "I, for I loved them, answered, joyfully,
 "Since I was there, and helpful in my age;
 "And, in the main, I think such men believed.
 "Finally, thus endeavouring, I fell sick,
 "Ye brought me here, and I supposed the end,
 "And went to sleep with one thought that, at least,
 "Though the whole earth should lie in wickedness,
 "We had the truth, might leave the rest to God.
 "Yet now I wake in such decrepitude
 "As I had slidden down and fallen afar,
 " Past even the presence of my former self,
 "Grasping the while for stay at facts which snap,
 "Till I am found away from my own world,
 "Feeling for foot-hold through a blank profound,
""Along with unborn people in strange lands.
 "Who say-I hear said or conceive they say-
 ""Was John at all, and did he say he saw?
 ""Assure us, ere we ask what he might see!"
 "And how shall I assure them? Can they share
 "-They, who have flesh, a veil of youth and strength
 "About each spirit, that needs must bide its time,
 "Living and learning still as years assist
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[&]quot;They, who have flesh, a veil of youth and strength
"About each spirit, that needs must bide its time,
"Living and learning still as years assist
"Which wear the thickness thin, and let man see—
"With me who hardly am withheld at all,
"But shudderingly, scarce a shred between,
"Lie bare to the universal prick of light?
"Is it for nothing we grow old and weak,
"We whom God loves? When pain ends, gain ends too.
"To me, that story—ay, that Life and Death
"Of which I wrote 'it was'—to me, it is;
"—Is, here and now: I apprehend nought clse.
"Is not God now i' the world His power first made?

A DEATH IN THE DESERT "Is not His love at issue still with sin "Closed with and cast and conquered, crucified "Visibly when a wrong is done on earth? "Love, wrong, and pain, what see I else around? "Yea, and the Resurrection and Uprise "To the right hand of the throne—what is it beside, "When such truth, breaking bounds, o'erfloods my soul, "And, as I saw the sin and death, even so "See I the need yet transiency of both, "The good and glory consummated thence? "I saw the power: I see the Love, once weak, "Resume the Power: and in this word 'I see." "Lo, there is recognized the Spirit of both "That moving o'er the spirit of man, unblinds "His eye and bids him look. These are, I see; "But ye, the children, His beloved ones too, "Ye need,—as I should use an optic glass "I wondered at erewhile, somewhere i' the world. "It had been given a crafty smith to make: "A tube, he turned on objects brought too close, "Lying confusedly insubordinate "For the unassisted eye to master once: "Look through his tube, at distance now they lay,-"Becomes succinct, distinct, so small, so clear! "Just thus, ye needs must apprehend what truth "I see, reduced to plain historic fact, "Diminished into clearness, proved a point "And far away: ye would withdraw your sense "From out eternity, strain it upon time, "Then stand before that fact, that Life and Death

"Stay there at gaze, till it dispart, dispread, "As though a star should open out, all sides, "Grow the world on you, as it is my world.

"For life, with all it yields of joy and woe, "And hope and fear,—believe the aged friend,— "Is just our chance o' the prize of learning love, "How love might be, hath been indeed, and is; " And that we hold thenceforth to the uttermost "Such prize despite the envy of the world, "And, having gained truth, keep truth: that is all. "But see the double way wherein we are led, "How the soul learns diversely from the flesh! "With flesh, that hath so little time to stay, "And yields mere basement for the soul's emprise, "Except prompt teaching. Helpful was the light, "And warmth was cherishing and food was choice "To every man's flesh, thousand years ago, "As now to yours and mine; the body sprang

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"At once to the height, and stayed: but the soul,-no! "Since sages who, this noontide, meditate "In Rome or Athens, may descry some point "Of the eternal power, hid yestereve; "And, as thereby the power's whole mass extends, "So much extends the æther floating o'er, "The love that tops the might, the Christ in God. "Then, as new lessons shall be learned in these "Till earth's work stop and useless time run out, "So duly, daily, needs provision be "For keeping the soul's prowess possible, "Building new barriers as the old decay, "Saving us from evasion of life's proof, "Putting the question ever, 'Does God love, "'And will ye hold that truth against the world?" "Ye know there needs no second proof with good "Gained for our flesh from any earthly source: "We might go freezing, ages, -give us fire, "Thereafter we judge fire at its full worth, "And guard it safe through every chance, ye know! "That fable of Prometheus and his theft, "How mortals gained Jove's flery flower, grows old "(I have been used to hear the pagans own) "And out of mind; but fire, howe'er its birth, "Here is it, precious to the sophist now "Who laughs the myth of Æschylus to scorn, "As precious to those satyrs of his play, "Who touched it in gay wonder at the thing. "While were it so with the soul,—this gift of truth "Once grasped, were this our soul's gain safe, and sure "To prosper as the body's gain is wont,— "Why, man's probation would conclude, his earth "Crumble; for he both reasons and decides, "Weighs first, then chooses: will he give up fire "For gold or purple once he knows its worth? "Could he give Christ up were his worth as plain? "Therefore, I say, to test man, shift the proofs, "Nor may he grasp that fact like other fact, "And straightway in his life acknowledge it, "As, say, the indubitable bliss of fire. "Sigh ye, 'It had been easier once than now'? "To give you answer I am left alive; "Look at me who was present from the first! "Ye know what things I saw; then came a test, "My first, befitting me who so had seen: "'Forsake the Christ thou sawest transfigured, Him "'Who trod the sea and brought the dead to life? "'What should wring this from thee!'-ye laugh and ask. "What wrung it? Even a torchlight and a noise,

- "The sudden Roman faces, violent hands,
- "And fear of what the Jews might do! Just that,

"And it is written, 'I forsook and fled:'
"There was my trial, and it ended thus.

"Ay, but my soul had gained its truth, could grow:

"Another year or two,—what little child,
"What tender woman that had seen no least

- "Of all my sights, but barely heard them told, "Who did not clasp the cross with a light laugh,
- "Or wrap the burning robe round, thanking God?" Well, was truth safe for ever, then? Not so.

"Already had begun the silent work

- "Whereby truth, deadened of its absolute blaze,
- "Might need love's eye to pierce the o'erstretched doubt.
- "Teachers were busy, whispering 'All is true
- "As the aged ones report; but youth can reach "Where age gropes dimly, weak with stir and strain,

"'And the full doctrine slumbers till to-day.'

"Thus, what the Roman's lowered spear was found,

"A bar to me who touched and handled truth,

- "Now proved the glozing of some new shrewd tongue, "This Ebion, this Cerinthus or their mates,
- "Till imminent was the outcry 'Save our Christ!"
- "Whereon I stated much of the Lord's life
 "Forgotten or misdelivered, and let it work.
- "Such work done, as it will be, what comes next? "What do I hear say, or conceive men say,
- "'Was John at all, and did he say he saw?
 "'Assure us, ere we ask what he might see!"
- "Is this indeed a burthen for late days, "And may I help to bear it with you all,
- "Using my weakness which becomes your strength?

"For if a babe were born inside this grot,

- "Grew to a boy here, heard us praise the sun,
 "Yet had but yon sole glimmer in light's place,—
- "One loving him and wishful he should learn,
- "Would much rejoice himself was blinded first "Month by month here, so made to understand
- " How eyes, born darkling, apprehend amiss:
- "I think I could explain to such a child
- "There was more glow outside than gleams he caught,
- "Ay, nor need urge 'I saw it, so believe!'
 "It is a heavy burthen you shall bear
- "In latter days, new lands, or old grown strange,

"Left without me, which must be very soon.

- "What is the doubt, my brothers? Quick with it!
- "I see you stand conversing, each new face, "Either in fields, of yellow summer eves,

"On islets yet unnamed amid the sea;

"Or pace for shelter 'neath a portico

"Out of the crowd in some enormous town

"Where now the larks sing in a solitude;

" Or muse upon blank heaps of stone and sand

"Idly conjectured to be Ephesus:

"And no one asks his fellow any more

"'Where is the promise of His coming?' but

"'Was he revealed in any of His lives,

"'As Power, as Love, as Influencing Soul?'

"Quick, for time presses, tell the whole mind out,

"And let us ask and answer and be saved!

"My book speaks on, because it cannot pass;

"One listens quietly, nor scoffs but pleads "Here is a tale of things done ages since;

"'What truth was ever told the second day?

"" Wonders, that would prove doctrine, go for nought.

"'Remains the doctrine, love; well, we must love,

"'And what we love most, power and love in one,

"Let us acknowledge on the record here,

"'Accepting these in Christ: must Christ then be?

"'Has He been? Did not we ourselves make Him? "Our mind receives but what it holds, no more.

"First of the love, then; we acknowledge Christ-

"'A proof we comprehend His love, a proof

"We had such love already in ourselves,

"'Knew first what else we should not recognize.

"'T is mere projection from man's inmost mind,

"'And, what he loves, thus falls reflected back,

""Becomes accounted somewhat out of him;

"'' He throws it up in air, it drops down earth's,
"'' With shape name, story added, man's old way.

"How prove you Christ came otherwise at least?

"Next try the power: He made and rules the world:

"' Certes there is a world once made, now ruled,

"'Unless things have been ever as we see.

"'Our sires declared a charioteer's yoked steeds

"Brought the sun up the east and down the west,

"'Which only of itself now rises, sets, "As if a hand impelled it and a will,—

"Thus they long thought, they who had will and hands:

"But the new question's whisper is distinct,

"" Wherefore must all force needs be like ourselves?

Wherefore must an isless med and drives

"'The sun is force, is law, is named, not known,

"'While will and love we do know; marks of these,

"' Eye-witnesses attest, so books declare-

"'As that, to punish or reward our race,

- "' The sun at undue times arose or set
- 64 Or else stood still: what do not men affirm?
- "But earth requires as urgently reward "Or punishment to-day as years ago,
- "' And none expects the sun will interpose:
- "'Therefore it was mere passion and mistake,
 "'Or erring zeal for right, which changed the truth.
- "'Go back, far, farther, to the birth of things;
- "'Ever the will, the intelligence, the love,
- "' Man's !-which he gives, supposing he but finds,
- "'As late he gave head, body, hands and feet,
- "'To help these in what forms he calls his gods.
- "'First, Jove's brow, Juno's eyes were swept away,
- "'But Jove's wrath, Juno's pride continued long;
- "As last, will, power, and love discarded these, "So law in turn discards power, love, and will."
- "'What proveth God is otherwise at least?
- "All else, projection from the mind of man!"
- "Nay, do not give me wine, for I am strong,
- "But place my gospel where I put my hands.
- "I say that man was made to grow, not stop;
- "That help, he needed once, and needs no more,
- "Having grown but an inch by, is withdrawn:
- "For he hath new needs, and new helps to these.
- "This imports solely, man should mount on each
- "New height in view; the help whereby he mounts,
- "The ladder-rung his foot has left, may fall,
- "Since all things suffer change save God the Truth.
- "Man apprehends Him newly at each stage
- "Whereat earth's ladder drops, its service done;
- "And nothing shall prove twice what once was proved.
- "You stick a garden-plot with ordered twigs
- "To show inside lie germs of herbs unborn,
- "And check the careless step would spoil their birth,
- "But when herbs wave, the guardian twigs may go,
- "Since should ye doubt of virtues, question kinds,
- "It is no longer of old twigs ye look,
- "Which proved once underneath lay store of seed,
- "But to the herb's self, by what light ye boast,
 "For what fruit's signs are. This book's fruit is plain,
- "Nor miracles need prove it any more.
- "Doth the fruit show? Then miracles bade 'ware
- "At first of root and stem, saved both till now
- "From trampling ox, rough boar and wanton goat.
- "What? Was man made a wheelwork to wind up, "And be discharged, and straight wound up anew?
- "No!—grown, his growth lasts; taught, he ne'er forgets:
- "May learn a thousand things, not twice the same.

"This might be pagan teaching: now hear mine.

" I say, that as the babe, you feed awhile

"Becomes a boy and fit to feed himself,

"So, minds at first must be spoon-fed with truth: "When they can eat, babe's-nurture is withdrawn.

"I fed the babe whether it would or no: "I bid the boy or feed himself or starve.

"I cried once, 'That ye may believe in Christ,
"Behold this blind man shall receive his sight!'

"I cry now, 'Urgest thou, for I am shrewd

"And smile at stories how John's word could cure—

"Repeat that miracle and take my faith?"
"I say, that miracle was duly wrought

"When, save for it, no faith was possible.

"Whether a change were wrought i' the shows o' the world,

"Whether the change came from our minds which see

"Of shows o' the world so much as and no more "Than God wills for His purpose,—(what do I

"See now, suppose you, there where you see rock "Round us?)—I know not; such was the effect,

"So faith grew, making void more miracles

"Because too much: they would compel, not help.

"I say, the acknowledgment of God in Christ

- "Accepted by thy reason, solves for thee "All questions in the earth and out of it, "And has so far advanced thee to be wise.
- "Wouldst thou unprove this to re-prove the proved?
 "In life's mere minute, with power to use that proof,

"Leave knowledge and revert to how it sprung?

"Thou hast it: use it and forthwith, or die!

"For I say, this is death and the sole death,
"When a man's loss comes to him from his gain,

"Darkness from light, from knowledge ignorance,

"And lack of love from love made manifest;

"A lamp's death when, replete with oil, it chokes; "A stomach's when, surcharged with food, it starves

"With ignorance was surety of a cure.

"When man, appalled at nature, questioned first "What if there lurk a might behind this might?"

"He needed satisfaction God could give,

"And did give, as ye have the written word:
"But when he finds might still redouble might,

"Yet asks, 'Since all is might, what use of will?'
"—Will, the one source of might,—he being man

"With a man's will and a man's might, to teach

"In little how the two combine in large,-

- "That man has turned round on himself and stands "Which in the course of nature is, to die.
- "And when man questioned, 'What if there be love "Behind the will and might, as real as they?'—
- "He needed satisfaction God could give,
- "And did give, as ye have the written word: "But when, beholding that love everywhere,
- "He reasons, 'Since such love is everywhere,
- "'And since ourselves can love and would be loved,
 "'We ourselves make the love, and Christ was not."
- "How shall ye help this man who knows himself,
- "That he must love and would be loved again,
- "Yet, owning his own love that proveth Christ,
- "Rejecteth Christ through very need of Him?
- "The lamp o'erswims with oil, the stomach flags "Loaded with nurture, and that man's soul dies.
- "If he rejoin, 'But this was all the while
- "'A trick; the fault was, first of all, in thee,
- "'Thy story of the places, names and dates,
- "'Where, when and how the ultimate truth had rise,
- "'-Thy prior truth, at last discovered none,
- "'Whence now the second suffers detriment.
- "" What good of giving knowledge if, because
- "'O' the manner of the gift, its profit fail?
- "'And why refuse what modicum of help "'Had stopped the after-doubt, impossible
- "'I' the face of truth-truth absolute, uniform?
- "" Why must I hit of this and miss of that,
- "'Distinguish just as I be weak or strong,
- "'And not ask of thee and have answer prompt, "'Was this once, was it not once?—then and now
- "'And evermore, plain truth from man to man.
- "'Is John's procedure just the heathen bard's?
- "'Put question of his famous play again
- "'How for the ephemerals' sake Jove's fire was filched,
- And carried in a cane and brought to earth;
- "" The fact is in the fable, cry the wise,
- "" Mortals obtained the boon, so much is fact,
- "'Though fire be spirit and produced on earth.
- "As with the Titan s, so now with thy tale:
- "" Why breed in us perplexity, mistake,
- "'Nor tell the whole truth in the proper words?'
- "I answer, Have ye yet to argue out
- "The very primal thesis, plainest law,
- "-Man is not God but hath God's end to serve,
- " A master to obey, a course to take,

DRAMATIS PERSONA "Somewhat to cast off, somewhat to become? "Grant this, then man must pass from old to new, "From vain to real, from mistake to fact, "From what once seemed good, to what now proves best. "How could man have progression otherwise? "Before the point was mooted 'What is God?' "No savage man inquired 'What am myself?' "Much less replied, 'First, last, and best of things.' "Man takes that title now if he believes "Might can exist with neither will nor love, "In God's case—what he names now Nature's Law-"While in himself he recognizes love "No less than might and will: and rightly takes. Since if man prove the sole existent thing "Where these combine, whatever their degree, "However weak the might or will or love. "So they be found there, put in evidence,-"He is as surely higher in the scale "Than any might with neither love nor will, "As life, apparent in the poorest midge, "When the faint dust-speck flits, ye guess its wing "Is marvellous beyond dead Atlas' self-"Given to the nobler midge for resting-place! "Thus, man proves best and highest-God, in fine, "And thus the victory leads but to defeat, "The gain to loss, best rise to the worst fall. "His life becomes impossible, which is death.

"But if, appealing thence, he cower, avouch "He is mere man, and in humility -"Neither may know God nor mistake himself; "I point to the immediate consequence "And say, by such confession straight he falls "Into man's place, a thing nor God nor beast, "Made to know that he can know and not more: "Lower than God who knows all and can all, "Higher than beasts which know and can so far "As each beast's limit, perfect to an end, "Nor conscious that they know, nor craving more; "While man knows partly but conceives beside, See Creeps ever on from fancies to the fact, "And in this striving, this converting air " Into a solid he may grasp and use, "Finds progress, man's distinctive mark alone, "Not God's, and not the beasts': God is, they are, "Man partly is and wholly hopes to be. "Such progress could no more attend his soul "Were all it struggles after found at first "And guesses changed to knowledge absolute.

"Than motion wait his body, were all else "Than it the solid earth on every side,

"Where now through space he moves from rest to rest.

"Man, therefore, thus conditioned, must expect

"He could not, what he knows now, know at first;

"What he considers that he knows to-day,

"Come but to-morrow, he will find misknown;

"Getting increase of knowledge, since he learns

"Because he lives, which is to be a man,

"Set to instruct himself by his past self:

"First, like the brute, obliged by facts to learn,

"Next, as man may, obliged by his own mind, "Bent, habit, nature, knowledge turned to law.

"God's gift was that man should conceive of truth

"And yearn to gain it, catching at mistake,

"As midway help till he reach fact indeed. "The statuary ere he mould a shape

"Boasts a like gift, the shape's idea, and next

"The aspiration to produce the same;

"So, taking clay, he calls his shape thereout,

"Cries ever 'Now I have the thing I see:'

"Yet all the while goes changing what was wrought,

"From falsehood like the truth, to truth itself.

"How were it had he cried 'I see no face,

"'No breast, no feet i' the ineffectual clay?' "Rather commend him that he clapped his hands,

"And laughed 'It is my shape and lives again!'

"Enjoyed the falsehood, touched it on to truth, "Until yourselves applaud the flesh indeed

"In what is still flesh-imitating clay.

"Right in you, right in him, such way be man's!

"God only makes the live shape at a jet.

"Will ye renounce this pact of creatureship?

"The pattern on the Mount subsists no more, "Seemed awhile, then returned to nothingness;

"But copies, Moses strove to make thereby, "Serve still and are replaced as time requires:

By these, make newest vessels, reach the type!

"If ye demur, this judgment on your head,

"Never to reach the ultimate, angels' law,

"Indulging every instinct of the soul "There where law, life, joy, impulse are one thing!

"Such is the burthen of the latest time.

"I have survived to hear it with my ears,

"Answer it with my lips: does this suffice?

" For if there be a further woe than such,

"Wherein my brothers struggling need a hand,

"So long as any pulse is left in mine.

"May I be absent even longer yet,

"Plucking the blind ones back from the abyss, "Though I should tarry a new hundred years!"

But he was dead; 't was about noon, the day Somewhat declining: we five buried him That eve, and then, dividing, went five ways, And I, disguised, returned to Ephesus.

By this, the cave's mouth must be filled with sand. Valens is lost, I know not of his trace; The Bactrian was but a wild childish man, And could not write nor speak, but only loved: So, lest the memory of this go quite, Seeing that I to-morrow fight the beasts. I tell the same to Phoebas, whom believe! For many look again to find that face, Beloved John's to whom I ministered, Somewhere in life about the world; they err: Either mistaking what was darkly spoke At ending of his book, as he relates, Or misconceiving somewhat of this speech Scattered from mouth to mouth, as I suppose. Believe ye will not see him any more About the world with his divine regard! For all was as I say, and now the man Lies as he lay once, breast to breast with God.

[Cerinthus read and mused; one added this:

"If Christ, as thou affirmest, be of men

"Mere man, the first and best but nothing more,—

"Account Him, for reward of what He was, "Now and for ever, wretchedest of all.

"For see; Himself conceived of life as love, "Conceived of love as what must enter in,

"Fill up, make one with His each soul He loved "Thus much for man's joy, all men's joy for Him.

"Well, He is gone, thou sayest, to fit reward. "But by this time are many souls set free,

"And very many still retained alive:

"Nay, should His coming be delayed awhile,

"Say, ten years longer (twelve years, some compute)

"See if, for every finger of thy hands,

"There be not found, that day the world shall end, "Hundreds of souls, each holding by Christ's word

"That He will grow incorporate with all,

"With me as Pamphylax, with him as John,

"Groom for each bride! Can a mere man do this?" Yet Christ saith, this He lived and died to do.

"Call Christ, then, the illimitable God, "Or lost!"

But 't was Cerinthus that is lost.]

CALIBAN UPON SETEBOS; OR, NATURAL THEOLOGY IN THE ISLAND

"Thou thoughtest that I was altogether such a one as thyself."

I'WILL sprawl, now that the heat of day is best, Flat on his belly in the pit's much mire, With elbows wide, fists clenched to prop his chin. And, while he kicks both feet in the cool slush, And feels about his spine small eft-things course, Run in and out each arm, and make him laugh: And while above his head a pompion-plant, Coating the cave-top as a brow its eye, Creeps down to touch and tickle hair and beard, And now a flower drops with a bee inside, And now a fruit to snap at, catch and crunch,— He looks out o'er you sea which sunbeams cross And recross till they weave a spider-web (Meshes of fire, some great fish breaks at times) And talks to his own self, howe'er he please, Touching that other, whom his dam called God. Because to talk about Him, vexes-ha, Could He but know! and time to vex is now, When talk is safer than in winter-time. Moreover Prosper and Miranda sleep In confidence he drudges at their task, And it is good to cheat the pair, and gibe, Letting the rank tongue blossom into speech.]

Setebos, Setebos, and Setebos!
'Thinketh, He dwelleth i' the cold o' the moon.

'Thinketh He made it, with the sun to match, But not the stars; the stars came otherwise; Only made clouds, winds, meteors, such as that 1 Also this isle, what lives and grows thereon, And snaky sea which rounds and ends the same.

'Thinketh, it came of being ill at ease:
He hated that He cannot change His cold,
Nor cure its ache. 'Hath spied an icy fish
That longed to 'scape the rock-stream where she lived,
And thaw herself within the lukewarm brine
O' the lazy sea her stream thrusts far amid,
A crystal spike 'twixt two warm walls of wave;
Only, she ever sickened, found repulse
At the other kind of water, not her life,
(Green-dense and dim-delicious, bred o' the sun)
Flounced back from bliss she was not born to breathe,
And in her old bounds buried her despair,
Hating and loving warmth alike: so He.

'Thinketh, He made thereat the sun, this isle, Trees and the fowls here, beast and creeping thing. Yon otter, sleek-wet, black, lithe as a leech; Yon auk, one fire-eye in a ball of foam, That floats and feeds; a certain badger brown He hath watched hunt with that slant white-wedge eve By moonlight; and the pie with the long tongue That pricks deep into oakwarts for a worm, And says a plain word when she finds her prize, But will not eat the ants; the ants themselves That build a wall of seeds and settled stalks About their hole—He made all these and more, Made all we see, and us, in spite: how else? He could not, Himself, make a second self To be His mate: as well have made Himself: He would not make what he mislikes or slights, - An eyesore to Him, or not worth His pains: But did, in envy, listlessness or sport, Make what Himself would fain, in a manner, be-Weaker in most points, stronger in a few, Worthy, and yet mere playthings all the while, Things He admires and mocks too,—that is it. Because, so brave, so better though they be, It nothing skills if He begin to plague. Look now, I melt a gourd-fruit into mash, Add honeycomb and pods, I have perceived, Which bite like finches when they bill and kiss,-Then, when froth rises bladdery, drink up all, Quick, quick, till maggots scamper through my brain; Last, throw me on my back i' the seeded thyme, And wanton, wishing I were born a bird. Put case, unable to be what I wish, I yet could make a live bird out of clay: Would not I take clay, pinch my Caliban Able to fly ?--for, there, see, he hath wings,

And great comb like the hoopoe's to admire. And there, a sting to do his foes offence, There, and I will that he begin to live, Fly to you rock-top, nip me off the horns Of grigs high up that make the merry din, Saucy through their veined wings, and mind me not. In which feat, if his leg snapped, brittle clay, And he lay stupid-like, --- why, I should laugh; And if he, spying me, should fall to weep. Beseech me to be good, repair his wrong, Bid his poor leg smart less or grow again,-Well, as the chance were, this might take or else Not take my fancy: I might hear his cry, And give the mankin three sound legs for one, Or pluck the other off, leave him like an egg, And lessoned he was mine and merely clay. Were this no pleasure, lying in the thyme, Drinking the mash, with brain becomes alive, Making and marring clay at will? So He.

'Thinketh, such shows nor right nor wrong in Him, Nor kind, nor cruel: He is strong and Lord. 'Am strong myself compared to yonder crabs That march now from the mountain to the sea; 'Let twenty pass, and stone the twenty-first, Loving not, hating not, just choosing so. 'Say, the first straggler that boasts purple spots Shall join the file, one pincer twisted off; 'Say, this bruised fellow shall receive a worm, And two worms he whose nippers end in red; As it likes me each time, I do: so He.

Well then, 'supposeth He is good i' the main, Placable if His mind and ways were guessed, But rougher than His handiwork, be sure! Oh, He hath made things worthier than Himself, And envieth that, so helped, such things do more Than He who made them! What consoles but this? That they, unless through Him, do nought at all, And must submit: what other use in things? 'Hath cut a pipe of pithless elder joint That, blown through, gives exact the scream o' the jay When from her wing you twitch the feathers blue: Sound this, and little birds that hate the jay Flock within stone's throw, glad their foe is hurt: Put case such pipe could prattle and boast forsooth " I catch the birds, I am the crafty thing, " I make the cry my maker cannot make 15-\$*

"With his great round mouth; he must blow through mine!"
Would not I smash it with my foot? So He.

But wherefore rough, why cold and ill at ease? Aha, that is a question! Ask, for that, What knows,—the something over Setebos That made Him, or He, may be, found and fought, Worsted, drove off and did to nothing, perchance. There may be something quiet o'er His head, Out of His reach, that feels nor joy nor grief, Since both derive from weakness in some way. I joy because the quails come; would not joy Could I bring quails here when I have a mind: This Quiet, all it hath a mind to, doth. 'Esteemeth stars the outposts of its couch, But never spends much thought nor care that way. It may look up, work up,—the worse for those It works on ! 'Careth but for Setebos The many-handed as a cuttle-fish, Who, making Himself feared through what He does, Looks up, first, and perceives he cannot soar To what is quiet and hath happy life; Next looks down here, and out of very spite Makes this a bauble-world to ape you real, These good things to match those as hips do grapes. 'T is solace making baubles, ay, and sport. Himself peeped late, eyed Prosper at his books Careless and lofty, lord now of the isle: Vexed. 'stitched a book of broad leaves, arrowshaped.

Wrote thereon, he knows what, prodigious words; Has peeled a wand and called it by a name: Weareth at whiles for an enchanter's robe The eyed skin of a supple oncelot; And hath an ounce sleeker than youngling mole, A four-legged serpent he makes cower and couch, Now snarl, now hold its breath and mind his eye, And saith she is Miranda and my wife: 'Keeps for his Ariel a tall pouch-bill crane He bids go wade for fish and straight disgorge; Also a sea-beast, lumpish, which he snared, Blinded the eyes of, and brought somewhat tame, And split its toe-webs, and now pens the drudge In a hole o' the rock and calls him Caliban: A bitter heart that bides its time and bites. 'Plays thus at being Prosper in a way. Taketh his mirth with make-believes: so He.

His dam held that the Quiet made all things
Which Setebos vexed only: 'holds not so.
Who made them weak, meant weakness He might vex.
Had He meant other, while His hand was in,
Why not make horny eyes no thorn could prick,
Or plate my scalp with bone against the snow,
Or overscale my flesh 'neath joint and joint,
Like an orc's armour? Ay,—so spoil His sport!
He is the One now: only He doth all.

'Saith, He may like, perchance, what profits Him. Ay, himself loves what does him good; but why? 'Gets good no otherwise. This blinded beast Loves whose places flesh-meat on his nose, But, had he eyes, would want no help, but hate Or love, just as it liked him: He hath eyes. Also it pleaseth Setebos to work, Use all His hands, and exercise much craft, By no means for the love of what is worked. 'Tasteth, himself, no finer good i' the world When all goes right, in this safe summer-time, And he wants little, hungers, aches not much, Than trying what to do with wit and strength. 'Falls to make something: 'piled you pile of turis, And squared and stuck there squares of soft white chalk, And, with a fish-tooth, scratched a moon on each, And set up endwise certain spikes of tree, And crowned the whole with a sloth's skull a-top, Found dead i' the woods, too hard for one to kill. No use at all i' the work, for work's sole sake; 'Shall some day knock it down again: so He.

'Saith He is terrible: watch His feats in proof! One hurricane will spoil six good months' hope. He hath a spite against me, that I know, Just as He favours Prosper, who knows why? So it is, all the same, as well I find. 'Wove wattles half the winter, fenced them firm With stone and stake to stop she-tortoises Crawling to lay their eggs here: well, one wave, Feeling the foot of Him upon its neck, Gaped as a snake does, lolled out its large tongue, And licked the whole labour flat: so much for spite. 'Saw a ball flame down late (yonder it lies) Where, half an hour before, I slept i' the shade: Often they scatter sparkles: there is force! 'Dug up a newt He may have envied once And turned to stone, shut up inside a stone. Please Him and hinder this?—What Prosper does?

Aha, if He would tell me how! Not he! There is the sport: discover how or die! All need not die, for of the things o' the isle Some flee afar, some dive, some run up trees: Those at His mercy,—why, they please Him most When . . when . . well, never try the same way twice! Repeat what act has pleased, He may grow wroth. You must not know His ways, and play Him off, Sure of the issue. 'Doth the like himself: 'Spareth a squirrel that it nothing fears But steals the nut from underneath my thumb, And when I threat, bites stoutly in defence: 'Spareth an urchin that contrariwise, Curls up into a ball, pretending death For fright at my approach: the two ways please. But what would move my choler more than this, That either creature counted on its life To-morrow and next day and all days to come, Saying, forsooth, in the inmost of its heart, "Because he did so yesterday with me, "And otherwise with such another brute, "So must he do henceforth and always."-Ay? Would teach the reasoning couple what " must " means! 'Doth as he likes, or wherefore Lord? So He.

'Conceiveth all things will continue thus,
And we shall have to live in fear of Him
So long as He lives, keeps His strength: no change,
If He have done His best, make no new world
To please Him more, so leave off watching this,—
If He surprise not even the Quiet's self
Some strange day,—or, suppose, grow into it
As grubs grow butterflies: else, here are we,
And there is He, and nowhere help at all.

'Believeth with the life, the pain shall stop. His dam held different, that after death He both plagued enemies and feasted friends: Idly! He doth His worst in this our life, Giving just respite lest we die through pain, Saving last pain for worst,—with which, an end. Meanwhile, the best way to escape His ire Is, not to seem too happy. 'Sees, himself, Yonder two flies, with purple films and pink, Bask on the pompion-bell above; kills both. 'Sees two black painful beetles roll their ball On head and tail as if to save their lives: Moves them the stick away they strive to clear.

Even so, 'would have Him misconceive, suppose This Caliban strives hard and ails no less, And always, above all else, envies Him; Wherefore he mainly dances on dark nights, Moans in the sun, gets under holes to laugh, And never speaks his mind save housed as now ? Outside, 'groans, curses. If He caught me here, O'erheard this speech, and asked "What chucklest at?" 'Would, to appease Him, cut a finger off, Or of my three kid yearlings burn the best, Or let the toothsome apples rot on tree, Or push my tame beast for the orc to taste: While myself lit a fire, and made a song And sung it, " What I hate, be consecrate " To celebrate Thee and Thy state, no mate " For Thee; what see for envy in poor me?" Hoping the while, since evils sometimes mend, Warts rub away and sores are cured with slime, That some strange day, will either the Quiet catch And conquer Setebos, or likelier He Decrepit may doze, doze, as good as die.

[What, what? A curtain o'er the world at once! Crickets stop hissing; not a bird—or, yes, There scuds His raven that has told Him all! It was fool's play, this prattling! Ha! The wind Shoulders the pillared dust, death's house o' the move, And fast invading fires begin! White blaze—A tree's head snaps—and there, there, there, there, there His thunder follows! Fool to gibe at Him! Lo! 'Lieth flat and loveth Setebos! 'Maketh his teeth meet through his upper lip, Will let those quails fly, will not eat this month One little mess of whelks, so he may 'scape!]

CII

CONFESSIONS

1

What is he buzzing in my ears?
"Now that I come to die,
"Do I view the world as a vale of tears?"
Ah, reverend sir, not I!

2

What I viewed there once, what I view again Where the physic bottles stand On the table's edge,—is a suburb lane, With a wall to my bedside hand.

3

That lane sloped, much as the bottles do, From a house you could descry O'er the garden-wall: is the curtain blue Or green to a healthy eye?

4

To mine, it serves for the old June weather Blue above lane and wall; And that farthest bottle labelled "Ether" Is the house o'ertopping all.

5

At a terrace, somewhere near the stopper,
There watched for me, one June,
A girl: I know, sir, it's improper,
My poor mind's out of tune.

ß

Only, there was a way . . . you crept Close by the side, to dodge Eyes in the house, two eyes except: They styled their house "The Lodge."

7

What right had a lounger up their lane?
But, by creeping very close,
With the good wall's help,—their eyes might strain
And stretch themselves to Oes.

8

Yet never catch her and me together, As she left the attic, there, By the rim of the bottle labelled "Ether," And stole from stair to stair, Q,

And stood by the rose-wreathed gate. Alas, We loved, sir—used to meet:
How sad and bad and mad it was—
But then, how it was sweet!

CIII

MAY AND DEATH

1

I wish that when you died last May, Charles, there had died along with you Three parts of spring's delightful things; Ay, and, for me, the fourth part too.

2

A foolish thought, and worse, perhaps!
There must be many a pair of friends
Who, arm in arm, deserve the warm
Moon-births and the long evening-ends.

3

So, for their sake, be May still May!
Let their new time, as mine of old,
Do all it did for me: I bid
Sweet sights and sounds throng manifold.

4

Only, one little sight, one plant,
Woods have in May, that starts up green
Save a sole streak which, so to speak,
Is spring's blood, spilt its leaves between,—

5

That, they might spare; a certain wood
Might miss the plant; their loss were small:
But I,—whene'er the leaf grows there,
Its drop comes from my heart, that's all.

CIV

PROSPICE

FEAR death?—to feel the fog in my throat,
The mist in my face,

When the snows begin, and the blasts denote I am nearing the place,

The power of the night, the press of the storm,
The post of the foe;

Where he stands, the Arch Fear in a visible form, Yet the strong man must go:

For the journey is done and the summit attained, And the barriers fall,

Though a battle's to fight ere the guerdon be gained, The reward of it all.

I was ever a fighter, so—one fight more,

The best and the last!

I would hate that death bandaged my eyes, and forbore,
And bade me creep past.

No! let me taste the whole of it, fare like my peers
The heroes of old,

Bear the brunt, in a minute pay glad life's arrears
Of pain, darkness and cold.

For sudden the worst turns the best to the brave, The black minute's at end,

And the elements' rage, the fiend-voices that rave, Shall dwindle, shall blend,

Shall change, shall become first a peace out of pain,
Then a light, then thy breast,

O thou soul of my soul! I shall clasp thee again, And with God be the rest!

CV

YOUTH AND ART

1

It once might have been, once only:
We lodged in a street together,
You, a sparrow on the housetop lonely,
I, a lone she-bird of his feather.

2

Your trade was with sticks and clay, You thumbed, thrust, patted and polished, Then laughed "They will see some day "Smith made, and Gibson demolished."

3

My business was song, song, song; I chirped, cheeped, trilled and twittered, "Kate Brown's on the boards ere long, "And Grisi's existence embittered!"

4

I earned no more by a warble
Than you by a sketch in plaster;
You wanted a piece of marble,
I needed a music-master.

5

We studied hard in our styles, Chipped each at a crust like Hindoos, For air looked out on the tiles, For fun watched each other's windows.

6

You lounged, like a boy of the South, Cap and blouse—nay, a bit of beard too; Or you got it, rubbing your mouth With fingers the clay adhered to.

7

And I—soon managed to find
Weak points in the flower-fence facing,
Was forced to put up a blind
And be safe in my corset-lacing.

8

No harm! It was not my fault
If you never turned your eye's tail up
As I shook upon E in all,
Or ran the chromatic scale up:

Q

For spring bade the sparrows pair, And the boys and girls gave guesses, And stalls in our street looked rare With bulrush and watercresses.

10

Why did not you pinch a flower
In a pellet of clay and fling it?
Why did not I put a power
Of thanks in a look, or sing it?

11

I did look, sharp as a lynx,
(And yet the memory rankles)
When models arrived, some minx
Tripped up-stairs, she and her ankles.

12

But I think I gave you as good!
"That foreign fellow,—who can know"
How she pays, in a playful mood,
"For his tuning her that piano?"

13

Could you say so, and never say,
"Suppose we join hands and fortunes,
"And I fetch her from over the way,
"Her, piano, and long tunes and short tunes?"

14

No, no: you would not be rash, Nor I rasher and something over: You've to settle yet Gibson's hash, And Grisi yet lives in clover.

15

But you meet the Prince at the Board, I'm queen myself at bals-paré, I've married a rich old lord, And you're dubbed knight and an R.A. 16

Each life unfulfilled, you see;
It hangs still, patchy and scrappy:
We have not sighed deep, laughed free,
Starved, feasted, despaired,—been happy.

17

And nobody calls you a dunce,
And people suppose me clever:
This could but have happened once,
And we missed it, lost it for ever-

CVI

A FACE

IF one could have that little head of hers Painted upon a background of pale gold, Such as the Tuscan's early art prefers! No shade encroaching on the matchless mould Of those two lips, which should be opening soft In the pure profile; not as when she laughs, For that spoils all: but rather as if aloft Yon hyacinth, she loves so, leaned its staff's Burthen of honey-coloured buds to kiss And capture 'twixt the lips apart for this. Then her lithe neck, three fingers might surround, How it should waver on the pale gold ground Up to the fruit-shaped, perfect chin it lifts! I know, Correggio loves to mass, in rifts Of heaven, his angel faces, orb on orb Breaking its outline, burning shades absorb: But these are only massed there, I should think, Waiting to see some wonder momently Grow out, stand full, fade slow against the sky (That's the pale ground you'd see this sweet face by), All heaven, meanwhile, condensed into one eye Which fears to lose the wonder, should it wink.

CVII

A LIKENESS

Some people hang portraits up
In a room where they dine or sup:
And the wife clinks tea-things under,
And her cousin, he stirs his cup,
Asks "Who was the lady, I wonder?"
"'T is a daub John bought at a sale,"
Quoth the wife,—looks black as thunder:
"What a shade beneath her nose!
"Snuff-taking, I suppose,—"
Adds the cousin, while John's corns ail.

Or else, there's no wife in the case, But the portrait's queen of the place, Alone mid the other spoils Of youth,-masks, gloves and foils, And pipe-sticks, rose, cherry-tree, jasmine, And the long whip, the tandem-lasher. And the cast from a fist ("not, alas! mine, "But my master's, the Tipton Slasher"), And the cards where pistol-balls mark ace, And a satin shoe used for cigar-case, And the chamois-horns (" shot in the Chablais") And prints-Rarey drumming on Cruiser, And Sayers, our champion, the bruiser, And the little edition of Rabelais: Where a friend, with both hands in his pockets, May saunter up close to examine it, And remark a good deal of Jane Lamb in it, "But the eyes are half out of their sockets; "That hair 's not so bad, where the gloss is, "But they've made the girl's nose a proboscis: "Jane Lamb, that we danced with at Vichy! . "What, is not she Jane? Then, who is she?"

All that I own is a print,
An etching, a mezzotint;
'T is a study, a fancy, a fiction,
Yet a fact (take my conviction)
Because it has more than a hint
Of a certain face, I never
Saw elsewhere touch or trace of
In women I've seen the face of:
Just an etching, and, so far, clever.

I keep my prints, an imbroglio, Fifty in one portfolio. When sombody tries my claret, We turn round chairs to the fire. Chirp over days in a garret, Chuckle o'er increase of salary, Taste the good fruits of our leisure. Talk about pencil and lyre, And the National Portrait Gallery: Then I exhibit my treasure. After we 've turned over twenty, And the debt of wonder my crony owes Is paid to my Marc Antonios, He stops me-" Festina lente! "What's that sweet thing there, the etching?" How my waistcoat-strings want stretching. How my cheeks grow red as tomatos, How my heart leaps! But hearts, after leaps, ache.

"By the by, you must take, for a keepsake,
"That other, you praised, of Volpato's."
The fool! would he try a flight further and say—
He never saw, never before to-day,
What was able to take his breath away,
A face to lose youth for, to occupy age
With the dream of, meet death with,—why, I'll not
engage
But that, half in a rapture and half in a rage,
I should toss him the thing's self—"'T is only a
duplicate,
"A thing of no value! Take it, I supplicate!"

CVIII

APPARENT FAILURE

"We shall soon lose a celebrated building."

Paris Newspaper.

1

No, for I'll save it! Seven years since,
I passed through Paris, stopped a day
To see the baptism of your Prince;
Saw, made my bow, and went my way:
Walking the heat and headache off,

I took the Seine-side, you surmise, Thought of the Congress, Gortschakoff, Cayour's appeal and Buol's replies, So sauntered till—what met my eyes?

2

Only the Doric little Morgue!
The dead-house where you show your drowned:
Petrarch's Vaucluse makes proud the Sorgue,
Your Morgue has made the Seine renowned.
One pays one's debt in such a case;
I plucked up heart and entered,—stalked,

Keeping a tolerable face
Compared with some whose cheeks were chalked 3
Let them! No Briton's to be baulked!

3

First came the silent gazers; next,
A screen of glass, we're thankful for;
Last, the sight's self, the sermon's text,
The three men who did most abhor
Their life in Paris yesterday,
So killed themselves: and now, enthroned
Each on his copper couch, they lay
Fronting me, waiting to be owned.
I thought, and think, their sin's atoned.

4

Poor men, God made, and all for that!

The reverence struck me; o'er each head Religiously was hung its hat,
Each coat dripped by the owner's hed,
Sacred from touch: each had his berth,
His bounds, his proper place of rest,
Who last night tenanted on earth
Some arch, where twelve such slept abreast,—Unless the plain asphalte seemed best.

5

How did it happen, my poor boy?
You wanted to be Buonaparte
And have the Tuileries for toy,
And could not, so it broke your heart?

You, old one by his side, I judge,
Were, red as blood, a socialist,
A leveller! Does the Empire grudge
You've gained what no Republic missed?
Be quiet, and unclench your fist!

ß

And this—why, he was red in vain,
Or black,—poor fellow that is blue!
What fancy was it turned your brain?
Oh, women were the prize for you!
Money gets women, cards and dice
Get money, and ill-luck gets just
The copper couch and one clear nice
Cool squirt of water o'er your bust,
The right thing to extinguish lust!

7

It's wiser being good than bad;
It's safer being meek than fierce:
It's fitter being sane than mad.
My own hope is, a sun will pierce
The thickest cloud earth ever stretched;
That, after Last, returns the First,
Though a wide compass round be fetched;
That what began best, can't end worst,
Nor what God blessed once, prove accurst.

CIX

EPILOGUE

FIRST SPEAKER

1

On the first of the Feast of Feasts,
The Dedication Day,
When the Levites joined the Priests
At the Altar in robed array,
Gave signal to sound and say,—

THE R. P. LEWIS CO., LANSING, MICH., LANSING, MICH., LANSING, MICH., LANSING, MICH., LANSING, MICH., LANSING, MICH., LANSING, LANSING, MICH., LANSING, LANSI

Appendix As, 2

When the thousands, rear and van,
Swarming with one accord
Became as a single man
(Look, gesture, thought and word)
In praising and thanking the Lord,—

3

When the singers lift up their voice,
And the trumpets made endeavour,
Sounding, "In God rejoice!"
Saying, "In Him rejoice
"Whose mercy endureth for ever!"—

4

Then the Temple filled with a cloud, Even the House of the Lord; Porch bent and pillar bowed: For the presence of the Lord, In the glory of His cloud, Had filled the House of the Lord.

SECOND SPEAKER

Gone now! All gone across the dark so far, Sharpening fast, shuddering ever, shutting still, Dwindling into the distance, dies that star Which came, stood, opened once! We gazed our fill With upturned faces on as real a Face That, stooping from grave music and mild fire, Took in our homage, made a visible place Through many a depth of glory, gyre on gyre, For the dim human tribute. Was this true? Could man indeed avail, mere praise of his, To help by rapture God's own rapture too, Thrill with a heart's red tinge that pure pale bliss? Why did it end? Who failed to beat the breast, And shriek, and throw the arms protesting wide, When a first shadow showed the star addressed Itself to motion, and on either side The rims contracted as the rays retired; The music, like a fountain's sickening pulse, Subsided on itself; awhile transpired Some vestige of a Face no pangs convulse,

No prayers retard; then even this was gone,
Lost in the night at last. We, lone and left
Silent through centuries, ever and anon
Venture to probe again the vault bereft
Ofall now save the lesser lights, a mist

Of multitudinous points, yet suns, men say—And this leaps ruby, this lurks amethyst,

But where may hide what came and loved our clay?

How shall the sage detect in you expanse

The star which chose to stoop and stay for us?
Unroll the records! Hailed ye such advance
Indeed, and did your hope evanish thus?
Watchers of twilight, is the worst averred?

We shall not look up, know ourselves are seen, Speak, and be sure that we again are heard,

Acting or suffering, have the disk's serene Reflect our life, absorb an earthly flame,

Nor doubt that, were mankind inert and numb,

Its core had never crimsoned all the same, Nor, missing ours, its music fallen dumb?

Oh, dread succession to a dizzy post,
Sad sway of sceptre whose mere touch appals,
Ghastly dethronement, cursed by those the most
On whose repugnant brow the crown next falls?

THIRD SPEAKER

1

Witless alike of will and way divine, How heaven's high with earth's low should intertwine! Friends, I have seen through your eyes: now use mine!

2

Take the least man of all mankind, as I; Look at his head and heart, find how and why He differs from his fellows utterly:

3

Then, like me, watch when nature by degrees Grows alive round him, as in Arctic seas (They said of old) the instinctive water flees

4

Toward some elected point of central rock, As though, for its sake only, roamed the flock Of waves about the waste: awhile they mock

5

With radiance caught for the occasion,—hues Of blackest hell now, now such reds and blues As only heaven could fitly interfuse,—

ĥ

The mimic monarch of the whirlpool, king O' the current for a minute: then they wring Up by the roots and oversweep the thing,

7

And hasten off, to play again elsewhere The same part, choose another peak as bare, They find and flatter, feast and finish there.

8

When you see what I tell you,—nature dance About each man of us, retire, advance, As though the pageant's end were to enhance

g

His worth, and—once the life, his product, gained—Roll away elsewhere, keep the strife sustained, And show thus real, a thing the North but feigned—

10

When you acknowledge that one world could do All the diverse work, old yet ever new, Divide us, each from other, me from you,—

11

Why, where's the need of Temple, when the walls O' the world are that? What use of swells and falls From Levites' choir, Priests' cries, and trumpet-calls?

12

That one Face, far from vanish, rather grows, Or decomposes but to recompose, Become my universe that feels and knows.

CX

EURYDICE TO ORPHEUS

A PICTURE BY LEIGHTON

Bur give them me, the mouth, the eyes, the brow !

Let them once more absorb me! One look now

Will lap me round for ever, not to pass
Out of its light, though darkness lie beyond:

Hold me but safe again within the bond

Of one immortal look! All woe that was,

Forgotten, and all terror that may be,
Defied,—no past is mine, no future: look at me!

